

ńsə́lxcin 3

**An Advanced Course in
Colville-Okanagan Salish**

by Sʔamtícaʔ

(Sarah Peterson)

and Christopher Parkin

ńsəl̓xcin 3: An Advanced Course in Colville-Okanagan

Authors' Notes

This first draft of *ńsəl̓xcin 3* was developed over the course of several years, from April 2007 to August of 2013 with support from *Salish School of Spokane*, *The Center for Interior Salish*, *The Paul Creek Language Association*, the *Lower Similkameen Indian Band*, and the *First People's Heritage, Language, and Culture Council* of British Columbia. This book is the fifth in a series of six books that comprise the *ńsəl̓xcin Curriculum Project* that is being developed by *Salish School of Spokane* and *The Paul Creek Language Association* with our partners.

This work is meant to offer advanced students an opportunity to hear and read ńsəl̓xcin language texts about animals, plants, and cultural topics that are at the heart of Syilx culture. The narratives are accompanied by c̓k̓w̓ul̓m̓stm i?_s?a?úrm̓s lists, verbal paradigms, example sentences and grammatical notes. Before studying this book, students are expected to have mastered the material in the first four books, *ńsəl̓xcin 1*, *Captík̓w̓ł 1*, *ńsəl̓xcin 2*, and *Captík̓w̓ł 2*, that precede this work in the overall *ńsəl̓xcin Curriculum Project* series.

S̓am̓tíca? (Sarah Peterson) provided all of the ńsəl̓xcin language texts in this work, translating from English originals researched and composed by Christopher Parkin. The overall organization of this work, including selection of texts, choice of c̓k̓w̓ul̓m̓stm i?_s?a?úrm̓s themes, scope, and sequence are the work of Christopher Parkin.

The authors express their sincere gratitude to all those who have supported the creation of this work, and we apologize for any inaccuracies.

way, lim̓l̓mt.

S̓am̓tíca? (Sarah Peterson)

ʔAñn (Christopher Parkin)

Text and curriculum concept © 2003–13 Christopher Parkin, and used herein with permission.

USA © 2015 Salish School of Spokane

Canada © 2015 The Paul Creek Language Association

This is a copyrighted work. Interested persons may duplicate these materials for NON-COMMERCIAL purposes so long as credit is given to the authors.

a?_cx?it

smýmáy:

i?_syilx

i?_syilx na?ť i?_tmx^wúla?x^wsəlx

s?a?úms

syilx	Salish
wswist	mountains
k ^m ťniw ^t	side / beside
yŝatmínt	need something
p ⁿ ící?	in those days
k ^t qaqx ^w íxm	catch fish
k ^ŝ a?xt	pray for something

smýmay

<p> řast t^a_sqilx^w i?_syilx uť řast i?_tmx^wúla?x^ws. ksa?sa?ťít^k^w uť k^tťk^wťík^wt. Í^laŝlaŝťíw^s ki? k^wliw^t i?_wswist k^mťniw^ts x^w?it a?_cćl^al. řsápi?, i?_syilx xi?míx stim yŝatmíśəlx uť way ilí? ksk^wnúí?ś. ř^wíćť i?_sa?sa?ťít^k^w na?ť t^k^wťík^wt t^a_ńťyťyix, spq^wlic uť nix^w cťx^wťix^wlm t^a_qaqx^wíx. i?_spíłm na?ť ć^xwíusa? řast ilí? cpłplal Í^l_řsřsúlla?x^w. uť yŝat ta?kín i?_spýqaťq cpłplal ks?iťńś i?_sqilx^w. i?_syilx cpiřsts i?_sł^a?cínm, yilík^wíxkn, styíťća?, sk^mxist uť x^w?it itlí? i?_tmix^w cpiřstəlx. tix^wməlx t^a_cpłplal t^a_sk^wańťq k^tmrimstńśəlx ixí? yŝat ta?kín cplal. </p> <p> pⁿící?, lut stim říťiy^mt, nařmť yŝat stim syŝa?yŝá?ťət ckakícstm. řapná? x^w?it i?_stim k^t?is Í^l_syilx i?_tmx^wúla?x^ws, nařmť púti? ilí? ck^wliw^t i?_syilx. púti? k^wu_ćk^tqaqx^wíxm, k^wu_cwićm uť nix^w k^wu_sq^wíq^wliw^m t^a_spýqaťq. k^wu_cpiřm. púti? ctix^wstm i?_mrimstn uť c^k^wulstm i?_k^tmrimstńťət. c^kŝa?xtm i?_tmx^wúla?x^wtət. k^wu_cńk^wnim uť k^wu_cwańx. uť púti? k^wu_cńqłqilx^wcn t^a_ńsyilxcn. </p>	<p>Salish</p> <p>mountains</p> <p>sides</p> <p>they need</p> <p>in those days</p> <p>catch fish</p> <p>we pray for</p>
---	--

sńśúx^wna? s^wťtíłn

1. ćkin t^a_sqilx^w i?_syilx ?
2. stim i?_ksknúí?ś i?_syilx ?

3. tə_stim q'wíct i?_sa?sa?titk'w na?ť tk'w'ik'wt k'í_syilx trnx'w'úla?x'w ?
4. stim a?_cp'plal l'x'sx'súlla?x'w k'í_syilx trnx'w'úla?x'w ?
5. stim a?_cpi'xsts i?_syilx ?
6. tə_stim ctix'w'məlx i?_syilx ?
7. q'sápi?, ha y'fat stim t'ityrnt k'í_syilx ?
8. stim i?_p'úti? a?_č'kistsəlx i?_syilx ?
9. stim i?_ck'fa?x'tsəlx tə_syilx ?
10. ha p'úti? č'q'q'lx'w'cnm i?_syilx ? səxkinx km səxkinx uť lut ?

č'k'w'ul'm'stm i?_s'a?ú'm's

1. syilx- Salish people (Lakes, Colville, San Poil, Nespelem, Methow, Okanogan, Similkameen, Okanagan)
example sentences:
1. x'ast tə_sqilx'w i?_syilx uť x'ast i?_trnx'w'úla?x'w's k'łsa?sa?titk'w uť k'łtk'w'ik'wt. (The Syilx are a beautiful people living in a beautiful land of rivers and lakes.)
2. k'łs'ix'w'úla?x'w i?_syilx i?_trnx'w'úla?x'w's uť tx'w'a?x'w'itəlx. (The Syilx people have a large territory, and there are a lot of them.)
3. i?_n'syilx'cn lut t'ə_lk'w'ut t'ł_n'ťəq'itəmlx uť k'ł_n'p'ilqn a?_č'n'syilx'cnm. (Colville-Okanagan language is not too different from the Salish of Quilcena or the Flatheads.)
2. k'm'łni'w'ts- sides
reduplication: k'm'k'm'łni'w'ts
example sentences:
1. l'la'ł'la'ł'w's ki? k'w'liw't i?_wswist k'm'łni'w'ts x'w'it a?_č'ł'č'al. (They live in valleys between mountains covered in green forests.)
2. tx't'ntisəlx i?_k'm'k'm'łni'w'ts i?_ylmix'w'm. (They watched the chief from all sides)
3. i?_t'ł_k'm'łni'w'ts i?_snk'ł'č'a?sq'á'x'a? mi k'w_k'am'łw's. (Get on the horse from the side.)
3. y'fatm'ínt- need something
reduplication: ya'ł'y'fatm'ínt
imperatives: ___ (affirmative singular); ___ (neg. singular); ___ (affirmative plural); ___ (neg. plural)
conjugations:
1. kn_y'fatm'ínm, k'w_y'fatm'ínm, y'fatm'ínm, k'w_u_y'fatm'ínm, p_y'fatm'ínm, y'fatm'ínməlx
2. kn_səcy'fatm'ínx, k'w_səcy'fatm'ínx, səcy'fatm'ínx, k'w_u_səcy'fatm'ínx, p_səcy'fatm'ínx, səcy'fatm'ínxəlx
3. kn_ksy'fatm'ína?x, k'w_sy'fatm'ína?x, ksy'fatm'ína?x, k'w_u_ksy'fatm'ína?x, p_sya'ł'tm'ína?x, ksy'fatm'ína?xəlx
4. isy'fatm'ínm, asy'fatm'ínm, sy'fatm'ínm's, sy'fatm'ínm'tət, sy'fatm'ínm'p, sy'fatm'ínm'səlx
5. y'fatm'ín, y'fatm'íntx'w, y'fatm'ís, y'fatm'íntm, y'fatm'íntp, y'fatm'ísəlx
6. iksy'fatm'ínm, aksy'fatm'ínm, ksy'fatm'ís, ksy'fatm'íntm, ksy'fatm'íntp, ksy'fatm'ísəlx
7. iscy'fatm'ín, ascy'fatm'ín, sy'fatm'íns, sy'fatm'íntət, sy'fatm'ín'p, scy'fatm'ínsəlx
8. ikscy'fatm'ín, akscy'fatm'ín, ksy'fatm'íns, ksy'fatm'íntət, ksy'fatm'ín'p, kscy'fatm'ínsəlx
example sentences:

1. ǵsápi?, i?_syilx xi?míx stim yǵatmísə́ix u? way ilí? kskʷnúi?s. (A long time ago, whatever the Syilx needed, it was there to be had.)
2. ǵapná? tə_yǵatmíntxʷ i?_stim kʷ_kǵcǵcawt mi kʷnuhtxʷ. (Now if you need anything you have a hard time to get it.)
3. i?_syilx i?_sqʷsqʷasí?as i?_ńǵxʷíltǵ i?_syǵa?yǵá?tsə́ix. (The Salish kids have a great need for the old teachings.)
4. pńicí? - then / back then / in those days
example sentences:
1. pńicí?, lut stim títiyǵmǵ, naǵmǵt yǵat stim syǵa?yǵá?tət ckakícstm. (In those days, life was not easy, but we had everything that we needed to live.)
2. tí? pńicí? u? ətʰxʷuy. (Right then he went back)
3. ha ńǵǵkʷkʷmíntxʷ pńicí? u? way kʷu_miyáp. (Don't you remember back then we were found out.)
4. pńicí? ta?lí kʷu_cńpiyíls. (Back then we really had fun.)
5. kǵqaqxʷíxm- to fish
conjugations:
1. kn_kǵqaqxʷíxm, kʷ_kǵqaqxʷíxm, kǵqaqxʷíxm, kʷu_kǵqaqxʷíxm, p_kǵqaqxʷíxm, kǵqaqxʷíxmə́ix
2. kn_sǵckǵqaqxʷíxə́x, kʷ_sǵckǵqaqxʷíxə́x, sǵckǵqaqxʷíxə́x, kʷu_sǵckǵqaqxʷíxə́x, p_sǵckǵqaqxʷíxə́x, sǵckǵqaqxʷíxə́xə́ix
3. kn_kskǵqáqxʷíxa?x, kʷ_kskǵqáqxʷíxa?x, kskǵqáqxʷíxa?x, kʷu_kskǵqáqxʷíxa?x, p_kskǵqáqxʷíxa?x, kskǵqáqxʷíxa?xə́ix
4. iskǵqaqxʷíxm, askǵqaqxʷíxm, skǵqaqxʷíxǵms, skǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵtət, skǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵp, skǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵsə́ix
5. kǵqaqxʷíxmǵn, kǵqaqxʷíxmǵntxʷ, kǵqaqxʷíxǵms, kǵqaqxʷíxmǵntm, kǵqaqxʷíxmǵntp, kǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵsə́ix
6. ikskǵqaqxʷíxmǵnm, akskǵqaqxʷíxmǵnm, kskǵqaqxʷíxǵms, kskǵqaqxʷíxmǵntm, kskǵqaqxʷíxmǵntp, kskǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵsə́ix
7. isckǵqaqxʷíxm, asckǵqaqxʷíxm, sckǵqaqxʷíxǵms, sckǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵtət, sckǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵp, sckǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵsə́ix
8. iksckǵqaqxʷíxm, aksckǵqaqxʷíxm, ksckǵqaqxʷíxǵms, ksckǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵtət, ksckǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵp, ksckǵqaqxʷíxǵmǵsə́ix
example sentences:
1. púti? kʷu_ckǵqaqxʷíxm, kʷu_cwiǵcm u? nixʷ kʷu_ǵʷíǵʷliǵwm tə_spǵqatǵ. (We still fish, and gather roots and berries.)
2. kǵa?kín ki? kʷ_ckǵqaqxʷíxm tə_spǵqʷlic ? (Where do you go to get ling cod?)
3. xʷuyǵǵə́ix kǵí_ńǵǵqíǵtə́míx kǵqaqxʷíxm tə_kǵkni. (They went to Quilcena to fish for kokanee.)
6. ckǵǵa?xtm- pray for something
reduplication: ckǵǵakǵǵa?xtm
conjugations:
1. kn_kǵǵawm, kʷ_kǵǵawm, kǵǵawm, kʷu_kǵǵawm, p_kǵǵawm, kǵǵawmə́ix
2. kn_sǵckǵǵawx, kʷ_sǵckǵǵawx, sǵckǵǵawx, kʷu_sǵckǵǵawx, p_sǵckǵǵawx, sǵckǵǵawxə́ix

3. kn_sǵawx, kʷ_sǵawx, sǵawx, kʷu_sǵawx, p_sǵawx, sǵawxǎlx
4. kn_ksǵáwaʔx, kʷ_sǵáwaʔx, ksǵáwaʔx, kʷu_ksǵáwaʔx, p_sǵáwaʔx, ksǵáwaʔxǎlx
5. isǵáwm, asǵáwm, sǵawms, sǵawmtət, sǵawmp, sǵawmsǎlx
6. cǵaxtmn, cǵaxtmntxʷ, cǵaxtms, cǵaxtmntm, cǵaxtmntp, cǵaxtmsǎlx
7. iksǵaxtm, aksǵaxtm, ksǵaxtms, ksǵaxtmntm, ksǵaxtmntp, ksǵaxtmsǎlx
8. iksǵáw, aksǵáw, kskǵaws, kskǵawtət, kskǵawmp, kskǵawsǎlx
9. isǵaxtm, asǵaxtm, sǵaxtms, sǵaxmtət, sǵaxmp, sǵaxtmsǎlx
10. iksǵaxtm, aksǵaxtm, ksǵaxtms, ksǵaxmtət, ksǵaxmp, ksǵaxtmsǎlx

example sentences:

1. cǵaʔxtm iʔ_tm̄xʷúlaʔxʷtət. (We pray for our land.)
2. ǵaʔxtm aʔ_cqalʔílt (We prayed for the sick.)
3. tíʔ xiʔmíx kʷ_laʔkín ul kʷ_cǵawm. (Wherever you are you can pray.)

smýmáy 1:

qipcm

smýmáy 1: qipcm

1. qipcm
2. sn̄ʔayckstx
3. ʔayúʔ
4. skʷn̄kʷinm
5. s̄ʔukʷm
6. spīʔm
7. č̄xʷlúsaʔ
8. ʔítxʷaʔ
9. smúkʷaʔxn
10. iʔ_kʷīʔt aʔ_cplal
 - k̄ikiʔtníʔp
 - wə̄x̄wáx̄iʔp
 - skʷʔsiʔm̄ix
 - tm̄tm̄nyʔiʔp
 - skʷʔsiʔəm̄ix
11. piyʔáʔ
12. č̄m̄tus
13. stx̄tsqáx̄aʔm uʔ kʷān̄ʔqm 1
14. s̄čiālqʷ
15. p̄k̄am
16. wap̄w̄pxn
17. stx̄t̄ilm 1- n̄ʔastk̄íʔt
18. stx̄t̄ilm 2- Christine Quintasket

01. qipcm

sʔaʔúms

tplikst	to bud
---------	--------

smýmay

qipcm cnuʔís iʔ_ǰiyátnxʷ. tɕplak iʔ_sǰíǰsált. ɕaʔt iʔ_sǰnkʷəkʷac. iʔ_sǰíǰsált ckʷaʔál. iʔ_sǰkʷańtq naʔt scícal tɕplikst uʔ ɕaʔɕaʔákʷm.	to bud
--	--------

sǰsúxʷnaʔ sǰwǰtǰn

1. pǰkin cnuʔís iʔ_ǰiyátnxʷ ?
2. ɕkin iʔ_sǰnkʷəkʷac tǰ_qipcm ?
3. ɕkin iʔ_sǰíǰsált tǰ_qipcm ?
4. stim tɕplikst tǰ_qipcm ?
5. stim ɕaʔákʷm tǰ_qipcm ?

skǰʔism tǰ_ǰilm sʔaʔúms

A. Imperfective aksckʷúl: answer the question with a complete nǰsǰxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

1. ha kʷ_sǰɕtǰplakx kǰ_ǰańcǰtxʷ ? kiw, _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_sǰɕpǰixx ? kiw, _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha sǰɕtixʷəxʷ tǰ_kǰmrimstǰs Matlá ? kiw, _____.
nuyápixcn:

4. ha p_sǰɕckǰqaqxʷǰxəx ? kiw, _____.
nuyápixcn:

5. ha kʷu_sǰɕwiǰx tǰ_ʔitǰxʷaʔ ? kiw, _____.
nuyápixcn:

B. Future & Past/Present aksckʷúl: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha k^w_s^hcíqa?x í_sqapúna?x^w ? lut, ám kn_ńciqm í_sqapúna?x^w.

1. ha k^w_s^hq^wlíwa?x tə_síya? ? lut, ám _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_ksk^wúla?x řapná? tə_sklax^w ? lut, ám _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha ksk^wáwa?x ? lut, ám _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha k^wu_ksńk^wńixa?x ? lut, ám _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha p_swáńxa?x ? lut, ám _____.

nuyápixcn:

ck^wuímstm i?_s?a?úms

1. tplikst- to bud
reduplication: kpupíkst
imperatives: tplikstx / tplikst (affirmative singular); lut akstplikst / lut akstplikstm (neg. singular); tplikstwi / tpliksti / tplikstp (affirmative plural); lut kstplikstrńp / lut kstplikstp (neg. plural)
conjugations: 1. kn_tplikst, k ^w _tplikst, tplikst, k ^w u_tplikst, p_tplikst, tplikstǎix 2. kn_sǎctplikstx, k ^w _sǎctplikstx sǎctplikstx, k ^w u_sǎctplikstx, p_sǎctplikstx, sǎctplikstxǎix 3. kn_stplikstx, k ^w _stplikstx, stplikstx, k ^w u_stplikstx, p_stplikstx, stplikstxǎix 4. kn_kstplíksta?x, k ^w _stplíksta?x, kstplíksta?x, k ^w u_kstplíksta?x, p_stplíksta?x, kstplíksta?xǎix 5. istplíkst, astplíkst, stpliksts, stplikstǎt, stplikstrńp, stplikstsǎix 6. tplikstn, tplikstx ^w , tpliksts, tplikstm, tplikstp, tplikstsǎix 7. ikstplíkstm, akstplíkstm, kstpliksts, kstplikstm, kstplikstp, kstplikstsǎix 8. ikstplíkst, akstplíkst, kstpliksts, kstplikstǎt, kstplikstrńp, kstplikstsǎix 9. isctplíkst, asctplíkst, sctpliksts, sctplikstǎt. sctplikstrńp, sctplikstsǎix 10. iksctplíkst, aksctplíkst, ksctpliksts, ksctplikstǎt. ksctplikstrńp, ksctplikstsǎix
example sentences:
1. i?_sk ^w ańtq na?ť sčlčal tplikst uť ča?ča?ák ^w m. (The plants and the trees gets buds and flowers.)
2. qipcm uť kpupíkstm i?_mímítitp. (??)
3. kpupíkstm sic kplikst i?_mímuix. (??)

02. sn̄saʔckstx

sʔaʔúms

ńʔiǎtk	north
sʔuʔqín	Slocan
ktunáxa	Kootenai
ńǰ ^w iyatpít ^w	Kettle River
stíltx	Kootenai
skiʔx ^w útm̄s	below
ʔaʔckst	bull trout
kiʔlíx ^w	bark
ǎiʔítp	white pine
ńxaʔcín	front / in front
ǎǰitk ^w	rapids / fast water
ʔʔatlaʔx ^w	wet land / place
q ^w ay	common
kwistm	above
ńćakuʔʔawíʔtx ^w	Bonnington Falls
misńʔacúsm	trap more
ńʔaʔx ^w ʔscín	trade food
q ^w aʔq ^w ýt	many / common
ʔam̄xlwís	move around
ctkəʔam	separate
sʔacílkst	cape
sx ^w ulítx ^w	tipi lodge
siǰíxst	move something
ǎx ^w am	kill (more than one)
ckumn̄m	spawn
puǎm	end
q ^w ciʔ	pithouse
yult	log
tqəmnínaʔńt	put things on top
ktpínaʔńt	to cover

kłaʔxńtan	ladder
nqslxʷiws	related
ńsyilxcnm	speak Salish
cq̄ʔuʔscút	be close
ckʷńtwixʷ	take from each other
mrim	marry
laʔtmńt	be friends with
skʷʔptan	east
sixʷápmx	Shushwap
ʔaluʔscút	gather together
tkʷupxnńs	gather around / surround
kńmam	take away
ʔəʔmam	live with in-laws
liq̄ńt	bury
pńpńxan	fold legs
sámaʔ	French / European / Euro-American
kʷəkʷrit	gold
piqsxń	silver
canmn	Chinese
ńcíqlaʔxʷm	dig in the ground
ʔəp̄úlaʔxʷtn	border / mark on ground
xiʔúst	point that way
xctwiłx	become difficult
ʔq̄lim̄x	move to
míríka	America
kʷiłtm	take from someone
Kánata	Canada
ćiwt	last
kswitńt	work at / do one's best at
káʔʔálqʷ	across border / line

smýmay

qsápiʔ, iʔ_sńʔayckstx kʷliwt ǀ_yʔacińs ńsłxʷʔitkʷ, tǀ_ńʔiłtk	north
--	-------

<p>kíkaʔt kíl̥saʔpnáʔ c̥umstəlx̥ tə Revelstoke, kíl̥saʔawtímtk̥ uʔ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥. iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ nix̥w̥ ta_c̥kíl̥_yʔsacín̥s̥ iʔ_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckst, s̥tuʔqín̥, k̥t̥x̥w̥əx̥w̥mínaʔ uʔ ktunáxa. iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ nix̥w̥ itíʔ k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥ l̥_n̥x̥w̥iyatpít̥k̥w̥ uʔ ta_c̥kíl̥_yʔsacín̥s̥ iʔ_s̥aʔsaʔtít̥k̥w̥ iʔ_s̥tuʔqín̥ uʔ iʔ_s̥t̥iilt̥x̥, skiʔx̥w̥útr̥m̥s̥ l̥_k̥tunáxa iʔ_t̥ik̥w̥ts̥. iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ t̥l̥_s̥aʔyckst̥ kiʔ taʔx̥w̥sk̥w̥íst̥. pís̥láaʔt̥ tə_qaqx̥w̥íx̥. yʔsat l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ iʔ_l̥_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥ akskacím̥ iʔ_s̥aʔyckst̥.</p>	<p>Slocan; Kootenai Kettle River Kootenai; below bull trout</p>
<p>iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ sisiyík̥st̥ t̥a_c̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_ʔl̥ʔiʔ t̥l̥_kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥ iʔ_ʔiʔíʔp̥. iʔ_n̥xaʔcín̥s̥ iʔ_ʔl̥ʔiʔs̥ c̥x̥iʔ tə_c̥m̥tus̥ iʔ_s̥p̥saqsts̥. ʔast asksʔúclm̥ l̥_ʔ̥x̥it̥k̥w̥ iʔ_l̥_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ iʔ_tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥.</p>	<p>bark white pine; front fast water/rapids</p>
<p>iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ iʔ_tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ əc̥q̥it̥. t̥s̥ḁ́t̥laʔx̥w̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ itíʔ iʔ_w̥swist̥. c̥x̥iix̥ lut̥ ilíʔ t̥a_c̥plal̥ iʔ_s̥p̥i̥l̥m̥ l̥_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥. Ik̥w̥ut̥ t̥l̥_n̥s̥íx̥w̥ʔit̥k̥w̥, s̥c̥x̥iix̥ lut̥ q̥w̥ay̥ iʔ_n̥t̥y̥tyix̥ l̥_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ saʔsaʔtít̥k̥w̥ naʔt̥ t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥. yʔsat sp̥i̥nt̥k̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥. kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ cp̥u̥lx̥ l̥_k̥su̥h̥k̥w̥ kw̥ist̥m̥s̥ iʔ_s̥y̥əx̥w̥mit̥k̥w̥.</p>	<p>wet place common</p>
<p>nix̥w̥ kíl̥s̥tuʔqín̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥h̥nusts̥ iʔ_n̥t̥y̥tyix̥ uʔ kíl̥_n̥c̥akuʔt̥awíʔt̥x̥w̥. naʔm̥t̥ lut̥ taʔl̥í q̥w̥ay̥ iʔ_n̥t̥y̥tyix̥ l̥_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥ kiʔ t̥l̥_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ iʔ_s̥yil̥x̥ tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥. itl̥íʔ uʔ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ cm̥isp̥i̥x̥m̥ uʔ cm̥is̥h̥s̥ac̥úsm̥ kiʔ t̥l̥_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ iʔ_s̥yil̥x̥. x̥w̥ʔit̥ iʔ_s̥tyíʔc̥aʔ l̥_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ tr̥m̥x̥w̥úlaʔx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ uʔ pi̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥tyíʔc̥aʔ. ʔw̥w̥nt̥is̥əlx̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥w̥scín̥ tə_s̥p̥i̥l̥m̥ km̥ tə_stim̥. nix̥w̥ q̥w̥ay̥q̥w̥y̥t̥ iʔ_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ ix̥íʔ nix̥w̥ əc̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥ts̥əlx̥ tə_s̥ʔi̥t̥n̥.</p>	<p>above Bonnington Falls</p>
<p>caʔáq̥w̥m̥ c̥ʔḁm̥xl̥w̥ís̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥. iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ c̥t̥k̥ə̥t̥am̥ itíʔ cx̥w̥il̥w̥ís̥, km̥ c̥ʔúluʔs̥ iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥. ʔ̥l̥x̥i̥l̥m̥ kíl̥_w̥ist̥ k̥aw̥s̥q̥w̥í̥q̥w̥líw̥m̥ tə_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ uʔ k̥aw̥sp̥i̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥x̥w̥íʔ. m̥y̥mḁy̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_s̥ʔḁc̥í̥l̥k̥st̥ t̥l̥_s̥x̥w̥íʔ iʔ_s̥p̥u̥r̥m̥ts̥. caʔáq̥w̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥u̥y̥y̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ ilíʔ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥. l̥_s̥caʔáq̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ l̥_s̥x̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥ kiʔ n̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥. k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥əlx̥ tə_tuk̥w̥tan km̥ tə_m̥xi̥t̥p̥ kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ tə_ct̥cit̥x̥w̥ t̥i̥ty̥m̥t̥ t̥ə_k̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥s̥əlx̥ uʔ t̥ə_k̥si̥x̥í̥x̥sts̥əlx̥. k̥aʔáym̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_c̥l̥x̥w̥am̥ tə_s̥l̥aʔc̥ín̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_ct̥ix̥w̥m̥ tə_k̥ək̥níʔ t̥l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ aʔ_c̥k̥um̥nm̥ kíl̥_c̥w̥c̥w̥íxaʔ.</p>	<p>trap more</p>
<p>caʔáq̥w̥m̥ c̥ʔḁm̥xl̥w̥ís̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥. iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ c̥t̥k̥ə̥t̥am̥ itíʔ cx̥w̥il̥w̥ís̥, km̥ c̥ʔúluʔs̥ iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥. ʔ̥l̥x̥i̥l̥m̥ kíl̥_w̥ist̥ k̥aw̥s̥q̥w̥í̥q̥w̥líw̥m̥ tə_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ uʔ k̥aw̥sp̥i̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥x̥w̥íʔ. m̥y̥mḁy̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_s̥ʔḁc̥í̥l̥k̥st̥ t̥l̥_s̥x̥w̥íʔ iʔ_s̥p̥u̥r̥m̥ts̥. caʔáq̥w̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥u̥y̥y̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ ilíʔ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥. l̥_s̥caʔáq̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ l̥_s̥x̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥ kiʔ n̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥. k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥əlx̥ tə_tuk̥w̥tan km̥ tə_m̥xi̥t̥p̥ kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ tə_ct̥cit̥x̥w̥ t̥i̥ty̥m̥t̥ t̥ə_k̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥s̥əlx̥ uʔ t̥ə_k̥si̥x̥í̥x̥sts̥əlx̥. k̥aʔáym̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_c̥l̥x̥w̥am̥ tə_s̥l̥aʔc̥ín̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_ct̥ix̥w̥m̥ tə_k̥ək̥níʔ t̥l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ aʔ_c̥k̥um̥nm̥ kíl̥_c̥w̥c̥w̥íxaʔ.</p>	<p>trade for food many/common</p>
<p>caʔáq̥w̥m̥ c̥ʔḁm̥xl̥w̥ís̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥. iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ c̥t̥k̥ə̥t̥am̥ itíʔ cx̥w̥il̥w̥ís̥, km̥ c̥ʔúluʔs̥ iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥. ʔ̥l̥x̥i̥l̥m̥ kíl̥_w̥ist̥ k̥aw̥s̥q̥w̥í̥q̥w̥líw̥m̥ tə_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ uʔ k̥aw̥sp̥i̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥x̥w̥íʔ. m̥y̥mḁy̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_s̥ʔḁc̥í̥l̥k̥st̥ t̥l̥_s̥x̥w̥íʔ iʔ_s̥p̥u̥r̥m̥ts̥. caʔáq̥w̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥u̥y̥y̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ ilíʔ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥. l̥_s̥caʔáq̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ l̥_s̥x̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥ kiʔ n̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥. k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥əlx̥ tə_tuk̥w̥tan km̥ tə_m̥xi̥t̥p̥ kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ tə_ct̥cit̥x̥w̥ t̥i̥ty̥m̥t̥ t̥ə_k̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥s̥əlx̥ uʔ t̥ə_k̥si̥x̥í̥x̥sts̥əlx̥. k̥aʔáym̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_c̥l̥x̥w̥am̥ tə_s̥l̥aʔc̥ín̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_ct̥ix̥w̥m̥ tə_k̥ək̥níʔ t̥l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ aʔ_c̥k̥um̥nm̥ kíl̥_c̥w̥c̥w̥íxaʔ.</p>	<p>move around; separate</p>
<p>caʔáq̥w̥m̥ c̥ʔḁm̥xl̥w̥ís̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥. iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ c̥t̥k̥ə̥t̥am̥ itíʔ cx̥w̥il̥w̥ís̥, km̥ c̥ʔúluʔs̥ iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥. ʔ̥l̥x̥i̥l̥m̥ kíl̥_w̥ist̥ k̥aw̥s̥q̥w̥í̥q̥w̥líw̥m̥ tə_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ uʔ k̥aw̥sp̥i̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥x̥w̥íʔ. m̥y̥mḁy̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_s̥ʔḁc̥í̥l̥k̥st̥ t̥l̥_s̥x̥w̥íʔ iʔ_s̥p̥u̥r̥m̥ts̥. caʔáq̥w̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥u̥y̥y̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ ilíʔ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥. l̥_s̥caʔáq̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ l̥_s̥x̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥ kiʔ n̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥. k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥əlx̥ tə_tuk̥w̥tan km̥ tə_m̥xi̥t̥p̥ kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ tə_ct̥cit̥x̥w̥ t̥i̥ty̥m̥t̥ t̥ə_k̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥s̥əlx̥ uʔ t̥ə_k̥si̥x̥í̥x̥sts̥əlx̥. k̥aʔáym̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_c̥l̥x̥w̥am̥ tə_s̥l̥aʔc̥ín̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_ct̥ix̥w̥m̥ tə_k̥ək̥níʔ t̥l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ aʔ_c̥k̥um̥nm̥ kíl̥_c̥w̥c̥w̥íxaʔ.</p>	<p>cape</p>
<p>caʔáq̥w̥m̥ c̥ʔḁm̥xl̥w̥ís̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥. iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ c̥t̥k̥ə̥t̥am̥ itíʔ cx̥w̥il̥w̥ís̥, km̥ c̥ʔúluʔs̥ iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥. ʔ̥l̥x̥i̥l̥m̥ kíl̥_w̥ist̥ k̥aw̥s̥q̥w̥í̥q̥w̥líw̥m̥ tə_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ uʔ k̥aw̥sp̥i̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥x̥w̥íʔ. m̥y̥mḁy̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_s̥ʔḁc̥í̥l̥k̥st̥ t̥l̥_s̥x̥w̥íʔ iʔ_s̥p̥u̥r̥m̥ts̥. caʔáq̥w̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥u̥y̥y̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ ilíʔ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥. l̥_s̥caʔáq̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ l̥_s̥x̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥ kiʔ n̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥. k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥əlx̥ tə_tuk̥w̥tan km̥ tə_m̥xi̥t̥p̥ kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ tə_ct̥cit̥x̥w̥ t̥i̥ty̥m̥t̥ t̥ə_k̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥s̥əlx̥ uʔ t̥ə_k̥si̥x̥í̥x̥sts̥əlx̥. k̥aʔáym̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_c̥l̥x̥w̥am̥ tə_s̥l̥aʔc̥ín̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_ct̥ix̥w̥m̥ tə_k̥ək̥níʔ t̥l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ aʔ_c̥k̥um̥nm̥ kíl̥_c̥w̥c̥w̥íxaʔ.</p>	<p>tipi lodge</p>
<p>caʔáq̥w̥m̥ c̥ʔḁm̥xl̥w̥ís̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥. iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥ c̥t̥k̥ə̥t̥am̥ itíʔ cx̥w̥il̥w̥ís̥, km̥ c̥ʔúluʔs̥ iʔ_k̥w̥i̥l̥t̥. ʔ̥l̥x̥i̥l̥m̥ kíl̥_w̥ist̥ k̥aw̥s̥q̥w̥í̥q̥w̥líw̥m̥ tə_s̥t̥xaʔq̥ uʔ k̥aw̥sp̥i̥x̥s̥əlx̥ iʔ_s̥x̥w̥íʔ. m̥y̥mḁy̥t̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ ck̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥ tə_s̥ʔḁc̥í̥l̥k̥st̥ t̥l̥_s̥x̥w̥íʔ iʔ_s̥p̥u̥r̥m̥ts̥. caʔáq̥w̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥u̥y̥y̥ kíl̥s̥x̥ʔnitk̥w̥ ilíʔ ck̥t̥aq̥ax̥w̥íx̥m̥ uʔ c̥h̥ʔḁy̥x̥w̥i̥w̥sm̥. l̥_s̥caʔáq̥w̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ l̥_s̥x̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥ kiʔ n̥k̥w̥liw̥t̥. k̥w̥í̥k̥w̥uím̥əlx̥ tə_tuk̥w̥tan km̥ tə_m̥xi̥t̥p̥ kiʔl̥ílx̥w̥s̥. ix̥íʔ tə_ct̥cit̥x̥w̥ t̥i̥ty̥m̥t̥ t̥ə_k̥w̥u̥l̥t̥x̥w̥s̥əlx̥ uʔ t̥ə_k̥si̥x̥í̥x̥sts̥əlx̥. k̥aʔáym̥ iʔ_s̥n̥ʔsaʔyckstx̥ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_c̥l̥x̥w̥am̥ tə_s̥l̥aʔc̥ín̥m̥ uʔ x̥w̥ʔit̥ t̥a_ct̥ix̥w̥m̥ tə_k̥ək̥níʔ t̥l̥_t̥k̥w̥tík̥w̥t̥ aʔ_c̥k̥um̥nm̥ kíl̥_c̥w̥c̥w̥íxaʔ.</p>	<p>they move it; kill spawn</p>

<p>tə_pułm i?_skaʔáy, i?_snʔayckstx ʔúlluʔs l_snʔistktnsəlx. txʔaʔxʔit ilíʔ ksʔúlluʔsts l_snʔistktnsəlx. ʔistkm, i?_snʔayckstx nʔimx l_qʔciʔsəlx. t_akskʔúlm tə_qʔciʔ, nciqntxʔ sílxʔaʔ tə_yir mat kaʔʔís km mus scúʔxán i?_ksnixʔúts. ixíʔ uʔ kʔwulmntxʔ i?_yult ckpniws tqiltkms aʔ_cnʔəxʔwúlaʔxʔ. tqəmnínaʔs i?_yult tə_tkíkíxmikstn, sic ktpínaʔs tə_tukʔtán sic itlíʔ klíqnaʔs tə_túkʔlaʔxʔ. l_tqiltk cʔaxʔw itíʔ i?_sqilxʔ kaʔ cnʔutxʔ km ʔácqaʔ ckʔwulmsts i?_kʔaʔxntan uʔ nixʔw itíʔ i?_spuʔúl cʔácqaʔ.</p>	<p>end pit house log; put on top of cover ladder</p>
<p>i?_snʔayckstx kʔəʔam nqsíxʔwiws klí_syilx klí_ʔawtímtk, i?_sxʔyáʔpítkʔx, uʔ cʔxiʔ itíʔ t_a_cqʔaʔqʔaʔál cnʔsyilxcnm. q́sápiʔ i?_snʔayckstx naʔʔ sxʔyáʔpítkʔx cʔʔuʔscút ckʔntwixʔw cmrim. i?_snʔayckstx laxtmns i?_qlspiix ixíʔ ta_ckí_skʔʔptan kaʔ cwəxwix, uʔ nixʔw i?_sixʔápmx ixíʔ ká_nʔiʔltk kaʔ cwixəlx. cíaxtmsts i?_stíltx, naʔmʔ naqs taʔlí tiyáqʔt i?_snʔayckstx naʔʔ stíltx. xilm itíʔ t_a_ckáwskʔqáqxʔíxm i?_stíltx klí_nćakuʔʔawíʔʔxʔ, klí_syəxʔmitkʔ. nkaʔsils i?_snʔayckstx, ʔaluʔscútəlx uʔ tkʔupxnms tiyáqʔtstsəlx i?_stíltx. ʔxʔupsəlx i?_stíltx uʔ lut nixʔw xiʔxiʔstísəlx t_a_kskmamsəlx tə_nʔtytyix. itlíʔ uʔ ʔlxtiws i?_snʔayckstx naʔʔ stíltx.</p>	<p>related to speak Salish be close; take from each other; marry; be friends; east; Shushwap gather gather around/surround take away</p>
<p>tiʔ knaqs i?_yilmixʔmnsəlx ixíʔ ylmixʔm klí_yʔayʔátəlx. t_a_kiwíx i?_ylmixʔm ixíʔ i?_sqʔsiʔs itlíʔ t_ylmixʔm. lut t_a_ksqʔsiʔ uʔ i?_stmʔkʔilts mi t_ylmixʔm. yʔat aʔ_cwəxwix kʔylmixʔm, nʔkʔakʔwiniʔs hakín mi ylmixʔm klí_spiixm uʔ knaqs klí_skʔqaxʔíxm.</p>	<p>live w/ in-laws; bury</p>
<p>t_a_cmrim i?_sqłtmixʔw naʔʔ tkəʔmilxʔw i?_snʔayckstx, cʔəxmam klí_tkəʔmilxʔs i?_snqsilxʔs. t_a_cliqstsəlx i?_snʔlals, kʔəʔam klí_saʔtítkʔw km kʔəʔam klí_tikʔw mi liq́səlx. ʔapnáʔ, cmistísəlx ixíʔ snʔayckst i?_sckakícsəlx t_a_ʔqntísəlx kʔəʔam l_siwʔkʔw uʔ ckiñ i?_ksəcpnʔnxañs.</p>	<p>folded legs Euro-American</p>
<p>t_a_cyʔap i?_sámaʔ lut xast klí_snʔayckstx. cxʔit qalíʔílt tə_kaʔcqʔícaʔ uʔ txʔaʔxʔit i?_ʔaxʔw. sic itlíʔ kakícməlx tə_kʔəkwrit naʔʔ piq́sxñ l_snʔayckstx tmxʔwúlaʔxʔ, ixíʔ uʔ xʔʔit i?_sámaʔ naʔʔ canmn cyʔapəlx nciq́laʔxʔməlx. i?_snʔayckstx slmis i?_tmxʔwúlaʔxʔsəlx uʔ ksikstmntm tə_kʔúkʔaʔ,</p>	<p>gold; silver Chinese; dig earth</p>

<p>ma?ma?míntm. sic itlí? i?_təpúla?xʷtn xi?úst tə_tm̄xʷúla?xʷs i?_sn̄ʔayckstx. xctwílx tə_kskáwspiǰm̄səlx, tə_kskʔqaqxʷíxm̄s, uʔ tə_ksstixʷm̄səlx tə_spyqatq.</p> <p>itlí? uʔ ʔim̄x kík̄m yʔat i?_sn̄ʔayckst kíl_ʔawtímtks i?_tm̄xʷúla?xʷsəlx. i?_kʷiǰt xʷuyy kíl_ʔwkna?qín kíl_syilx ilí? t̄q̄lím̄x, uʔ i?_kʷiǰt ti? ilí? kʷliw̄t l̄_tm̄xʷúla?xʷsəlx. sic itlí? i?_Mííika kʷiǰtm i?_tm̄xʷúla?xʷsəlx ka_ñ?iǰtk la?kín i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ki? kʷliw̄t. i?_kʷiǰt niʔáȳp ilí? kʷliw̄t, iwá lut kim tə_sqlxʷúla?xʷ. i?_kʷiǰt ʔim̄xəlx kíl_sn̄xʷiyaʔpítkʷ kíl_ñca?líwm. l̄_ʔupñkst uʔ xəxnut cíkʔʔupñkst uʔ timʔ (1958), Kánata kʷis a?_ciw̄t i?_sn̄ʔayckstx sqlxʷúla?xʷ. ʔapnáʔ, i?_sn̄ʔayckstx kswits kskʷñnúiʔs i?_ñ?iǰtk kaʔʔáiqʷ tm̄xʷúla?xʷsəlx. yʔat spiñtk i?_sn̄ʔayckstx cʔúlluʔs l̄_piyʔáʔ, l̄_kspiǰmt̄n ka? cúlluʔs ilí? ilí? ksn̄kʔaʔmn uʔ ksn̄t̄m̄t̄niʔtn. ilí? uʔ xʷkʷntisəlx i?_sn̄t̄m̄t̄niʔtn la?kín ka? cl̄q̄liq̄ i?_sn̄qsilxʷsəlx uʔ mílm̄iltəlx.</p>	<p>mark on land; going that way; become difficult</p> <p>move to America; take away</p> <p>Canada; last work at across border</p>
--	---

sn̄súxʷna? sw̄t̄it̄n

1. q̄sápiʔ, kaʔkín ki? kʷliw̄t i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
2. stim i?_sʔúmla?xʷs i?_t̄kʷtikʷt la?kín ki? kʷliw̄t i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
3. t̄l̄stim ki? taʔxʷskʷíst i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
4. kaʔkín akskakíc̄m i?_ʔayckst ?
5. c̄kin i?_ǰʔiʔs i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ? t̄l̄stim ckʷul̄m̄stm i?_sn̄ʔayckstx i?_ǰʔiʔs ?
6. c̄kin i?_tm̄xʷúla?xʷs i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
7. ha qʷay i?_spiǰm km ñt̄ȳtyix kíl_sn̄ʔayckstx tm̄xʷúla?xʷs ? səxkinx ?
8. kaʔkín ka? ckʔqaqxʷíxm i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
9. səxkinx uʔ cmiscpiǰm uʔ mish̄ʔacúsm i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ki? t̄l̄kʷiǰt i?_syilx ?
10. əxkistm i?_styíʔcaʔ tə_sñʔayckstx ?
11. stim aʔ_ckists i?_sn̄ʔayckstx l̄_scaʔáqʷ ?
12. x̄l̄stim m̄ȳmaý̄t i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
13. tə_stim ki? kʷul̄t̄xʷm i?_sxʷul̄t̄xʷs i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ? səxkinx ?
14. tə_kaʔáym, stim i?_c̄ǰxʷstis i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
15. tə_ʔistkm, kíl_kaʔkín ka? cñʔim̄x i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
16. tə_stim ka?_ckʷul̄t̄xʷm i?_q̄w̄ciʔs i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ?
17. swit i?_c̄q̄tuʔscút ckʷñtwixʷ cmrim ?
18. swit aʔ_cwəxwix ta_ckl̄skʷǰptan i?_sn̄ʔayckstx ? ta_ckl̄ñ?iǰtk ?
19. swit i?_tiyáqʷtsəlx i?_st̄iltx ? səxkinx uʔ tiyáqʷtsəlx ? swit i?_ǰxʷup ?
20. ʔa_cmrim i?_sn̄ʔayckstx i?_sq̄lt̄mixʷ, kaʔkin ka? cm̄ut ?

21. kaʔkín ka? cliqstm iʔ_sñʕlals iʔ_sñʕayckstx ?
22. səxkinx uʔ lut tə_ʒast kíl_sñʕayckstx tə_cyʕap iʔ_sáma? kíl_sñʕayckstx tmxʷúlaʔxʷs ?
23. stim iʔ_símis iʔ_sñʕayckstx ? səxkinx uʔ síminʔm ?
24. səxkinx uʔ xctwiłx tə_kskawspiʒmśəlx, tə_ksktqaqxʷímś uʔ tə_ksʔixʷmśəlx tə_spýqatq iʔ_sñʕayckstx ?
25. swit iʔ_xʷuýy kíl_wknaʔqín ? səxkinx uʔ xʷuýy ?
26. səxkinx uʔ ʔimx kíl_ʔawtímtks iʔ_tmʔxʷúlaʔxʷsəlx iʔ_sñʕayckstx ?
27. stim iʔ_kʷiłtm iʔ_sñʕayckstx tə_Míríka ?
28. stim iʔ_kʷiłtm iʔ_sñʕayckstx tə_Kánata í_ʔupnkt uʔ ʒəʒnut cíktʔupnkt uʔ timʔ ?
29. ʕapná? stim iʔ_kswits ksʔʷhnnúis iʔ_sñʕayckstx ?
30. kaʔkín ka? cʔúlluʔs iʔ_sñʕayckstx í_kspiłmʔn ? səxkinx ka? cʔúlluʔs ?

skʔʔism tə_ʒilm sʔaʔúmś

A. Imperfective aksckʷúl: answer the question with a complete nśəlxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

1. ha kʷ_səckʷulx tə_ʒiʔ ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_səcnʔuclx ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha səcpulxəx Matlá ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha p_səcnʕacúsx ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha kʷu_səcnʔayxʷwscínx ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

6. ha səcʔamxlwísx astmktʔilt ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

7. ha kʷ_səcʒiłx ʕapná? ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

8. ha kn_səckʷulxʷəxʷ ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

9. ha p_səcłxʷmix tə_sʒʷłiʔ ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

10. ha k^wu_səc^h?im^xəx kⁱ́_sic^tx^w ? kiw, _____.
nuyápixcn:

B. Future & Past/Present aksc^kw^ú: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha k^w_sⁿíc^íqa?x í_sqap^úna?x^w ? lut, ^lám kn_ñ^ciqm í_sqap^úna?x^w.

1. ha k^w_s^h?ú^tx^wa?x í_s^hl^wmin ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_ksc?ácqa?a?x tⁱ_i^hp^úlxtn ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha ks^hyílxcna?x kⁱ́_s^yá? ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

4. ha k^wu_ks^qtu?scúta?x ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

5. ha p_s?alu?scúta?x ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

6. ha kstiyáq^wta?xəlx kⁱ́_s^kawíla? ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

7. ha k^w_s^lx^wúpa?x ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

8. ha kn_ksⁿk^wak^wína?x t_iks^xílwi? ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

9. ha ksmríma?x Pitál ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

10. ha p_s^tə^xmíxa?x ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

ckʷuimstm iʔ_sʔaʔúms

1. nʔiʔlʔtk- north
reduplication: nʔaʔʔiʔlʔtk
example sentences:
1. q̄sápiʔ, iʔ_snʔsaʔckstx kʷliw̄t ʔ_yʔacińs n̄sʔxʷʔitkʷ, tʔ_nʔiʔlʔtk kíkʔaʔt kʔ_sapnáʔ cʔumstəʔx tə_Revelstoke, kʔ_sʔaw̄tímtk uʔ kʔ_sxʷnitkʷ. (A long time ago, the Lakes people lived all along the Columbia River, from the north near what is now called Revelstoke, British Columbia, to the south to Kettle Falls.)
2. iʔ_snʔiʔlʔtkx taʔlí p̄xəʔpaʔt tə_sqilxʷ. (The north people are very smart.)
3. iʔ_qáqʷlʔx ck̄wilx tʔ_sʔaw̄tímtkx uʔ kʔ_nʔiʔlʔtk. (The fish run from south to north.)
2. sʔuʔqín- Slocan (lake and river name)
example sentences:
1. iʔ_snʔsaʔckstx nixʷ ta_ckʔ_yʔacińs iʔ_tkʷtikʷt iʔ_snʔsaʔckst, sʔuʔqín, kʔxʷxʷmínaʔ uʔ ktunáxa. (The Lakes also lived on the shores of the Arrow, Slocan, Trout, and Kootenai Lakes.)
2. iʔ_sʔuʔqín qʷam̄qʷm̄t tə_tm̄xʷúlaʔxʷ, n̄wswist iʔ_cməqʷmaqʷ uʔ kʔxʷil iʔ_stx̄cin. (The Slocan Valley is a beautiful land with high mountains and lots of tiger lillies.)
3. xʷʔit iʔ_sqilxʷ ʔ_qʷciʔ kiʔ kʷliwtəʔx ʔ_snʔsaʔckstx n̄c̄w̄c̄wixtn ʔ_sʔuʔqín tm̄xʷúlaʔxʷ. (Lots of people lived in pit houses in the Lakes villages in the Slocan.)
3. ktunáxa- Kootenai / Kootenai Lake
1. iʔ_snʔsaʔckstx nixʷ ta_ckʔ_yʔacińs iʔ_tkʷtikʷt iʔ_snʔsaʔckst, sʔuʔqín, kʔxʷxʷmínaʔ uʔ ktunáxa. (The Lakes also lived on the shores of the Arrow, Slocan, Trout, and Kootenai Lakes.)
2. sílxʷaʔ tə_tikʷt iʔ_skutanáxa, p̄isʔaʔt iʔ_xʷəxʷmínaʔ ilíʔ. (Kootenai Lake is a big lake with big trout in it.)
3. ʔapnáʔ silxʷaʔ staʔm ckcəqstis iʔ_p̄uyxn uʔ c̄nyakʷstis ʔ_katunxa tikʷt. (Nowadays, a big boat takes cars across Kootenai Lake.)
4. n̄xʷiyaʔpítkʷ- Kettle River
example sentences:
1. iʔ_snʔsaʔckstx nixʷ itíʔ kʷl̄kʷliw̄t ʔ_n̄xʷiyaʔpítkʷ uʔ ta_ckʔ_yʔacińs iʔ_saʔsaʔtítkʷ iʔ_sʔuʔqín uʔ iʔ_stíltx, skiʔxʷútr̄ns ʔ_ktunáxa iʔ_tikʷts. (The Lakes people also lived on the Kettle River, and on the shores of the Slocan River and on the Kootenai River below Kootenai Lake.)
2. ʔm̄ k̄n̄tytyix ʔ_n̄xʷiyaʔpítkʷ, naʔm̄ t̄qipsəʔx sn̄xʷn̄tkʷitkʷ. (There used to be salmon in the Kettle River, but then the Columbia River was dammed.)
3. iʔ_n̄xʷiyaʔpítk c̄ntypitkʷ kʔ_sn̄xʷn̄tkʷitkʷ, kwistr̄ns tʔ_sxʷnitkʷ. (The Kettle River flows into the Columbia River above Kettle Falls.)
5. stíltx- Kootenai people / Kootenai River
example sentences:
1. iʔ_snʔsaʔckstx nixʷ itíʔ kʷl̄kʷliw̄t ʔ_n̄xʷiyaʔpítkʷ uʔ ta_ckʔ_yʔacińs iʔ_saʔsaʔtítkʷ iʔ_sʔuʔqín uʔ

<p>i?_stíltx, ski?xʷútr̄ms í_ktunáxa i?_tikʷts. (The Lakes people also lived on the Kettle River, and on the shores of the Slocan River and on the Kootenai River below Kootenai Lake.)</p>
<p>2. i?_stíltx tə_sqilxʷ lut uníxʷ tə_kl̄tr̄xʷúla?xʷ. (The Looked After Ones don't really have land.)</p>
<p>3. ili? xi?xi?stísəlx̄ n̄kʷłcwixm̄ntm tə_stíltx, naḡm̄t lut p̄nkin ksc̄ylmixʷm̄s. (They allowed the Kootenais to live among them, but they could never become chief.)</p>
<p>6. ski?xʷútr̄ms- below</p>
<p>reduplication: ski?xʷi?xʷútr̄ms</p>
<p>example sentences:</p>
<p>1. i?_sn̄ḡayckstx nixʷ ití? kʷl̄kʷliw̄t í_n̄ḡwiyat̄pitkʷ uł ta_ckl̄_yḡacīns i?_sa?sa?titkʷ i?_st̄u?qín uł i?_stíltx, ski?xʷútr̄ms í_ktunáxa i?_tikʷts. (The Lakes people also lived on the Kettle River, and on the shores of the Slocan River and on the Kootenai River below Kootenai Lake.)</p>
<p>2. ili? ski?xʷi?xʷútr̄ms a?_cluqluqús ki? ha ksiya?. (There at the bottom of the bluffs is where there is some saskatoons.)</p>
<p>3. tə_tiyáqʷt i?_kəkəwáp̄ ti? k̄fi?xʷút i?_kiw̄lx̄ kəkəwápa?. (When the dogs started to fight the old dog was at the bottom.)</p>
<p>7. ḡayckst- bull trout</p>
<p>reduplication: ḡayḡayckst</p>
<p>example sentences:</p>
<p>1. i?_sn̄ḡayckstx t̄l̄_ḡayckst ki? ta?xʷt skʷist, p̄ísł̄a?t tə_qaqxʷl̄x̄ yḡat í_tkʷtikʷt i?_l̄sn̄ḡayckstx tr̄nxʷúla?xʷs akskakíc̄m i?_ḡayckst. (The Lakes people get their name from the bull trout, a big fish that was found in all of the lakes in the Lakes' lands.)</p>
<p>2. i?_l̄st̄u?qín, i?_sn̄ḡayckstx ckʷh̄nústs p̄ísł̄a?t uł q̄w̄c̄q̄uct tə_ḡayckst. (In the Slocan, the Lakes caught big, fat bull trout.)</p>
<p>3. i?_sn̄ḡayckstx na?t ql̄spilx̄ c̄łəł̄tpin xʷ?it i?_ḡayckst, ḡapná? tq̄tqipsəlx̄ i?_sa?titkʷ uł n̄k̄n̄k̄n̄cisəlx̄ uł n̄c̄spitkʷ i?_ḡayckst. (The Lakes and Kalispels used to catch a lot of bull trout, but now dams and contamination have killed off the bull trout.)</p>
<p>8. ki?l̄l̄lxʷ- bark</p>
<p>reduplication: ki?ki?l̄l̄lxʷ</p>
<p>example sentences:</p>
<p>1. i?_sn̄ḡayckstx sisiyíkst tə_ckʷūlm̄ tə_ł̄ł̄i? t̄l̄_ki?l̄l̄lxʷs i?_ł̄i?ł̄p. (The Lakes people were known for making canoes from the bark of the white pine tree.)</p>
<p>2. tə_kskʷūlm̄ tə_mrim̄stn c̄paḡstxʷ i?_ki?l̄l̄lxʷs ix̄i? akskʷūlm̄nm. (When you make medicines you scrape the bark off and use it that way.)</p>
<p>3. yḡat i?_ki?ki?l̄l̄lxʷ st̄xʷt̄ixʷl̄m. (All the barks are different.)</p>
<p>9. ł̄i?ł̄p- white pine</p>

reduplication: ʔiʔʔiʔiʔp
example sentences:
1. iʔ_sŋʂaʔckstx sisiyíkst ʔa_ckʷuɫm tə_ʔʔiʔ tɪ_kiʔliɫxʷs iʔ_ʔiʔiʔp. (The Lakes people were known for making canoes from the bark of the white pine tree.)
2. ʔə_cyaʂp iʔ_smsamaʔ, ŋkʔkʔtipsəɫx iʔ_ʔiʔiʔp kʷuɫməɫx tə_xʷuɫkʷp. (When the White people came, they cut down the white pines to make matches.)
3. mat kɪ_naqs x̣cəcíkst spiŋtk tə_sqilts iʔ_ʔiʔiʔp uʔ ʔaxʷt, kiʔm ksŋc̣spúlaʔxʷs. (About 100 years ago, a disease killed most of the white pines.)
10. ńxaʔcín- front / what comes first / Elder / ancestor
reduplication: ńxaʔxaʔcín
example sentences:
1. iʔ_ńxaʔcínʂs iʔ_ʔiʔiʔs c̣xɪʔ tə_c̣ṃtus iʔ_spsaqsts. (The front of their canoes were shaped like the nose of a sturgeon.)
2. taʔli c̣xətstíkʷ ańxaʔxaʔiʔt (Take very good care of your elders.)
3. iʔ_tɪ_xaʔxʔiʔtət kiʔ ṣncwiptət. (From our elders is where our roots start.)
4. Ikʷiɫxəx tɪ_ńxaʔcínṃs iʔ_tqəclxəɫqʷ cm tqícnaʔŋts. (Get away from the front of the train or it might run you over.)
11. ʔx̣itkʷ- fast water / rapids
reduplication: ʔəx̣ʔx̣itkʷ
example sentences:
1. x̣ast asksʔúclm ɪ_ʔx̣itkʷ iʔ_ɪ_sŋʂaʔckstx iʔ_tṃxʷúlaʔxʷs. (These canoes were good for traveling on the fast rivers of the Lakes land.)
2. ʔa_c̣tíkt iʔ_c̣ẉc̣wíxaʔ naʔʔ saʔsaʔtítkʷ uníxʷ c̣ʔx̣itkʷ. (When its high water time the creeks and rivers are real swift.)
3. kʷu_ḳʔyʂaʔaʔap aʔiʔ miyáʔ ṣʔx̣itkʷx iʔ_sátítkʷ. (We got stranded by the river because the water was too swift.)
12. ʔṣáʔlaʔxʷ- wet place / rain forest
reduplication: ʔəʔʔṣáʔlaʔxʷ
example sentences:
1. iʔ_sŋʂaʔckstx iʔ_tṃxʷúlaʔxʷs xʷʔit əc̣qit, ʔṣáʔlaʔxʷ uʔ xʷʔit itʔ iʔ_wswist. (The Lakes lands get a lot of rain, it well watered land and there are a lot of mountains.)
2. ʔa_c̣qit uʔ yʂat stim ʔsaʔáʔt. (When it rains everything gets wet.)
3. ʔa_ŋsʂasʂaʔitkʷəɫx kiʔ ʔsaʔʔṣáʔtəɫx. (When they fell in the water is when they got wet.)
13. qʷay- common / often
reduplication: qʷayqʷýt
example sentences:

1. Ik ^w ut tĭ _{ns} ix ^w ?itk ^w , sč _{il} x lut q ^w ay i?_ntýtyix ĭ _{sh} ŋayckstx sa?sa?ít ^w na? t ^w ítk ^w . (The Lakes lands are also very far from the ocean, so there were not so many salmon in the Lakes rivers and lakes.)
2. lut q ^w ay iklí? kn _{ck} icx. (Not often do I go there.)
3. ilí? tē _{tr} m ^w úla?x ^w lut q ^w ay i?_s _ā a?cín ^m . (In that area the deer are not plentiful.)
14. kwistr^ms- high
reduplication: kwəswistr ^m s
example sentences:
1. kĭ _s x ^w nitk ^w i?_s _h ŋayckstx cpulĭx ĭ _{ksu} h ^w kwistr ^m s i?_syx ^w mitk ^w . (At Kettle Falls, the Lakes people would always camp on an island above the falls.)
2. putĭ x ^w ?it i?_smik ^w t kwəswistr ^m s a?_cmq ^w maq ^w . (There is still a lot of snow in the high mountains.)
3. ilí? n _w lal i?_p _u yxn kwistr ^m s tĭ _a ncít ^w . (Above your house a car rolled over.)
15. n_{ca}kuławí?tx^w- Bonnington Falls
example sentences:
1. nix ^w kĭ _s tu?qin i?_s _h ŋayckstx ck ^w h _n usts i?_ntýtyix, kĭ _{st} iltx sa?ít ^w uł kĭ _{nc} akuławí?tx ^w . (The Lakes also caught salmon in the Slocan River and in the Kootenai River at Bonnington Falls.)
2. i?_stiltx put ksxixi?stím tē _{sh} ŋayckstx tē _{ks} x ^w u _{ys} ka _y x ^w útr ^m s n _{ca} kuławí?tx ^w . (The Kootenais came below Bonnington Falls only with the permission of the Lakes)
3. i?_ntýtyix lut cks _x h _n usts n _{ca} kuławí?tx ^w . (Salmon couldn't go past Bonnington Falls.)
16. n_hacús^m- trap (an animal)
reduplication: n _h ac _h acús
conjugations:
1. kn _h ac _h acús ^m , k ^w _h ac _h acús ^m , n _h ac _h acús ^m , k ^w u _h ac _h acús ^m , p _h ac _h acús ^m , n _h ac _h acús ^m əĭx
2. kn _s ac _h acús ^x , k ^w _s ac _h acús ^x , s _{ac} h _{ac} acús ^x , k ^w u _s ac _h acús ^x , p _s ac _h acús ^x , s _{ac} h _{ac} acús ^ə ĭx
3. kn _{sh} acús ^x , k ^w _{sh} acús ^x , s _h acús ^x , k ^w u _{sh} acús ^x , p _{sh} acús ^x , s _h acús ^ə ĭx
4. kn _{ks} h _{ac} ús ^a ?x, k ^w _{ks} h _{ac} ús ^a ?x, ks _h acús ^a ?x, k ^w u _{ks} h _{ac} ús ^a ?x, p _{ks} h _{ac} ús ^a ?x, ks _h acús ^a ?xəĭx
5. is _h acús ^m , as _h acús ^m , s _h acús ^m s, s _h acús ^m tət, s _h acús ^m p, s _h acús ^m səĭx
6. n _h acús ⁿ , n _h acús ⁿ t ^w , n _h acús ^s , n _h acús ⁿ tm, n _h acús ⁿ tp, n _h acús ^s əĭx
7. c _h acúst ⁿ , c _h acúst ^w , c _h acúst ^s , c _h acúst ^m , c _h acúst ^p , c _h acúst ^s əĭx
6. ik _{sh} acús ^m , ak _{sh} acús ^m , ks _h acús ^s , ks _h acús ⁿ tm, ks _h acús ⁿ tp, ks _h acús ^s əĭx
7. isc _h acús ^m , asc _h acús ^m , sc _h acús ^m s, sc _h acús ^m tət, sc _h acús ^m p, sc _h acús ^m səĭx
8. ik _{sch} acús ^m , ak _{sch} acús ^m , k _{sch} acús ^m s, k _{sch} acús ^m tət, k _{sch} acús ^m p, k _{sch} acús ^m səĭx
example sentences:
1. itlí? uł i?_s _h ŋayckstx cmispíxm uł cmis _h acús ^m kĭ? tĭ _k wíłt i?_sqilx ^w . (Because of this, the Lakes relied more on hunting and trapping than some other people.)
2. t _a c _x ^w a?twílx i?_k ^w í ^w x ^w na? c _h acúst ^m . (When there gets to many mice we trap them.)

3. cn̄ʔacúst̄sə̀l̄x iʔ_s̄ʕaʔcínm c̄k̄t̄yir̄cín uʔ k̄t̄q̄ʔaʔcín. (They trap the deer they snare them and they choke.)
17. n̄ʔaýxʷwscín- trade food
reduplication: n̄ʔaýʔaýxʷwscín
conjugations:
1. kn_n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, kʷ_n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, kʷu_n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, p_n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, n̄ʔaýxʷwscínə̀l̄x
2. kn_sə̀c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, kʷ_sə̀c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, sə̀c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, kʷu_sə̀c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, p_sə̀c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx sə̀c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínxə̀l̄x
3. kn_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, kʷ_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, kʷu_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, p_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínx, s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínxə̀l̄x
4. kn_ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínaʔx, kʷ_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínaʔx, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínaʔx, kʷu_ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínaʔx, p_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínaʔx, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínaʔxə̀l̄x
5. is̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, as̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíns, s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíntət, s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínm̄p, s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínsə̀l̄x
6. n̄ʔaýxʷíwsmn, n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄ntxʷ, n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄s, n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄ntm, n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄ntp, n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄sə̀l̄x
7. iks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínm, aks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínm, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄s, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄ntm, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄ntp, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄sə̀l̄x
8. iks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, aks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíns, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíntət, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínm̄p, ks̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínsə̀l̄x
9. is̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, asc̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, sc̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíns, sc̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíntət, sc̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínm̄p, sc̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínsə̀l̄x
10. iks̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, aks̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, ks̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíns, ks̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíntət, ks̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínm̄p, ks̄c̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscínsə̀l̄x
example sentences:
1. ixíʔ uʔ pīxsə̀l̄x iʔ_s̄tyíʔcaʔ, ʕʷw̄ntisə̀l̄x uʔ cn̄ʔaýxʷuʔscín tə_s̄pīl̄m km tə_stim. (So they hunted caribou, dried it and traded for bitterroot or other things.)
2. in̄x̄ást iʔ_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscín, ilíʔ q̄sápiʔ ks̄n̄x̄stmīntm iʔ_s̄n̄ʔaýxʷwscíntət. (I like to trade for food, we enjoy the food for a long time.)
3. kiwíx in̄q̄ýxʷúps uʔ n̄ʔaýxʷíwsmn . (My car got old and I traded it in.)
18. qʷaýqʷýt- lots of / many / very common
singular: qʷay
example sentences:
1. nixʷ qʷaýqʷýt iʔ_s̄txaʔq ixíʔ nixʷ c̄n̄ʔaýxʷíwsm̄stsə̀l̄x tə_s̄ʔīn. (The Lakes also had many, many huckleberries in their land, and they traded them for other foods.)
2. ha qʷaýqʷýt ik̄líʔ iʔ_qaqxʷl̄x. (Are the fish plentiful over there.)
3. lut tə_qʷaýqʷýt iʔ_s̄mam̄ʔim̄ l̄_tr̄nxʷúlaʔxʷtət. (There aren't many women in our country.)
19. ʔam̄xlwís- move from place to place
reduplication: ʔam̄ʔam̄xlwís / ʔam̄ʔim̄x

conjugations:

1. kn_ʔaṁxlwís, kʷ_ʔaṁxlwís, ʔaṁxlwís, kʷu_ʔaṁxlwís, p_ʔaṁxlwís, ʔaṁxlwísə́ix
2. kn_səcʔaṁxlwísx, kʷ_səcʔaṁxlwísx, səcʔaṁxlwísx, kʷu_səcʔaṁxlwísx, p_səcʔaṁxlwísx, səcʔaṁxlwísxə́ix
3. kn_sʔaṁxlwísx, kʷ_sʔaṁxlwísx, sʔaṁxlwísx, kʷu_sʔaṁxlwísx, p_sʔaṁxlwísx, sʔaṁxlwísxə́ix
4. kn_ksʔaṁxlwísaʔx, kʷ_sʔaṁxlwísaʔx, ksʔaṁxlwísaʔx, kʷu_ksʔaṁxlwísaʔx, p_sʔaṁxlwísaʔx, ksʔaṁxlwísaʔxə́ix
5. isʔaṁxlwís, asʔaṁxlwís, sʔaṁxlwísəs, sʔaṁxlwístət, sʔaṁxlwísm̐p, sʔaṁxlwísəsə́ix
6. ʔaṁxlwísmn, ʔaṁxlwísmn̐tʰ, ʔaṁxlwísm̐s, ʔaṁxlwísmn̐tm, ʔaṁxlwísmn̐tp, ʔaṁxlwísm̐sə́ix
7. iksʔaṁxlwísm, aksʔaṁxlwísm, ksʔaṁxlwísm̐s, ksʔaṁxlwísmn̐tm, ksʔaṁxlwísmn̐tp, ksʔaṁxlwísm̐sə́ix
8. iksʔaṁxlwísm, aksʔaṁxlwísm, ksʔaṁxlwísm̐s, ksʔaṁxlwísmn̐tm, ksʔaṁxlwísmn̐tp, ksʔaṁxlwísm̐sə́ix
9. iksʔaṁxlwís, aksʔaṁxlwís, ksʔaṁxlwísəs, ksʔaṁxlwístət, ksʔaṁxlwísm̐p, ksʔaṁxlwísəsə́ix
10. iscʔaṁxlwís, ascʔaṁxlwís, scʔaṁxlwísəs, sʔaṁxlwístət, scʔaṁxlwísm̐p, scʔaṁxlwísəsə́ix
11. ikscʔaṁxlwís, akscʔaṁxlwís, kscʔaṁxlwísəs, ksʔaṁxlwístət, kscʔaṁxlwísm̐p, kscʔaṁxlwísəsə́ix

example sentences:

1. caʔáqʰm cʔaṁxlwís iʔ_śhʔaýckstx. (During the summer, the Lakes people moved around a lot.)
2. k̄aʔkín iʔ_sʔiʔn n̄way uʔ iklíʔ ʔaṁʔiṁx iʔ_şqilxʰ. (Where ever the food is ready the people would move there.)
3. p̄nkin mi p_ñʔiṁx k̄i_şic iʔ_citxʰm̐p ? (When will you folks move into your new house?)

20. tkətam- separate**reduplication: tk̄tk̄tam****conjugations:**

1. kn_tkətam, kʷ_tkətam, tkətams, kʷu_tkətam, p_tkətam, tkətamə́ix
2. kn_səctkətmix, kʷ_səctkətmix, səctkətmix, kʷu_səctkətmix, p_səctkətmix, səctkətmixə́ix
3. kn_stkətmix, kʷ_stkətmix, stkətmix, kʷu_stkətmix, p_stkətmix, stkətmixə́ix
4. kn_kstkətmíxaʔx, kʷ_stkətmíxaʔx, kstkətmíxaʔx, kʷu_kstkətmíxaʔx, p_stkətmíxaʔx, kstkətmíxaʔxə́ix
5. istkətám, astkətám, stkətáms, stkətámtət, stkətámp, stkətámsə́ix
6. tkətmín, tkətmín̐tʰ, tkətmis, tkətmín̐tm, tkətmín̐tp, tkətmisə́ix
7. ikstkətám, akstkətám, kstkətmis, kstkətmín̐tm, kstkətmín̐tp, kstkətmisə́ix
8. ikstkətám, akstkətám, kstkətáms, kstkətámtət. kstkətámp, kstkətámsə́ix
9. isctkətam, asctkətam, sctkətáms, sctkətámtət sctkətámp, sctkətámsə́ix
10. iksc̄tkətám, aksc̄tkətám, ksc̄tkətáms, ksc̄tkətámtət ksc̄tkətámp, ksc̄tkətámsə́ix

example sentences:

1. iʔ_k̄wiłt c̄tkətam itíʔ cxʰilwís, km cʔúluʔs iʔ_k̄wiłt. (Some traveled by themselves, others in small groups.)
2. c̄tkətkətam iʔ_twítwit t̄i_xəxiw̄xw̄tm ʔa_c̄kʰiłstnm. (The boys sweat separately from the girls.)
3. tk̄tk̄támtikʰ iʔ_ştat̄mtims. (Separate her clothes.)

21. mýmaýt- known
example sentences:
1. mýmaýt i?_sñſayckstx ckwíkʷuilm tə_ſfacilkst tì_sxʷʷi? i?_spumts. (The Lakes were known for making capes out of the fur of the mountain goat.)
2. mýmaýt ixí? sqʷsqʷsi?s (It's plain to see its his child.)
3. mýmaýt i?_spiłm cpətəpətſála?xʷ i?_packts. (It's plain to recognize the bitterroot- the leaves lay on the ground.)
22. ſfacilkst- cape
reduplication: sñſacſacilksts
example sentences:
1. mýmaýt i?_sñſayckstx ckwíkʷuilm tə_ſfacilkst tì_sxʷʷi? i?_spumts. (The Lakes were known for making capes out of the fur of the mountain goat.)
2. qʷamqʷm̄nt i?_ſfacilksts (She has a beautiful cape.)
3. xʷu?úsm i?_sñſacſacilksts. (He has a lot of different capes.)
23. sxʷułtxʷ- tipi lodge
reduplication: sxʷiłxʷułtxʷ
example sentences:
1. İ_sca?áqʷ i?_sñſayckstx İ_sxʷułtxʷ ki? nkʷliw̄t, kʷíkʷuilməlx tì_tukʷtañ km tì_mxilp ki?lilxʷs. (During the summer the Lakes people lived in teepees covered with cedar bark or with tules.)
2. i?_sxʷiłxʷułtxʷ csisal yſat ta?kín. (The teepees were sitting all over the place.)
3. in̄xást isxʷułtxʷ ilí? kn_cñpulx. (I like my teepee I sleep in it.)
24. siłixst- move something
reduplication: səxsiłixst
conjugations:
1. kn_siłixst, kʷ_siłixst, siłixsts, kʷu_siłixst, p_siłixst, siłixstəlx
2. kn_səcsiłixstx, kʷ_səcsiłixstx, səcsiłixstx, kʷu_səcsiłixstx, p_səcsiłixstx, səcsiłixstxəlx
3. kn_siłixstx, kʷ_siłixstx, siłixstx, kʷu_siłixstx, p_siłixstx, siłixstxəlx
4. kn_ksiłixstxa?x, kʷ_ksiłixstxa?x, ksiłixstxa?x, kʷu_ksiłixstxa?x, p_ksiłixstxa?x, ksiłixstxa?xəlx
5. isiłixst, asiłixst, siłixsts, siłixstət, siłixstr̄p, siłixstsəlx
6. isəcsısiłixstm, asəcsısiłixstm,
7. siłixstn, siłixstxʷ, siłixsts, siłixstm, siłixstp, siłixstsəlx
8. ikiłixstm, aksiłixstm, ksiłixsts, ksiłixstm, ksiłixstp, ksiłixstsəlx
9. ikiłixst, aksiłixst, ksiłixsts, ksiłixstət, ksiłixstr̄p ksiłixstsəlx
10. iscsiłixst, ascısiłixst, scısiłixsts, scısiłixstət, scısiłixstr̄p, scısiłixstsəlx
11. ikscısiłixst, akscısiłixst, kscısiłixsts, kscısiłixstət, kscısiłixstr̄p, kscısiłixstsəlx
example sentences:

1. ixí? tæ_ctcítx ^w títyrnt tæ_k ^w uítx ^w sæix u? tæ_ksííxstsæix. (Those houses were easy to make and easy to move.)
2. isæcsǎsííxstm iscńpísu?s. (I'm irrigating and moving the water.)
3. ixí? tæ_tkætímlíx ^w csííxípm. (That woman moves her butt from man to man.)
25. ǎx^wam- kill (more than one)
reduplication: ǎx ^w ǎx ^w am
conjugations:
1. kn_ǎx ^w am, k ^w _ǎx ^w am, ǎx ^w ams, k ^w u_ǎx ^w am, p_ǎx ^w am, ǎx ^w amæix
2. kn_sæcǎx ^w mix, k ^w _sæcǎx ^w mix, sæcǎx ^w mix, k ^w u_sæcǎx ^w mix, p_sæcǎx ^w mix, sæcǎx ^w mixæix
3. kn_sǎx ^w mix, k ^w _sǎx ^w mix, sǎx ^w mix, k ^w u_sǎx ^w mix, p_sǎx ^w mix, sǎx ^w mixæix
4. kn_ksǎx ^w míxa?x, k ^w _sǎx ^w míxa?x, ksǎx ^w míxa?x, p_sǎx ^w míxa?x, ksǎx ^w míxa?xæix
5. isǎx ^w ám, asǎx ^w ám, sǎx ^w ám̄s, sǎx ^w ám̄tæt, sǎx ^w ám̄p, sǎx ^w ám̄sæix
6. ǎx ^w ńtin, ǎx ^w ńtix ^w , ǎx ^w ńtis, ǎx ^w ńtim, ǎx ^w ńtip, ǎx ^w ńtisæix
7. iksǎx ^w ám, aksǎx ^w ám, ksǎx ^w ńtis, ksǎx ^w ńtim, ksǎx ^w ńtip, ksǎx ^w ńtisæix
8. iksǎx ^w ám, aksǎx ^w ám, ksǎx ^w ám̄s, ksǎx ^w ám̄tæt. ksǎx ^w ám̄p, ksǎx ^w ám̄sæix
9. iscǎx ^w ám, ascǎx ^w ám, scǎx ^w ám̄s, scǎx ^w ám̄tæt, scǎx ^w ám̄p, scǎx ^w ám̄sæix
10. ikscǎx ^w ám, ascǎx ^w ám, scǎx ^w ám̄s, scǎx ^w ám̄tæt, scǎx ^w ám̄p, scǎx ^w ám̄sæix
example sentences:
1. ká?áym í?_shǎyáckstx x ^w ?it tæ_cǎx ^w am tæ_sǎa?cínm u? x ^w ?it tæ_ctix ^w m tæ_kækńi? tí_íkw̄tik ^w t a?_ckumnm kǐ_cw̄cw̄íxa?. (In the fall, the Lakes hunted a lot of deer, and they caught lots of kokanee as they came out of the lakes and into the streams to spawn.)
2. ixí? tæ_sńksílstx u? ǎx ^w ńtis í?_snqsilx ^w s. (That person was so mean he beat his family.)
3. pńkin mi p_ǎx ^w sqáǎa?m ? (When are you folks going to butcher?)
26. kumnm- spawn
conjugations:
1. kn_kumnm, k ^w _kumnm, kumnm, k ^w u_kumnm, p_kumnm, kumnmelx
2. kn_sæckumnx, k ^w _sæckumnx, sæckumnx, k ^w u_sæckumnx, p_sæckumnx, sæckumnxelx
3. kn_skumnx, k ^w _skumnx, skumnx, k ^w u_skumnx, p_skumnx, skumnxelx
4. kn_kskúmna?x, k ^w _kskúmna?x, kskúmna?x, k ^w u_kskúmna?x, p_kskúmna?x, kskúmna?xelx
5. iskúmm, askúmm, skúmm̄s, skúmm̄tet, skúmm̄nemp, skúmm̄melx,
6. kumnmn, kumnmńtx ^w , kumnm̄s, kumnmńtm, kumnmńtp, kumnm̄selx
7. ikskúmm, akskúmm, kskumnm̄s, kskumnmńtm, kskumnmńtp, kskumnm̄selx
8. ikskúmm, akskúmm, kskúmm, kskúmm̄tet, kskúmm̄nemp, kskúmm̄nelx,
9. isckúmm, asckúmm, sckúmm, sckúmm̄tet, sckúmm̄nemp sckúmm̄nelx
10. ikscúmm, aksckúmm, ksckumnm̄s, ksckúmm̄tet, ksckúmm̄np, ksckumnm̄sæix
example sentences:
1. ká?áym í?_shǎyáckstx x ^w ?it tæ_cǎx ^w am tæ_sǎa?cínm u? x ^w ?it tæ_ctix ^w m tæ_kækńi? tí_íkw̄tik ^w t a?_ckumnm kǐ_cw̄cw̄íxa?. (In the fall, the Lakes hunted a lot of deer, and they caught lots of

kokanee as they came out of the lakes and into the streams to spawn.)
2. p̄hkin i?_mimít ka? k̄pumnm̄x̄? (When do white fish spawn? In the middle of winter.)
3. p̄hkin i?_x̄w̄ax̄w̄mína? ka? k̄pumnm̄ í_x̄í? t̄ə_t̄ik̄w̄t ? t̄ə_q̄ipcm̄ mi ʔaʔim̄ i?_sx̄w̄uʔnt̄. (When do the trout spawn in that lake? When the ice melts off in the spring.)
27. p̄ūl̄m- end
reduplication: p̄l̄p̄ūl̄m
conjugations:
1. kn_p̄ūl̄m, k̄w_p̄ūl̄m, p̄ūl̄m, k̄w_u_p̄ūl̄m, p̄ūl̄mstp, p̄ūl̄msts̄əlx
2. kn_s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, k̄w_s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, p_s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, s̄əcp̄ūl̄x̄əlx
3. kn_s̄p̄ūl̄x, k̄w_s̄p̄ūl̄x, s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, k̄w_u_s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, p_s̄əcp̄ūl̄x, s̄əcp̄ūl̄x̄əlx
4. kn_k̄s̄p̄ūl̄aʔx k̄w_s̄p̄ūl̄aʔx, k̄s̄p̄ūl̄aʔx, k̄w_u_k̄s̄p̄ūl̄aʔx, s̄p̄ūl̄xstp, k̄s̄p̄ūl̄xsts̄əlx
5. is̄p̄ūl̄m, as̄p̄ūl̄m, s̄p̄ūl̄ms, s̄p̄ūl̄mt̄ət, s̄p̄ūl̄m̄p, s̄p̄ūl̄m̄s̄əlx
6. is̄p̄ūl̄mstm, as̄p̄ūl̄mstm, s̄p̄ūl̄mstm̄s, s̄p̄ūl̄mstm̄t̄ət, s̄p̄ūl̄mstm̄p, s̄p̄ūl̄mstm̄s̄əlx
7. p̄ūl̄m̄stn, p̄ūl̄m̄stx̄w, p̄ūl̄m̄sts, p̄ūl̄mstm, p̄ūl̄mstp, p̄ūl̄msts̄əlx
8. c̄p̄ūl̄m̄stn, c̄p̄ūl̄m̄stx̄w, c̄p̄ūl̄m̄sts, c̄p̄ūl̄mstm, c̄p̄ūl̄mstp, c̄p̄ūl̄msts̄əlx
9. iks̄p̄ūl̄mstm aks̄p̄ūl̄mstm, k̄s̄p̄ūl̄msts, k̄s̄p̄ūl̄mstp, k̄s̄p̄ūl̄msts̄əlx
10. is̄c̄p̄ūl̄m, as̄c̄p̄ūl̄m, sc̄p̄ūl̄ms, sc̄p̄ūl̄mt̄ət, sc̄p̄ūl̄m̄p, sc̄p̄ūl̄m̄s̄əlx
11. iks̄c̄p̄ūl̄m, aks̄c̄p̄ūl̄m, k̄sc̄p̄ūl̄ms, k̄sc̄p̄ūl̄mt̄ət, k̄sc̄p̄ūl̄m̄p, k̄sc̄p̄ūl̄m̄s̄əlx
example sentences:
1. t̄ə_p̄ūl̄m i?_sk̄aʔáy, i?_s̄h̄ʔaʔckstx ʔúlluʔs̄ í_s̄h̄ʔistkt̄h̄s̄əlx̄. (At the end of fall, the Lakes people gathered together in winter villages.)
2. x̄w̄ilw̄is̄m̄s̄ i?_t̄m̄x̄w̄úlaʔx̄w̄ uʔ p̄l̄p̄ūl̄m̄sts. (He traveled the world over.)
3. t̄a_c̄k̄ʔaw̄sts̄ i?_t̄ik̄w̄s̄ uʔ c̄p̄ūl̄m̄sts. (When he prays the rosary he goes to the end.)
28. q̄w̄c̄i? pithouse
reduplication: q̄w̄c̄q̄w̄c̄i?
example sentences:
1. ʔistkm, i?_s̄h̄ʔaʔckstx̄ n̄ʔim̄x̄ í_q̄w̄c̄iʔs̄əlx̄. (During the winter, the Lakes people lived in pit houses.)
2. is̄nq̄s̄il̄x̄w̄ aláʔ s̄əck̄w̄ul̄t̄x̄w̄əlx̄ t̄ə_q̄w̄c̄i?. (My relatives here are building a pit house.)
3. k̄t̄x̄w̄il̄ i?_q̄w̄c̄q̄w̄c̄iʔs̄ i?_s̄w̄k̄naʔq̄inx̄. (The Okanagans have lots of pithouses.)
29. yūl̄t- log
reduplication: ȳlyūl̄t
example sentences:
1. ix̄í? uʔ k̄w̄ūim̄nt̄x̄w̄ i?_yūl̄t c̄k̄p̄niw̄s̄ tq̄iltk̄m̄s̄ aʔ_c̄h̄t̄əx̄w̄úlaʔx̄w̄. (Then they used to logs to build a frame over the hole.)
2. i?_s̄c̄ícal̄ ȳlyūl̄t. (The trees are big around.)
3. i?_sq̄l̄q̄l̄tm̄ix̄w̄ t̄a_c̄x̄m̄ink̄m̄ c̄k̄tyūl̄t. (When men get excited they get big.)

30. tqmnína?nt- put things on top of something
reduplication: tqm̄qmína?nt
conjugations:
1. kn_tqmnína?m, k ^w _tqmnína?m, tqmnína?m, k ^w u_tqmnína?m, p_tqmnína?m, tqmnína?mæ̀lx
2. kn_sæctqmína?x, k ^w _sæctqmína?x, sæctqmína?x, k ^w u_sæctqmína?x, p_sæctqmína?x, sæctqmína?sæ̀lx
3. kn_stqmína?x, k ^w _stqmína?x, stqmína?x, k ^w u_stqmína?x, p_stqmína?x, stqmína?xæ̀lx
4. kn_kstqmína?x, k ^w _kstqmína?x, kstqmína?x, k ^w u_kstqmína?x, p_stqmína?x, kstqmína?xæ̀lx
5. istqmína?m, astqmína?m, stqmína?ms, stqmína?tæt, stqmína?m̄p, stqmína?sæ̀lx
6. tqmnína?n, tqmnína?ntx, tqmnína?s, tqmnína?ntm, tqmnína?ntp, tqmnína?sæ̀lx
7. ikstqmína?m, akstqmína?m, kstqmína?s, kstqmína?ntm, kstqmína?ntp, kstqmína?sæ̀lx,
8. ikstqmína?m, akstqmína?m, kstqmína?m̄s, kstqmína?m̄tæt, kstqmína?m̄p, kstqmína?m̄sæ̀lx
9. isctqmína?m, asctqmína?m, sctqmína?m̄s, sctqmína?m̄tæt, sctqmína?m̄p, sctqmína?m̄sæ̀lx
10. iksctqmína?m, aksctqmína?m, ksctqmína?m̄s, ksctqmína?m̄tæt, ksctqmína?m̄p, ksctqmína?m̄sæ̀lx
example sentences:
1. tqmnína?s i?_yuit tæ_tk̄lk̄xmikstn, sic ktpína?s tæ_tuk ^w tán sic itlí? klíqna?s tæ_túk ^w la?x ^w . (They covered the logs with branches, then covered it with tule mats, and then covered it with dirt.)
2. tæ_n̄tq̄tk ^w ntx ^w asipí?, tqmína?ntx ^w tæ_x̄x̄x̄ut mi na?ít. (When you put your hide in the water cover it with rocks so it goes under water.)
3. k ^w _tæ_k ^w uim tæ_n̄tx̄úla?x ^w , km̄l̄sána?nt uł tqm̄qmína?nt tæ_spa?pús. (When you bake cakes, ice it and put hearts on it.)
31. ktpína?nt- cover something
reduplication: ktæptína?nt
conjugations:
1. kn_ktpína?m, k ^w _ktpína?m, ktpína?m, k ^w u_ktpína?m, p_ktpína?m, ktpína?mæ̀lx
2. kn_ktæpna?ncút, k ^w _ktæpna?ncút, ktæpna?ncút, k ^w u_ktæpna?ncút, p_ktæpna?ncút, ktæpna?ncútæ̀lx
3. kn_sæcktpína?x, k ^w _sæcktpína?x, sæcktpína?x, k ^w u_sæcktpína?x, p_sæcktpína?x, sæcktpína?xæ̀lx
4. kn_sktpína?x, k ^w _sktpína?x, sktpína?x, k ^w u_sktpína?x, p_sktpína?x, sktpína?xæ̀lx
5. ikstæpína?ntm, aksktæpína?m, ksktæpína?ms, ksktæpína?mtæt, ksktæpína?mp, ksktæpína?sæ̀lx
6. isktptina?m, asktæpína?m, sktæpína?ms, sktæptína?mæt, sktæptína?mp, sktæpina?msæ̀lx
7. ktpína?n, ktpína?nt, ktpína?s, ktpína?ntm, ktpína?ntp, ktpína?sæ̀lx
8. cktpína?stn, cktpína?stx ^w , cktpína?sts, cktpína?tm, cktpína?stp, ckstpína?stsæ̀lx
9. iksktpína?m, aksktpína?m, ksktæpína?s, ksktæpína?ntm, ksktæpína?ntp, kstæpína?sæ̀lx
10. iksktpína?m, aksktpína?m, ksktæpína?ms, ksktæpína?mtæt, ksktæpína?m̄p, kstæpína?m̄sæ̀lx
11. iscktæpína?m, ascktæpína?m, scktæpína?m̄s, scktæpína?m̄tæt, stckæpína?m̄p, scktæpína?m̄sæ̀lx
12. ikscktæpína?m, akscktæpína?m, kscktæpína?m̄s, kscktæpína?m̄tæt, kstckæpína?m̄p, kscktæpína?m̄sæ̀lx
13. iscktæpna?ncút, ascktæpna?ncút, scktæpna?ncúts, scktæpna?ncútæt, scktæpna?ncút̄mp, scktæpna?ncútsæ̀lx

14. iksc̣ḳtəp̣naʔnc̣út, akṣḳtəp̣naʔnc̣út, kṣḳtəp̣naʔnc̣úts, kṣḳtəp̣naʔnc̣útət, kṣḳtəp̣naʔnc̣útṃp, kṣḳtəp̣naʔnc̣útsə̣lx
example sentences:
1. tqəmnínaʔs iʔ_uyṭ tə_tḳiḳlxmikstn, sic ḳtpínaʔs tə_tukʷtán sic itḷíʔ kḷíq̣naʔs tə_túkʷlaʔxʷ. (They covered the logs with branches, then covered it with tule mats, and then covered it with dirt.)
2. xʷuyx̣ ḳtəpṭínaʔnṭ iʔ_patáq, kṣc̣ʔaʔmíxaʔx̣ ṭə_ḳlaxʷ cṃ ṣlsulṭ. (Go and cover the potatoes its going to get cold tonite they might freeze.)
3. atáʔ mi kʷ_ḳtpnaʔnc̣út ṭə_ḳlaxʷ. (Cover up with this blanket when it gets dark.)
32. ḳtaʔx̣ntán- ladder
reduplication: ḳtaʔtaʔx̣ntán
example sentences:
1. Í_tq̣iltḳ c̣taʔxʷ itíʔ iʔ_sq̣ilxʷ kaʔ c̣nʔuʔxʷ kṃ ʔácqaʔ c̣ḳʷuḷṃsts iʔ_ḳtaʔx̣ntán, uʔ nixʷ itíʔ iʔ_spuʔúl ʔácqaʔ. (At the top there was a hole where people could go in and out using a ladder, and where smoke could go out.)
2. q̣sápiʔ iʔ_ṃixikax̣ ḳtḳtaʔtaʔx̣ntán, ilíʔ ṭkiẉix̣ mi sic ṇʔúʔxʷ ḳḷ_ṣḥilíʔṭns. (Long ago the Aztecs had ladders, they climb up to get to go in their living quarters.)
3. c̣ḳʷuḷṃstn iʔ_ḳtaʔx̣ntán kn_ṭa_c̣q̣ʷliẉṃ ṭə_lipám. (I use a ladder when I pick apples.)
33. ṇq̣ṣix̣ʷiws- be related / be family
example sentences:
1. iʔ_ṣṇʔaỵckstx̣ ḳtaʔaṃ ṇq̣ṣix̣ʷiwṣ ḳḷ_ṣyilx̣ ḳḷ_ʔaẉṭiṃtḳ iʔ_ṣx̣ʷyaʔp̣tkʷx̣, uʔ c̣x̣iṭ itíʔ ṭa_c̣q̣ʷaʔq̣ʷaʔál c̣ṇsyilxcnṃ. (The Lakes people are closely related to the Syilx who live to the south, the Colvile people, and they speak ṇṣəlx̣cin in the same way.)
2. yʔaṭ aláʔ iʔ_sq̣ilxʷ kʷu_ṇq̣ix̣ʷsiwṣ. (All the people here are our relatives.)
3. hạ ix̣íʔ sṇq̣silxʷṣ ? (Is that his relative.)
34. ṇsyilxcnm- speak Salish
reduplication: ṇṣyilxcnm
conjugations:
1. kn_ṇsyilxcnm, kʷ_ṇsyilxcnm, ṇsyilxcn kʷu_ṇsyilxcnm, p_ṇsyilxcnm, ṇsyilxcnmə̣lx
2. kn_ṣəc̣ṇsyilxcnx, kʷ_ṣəc̣ṇsyilxcnx, ṣəc̣ṇsyilxcnx, kʷu_ṣəc̣ṇsyilxcnx, p_ṣəc̣ṇsyilxcnx, ṣəc̣ṇsyilxcnxə̣lx
3. kn_ṣṇsyilxcnx, kʷ_ṣṇsyilxcnx, ṣṇsyilxcnx, kʷu_ṣṇsyilxcnx, p_ṣṇsyilxcnx, ṣṇsyilxcnxə̣lx
4. kn_kṣṇsyilxcnaʔx, kʷ_ṣṇsyilxcnaʔx, kṣṇsyilxcnaʔx, kʷu_kṣṇsyilxcnaʔx, p_ṣṇsyilxcnaʔx, kṣṇsyilxcnaʔxə̣lx
5. iṣṇsyilxcnm, aṣṇsyilxcnm, ṣṇsyilxcnṃs, ṣṇsyilxcnṃtət, ṣṇsyilxcnṃp, ṣṇsyilxcnṃsə̣lx
6. iṣṇsyilxcn, ạṇsyilxcn, ṣṇsyilxcṇs, ṣṇsyilxcṇtət, ṣṇsyilxcṇṃp, ṣṇsyilxcṇsə̣lx
7. kn_c̣ṇsyilxcn, kʷ_c̣ṇsyilxcn, c̣ṇsyilxcn, kʷu_c̣ṇsyilxcn, p_c̣ṇsyilxcn, c̣ṇsyilxcnə̣lx
8. ikṣṇsyilxcn, akṣṇsyilxcn, kṣṇsyilxcns, kṣṇsyilxcṇtət, kṣṇsyilxcṇṃp kṣṇsyilxcṇsə̣lx
9. isc̣ṇsyilxcn, asc̣ṇsyilxcn, sc̣ṇsyilxcṇs, sc̣ṇsyilxcṇtət, sc̣ṇsyilxcṇṃp sc̣ṇsyilxcṇsə̣lx
10. iksc̣ṇsyilxcn, aksc̣ṇsyilxcn, ksc̣ṇsyilxcṇs, ksc̣ṇsyilxcṇtət, ksc̣ṇsyilxcṇṃp, ksc̣ṇsyilxcṇsə̣lx

example sentences:
1. i?_sñŋayckstx kłə?am nqslx ^{wi} ws kłi_syilx kłi_?awtímtk i?_sŋ ^w yałpítk ^w x, uł čxít ití? ła_cq ^w a?q ^w a?ál cñsyilxcnm. (The Lakes people are closely related to the Syilx who live to the south, the Colvile people, and they speak ñsəlxcin in the same way.)
2. x ^w ?it i?_sqilx ^w lut kím ła_cñsłsyilxcnm. (There are a lot of people who doesn't speak Salish.)
3. ca?k ^w yŋayŋát i?_sqilx ^w cñqłqilx ^w cnm, cñsłsyilxcnm. (All the people should speak their language, speak Salish.)
35. qtu?scút- come together / be together
reduplication: qłqłiws
conjugations: kn_qtu?scút, k ^w _qtu?scút, sqtu?scúts, k ^w u_qtu?scút, p_qtu?scút, qtu?scútsəl̥x kn_səcqtu?scútx, k ^w _səcqtu?scútx, səcqtu?scútx, k ^w u_səcqtu?scútx, p_səcqtu?scútx, səcqtu?scútxəl̥x kn_sqtu?scútx, k ^w _sqtu?scútx, sqtu?scútx, k ^w u_sqtu?scútx, p_sqtu?scútx, sqtu?scútxəl̥x kn_ksqtu?scúta?x, k ^w _ksqtu?scúta?x, ksqtu?scúta?x, k ^w u_ksqtu?scúta?x, p_sqtu?scúta?x, ksqtu?scúta?xəl̥x isqtu?scút, asqtu?scút, sqtu?scúts, sqtu?scútət, sqtu?scútrmp, sqtu?scútsəl̥x cqtu?scút, cqtu?scút, cqtu?scúts, cqtu?scútət, cqtu?scútrmp, cqtu?scútsəl̥x kn_cqtu?scút, k ^w _cqtu?scút, cqtu?scút, k ^w u_cqtu?scút, p_cqtu?scút, cqtu?scútsəl̥x iksqtu?scút, aksqtu?scút, ksqtu?scúts, ksqtu?scútət, ksqtu?scútrmp, ksqtu?scútsəl̥x iscqtu?scút, ascqtu?scút, scqtu?scúts, scqtu?scútət, scqtu?scútrmp, scqtu?scútsəl̥x ikscqtu?scút, akscqtu?scút, kscqtu?scúts, kscqtu?scútət, kscqtu?scútrmp, kscqtu?scútsəl̥x
example sentences:
1. qśápi? i?_sñŋayckstx na?ł sŋ ^w yałpítk ^w x cqtu?scút ck ^w ñtwix ^w cmrim. (In the old days the Lakes and Colviles often married each other.)
2. cti-yáq ^w t naŋmł púti? cqtu?scútsəl̥x. (They fight alot, but they're still together.)
3. ilí? cqtu?scúts uł ləkləkəkəl̥x. (Both of them together were put in jail.)
36. k^wñtwix^w- take each other
reduplication: k ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w
conjugations:
1. kn_k ^w ñtwix ^w , k ^w _k ^w ñtwix ^w , k ^w ñtwix ^w , k ^w u_k ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w , p_k ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w , k ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w əl̥x
2. kn_səck ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , k ^w _səck ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , səck ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , k ^w u_səck ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , p_səck ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w əl̥x
3. kn_sk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , k ^w _sk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , sk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , k ^w u_sk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , p_snk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w , sk ^w ñtwix ^w əx ^w əl̥x
4. kn_ksk ^w ñtwix ^w a?x, k ^w _ksk ^w ñtwix ^w a?x, ksk ^w ñtwix ^w a?x, k ^w u_ksk ^w ñtwix ^w a?x, p_sk ^w ñtwix ^w a?x, ksk ^w ñtwix ^w a?xəl̥x.
5. isk ^w ñtwix ^w , ask ^w ñtwix ^w , sk ^w ñtwix ^w s, sk ^w ñtwix ^w tət, sk ^w ñtwix ^w mp, sk ^w ñtwix ^w səl̥x

6. kn_ck^wntwix^w, k^w_ck^wntwix^w, ck^wntwix^w, k^wu_ck^wntwix^w, p_ck^wntwix^w, ck^wntwix^wsəl̥x
7. iksk^wntwix^w, aksk^wntwix^w, sk^wntwix^ws, sk^wntwix^wtət, sck^wntwix^wm̥p, sck^wntwix^wsəl̥x
8. isck^wntwix^w, asck^wntwix^w, sck^wntwix^ws, sck^wntwix^wtət, sck^wntwix^wm̥p, sck^wntwix^wsəl̥x
9. iksck^wntwix^w, aksck^wntwix^w, ksck^wntwix^ws, ksck^wntwix^wtət, ksck^wntwix^wm̥p, ksck^wntwix^wsəl̥x

example sentences:

1. q̥sápi? i?_s̥h̥ʔay̥ckstx na?ʔ s̥x̥ʔyaʔpítk^wx c̥q̥ʔuʔscút ck^wntwix^w cmrim. (In the old days the Lakes and Colviles often married each other.)

2. ʔa_ctiyáq^wt i?_sqilx^w ilí? uʔ k^wh̥k^wntwix^w mi sic n̥c̥q̥ʔúlaʔx^wm̥s. (When people fight they grab on to each other before one throws one down.)

3. ilí? ʔə_ksx^wu̥ys uʔ k^wntwix^wsəl̥x. (When he's going to go, they hold each other.)

37. mrim- marry

reduplication: m̥mrim

conjugations:

1. kn_cmrim, k^w_cmrim, cmrim, k^wu_cmrim, p_cmrim, cmriməsəl̥x,
2. kn_səcmrimx, k^w_səcmrimx, səcmrimx, k^wu_səcmrimx, p_səcmrimx, səcmrimxəsəl̥x
3. kn_kscmrímaʔx k^w_scmrímaʔx, kscmrímaʔx k^wu_kscmrímaʔx p_scmrímaʔx kscmrímaʔxəsəl̥x
4. ismrim, asmrim, smrim̥s, smrim̥tət, smrim̥p, smrim̥səl̥x
5. mrimn, mrimn̥tx^w, mrim̥s, mrimn̥tm, mrimn̥tp, mrim̥səl̥x
6. cmrimn, cmrimn̥tx^w, cmrim̥s, cmrimn̥tm, cmrimn̥tp, cmrim̥səl̥x
7. iksmrim, aksmrim, ksmrim, ksmrim̥tət, ksmrim̥p, ksmrim̥səl̥x
8. iscmrim, ascmrim, scmrim̥s, scmrim̥tət, scmrim̥p, scmrim̥səl̥x
9. ikscmrim, akscmrim, kscmrim̥s, kscmrim̥tət, kscmrim̥p, kscmrim̥səl̥x

Example sentences:

1. q̥sápi? i?_s̥h̥ʔay̥ckstx na?ʔ s̥x̥ʔyaʔpítk^wx c̥q̥ʔuʔscút ck^wntwix^w cmrim. (In the old days the Lakes and Colviles often married each other.)

2. in̥x̥m̥ínk kn_kscmrímaʔx nḁx̥m̥ʔ i?_lúti? kn_kakíc̥m. (I want to be married but I haven't found one yet.)

3. ha cmistíx^w ixí? tə_sq̥l̥tmix^w way cmrim. (Did you know that man is already married?)

38. lḁx̥tm- be friends/friendly with

reduplication: sl̥x̥lḁx̥t

conjugations:

- kn_l̥x̥tiw̥s,
kn_səcl̥x̥tiw̥sx,
kn_ksl̥x̥tiw̥saʔx,
isl̥x̥tiw̥s,
lḁx̥tmn, lḁx̥tmn̥tx^w, lḁx̥tr̥s, lḁx̥tmn̥tm, lḁx̥tmn̥tp, lḁx̥tr̥səsəl̥x
iksl̥x̥tmnm, aksl̥x̥tmnm, ksl̥x̥tr̥s, ksl̥x̥tmn̥tm, ksl̥x̥tmn̥tp, ksl̥x̥tr̥səsəl̥x
iksl̥x̥tiw̥sm, aksl̥x̥tiw̥sm, ksl̥x̥tiw̥sm̥s, ksl̥x̥tiw̥sm̥tət,

iscl̥tiw̥sm, ascl̥tiw̥sm, scl̥tiw̥sm̥s, scl̥tiw̥sm̥tət,
ik̥scl̥tiw̥sm, ak̥scl̥tiw̥sm, k̥scl̥tiw̥sm̥s, k̥scl̥tiw̥sm̥tət,

example sentences:

1. i?_sn̥ʔay̥ckstx laχt̥m̥s i?_q̥l̥sp̥il̥x ix̥i? ta_c̥k̥l̥i_s̥k̥w̥ʔptan ka? cwəxwix, uʔ nix^w i?_six^wápmx ix̥i?
ka_ñ̥ʔiʔl̥tk ka? cwixə́x. (The Lakes were also friendly with the Kalispel who lived to the east of them,
and with the Shuswap people who lived to their north.)

2. ka?kín asl̥xláχt ? (Where are your friends?)

3. ix̥i?ə́x ta?lí l̥χtiw̥s. (They are real good friends.)

39. sk̥w̥ʔptan- east

reduplication:

example sentences:

1. i?_sn̥ʔay̥ckstx laχt̥m̥s i?_q̥l̥sp̥il̥x ix̥i? ta_c̥k̥l̥i_s̥k̥w̥ʔptan ka? cwəxwix, uʔ nix^w i?_six^wápmx ix̥i?
ka_ñ̥ʔiʔl̥tk ka? cwixə́x. (The Lakes were also friendly with the Kalispel who lived to the east of them,
and with the Shuswap people who lived to their north.)

2. ñ̥chusx k̥l̥i_s̥k̥w̥ʔptan. (Face to the east.)

3. tla?kín ka? c̥k̥t̥k̥w̥ʔap i?_χ̥iyáʔnx^w ix̥i? s̥k̥w̥ʔptán. (From where the sun rises that's to the east.)

40. six^wápmx- Shushwap

reduplication: six^wix^wápmx

example sentences:

1. i?_sn̥ʔay̥ckstx laχt̥m̥s i?_q̥l̥sp̥il̥x ix̥i? ta_c̥k̥l̥i_s̥k̥w̥ʔptan ka? cwəxwix uʔ nix^w i?_six^wápmx ix̥i?
ka_ñ̥ʔiʔl̥tk ka? cwixə́x. (The Lakes were also friendly with the Kalispel who lived to the east of them,
and with the Shushwap people who lived to their north.)

2. tx^wa?x^w?ít i?_six^wápmx l̥χtiw̥s k̥l̥i_s̥w̥kna?q̥inx. (There are a lot of Shushwaps are friendly with the
Okanagans.)

3. q̥sápi? i?_six^wápmx cx^wuýy uʔ k^wanxsm t̥l̥smar̥ʔíms i?_s̥w̥kna?q̥inx. (A long time ago the
Shushwaps came and kidnaped women from the Okanagans.)

41. ʔalu?scút- gather together

reduplication: ʔalʔúlu?scút

conjugations:

1. kn_ʔalu?scút, k^w_ʔalu?scút, ʔalu?scút, k^wu_ʔalu?scút, p_ʔalu?scút, ʔalu?scútə́x

2. kn_səcʔalu?scútx, k^w_səcʔalu?scútx, səcʔalu?scútx, k^wu_səcʔalʔalu?scútx, p_səcʔalʔalu?scútx,
səcʔalʔalu?scútxə́x

3. kn_sʔalu?scútx, k^w_sʔalu?scútx, sʔalu?scútx, k^wu_sʔlu?scútx, p_sʔalu?scútx, sʔalu?scútə́x

4. kn_ksʔalu?scútaʔx, k^w_sʔalu?scútaʔx, ksʔalu?scútaʔx, k^wu_ksʔalu?scútaʔx, p_sʔalu?scútaʔx,
ksʔalu?scútaʔxə́x

5. isʔalu?scút, asʔalu?scút, sʔalu?scúts, sʔalu?scútət, sʔalu?scútr̥p, sʔalu?scútsə́x

6. kn_cʔalu?scút, k^w_cʔalu?scút, cʔalu?scút, k^wu_cʔalu?scút, p_cʔalu?scút, cʔalu?scútə́x

7. iksʔaluʔscút, aksʔaluʔscút, ksʔaluʔscúts, ksʔaluʔscútət, ksʔaluʔscútrhp, ksʔaluʔscútsəlx
8. iscʔaluʔscút, ascʔaluʔscút, scʔaluʔscúts, scʔaluʔscútət, scʔaluʔscútrhp, scʔaluʔscútsəlx
9. ikscʔaluʔscút, akscʔaluʔscút, kscʔaluʔscúts, kscʔaluʔscútət, kscʔaluʔscútrhp, kscʔaluʔscútsəlx
example sentences:
1. nkaʔsils iʔ_sŋʔayckstx, ʔaluʔscútəlx uʔ tkʷupxnŋs tiyáqʷtstsəlx iʔ_ktunáxa. (The Lakes did not like that, so they gathered together and attacked the Kootenais.)
2. saít iʔ_knaqs uʔ ʔaluʔscút kŋkŋxtwixʷ ʔaʔʔaʔntisəlx put kakíciʔsəlx mi sic qmapəlx. (When one got lost they would gather together and search for him, they didn't give up until they found him.)
3. way ʔaluʔscút iʔ_səkʔakaʔ way mat kíkm mi kaʔáym. (The birds are gathered up it must be close to fall time.)
42. tkʷupxnm- gather around / surround
reduplication: tkʷpkʷupxn
conjugations:
1. kn_tkʷupxn, kʷ_tkʷupxn. tkʷupxn, kʷu_tkʷupxn, p_tkʷupxn, tkʷupxnəlx
2. kn_ctkʷupxn, kʷ_ctkʷupxn. ctkʷupxn, kʷu_ctkʷupxn, p_ctkʷupxn, ctkʷupxnəlx
3. kn_səctkʷúpxnx, kʷ_səctkʷúpxnx, səctkʷúpxnx, kʷu_səctkʷúpkʷúpxnx, p_səctkʷúpkʷúpxnx, səctkʷúpkʷúpxnəlx
4. kn_stkʷupxnx, kʷ_stkʷupxnx, stkʷupxnx, kʷu_stkʷupxnx, p_stkʷupxnx, stkʷupxnəlx
5. kn_kstkʷupxnaʔx, kʷ_stkʷupxnaʔx, kstkʷupxnaʔx, kʷu_kstkʷupxnaʔx, p_stkʷupxnaʔx, kstkʷupxnaʔxəlx
6. istkʷúpxn, astkʷúpxn, stkʷúpxŋs, stkʷúpxntət, stkʷúpxnrhp, stkʷúpxŋsəlx
7. tkʷupxnmn, tkʷupxnmŋtxʷ, tkʷupxnŋs, tkʷupxnmŋtm, tkʷupxnmŋtp, tkʷupxnŋsəlx
8. ikstkʷúpxnmnm, akstkʷúpxnmnm, kstkʷúpxnŋs, kstkʷupxnmŋtm, kstkʷúpxnmŋtp, kstkʷúpxnŋsəlx
9. ikstkʷúpxn, akstkʷúpxn, kstkʷúpxŋs, kstkʷúpxntət, kstkʷúpxnrhp, kstkʷúpxŋsəlx
10. isctkʷúpxnmnm, asctkʷúpxnmnm, sctkʷúpxnmnŋs, sctkʷúpxnmnmtət, sctkʷúpxnrhp, sctkʷúpxnŋsəlx
11. iksctkʷúpxnmnm, aksctkʷúpxnmnm, ksctkʷúpxnmnŋs, ksctkʷúpxnmnmtət, ksctkʷúpxnrhp, ksctkʷúpxnŋsəlx
example sentences:
1. nkaʔsils iʔ_sŋʔayckstx, ʔaluʔscútəlx uʔ tkʷupxnŋs tiyáqʷtstsəlx iʔ_ktunáxa. (The Lakes did not like that, so they gathered together and attacked the Kootenais.)
2. níxna tə_sʔalʔílxʷts iʔ_sqílxʷ ʔə_wíksəlx iʔ_sʔitn uʔ tkʷupxnəlx. (My goodness the people were really hungry when they saw food they scambeld to get some.)
3. ʔa_cʔamstín iskəkʔákaʔ ctkʷupxn uʔ cʔkpnwixʷ. (When I feed my chickens the rush and gather around, and they peck at each other.)
43. kmam- get/take away things
reduplication: kmkmam

<p>conjugations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> kn_kmám, k^w_kmám, kmám, k^wu_kmám, p_kmám, kmámə́lx kn_säckmíx, k^w_säckmíx, säckmíx, k^wu_säcsäckmíx, p_säcsäckmíx, säckmíxə́lx kn_skmíx, k^w_skmíx, skmíx, k^wu_skmíx, p_skmíx, skmíxə́lx kn_kskmíxaʔx, k^w_skmíxaʔx, kskmíxaʔx, k^wu_kskmíxaʔx, p_skmíxaʔx, skmíxaʔxə́lx iskmám, askmám, skmám, skmámət, skmáməp, skmámə́lx kmántin, kmántix^w, kmántis, kmántim, kmántip, kmántisə́lx ckmístin, ckmístix^w, ckmístis, ckmístim, ckmístip, ckmístisə́lx ikskmám, akskmám, kskmám, kskmámət, kskmáməp, kskmámə́lx isckmám, asckmám, sckmám, sckmámət, sckmáməp, sckmámə́lx iksckmám, aksckmám, ksckmám, ksckmámət, ksckmáməp, ksckmámə́lx
<p>example sentences:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Áx^wupsə́lx iʔ_ktunáxa uł lut nix^w xiʔxiʔstísə́lx tə_kskmámə́lx tə_ńtýtyix. (The beat the Kootenais and never let them get salmon there again.) iklíʔ kn_ksx^wúyaʔx mi kn_ckmám tə_ńtýtyix. (I'm going there to get some salmon.) sńklíp ckmántis iʔ_ńtýtyix. (Coyote brought the salmon.)
<p>44. ctə́xmam- live with in-laws</p>
<p>reduplication: ctə́xtə́xmam</p>
<p>conjugations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> kn_tə́xmam, k^w_tə́xmam, tə́xmam, k^wu_tə́xmam, p_tə́xmam, tə́xmamə́lx kn_səctə́xmíx, k^w_səctə́xmíx, səctə́xmíx, k^wu_səctə́xtə́xmíx, p_səctə́xtə́xmíx, səctə́xtə́xmíxə́lx kn_stə́xmíx, k^w_stə́xmíx, stə́xmíx, k^wu_stə́xmíx, p_stə́xmíx, stə́xmíxə́lx kn_kslə́xmíxaʔx, k^w_slə́xmíxaʔx, kslə́xmíxaʔx, k^wu_kslə́xmíxaʔxm, p_stə́xmíxaʔx, kslə́xmíxaʔxə́lx islə́xmám, aslə́xmám, slə́xmám, slə́xmámət, slə́xmáməp, slə́xmámə́lx tə́xmin, tə́xmińtx^w, tə́xmis, tə́xmińtm tə́xmińtp, tə́xmisə́lx ctə́xmístin, ctə́xmístix^w, ctə́xmístis, ctə́xmístim, ctə́xmístip, ctə́xmístisə́lx ikslə́xmám, akslə́xmám, kslə́xmám, kslə́xmámət, kslə́xmáməp, kslə́xmámə́lx isctə́xmám, asctə́xmám, sctə́xmám, sctə́xmámət, sctə́xmáməp, sctə́xmámə́lx iksctə́xmám, aksctə́xmám, ksctə́xmám, ksctə́xmámət, ksctə́xmáməp, ksctə́xmámə́lx
<p>example sentences:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> tə_cmrim iʔ_sqíłtmix^w naʔt tkə́łmilx^w iʔ_sńʔayćkstx, ctə́xmam kí_tkə́łmilx^ws iʔ_sńqsilx^ws. (When a Lakes man and woman got married, he often went to live with his woman's family.) iʔ_k^wiłt iʔ_sqíłtmix^w taʔlí cq^wńq^wańt tə_ctə́xmam. (Some of the men have hard times when they live on a different reserve.) lut yʔat iʔ_swiʔwiʔńúrtaʔx ctə́xtə́xmámə́lx. (Not all the young men go live with their in-laws.)
<p>45. liqst / liqńt- bury / cover with earth</p>
<p>reduplication: liqńqńt</p>
<p>conjugations:</p>

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> kn_liq̄m, k^w_liq̄m, liq̄m, k^wu_liq̄m, p_liq̄m, liq̄mælx kn_sæcliq̄x, k^w_sæcliq̄x, sæcliq̄x, k^wu_sæcliq̄liq̄x, p_sæcliq̄liq̄x, sæcliq̄liq̄xælx kn_sliq̄x, k^w_sliq̄x, sliq̄x, k^wu_sliq̄x, p_sliq̄x, sliq̄xælx kn_ksliq̄aʔx, k^w_sliq̄aʔx, ksliq̄aʔx, k^wu_ksliq̄aʔx, p_sliq̄aʔx, ksliq̄aʔxælx isliq̄m, asliq̄m, sliq̄m̄s, sliq̄m̄tət, sliq̄m̄p, sliq̄m̄sælx liq̄n, liq̄ntx^w, liq̄s, liq̄ntm, liq̄ntp, liq̄sælx cliq̄stn, cliq̄stx^w, cliq̄sts, cliq̄stm, cliq̄stp, cliq̄stsælx iksliq̄m, aksliq̄m, ksliq̄s, ksliq̄ntm, ksliq̄ntp, ksliq̄sælx iksliq̄, aksliq̄, ksliq̄s, ksliq̄tət, ksliq̄m̄p, ksliq̄sælx iscliq̄, ascliq̄, scliq̄s, scliq̄tət, scliq̄m̄p, scliq̄sælx ikscliq̄, akscliq̄, kscliq̄s, kscliq̄tət, kscliq̄m̄p, kscliq̄sælx
example sentences:
1. ʔa_cliq̄stsælx iʔ_sñʔlaʔs, kʔəʔam kʔi_saʔtʔtk ^w km kʔəʔam kʔi_tʔk ^w t mi liq̄sælx. (When they buried their dead, they always buried them near a river or lake.)
2. iʔ_skəkʔákaʔ ʔa_cx ^w k ^w h̄cut cliq̄st tə_ʔúkw̄laʔx ^w . (The chicken cleans itself by kicking up dust on itself.)
3. iʔliq̄nt iʔ_s̄cʔaiq̄n uʔ ixʔ sp̄iʔlaʔs. (Bury the seeds and they will start growing)
46. cp̄h̄xan- folded leg
reduplication: cp̄h̄xan
conjugations:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> kn_cp̄h̄xán, k^w_cp̄h̄xán, cp̄h̄xán, k^wu_cp̄h̄xán, p_cp̄h̄xán, cp̄h̄xánælx kn_sæcp̄h̄xanx, k^w_sæcp̄h̄xanx, sæcp̄h̄xanx, k^wu_sæcp̄h̄xanx, p_sæcp̄h̄xanx, sæcp̄h̄xanxælx kn_sp̄h̄xanx, k^w_sp̄h̄xanx, sp̄h̄xanx, k^wu_sp̄h̄xanx, p_sp̄h̄xanx, sp̄h̄xanxælx kn_ksp̄h̄xánaʔx, k^w_sp̄h̄xánaʔx, ksp̄h̄xánaʔx, k^wu_ksp̄h̄xánaʔx, p_ksp̄h̄xánaʔx, ksp̄h̄xánaʔxælx isp̄h̄xán, asp̄h̄xán, sp̄h̄xañs, sp̄h̄xañtət, sp̄h̄xanm̄p, sp̄h̄xañsælx p̄h̄x̄ntin, p̄h̄x̄ntix^w, p̄h̄x̄ntis, p̄h̄x̄ntim, p̄h̄x̄ntip, p̄h̄x̄ntisælx iksp̄h̄xnám, aksp̄h̄xnám, ksp̄h̄x̄ntis, ksp̄h̄x̄ntim, ksp̄h̄x̄ntip, ksp̄h̄x̄ntisælx iksp̄h̄xnám, aksp̄h̄xnám, ksp̄h̄x̄nañs, ksp̄h̄x̄nañtət, ksp̄h̄x̄nañp, ksp̄h̄x̄nañælx iksp̄h̄xán, aksp̄h̄xán, ksp̄h̄xañs, ksp̄h̄xañtət, ksp̄h̄x̄nañp, ksp̄h̄xañsælx iscp̄h̄xnám, ascp̄h̄xnám, scp̄h̄x̄nañs, scp̄h̄x̄nañtət, scp̄h̄x̄nañp, scp̄h̄x̄nañælx ikscp̄h̄xnám, akscp̄h̄xnám, kscp̄h̄x̄nañs, kscp̄h̄x̄nañtət, kscp̄h̄x̄nañp, kscp̄h̄x̄nañælx
example sentences:
1. ʔapnáʔ, cmistisælx ixʔ sñʔaȳckst iʔ_sckakicsælx ʔə_ʔq̄ntisælx kʔəʔam i_siw̄tk ^w uʔ c̄kiñ iʔ_ksæcp̄h̄xan̄s. (Nowadays, when people are digging and find something, they know it is a Lakes person if they are near water and the legs are bent in a certain way.)
2. ʔa_ñsw̄cnm̄ist p̄h̄xnam uʔ q̄w̄iʔx̄inm. (When he proposed he bent his knee and knelt down.)
3. p̄útiʔ ʔaʔ_cñtk ^w ícaʔm̄sts iʔ_ʔuʔx̄w̄tílaʔts niʔáyp cp̄h̄h̄xan. (While the baby is still in the womb, its legs are bent.)

47. sáma? - French / Euro-American person
reduplication: sṁsáma?
example sentences:
1. tə_cyṣap i?_sáma? lut ḡast kḷ_śṁṣayckstx. (When the Euro-Americans came, it was a bad time for the Lakes people.)
2. tx ^w a?twílx i?_sṁsáma?. (The white people have multiplied.)
3. i?_k ^w iḡt i?_sáma? ta?lí sisyús. (Some of the white people are famous.)
48. k^wək^writ- gold
reduplication: k ^w ək ^w ṙk ^w rit
example sentences:
1. sic itlí? kakícməlx tə_k ^w ək ^w rit na?ḷ piqsnḷ Ĩ_śṁṣayckstx tm ^x wúla?x ^w , ixí? uḷ x ^w ?it i?_sáma? na?ḷ canmn cyṣapəlx ṁcíqla?x ^w məlx. (Then a lot of gold and silver was found in the Lakes lands, and a lot of Euro-Americans and Chinese people came to dig.)
2. i?_tḷ_k ^w ək ^w rit iṁkṁpṙínkstn ka? cḷ ^w ul. (My ring is made from gold)
3. ḡu?ḡu?ústsəlx i?_k ^w ək ^w rit. (People wish for gold.)
49. piqsnḷ- silver
reduplication: pəqpiqsnḷ
example sentences:
1. sic itlí? kakícməlx tə_k ^w ək ^w rit na?ḷ piqsnḷ Ĩ_śṁṣayckstx tm ^x wúla?x ^w , ixí? uḷ x ^w ?it i?_sáma? na?ḷ canmn cyṣapəlx ṁcíqla?x ^w məlx. (Then a lot of gold and silver was found in the Lakes lands, and a lot of Euro-Americans and Chinese people came to dig.)
2. čkant i?_piqsnḷ na?ḷ i?_k ^w ək ^w ri?sn. (Count the silver coins and the copper pennies.)
3. misx ^w ?it tə_sqław i?_piqsnḷ ki? tḷ_k ^w ək ^w risxn. (Silver coins are worth more than copper pennies.)
50. canmn- Chinese
reduplication: cṁcanmn
example sentences:
1. sic itlí? kakícməlx tə_k ^w ək ^w rit na?ḷ piqsnḷ Ĩ_śṁṣayckstx tm ^x wúla?x ^w , ixí? uḷ x ^w ?it i?_sáma? na?ḷ canmn cyṣapəlx ṁcíqla?x ^w məlx. (Then a lot of gold and silver was found in the Lakes lands, and a lot of Euro-Americans and Chinese people came to dig.)
2. i?_cṁcanmn sisyús ḷa_cḷ ^w aṁḷqm. (The Chinese are good gardeners.)
3. iṁḡást i?_canmn s?iṁ. (I like Chinese food.)
51. ṁcíqla?x^wm- dig in the earth
reduplication: ṁcqcíqla?x ^w m
conjugations:
1. kn_ṁcíqla?x ^w m, k ^w _ṁcíqla?x ^w m, ṁcíqla?x ^w m, k ^w u_ṁcíqla?x ^w m, p_ṁcíqla?x ^w m, ṁcíqla?x ^w məlx
2. kn_səcnciqla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w _səcnciqla?x ^w əx ^w , səcnciqla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w u_səcṁcíqla?x ^w əx ^w , p_səcṁcíqla?x ^w əx ^w ,

<p>səcnícíqla?x^wəlx^w,</p> <p>3. kn_snícíqla?x^wəx^w, k^w_snícíqla?x^wəx^w, snícíqla?x^wəx^w, k^wu_snícíqla?x^wəx^w, p_snícíqla?x^wəx^w, snícíqla?x^welx,</p> <p>4. kn_ksnícíqla?x^wa?x, k^w_ksnícíqla?x^wa?x, ksnícíqla?x^wa?x, k^wu_ksnícíqla?x^wa?x, p_snícíqla?x^wa?x, ksnícíqla?x^wa?xəlx</p> <p>5. isnícíqla?x^w, asnícíqla?x^w, snícíqla?x^ws, snícíqla?x^wtət, snícíqla?x^wm̥p, snícíqla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>6. nícíqla?x^wn, nícíqla?x^wntx^w, nícíqla?x^ws, nícíqla?x^wntm, nícíqla?x^wntp, nícíqla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>7. iksnícíqla?x^w, aksnícíqla?x^w, ksnícíqla?x^ws, ksnícíqla?x^wntm, ksnícíqla?x^wntp, ksnícíqla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>8. iksnícíqla?x^w, aksnícíqla?x^w, ksnícíqla?x^ws, ksnícíqla?x^wtət, ksnícíqla?x^wm̥p, ksnícíqla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>9. iscnícíqla?x^w, ascnícíqla?x^w, scnícíqla?x^ws, scnícíqla?x^wtət, scnícíqla?x^wm̥p, scnícíqla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>10. ikscnícíqla?x^w, akscnícíqla?x^w, kscnícíqla?x^w, kscnícíqla?x^wtət, kscnícíqla?x^wm̥p, kscnícíqla?x^wsəlx</p>
<p>example sentences:</p> <p>1. sic itlí? kakícmaix tə_k^wək^writ na?ɫ piqsxn̩ l̩_s̩h̩ʔayckstx tr̩x^wúla?x^w, ixí? uɫ x^w?it i?_sáma? na?ɫ canmn cyʔapəlx̩ nícíqla?x^wməlx̩. (Then a lot of gold and silver was found in the Lakes lands, and a lot of Euro-Americans and Chinese people came to dig.)</p> <p>2. kn_səcnícíqla?x^wəx^w cmay kn_kakícma tə_k^wək^wrisxn. (I'm digging, I might find some gold.)</p> <p>3. ta?lí nix^wút iscnícíqla?x^w. (The hole I dug is pretty deep.)</p>
<p>52. ɫəp̥úla?x^wtn- mark on land</p>
<p>reduplication: ɫəp̥ɫəp̥úla?x^wtn</p>
<p>conjugations:</p> <p>1. kn_ɫəp̥úla?x^wm, k^w_ɫəp̥úla?x^wm, ɫəp̥úla?x^wm, k^wu_ɫəp̥úla?x^wm, p_ɫəp̥úla?x^wm, ɫəp̥úla?x^wməlx</p> <p>2. kn_səcɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, k^w_səcɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w səcɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, k^wu_səcɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, p_səcɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, səcɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^wəlx</p> <p>3. kn_sɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, k^w_sɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, sɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, k^wu_sɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, p_sɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^w, sɫəp̥úla?x^wəx^wəlx</p> <p>4. kn_ksɫəp̥úla?x^wa?x, k^w_sɫəp̥úla?x^wa?x, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wa?x, k^wu_ksɫəp̥úla?x^wa?x, p_sɫəp̥úla?x^wa?x, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wa?xəlx</p> <p>5. isɫəp̥úla?x^wm, asɫəp̥úla?x^wm, sɫəp̥úla?x^wm̥s, sɫəp̥úla?x^wm̥tət, sɫəp̥úla?x^wm̥p, sɫəp̥úla?x^wməlx</p> <p>6. ɫəp̥úla?x^wn, ɫəp̥úla?x^wntx^w, ɫəp̥úla?x^ws, ɫəp̥úla?x^wntm, ɫəp̥úla?x^wntp, ɫəp̥úla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>7. cɫəp̥úla?x^wstn, cɫəp̥úla?x^wstx^w, cɫəp̥úla?x^wsts, cɫəp̥úla?x^wstm, cɫəp̥úla?x^wstp, cɫəp̥úla?x^wstsəlx</p> <p>8. iksɫəp̥úla?x^wm, aksɫəp̥úla?x^wm, ksɫəp̥úla?x^ws, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wntm, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wntp, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>9. iksɫəp̥úla?x^w, aksɫəp̥úla?x^w, ksɫəp̥úla?x^ws, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wtət, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wm̥p, ksɫəp̥úla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>10. iscɫəp̥úla?x^wm, ascɫəp̥úla?x^wm, scɫəp̥úla?x^ws, scɫəp̥úla?x^wtət, scɫəp̥úla?x^wm̥p, scɫəp̥úla?x^wsəlx</p> <p>11. ikscɫəp̥úla?x^wm, akscɫəp̥úla?x^wm, kscɫəp̥úla?x^ws, kscɫəp̥úla?x^wtət, kscɫəp̥úla?x^wm̥p, kscɫəp̥úla?x^wsəlx</p>
<p>example sentences:</p> <p>1. sic itlí? i?_ɫəp̥úla?x^wtn xi?úst tə_tr̩x^wúla?x^ws i?_s̩h̩ʔayckstx. (Then they drew a line through the Lakes lands.)</p> <p>2. ɫəp̥ɫəp̥úla?x^wsəlx i?_tr̩x^wúla?x^w ixí? uɫ m̩y^wmaýt hakín i?_tr̩x^wúla?x^ws. (They measure and mark the land so they know which is their land.)</p>

3. put k ^w n ^m ípmist k ^l n ^h ?amtáqs mi sic k ^w ks ^x an í t ^h p ^u l ^a ?x ^w tn. (You have to tell customs where you're going before you can cross the border.)
53. xi?úst- going that way
reduplication: xi?xi?úst
<p>1. conjugations:</p> <p>2. kn_xi?úst, k^w_xi?úst, xi?úst, k^wu_xi?úst, p_xi?úst, xi?ústə́lx</p> <p>3. kn_səcxí?ústx, k^w_səcxí?ústx, səcxí?ústx, k^wu_səcxí?xi?ústx, p_səcxí?xi?ústx, səcxí?xi?ústxə́lx</p> <p>4. kn_sxi?ústx, k^w_sxi?ústx, sxi?ústx, k^wu_sxi?ústx, p_sxi?ústx, sxi?ústxə́lx</p> <p>5. kn_ksxi?ústa?x, k^w_sxi?ústa?x, ksxi?ústa?x, k^wu_ksxi?ústa?x, p_sxi?ústa?x, ksxi?ústa?xə́lx</p> <p>6. isxi?ústm, asxi?ústm, sxi?ústs, sxi?ústət, sxi?ústrmp, sxi?ústsə́lx</p> <p>7. xi?ústn, xi?ústx^w, xi?ústs, xi?ústm, xi?ústp, xi?ústsə́lx</p> <p>8. cxi?ústn, cxi?ústx^w, cxi?ústs, cxi?ústm, cxi?ústp, cxi?ústsə́lx</p> <p>9. iksxi?ústm, aksxi?ústm, skxi?ústs, skxi?ústm, skxi?ústp, skxi?ústsə́lx</p> <p>10. iscxí?úst, ascxí?úst, scxí?ústs, scxí?ústət, scxí?ústrmp, scxí?ústsə́lx</p> <p>11. ikscxí?úst, akscxí?úst, kscxí?ústs, kscxí?ústət, kscxí?ústrmp, kscxí?ústsə́lx</p>
example sentences:
1. sic itlí? í? t ^h p ^u l ^a ?x ^w tn xi?úst tə t ^m x ^w l ^a ?x ^w s í? s ^h f ^a yckstx. (Then they drew a line through the Lakes lands.)
2. í? t ^h y ^f acín mi k ^w u_xi?xi?úst. (Along the river bank we will go.)
3. ní ^f áyp ití? ka? cxi?xi?úst í? s ^h l ^a ?cínm. (That's the way the deer always go.)
54. xctwílx- become difficult / hard
reduplication: xcxctwílx
<p>1. conjugations:</p> <p>2. kn_xačt, k^w_xačt, xačt, k^wu_xačt, p_xačt, xačtsə́lx</p> <p>3. kn_cxčtwílx, k^w_cxčtwílx, cxčtwílx, k^wu_cxčtwílx, p_cxčtwílx, cxčtwílxə́lx</p> <p>4. kn_səcxčtwílxəx, k^w_səcxčtwílxəx, səcxčtwílxəx, k^wu_səcxčcxčtwílxəx, p_səcxčcxčtwílxəx, səcxčcxčtwílxəxə́lx</p> <p>5. kn_sxčtwílxəx k^w_sxčtwílxəx, sxčtwílxəx, k^wu_sxčtwílxəx, p_sxčtwílxəx, sčtwílxəxə́lx</p> <p>6. kn_ksxčtwílxəx, k^w_sxčtwílxəx, sxčtwílxəx, k^wu_sxčtwílxəx, p_sxčtwílxəx, sčtwílxəxə́lx</p> <p>7. isxčtwílx, asxčtwílx, sxčtwílx, sxčtwílxət, sxčtwílxmp, sčtwílxə́lx</p> <p>8. xačtmstn, xačtmstx^w, xačtmsts, xačtmstm, xačtmstp, xačtmstsə́lx</p> <p>9. xčikstm, xčikstm^w, xčikstms, ksxčikstmntm, iksxčikstmntp, ksxčikstmsə́lx</p> <p>10. iksxčikstmnm, aksxčikstmnm, ksxčikstms, ksxčikstmntm, iksxčikstmntp, ksxčikstmsə́lx</p> <p>11. iscxčikstmnm, ascxčikstmnm, scxčikstms, scxčikstmtet, scxčikstmp, scxčikstmsə́lx</p> <p>12. ikscxčikstm, akscxčikstm, kscxčikstms, kscxčikstmtət, kscxčikstmp, kscxčikstmsə́lx</p>
example sentences:
1. xctwílx t ^h kskáwspi ^x msə́lx, t ^h ksktqaqx ^w lxms, u ^t t ^h kstix ^w msə́lx t ^h spýqatq. (It got harder and harder for the Lakes to move around in the summer to hunt, fish, and gather berries.)

2. ilí? tǎ_ǰwǰǰwǰwaw i?_sǎpsípi? u?_xǰǰǰwíǰ. (When the deer hides got dry they got hard.)
3. ixí? ǰast tǎ_ǰn?asímiǰs ixí? u?_xǰǰǰwíǰ. (It's good when it's doubled up so it becomes stonger.)
4. misǰsápi? aswǰk^wímíst u?_xǰǰǰwíǰ tǎ_ǰksnǰmǰpíst. (The longer you keep it secret the harder it is to admit.)
5. aǰǰa?xǰn xǰǰǰǰ. (Your shoes are strong.)
6. taǰt xǰǰ u?_ǰtǰnuǰtx^w. (It was difficult and you managed it.)
55. tǰǰǰǰ- move to
reduplication: tǰǰtǰǰǰǰ
conjugations:
1. kn_tǰǰǰǰ, k^w_tǰǰǰǰ, tǰǰǰǰ, k^wu_tǰǰǰǰ, p_tǰǰǰǰ, tǰǰǰǰǰǰ
2. kn_sǰǰtǰǰǰǰǰǰ, k^w_sǰǰtǰǰǰǰǰǰ, sǰǰtǰǰǰǰǰǰ, k^wu_sǰǰtǰǰǰǰǰǰ, p_sǰǰtǰǰǰǰǰǰ, sǰǰtǰǰǰǰǰǰ
3. kn_stǰǰǰǰǰǰ, k^w_stǰǰǰǰǰǰ, stǰǰǰǰǰǰ, k^wu_stǰǰǰǰǰǰ, p_stǰǰǰǰǰǰ, stǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰ
4. kn_kstǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x, k^w_stǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x, kstǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x, k^wu_kstǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x, p_stǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x, kstǰǰǰǰǰǰ?xǰǰ
5. istǰǰǰǰ, astǰǰǰǰ, stǰǰǰǰ, stǰǰǰǰtǰt, stǰǰǰǰmǰp, stǰǰǰǰsǰǰǰ
6. tǰǰǰǰstn, tǰǰǰǰstx^w, tǰǰǰǰstx, tǰǰǰǰstm, tǰǰǰǰstp, tǰǰǰǰstxǰǰ
7. ctǰǰǰǰstn, ctǰǰǰǰstx^w, ctǰǰǰǰstx, ctǰǰǰǰstm, ctǰǰǰǰstp, ctǰǰǰǰstxǰǰ
8. ikstǰǰǰǰstm, akstǰǰǰǰstm, kstǰǰǰǰstx, kstǰǰǰǰstm, kstǰǰǰǰstp, kstǰǰǰǰstxǰǰ
9. isctǰǰǰǰ, ascctǰǰǰǰ, scctǰǰǰǰ, scctǰǰǰǰtǰt, scctǰǰǰǰmǰp, scctǰǰǰǰsǰǰǰ
10. ikscctǰǰǰǰ, akscctǰǰǰǰ, kscctǰǰǰǰ, kscctǰǰǰǰtǰt, kscctǰǰǰǰmǰp, kscctǰǰǰǰsǰǰǰ
example sentences:
1. i?_k^wiǰt x^wuǰy kǰ_ǰkna?ǰín kǰ_ǰsyilx ilí? tǰǰǰǰ u?_i?_k^wiǰt tǰ? ilí? k^wliǰt í_tǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x^wǰǰǰ. (Some went to the Okanagan Valley to live with the Syilx people there, and some stayed in their homeland.)
2. pǰyaǰ i?_sǰya? u?_ctǰǰtǰǰǰǰ i?_sqilx^w ckawstǰx^wm tǰ_sǰya?. (When the saskatoons get ripe the people move to the location and gather saskatoons.)
3. ǰsápi? way ka? ctǰǰǰǰ ixí? tǰ_sqilx^w. (A long time ago when those people moved here.)
56. Mǰǰǰǰ- America
example sentences:
1. sic itlí? i?_Mǰǰǰǰ k^wiǰtm i?_tǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x^wǰǰǰ kǰn?iǰǰtk la?kín i?_sǰǰǰǰǰckstx kǰ? k^wliǰt. (Then the United States took away the north half of the reservation where the Lakes lived.)
2. tǰ_tǰpǰǰǰǰǰǰ i?_tǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰ?x^w kǰ? ta?x^w_tǰǰǰǰǰǰ. (When they put the border line in that's when America came to be.)
3. i?_Mǰǰǰǰ smǰnax^w ctǰx^wlm kǰ? tǰ_Kǰnata smaǰx^w. (American smokes taste different from Canadian smokes)
57. k^wiǰtm- take from somebody
conjugations:
1. kn_k^wnim, k^w_k^wnim, k^wnim, k^wu_k^wnim, p_k^wnim, k^wnimǰǰ
2. kn_sǰck^wnix, k^w_sǰck^wnix, sǰck^wnix, k^wu_sǰck^wnix, p_sǰck^wnix, sǰck^wnixǰǰ

3. kn_sk^wnix, k^w_sk^wnix, sk^wnix, k^wu_sk^wnix, p_sk^wnix, sk^wnixəlx
4. kn_ksk^wnixa?x
5. isk^wiłtm, ask^wiłtm, sk^wiłtms, sk^wiłtət, sk^wiłtrmp, sk^wiłtsəlx
6. k^wiłtn, k^wiłtx^w, k^wiłts, k^wiłtm, k^wiłtp, k^wiłtsəlx
7. iksk^wiłtm, aksk^wiłtm, ksk^wiłts, ksk^wiłtm, ksk^wiłtp, ksk^wiłtsəlx
8. ksk^wiłtm, aksk^wiłtm, ksk^wiłtms, ksk^wiłtrmtət, ksk^wiłtrmp, ksk^wiłtrmsəlx
9. isck^wiłtm, asck^wiłtm, sck^wiłtms, sck^wiłtrmtət, sck^wiłtrmp, sck^wiłtrmsəlx
10. iksck^wiłtm, aksck^wiłtm, ksck^wiłtms, ksck^wiłtrmtət, ksck^wiłtrmp, ksck^wiłtrmsəlx

example sentences:

1. sic itlí i?_Míríka k^wiłtm i?_trnx^wúla?x^wsəlx káñ?iłtk la?kín i?_sñsáyckstx ki? k^wliwt. (Then the United States took away the north half of the reservation where the Lakes lived.)
2. i?_səx^wlkam k^wu_km^włtim i?_siw^włk^wtət. (The police took our alcohol away.)
3. ha ck^wm^wntix^w i?_spíłm. (Did you bring the bitterroot?)

58. Kánata- Canada

example sentences:

1. Í_?upñkst łxəxnut cłkł?upñkst łtimł (1958), Kánata k^wis la?_ciwt i?_sñsáyckstx sqlx^wúla?x^w. (In 1958, Canada took away the last Lakes reserve.)
2. ta?lí k^wu_ctxəstím i?_Kánata səx^wñ?amtáqs k^wu_ła_c^wkáłq^wmi?st. (The Canadian customs agents really watch us when we cross the border)
3. kn_ksx^wúya?x kł_káł?áłq^w kł_Kánata. ha k^wu_aksx^wnám ? (I'm going to go across the border to Canada. Are you coming with me?)

59. ciwt- last

reduplication: caw^w?iwt

conjugations:

1. kn_ciwt, k^w_ciwt, ciwt, k^wu_ciwt, p_ciwt, ciwtəlx
2. kn_səc^wciwtx, k^w_səc^wciwtx, səc^wciwtx, k^wu_səc^wciwtx, p_səc^wciwtx, səc^wciwtəlx
- 2a. ---, ---, ---, k^wu_səc^wawíwtx, p_səc^wawíwtx, səc^wawíwtəlx
3. kn_sciwtx, k^w_sciwtx, sciwtx, k^wu_sciwtx, p_sciwtx, sciwtxəlx
- 3a. ---, ---, ---, k^wu_s^wawíwtx, p_s^wawíwtx, s^wawíwtxəlx
4. kn_ks^wciwta?x, k^w_s^wciwta?x, ks^wciwta?x, k^wu_ks^wciwta?x, p_s^wciwta?x, ks^wciwta?xəlx
- 4a. ---, ---, ---, k^wu_ks^wawíwta?x, p_s^wawíwta?x, ks^wawíwta?xəlx
5. isciwt, asc^wciwt, sciwts, sciwtət, sciwtrmp, sciwtsəlx
6. ciwtstn, ciwtstx^w, ciwtsts, ciwtstm, ciwtstp, ciwtstsəlx
6. c^wciwtstn, c^wciwtstx^w, c^wciwtsts, c^wciwtstm, c^wciwtstp, c^wciwtstsəlx
7. iks^wciwtstm, aks^wciwtstm, ks^wciwtsts, ks^wciwtstm, ks^wciwtstp, ks^wciwtstsəlx
8. iks^wciwt, aks^wciwt, ks^wciwts, ks^wciwtət, ks^wciwtrmp, ks^wciwtsəlx
9. is^wciwt, asc^wciwt, sc^wciwts, sc^wciwtət, sc^wciwtrmp, sc^wciwtsəlx
10. iks^wciwt, aks^wciwt, ks^wciwts, ks^wciwtət, ks^wciwtrmp, ks^wciwtsəlx

example sentences:
1. Í_?upn̄kst łĕĕănut ĕłkł?upn̄kst łtimł (1958), Kánata k̄wis la?_ĕiŵt i?_śn̄ŕaŷckstx sqłx̄wúla?x̄w. (In 1958, Canada took away the last Lakes reserve.)
2. ctrar i?_śn̄kłca?sqáxa? uł i?_q̄i?q̄i?ík cĕaw?iŵt. (The horses strung out and the colts were behind.)
3. ińcá niŕáŷp kn_ĕiŵt. (I'm always last.)
60. kswitn̄t- works at getting it
conjugations:
1. kn_kswitm̄st, k̄w_kswitm̄st, kswitm̄st, k̄wu_kswitm̄st, p_kswitm̄st, kswitm̄stsəłx
2. kn_săckswitm̄stx, k̄w_săckswitm̄stx, săckswitm̄stx, k̄wu_săckswitm̄stx, p_săckswitm̄stx, săckswitm̄stxəłx
3. kn_skswitm̄stx, k̄w_skswitm̄stx, skswitm̄stx, k̄wu_skswitm̄stx, p_skswitm̄stx, skswitm̄stxəłx
4. kn_kskswitm̄sta?x, k̄w_kskswitm̄sta?x, kskswitm̄sta?x, k̄wu_kskswitm̄sta?x, p_kskswitm̄sta?x, kskswitm̄sta?xəłx
5. iskswitm̄st, askswitm̄st, skswitm̄sts, skswitm̄stət, skswitm̄stmp, skswitm̄stsəłx
6. kswitn, kswitn̄tx̄w, kswits, kswitn̄tm, kswitn̄tp, kswitsəłx
6b. kswitstn, kswitstx̄w, kswitsts, kswitstm, kswitstp, kswitstsəłx
6c. kswitm̄stn, kswitm̄stx̄w, kswitm̄sts, kswitm̄sttm, kswitm̄sttp, kswitm̄stsəłx
6d. ckswitm̄stn, ckswitm̄stx̄w, ckswitm̄sts, ckswitm̄sttm, ckswitm̄sttp, ckswitm̄stsəłx
7. ikskwit̄m, akskwit̄m, kskswits, kskswitn̄tm, kskswitn̄tp, kskswitsəłx
8. iskswitm̄st, askswitm̄st, kswitm̄sts, kswitm̄stət, kswitm̄stmp, kswitm̄stsəłx
9. isckswit̄m, asckswit̄m, sckswit̄ms, sckswit̄m̄tət, sckswit̄mp, sckswit̄msəłx
10. ikckswit̄m, akckswit̄m, kckswit̄ms, kckswit̄m̄tət, kckswit̄mp, kckswit̄msəłx
example sentences:
1. ŕapná?, i?_śn̄ŕaŷckstx kswits kłk̄w̄n̄n̄úis i?_n̄iŕiłtk káł?áłq̄w̄ tm̄x̄wúla?x̄wsəłx. (Nowadays, the Lakes people are trying to get their Canadian lands back.)
2. kswitm̄st uł łx̄w̄ups i?_?aw̄tústs. (He tried his best and he beat his opponent)
3. niŕáŷp kn_ĕkswit̄m̄st. (I always do my best.)
61. káł?áłq̄w̄- border / across the line
example sentences:
1. ŕapná?, i?_śn̄ŕaŷckstx kswits kłk̄w̄n̄n̄úis i?_n̄iŕiłtk káł?áłq̄w̄ tm̄x̄wúla?x̄wsəłx. (Nowadays, the Lakes people are trying to get their Canadian lands back.)
2. ł_akskáł?áłq̄w̄m̄st, put k̄w̄_n̄mipm̄st mi xi?xi?stúms ł_akskáł?áłq̄w̄m̄st. (When you want to cross the border, you have to confess to the customs to cross.)
3. tí_łəp̄úla?x̄wsəłx i?_tm̄x̄wúla?x̄w, ŕapná? kn_ksn̄qsilx̄w káł?áłq̄w̄. (Since they marked the land, I now have relatives on the other side of the line.)

03. Íayú?

sʔaʔúms

Íayú?	chocolate tips
sqapúnaʔx ^w	sand
ǰwǰwúlaʔx ^w	dry lands
swíya?	chocolate tip buds
ǰækǰiksm	peek out
ńkńcińtn	poison
sak ^w t	swell
cxsas	sprang
ck ^w əp ^w urəp	cramps
ǰqńtim / ǰqam	dig up
sərícaʔńt	peel something
ctk ^w sícaʔmst	bother skin
kaʔacqaʔícaʔ	rash
cksar	to skin / to peel
hńńtim / hram	soak
ǰsacńt	mash something
ǰwíćńt	chop
ńcqañt	put inside
sǰuk ^w śálaʔx ^w	paste
ńǰsitk ^w	tincture / good in liquid
kććcx ^w ínaʔńt	pour liquid on
ək ^w ććcx ^w min	dropper
ǰ ^w aq ^w ńt	grind
ńp ^w ťsańt	dump a mushy mass
ńk ^w əck ^w citk ^w	strong liquid
ńq ^w ťatn	liquor
q ^w aym ^w stím / q ^w ayám	shake something
sǰ ^w ap	a drop

smýmay

<p>i?_śayú? kʷæckʷact tə_mrimstn, ǰast kl_ŷat stim. Ĩ_śqapúna?xʷ uł ǰwǰwúla?xʷ ka? cplal. qipcm ła_cx?it ła_cpəpłlal ixí? s?umńms swíya?. tí? put ǰækǰiksm uł ?itńtxʷ, ńxʷkʷíłca?ńts, ǰast tə_mrimstn. lut aks?íńm ła_mispłlal, ańi? kʷułl tə_ńkńcińtn.</p> <p>i?_śaǰwíps ckwúlmństs ha cǰǰǰsćim, xi?míx stim ha csakʷt, ha cxsas, ha cniǰək, ha ckwəpǰwupəp. mcńtixʷ iwá tə_stxítks mcńtixʷ. ǰqńtixʷ i?_śaǰwíps uł ksəríca?ńtxʷ. ła_cla?kín ctksíca?mństs i?_knaqs, ixí? ka?acqa?íca?, tksíca?mńs, cmay ła_cksar lut kstksíca?mństs. ła_kskwumń i?_śayú?, nńnikńtxʷ uł ǰwńtxʷ. ła_kǰkwúlmńm itlí? kʷ_ckʷnim uł hńńtxʷ Ĩ_siwǰkʷ ixí? uł ǰsacńtxʷ i?_ł ańǰsacmn. tí? ilí? ła_tixʷńtxʷ akskwúlmńm, ksríca?ńt, cíwńtxʷ, naníńtxʷ uł ǰwíćńtxʷ i?_ł ańǰsacmn. ńcqąńt Ĩ_ańćłmin uł ilí? cǰəqsápi?. ca?kʷ ćǰit tə_sǰukśála?xʷ itlí? utáńt Ĩ_ańkíl x uł mińńt la?kín a?_cǰilǰłt.</p> <p>itlí? nixʷ Ĩ_akskwúłm ćǰit tə_ńǰsitkʷ. ła_kʷułłnúńtxʷ ćǰit atá? ixí? uł lut aksəćśáha? km kʷ_ła_nikək ití? kcəćxʷína?ńt uł lut ksakʷts. cx?it ńćuy akłnutnmín kʷəkʷyúma? uł əktćəćxʷmin. ǰwəqʷńtxʷ i?_śayú? uł ńpǰsańt Ĩ_laputáy sic kćxʷína?ńt tə_ńkwæckʷcitkʷ tə_ńqʷsatn. kwumńt Ĩ_ćuy ilí? mat ?asíl skǰacíws. ŷat sǰǰǰsáit qʷaymństíxʷ i?_łaputáy. i?_łl ńćxʷmińs naqs km ?asíl sǰwəp aksqńmám.</p>	<p>chocolate tips sand; dry land c.t. bud; peak out of the ground poison swelling; sprain; cramp; dig up; peel; bother skin; rash; to skin soak mash chop; put inside paste tincture pour liquid onto dark; dropper grind; dump strong liq.; liquor shake drop</p>
--	---

sńsúxʷna? swǰtłń

1. ćkin tə_mrimstn i?_śayú? ?
2. ka?kín ka? cplal i?_śayú? ?
3. stim i?_s?umńms i?_śayú? ła_cx?it ła_cpəpłlal ?
4. stim i?_ńxʷkʷíłca?ńts mi ?itńtxʷ ?
5. səxkinx uł lut tə_ǰast aks?íńńm i?_śayú? ła_mispłlal ?
6. ǰł_stim tí? ǰast i?_śaǰwíps i?_śayú? ?k
7. xkinm mi kʷ_ckʷum i?_śayú? ?
8. ckin akskwúlmńm ła_tixʷńtxʷ i?_śayú? ?
9. ǰł_stim tí? ǰast i?_ńǰsitkʷ tə_śayú? ?
10. kʷinx aksqńmám i?_ńǰsitkʷ tə_śayú? ?

skł?ism tē_ǰilm s7a?úms

A. Imperfective aksck^wú! answer the question with a complete nsəlxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

1. ha k^w_səcłiksx ? kiw, kn_səcłiksx
nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_səcnx^wk^wíča?x ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

3. ha səcmćmix Matlá ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

4. ha p_səcłqmix ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

5. ha k^wu_səcsəriča?x ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

6. ha səcnikx tē_słiq^w i?_twtwit ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

7. ha k^w_səcǰwmix tē_skńxíča? ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

8. ha kn_səchrmix tē_sípi? ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

9. ha p_səcłřacx tē_řayú? ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

10. ha k^wu_səcnčíwx i?_řířča? ? kiw, _____
nuyápixcn:

B. Future & Past/Present aksck^wú! answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha k^w_sǰwíča?x tē_spiłm ? lut, łm kn_ǰwíča?m tē_spiłm.

1. ha k^w_sńcqmíxa?x tē_pýpay í_ńćłmin ? lut, łm _____
nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_{ksutnmíxa}?x i?_str_{ntim} ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha ksk^wu_{llínúna}?x t_əmrimstn Siyáíqs ? lut, ^lám _____
nuyápixcn:

4. ha k^wu_{kskcécx^wína}?a?x ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

5. ha p_{s^wáq^wa}?x t_əsc_mím ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

6. ha ksh_{ptm}śáxa?xəlx t_əsh_pq^witk^w ? lut, ^lám _____
nuyápixcn:

7. ha k^w_{s^waymíxa}?x t_əlaputáy ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

8. ha kn_{ksq_míxa}?x t_{ik}łmrimstn ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

9. ha kś_{ək}łíksa?x Nk^walá ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

10. ha p_{sm_cmíxa}?x t_əś_{ayú}? ? lut, ^lám _____.
nuyápixcn:

ck^wu_{lm}stm i?_s?a?ú_ms

1. ś _{ayú} ?- chocolate tip
example sentences:
1. i?_ś _{ayú} ? k ^w əck ^w act t _ə mrimstn, ^š ast k _l _y śat stim. (The dessert parsley is a powerful medicine, and is good for a lot of things.)
2. š ^w ič _{htx^w} i?_ś _{ayú} ? uł m _{ár} wi?ntx ^w t _ə ap _l st _x itk ^w ixí? uł ^š ast ł _a csi _w sm. (Chop up the dessert parsley and mix with apple cider then you can drink it.)
3. i?_ś _{ayú} ? ^š ast mrimstn k _l _{s^w} č _p xan, (Dessert parsley is good medicine for broken leg bones.)
2. ś _{ap} úna?x ^w - sand
reduplication: ś _{ap} q _{ap} úna?x ^w
example sentences:

1. $\dot{\text{I}}_{\text{s}}\text{qapúna?x}^{\text{w}}$ u t $\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\check{\text{w}}\acute{\text{u}}\text{la?x}^{\text{w}}$ ka? cplal. (It grows in sandy and dry soil.)
2. tl y f acín ili? $\acute{\text{c}}$ a $\text{f}}\check{\text{w}}$ i ? $\dot{\text{I}}_{\text{s}}\text{qapúna?x}^{\text{w}}$. (Along the shore the sand is clean.)
3. $\dot{\text{I}}_{\text{s}}\text{qapúna?x}^{\text{w}}$ ki? $\check{\text{x}}$ ast t a $\text{c}}$ plal i ? $\text{f}}$ ayú ? . (In the sandy areas is where the dessert parsley grows best.)
3. $\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\acute{\text{u}}\text{la?x}^{\text{w}}$- dry land / soil
3. reduplication: $\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\acute{\text{u}}\text{la?x}^{\text{w}}$
example sentences:
1. $\dot{\text{I}}_{\text{s}}\text{qapúna?x}^{\text{w}}$ u t $\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\acute{\text{u}}\text{la?x}^{\text{w}}$ ka? cplal. (It grows in sandy and dry soil.)
2. lut t a $\text{c}}$ qít u t $\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\acute{\text{u}}\text{?la?x}^{\text{w}}$. (It doesn't rain and the land got dry.)
3. t $\dot{\text{I}}_{\text{s}}\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\check{\text{x}}\check{\text{w}}\acute{\text{u}}\text{la?x}^{\text{w}}$ s $\text{c}}$ h $\text{p}}\text{ísu?}$ s mi sic plála i ? $\text{t}}$ stim. (Because its a dry land, you have to irrigate to make things grow.)
4. swíya?- chocolate tip buds
example sentences:
1. qipcm t a $\text{c}}$ x ?it t a $\text{c}}$ p $\text{e}}$ p $\text{í}}$ plal ixí? s $\text{?u}}$ m $\text{m}}$ s swíya?. (In the spring when it first starts to grow it is called swíya?.)
2. i ? $\text{sw}}$ íya? $\check{\text{x}}$ ast $\text{k}}$ í $\text{a}}$ n $\text{m}}$ t $\text{k}}$ íya?. (The buds are good for your blood.)
3. i ? $\text{sw}}$ íya? $\text{c}}$ k $\text{f}}$ a $\text{?xt}}$ x $\text{w}}$ mi $\check{\text{x}}$ ast y $\text{f}}$ at aks $\text{w}}$ án $\text{t}}$ q. (You pray to the swíya? to ensure a good crop in your garden.)
5. $\acute{\text{a}}$iksm- peek out of the ground
reduplication: $\acute{\text{a}}$k$\acute{\text{a}}$iksm
conjugations:
1. kn $\text{a}}$ iksm, k $\text{w}}$ iksm, $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, k $\text{w}}$ u $\text{a}}$ iksm, p $\text{a}}$ iksm, $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
1a. ---, ---, ---, k $\text{w}}$ u $\text{a}}$ k $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, p $\text{a}}$ k $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, $\acute{\text{a}}$ k $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
2. kn $\text{s}}$ ac $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksx, k $\text{w}}$ s $\text{a}}$ c $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksx, s $\text{a}}$ c $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksx, k $\text{w}}$ u $\text{s}}$ ac $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksx, p $\text{s}}$ ac $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksx, s $\text{a}}$ c $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksx $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
3. kn $\text{s}}$ áiksx, k $\text{w}}$ s $\text{á}}$ iksx, s $\text{á}}$ iksx, k $\text{w}}$ u $\text{s}}$ áiksx, p $\text{s}}$ áiksx, s $\text{á}}$ iksx $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
4. kn $\text{ks}}$ áiksa $\text{?x}}$, k $\text{w}}$ s $\text{á}}$ iksa $\text{?x}}$, ks $\text{á}}$ iksa $\text{?x}}$, k $\text{w}}$ u $\text{ks}}$ áiksa $\text{?x}}$, p $\text{s}}$ áiksa $\text{?x}}$, ks $\text{á}}$ iksa $\text{?x}}$ $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
5. is $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, as $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, s $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$, s $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{t}}$ et, s $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{p}}$, s $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$ $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
8. iks $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, aks $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, ks $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$, ks $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{t}}$ et, ks $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{p}}$, ks $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$ $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
9. isc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, asc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, sc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$, sc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{t}}$ et, sc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{p}}$, sc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$ $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
10. iksc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, aksc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm, ksc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$, ksc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{t}}$ et, ksc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{p}}$, ksc $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm $\text{s}}$ $\acute{\text{e}}$ ix
example sentences:
1. ití? put $\acute{\text{a}}$ k $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm u t $\text{?i}}$ t $\text{h}}$ tx $\text{w}}$, $\text{n}}$ x $\text{w}}$ k $\text{w}}$ í $\text{t}}$ ca $\text{?nts}}$, $\check{\text{x}}$ ast $\text{t}}$ a $\text{c}}$ mrim $\text{stn}}$. (The green shoots of the plant can be eaten and will clean you out, it is good medicine.)
2. $\text{n}}$ í $\text{k}}$ w $\acute{\text{u}}$ la $\text{?x}}$ ntx $\text{w}}$ i ? $\text{s}}$ c $\text{f}}$ ai $\text{q}}$ n, $\text{n}}$ pisu $\text{?s}}$ ntx $\text{w}}$, lut ks $\text{q}}$ sá $\text{p}}$ í $\text{s}}$ u t $\acute{\text{a}}$ k $\acute{\text{a}}$ iksm ask $\text{w}}$ án $\text{t}}$ q. (You put seeds in the ground, waters it, not to long the plans peek out of the round.)
3. ití? k $\text{w}}$ $\text{?u}}$ k $\text{w}}$ t put k $\text{w}}$ $\text{x}}$ ilsm mi k $\text{w}}$ $\text{a}}$ iksm. (You crawl along until you come to the crest then you peek.)

6. csak^wt- swelling
reduplication: sək ^w sak ^w t
example sentences:
1. i?_sɤaχ ^w ips cĕ ^w uimsts ha cǫlǫlscim, xi?mich stim ha csak^wt , ha cxsas, ha cniĕək, ha cĕ ^w əpĕ ^w urəp. (The root of the plant is used for arthritis, any kind of inflammation, sprains, scrapes or cuts.)
2. piĕəĕ inĕilx uĕ sak^wt . (My hand got pinched and it swole.)
3. təstəpsimx ^w istmɤält uĕ sək^wsak^wt i?_sqəʔqʔim (My cows tits filled up and her tits swole up.)
7. cxsas- sprain
reduplication: cxəxsas
example sentences:
1. i?_sɤaχ ^w ips cĕ ^w uimsts ha cǫlǫlscim, xi?mich stim ha csak^wt , ha cxsas , ha cniĕək, ha cĕ ^w əpĕ ^w urəp. (The root of the plant is used for arthritis, any kind of inflammation, sprains, scrapes or cuts.)
2. tə_ĕtĕpĕ ^w cinxn uĕ ʔasilm i?_ĕmĕmĕcinxns xəxsas . (When he twisted both of his ankles he sprained them.)
3. kn_ĕtχsəscinxn. (I sprained my ankle.)
8. cĕ^wəpĕ^wurəp- cramp
example sentences:
1. i?_sɤaχ ^w ips cĕ ^w uimsts ha cǫlǫlscim, xi?mich stim ha csak^wt , ha cxsas, ha cniĕək, ha cĕ^wəpĕ^wurəp . (The root of the plant is used for arthritis, any kind of inflammation, sprains, scrapes or cuts.)
2. miyát lk ^w ut isĕtərqpcút uĕ kn_ĕ ^w urĕ ^w urəp. (I ran so far I got cramps)
3. lut akstx ^w ?áqs mi sic k ^w _x ^w uy cɤacɤáwix cm k ^w _ĕ ^w urĕ ^w urəp. (Don't eat too much before going swimming or you might get cramps.)
9. ĕqant- dig up / uncover by digging
reduplication: ĕəqĕiqĕnt
conjugations:
1. kn_ĕqam, k ^w _ĕqam, ĕqam, k ^w u_ĕqam, p_ĕqam, ĕqaməix
2. kn_səĕĕqmix, k ^w _səĕĕqmix, səĕĕqmix, k ^w u_səĕĕqmix, p_səĕĕqmix, səĕĕqmixəix
3. kn_sĕqmix, k ^w _sĕqmix, sĕqmix, k ^w u_sĕqmix, p_sĕqmix, sĕqmixəix
4. kn_ksĕqmixa?x, k ^w _sĕqmixa?x, ksĕqmixa?x, k ^w u_ksĕqmixa?x, p_sĕqmixa?x, ksĕqmixa?xəix
5. isĕqám, asĕqám, sĕqamís, sĕqamítət, sĕqamíp, sĕqamísəix
6. ĕqĕntin, ĕqĕntix ^w , ĕqĕntis, ĕqĕntim, ĕqĕntip, ĕqĕntisəix
7. iksĕqám, aksĕqám, ksĕqĕntis, ksĕqĕntim, ksĕqĕntip, ksĕqĕntisəix
8. iksĕqám, aksĕqám, ksĕqamís, ksĕqamítət, ksĕqamíp, ksĕqamísəix
9. isĕĕqám, ascĕqám, scĕqamís, scĕqamítət, scĕqamíp, scĕqamísəix
10. ikscĕqám, akscĕqám, kscĕqamís, kscĕqamítət, kscĕqamíp, kscĕqamísəix
example sentences:
1. ĕqĕntix^w i?_sɤaχ ^w ips uĕ ksəríca?ĕtx ^w . (You dig the root and then peel it.)

2. lut akslǫqm yfat i?_stim tǫ_ǫsǫsápi?. (Don't dig up stuff from long ago.)
3. ha k ^w _sǫqáŧqa?x tǫ_patáq ǫapná? sǫlǫŧalt ? (Are you going to dig potatoes today?)
10. ksǫríca?ńt- to peel
reduplication: ksǫsǫríca?ńt
conjugations:
1. kn_ksǫríca?m, k ^w _ksǫríca?m, ksǫríca?m, k ^w u_ksǫríca?m, p_ksǫríca?m, ksǫríca?mǫlǫx
2. kn_sǫcksǫríca?x, k ^w _sǫcksǫríca?x, sǫcksǫríca?x, k ^w u_sǫcksǫríca?x, p_sǫcksǫríca?x, sǫcksǫríca?xǫlǫx
3. kn_sksǫríca?x, k ^w _sksǫríca?x, sksǫríca?x, k ^w u_sksǫríca?x, p_sksǫríca?x, sksǫríca?xǫlǫx
4. kn_ksksǫríca?a?x, k ^w _ksksǫríca?a?x, ksksǫríca?a?x, k ^w u_ksksǫríca?a?x, p_ksksǫríca?a?x, ksksǫríca?a?xǫlǫx
5. isksǫríca?m, asksǫríca?m, sksǫríca?ńs, sksǫríca?ńtǫt, sksǫríca?ńp, sksǫríca?ńsǫlǫx
6. ksǫríca?ń, ksǫríca?ńtx ^w , ksǫríca?s, ksǫríca?ńtm, ksǫríca?ńtp, ksǫríca?sǫlǫx
6a. cksǫríca?stn, cksǫríca?stx ^w , cksǫríca?stns, cksǫríca?stnm, cksǫríca?stnp, cksǫríca?stnsǫlǫx
7. iksksǫríca?m, aksksǫríca?m, ksksǫríca?s, ksksǫríca?ńtm, ksksǫríca?ńtp, ksksǫríca?sǫlǫx
8. iksksǫríca?m, aksksǫríca?m, ksksǫríca?ńs, ksksǫríca?ńtǫt, ksksǫríca?ńp, ksksǫríca?ńsǫlǫx
9. iscksǫríca?m, ascksǫríca?m, scksǫríca?ńs, scksǫríca?ńtǫt, scksǫríca?ńp, scksǫríca?ńsǫlǫx
10. ikscksǫríca?m, akscksǫríca?m, kscksǫríca?ńs, kscksǫríca?ńtǫt, kscksǫríca?ńp, kscksǫríca?ńsǫlǫx
example sentences:
1. ǫńńtix i?_sǫaǫ ^w íps ul ksǫríca?ńtx ^w . (You dig the root and then peel it.)
2. i?_smúk ^w a?xn cpǫlǫl ixí? ǫast k ^w _ksǫrcinm. (The sunflower when they first grow they're good to peel and eat.)
3. i?_k ^w iǫt ǫa_cǫíq ^w sts i?_sǫa?cínm cksǫríca?stns. (When some skin a deer, they peel the skin off.)
11. tǫsíca?ńst- bad for the skin / bother the skin
reduplication: tǫksǫsíca?ńst
conjugations:
1. kn_tǫsíca?m
2. kn_sǫctǫsíca?x
3. kn_stǫsíca?x
4. kn_kstǫsíca?a?x
5. istǫsíca?m
6. ctǫsíca?ńm, ctǫsíca?ńmńtx ^w , ctǫsíca?ńs, ctǫsíca?ńmńtm, ctǫsíca?ńmńtp, ctǫsíca?ńsǫlǫx
6a. ctǫsíca?ństn, ctǫsíca?ństx ^w , ctǫsíca?ństns, ctǫsíca?ństnm, ctǫsíca?ństnp, ctǫsíca?ństnsǫlǫx
7. iksctǫsíca?m, aksctǫsíca?m, ksctǫsíca?ńs, ksctǫsíca?ńmńtm, ksctǫsíca?ńmńtp, ksctǫsíca?ńsǫlǫx
8. iksctǫsíca?m, aksctǫsíca?m, ksctǫsíca?ńs, ksctǫsíca?ńmńtǫt, ksctǫsíca?ńp, ksctǫsíca?ńsǫlǫx
9. isctǫsíca?m, asctǫsíca?m, sctǫsíca?ńs, sctǫsíca?ńmńtǫt, sctǫsíca?ńp, sctǫsíca?ńsǫlǫx
10. iksctǫsíca?m, aksctǫsíca?m, ksctǫsíca?ńs, ksctǫsíca?ńmńtǫt, ksctǫsíca?ńp, ksctǫsíca?ńsǫlǫx
example sentences:
1. ǫa_cla?kín ctǫsíca?ństns i?_knaqs, ixí? ka?acqa?íca?, tǫsíca?ńs, cmay ǫa_cksar lut kstǫsíca?ństns. (Some people are sensitive to the fibers and can develop a rash, so if you peel it, maybe there won't be a

problem with the skin.)
2. ʔa_ctkʰsɨ́caʔm̥ntxʷ iʔ_stim uʔ kʷ_puct. (If you are allergic to somethings you could get sores.)
3. ctkʰsɨ́caʔm̥sts iʔ_sʎaʔcɨ́nm spur̥nt. (He's allergic to deer hair.)
12. kaʔacqaʔícaʔ- skin rash / blisters
reduplication: kaʔacʔacqaʔícaʔ
example sentences:
1. ʔa_claʔkɨ́n ctkʰsɨ́caʔm̥sts iʔ_knaqs, ixíʔ kaʔacqaʔícaʔ, tʰkʰsɨ́caʔm̥s, cmay ʔa_cksar lut kstʰkʰsɨ́caʔm̥sts. (Some people are sensitive to the fibers and can develop a rash, so if you peel it, maybe there won't be a problem with the skin.)
2. ʔiʔ ilíʔ siw̥səs iʔ_s̥tm̥ʎalt sqʔim uʔ skaʔacqícaʔs. (As soon as he drinks cow's milk, he gets a rash.)
3. xʷʔit iʔ_sqilxʷ ʎaxʷt tɨ́_sqilt ʔum̥səlx sʔacqʔícaʔ. (Lots of people died from the illness called small pox.)
13. cksar- to skin
reduplication: cksərsar
conjugations:
1. kn_sram, kʷ_sram,
2. kn_səcsɨ́mix, kʷ_səcsɨ́mix,
3. kn_sɨ́mix, kʷ_sɨ́mix,
4. kn_ksɨ́míxaʔx, kʷ_sɨ́míxaʔx,
5. isrám, asrám, sram̥s, sram̥tət, sram̥p, sram̥səlx
6. sɨ́ntin, sɨ́ntixʷ, sɨ́ntis, sɨ́ntim, sɨ́ntip, sɨ́ntisəlx
6a. cksɨ́stin, cksɨ́stixʷ, cksɨ́stis, cksɨ́stim, cksɨ́stip, cksɨ́stisəlx
7. iksrám, aksrám, ksɨ́ntis, ksɨ́ntim, ksɨ́ntip, ksɨ́ntisəlx
8. iksrám, aksrám, ksram̥s, ksram̥tət, ksram̥p, ksram̥səlx
9. iscsrám, ascscrám, scsram̥s, scsram̥tət, scsram̥p, scsram̥səlx
10. ikscsrám, akscsrám, kscsram̥s, kscsram̥tət, kscsram̥p, kscsram̥səlx
example sentences:
1. ʔa_claʔkɨ́n ctkʰsɨ́caʔm̥sts iʔ_knaqs, ixíʔ kaʔacqaʔícaʔ, tʰkʰsɨ́caʔm̥s, cmay ʔa_cksar lut kstʰkʰsɨ́caʔm̥sts. (Some people are sensitive to the fibers and can develop a rash, so if you peel it, maybe there won't be a problem with the skin.)
2. iʔ_pənanás cksar mi sic ʔiʔntxʷ. (You have to peel bananas before you can eat it.)
3. kʷ_ʔə_píʎm ixíʔ cksɨ́stixʷ. (When you dig bitterroot you peel them.)
4. cki̥tm̥ tə_cəcámaʔt tə_yult uʔ cksɨ́stisəlx. (They cut down small logs and they peel them.)
14. hɨ́rḁnt- soak something
reduplication: hɨ́hɨ́rḁnt
conjugations:
1. kn_hɨ́ram, kʷ_hɨ́ram,

2. kn_səchímix, kʷ_səchímix,
3. kn_shímix, kʷ_shímix,
4. kn_kshímíxaʔx, kʷ_shímíxaʔx,
5. ishíam, ashíam, shíams, shíamtət, shíam̐p, shíamsəlx
6. híntin, híntixʷ, híntis, híntim, híntip, híntisəlx
- 6a. chístin, chístixʷ, chístis, chístim, chístip, chístisəlx
7. ikshíam, akshíam, kshíntis, kshíntim, kshíntip, kshíntisəlx
8. ikshíam, akshíam, kshíams, kshíamtət, kshíam̐p, kshíamsəlx
9. ischíam, aschíam, schíams, schíamtət, schíam̐p, schíamsəlx
10. ikschíam, akschíam, kschíams, kschíamtət, kschíam̐p, kschíamsəlx

example sentences:

1. ʔa_kʔkʷuilmnm itlíʔ kʷ_ckʷnim uʔ híntixʷ ʔ_siwʔkʷ ixíʔ uʔ ʔsacntxʷ iʔ_ʔ anʔsacmn. (Then when you want to use it take out a piece and soak it in water then mash it up or blend it.)
2. kʷh̄xasq̄t akshíam asípiʔ mi sic ʔíq̄ntxʷ ? (For a few days you soak your hide before you can scrape it.)
3. híh̄rañt as̄cuʔcuʔxán mi sic m̄miñtxʷ. (Soak your feet before you rub them.)

15. ʔsacñt- mash something

reduplication: ʔacʔsacñt

conjugations:

1. kn_ʔsacm, kʷ_ʔsacm,
2. kn_sacʔsacx, kʷ_sacʔsacx,
3. kn_sʔsacx, kʷ_sʔsacx,
4. kn_ksʔsácaʔx, kʷ_sʔsácaʔx,
5. isʔsác, asʔsác, sʔsács, sʔsáctət, sʔsácm̐p, sʔsácsəlx
6. ʔsacn, ʔsacntxʷ, ʔsacs, ʔsacntm, ʔsacntp, ʔsacsəlx
- 6a. cʔsacstn, cʔsacstxʷ, cʔsacsts, cʔsacstm, cʔsacstp, cʔsacstsəlx
7. iksʔsác, aksʔsác, ksʔsacs, ksʔsacntm, ksʔsacntp, ksʔsacsəlx
8. iksʔsác, aksʔsác, ksʔsacs, ksʔsactət, ksʔsácm̐p, ksʔsacsəlx
9. iscʔsác, ascʔsác, scʔsacs, scʔsáctət, scʔsácm̐p, scʔsacsəlx
10. ikscʔsác, akscʔsác, kscʔsacs, kscʔsactət, kscʔsácm̐p, kscʔsacsəlx

example sentences:

1. ʔa_kʔkʷuilmnm itlíʔ kʷ_ckʷnim uʔ híntixʷ ʔ_siwʔkʷ ixíʔ uʔ ʔsacntxʷ iʔ_ʔ anʔsacmn. (Then when you want to use it take out a piece and soak it in water then mash it up or blend it.)
2. ʔsacñt iʔ_patáq. (Mash the potatoes.)
3. ʔa_kstixitkʷm iʔ_sx̄ʷusm ʔacʔsacñt iʔ_s̄p̄yqatq mi sic kʔs̄añtxʷ. (When you're going to juice the soapberries, you mash it before you strain it.)

16. x̄ʷicñt- chop, to cut up

reduplication: x̄ʷc̄x̄ʷicñt

conjugations:

1. kn_ǰwícm, k^w_ǰwícm,
2. kn_sǰcǰwícx, k^w_sǰcǰwícx,
3. kn_sǰǰwícx, k^w_sǰǰwícx,
4. kn_ksǰwíca?x, k^w_sǰwíca?x,
5. isǰwíc, asǰwíc, sǰwícs, sǰwíctǰt, sǰwícmǰp, sǰwícsǰlx
6. ǰwícn, ǰwícnǰtx^w, ǰwícs, ǰwícnǰtm, ǰwícnǰtp, ǰwícsǰlx
- 6a. cǰwícn, cǰwícnǰtx^w, cǰwícs, cǰwícnǰtm, cǰwícnǰtp, cǰwícsǰlx
7. iksǰwícm, aksǰwícm, ksǰwícs, ksǰwícnǰtm, ksǰwícnǰtp, ksǰwícsǰlx
8. iksǰwíc, aksǰwíc, ksǰwícs, ksǰwíctǰt, ksǰwícmǰp, ksǰwícsǰlx
9. iscǰwíc, ascǰwíc, scǰwícs, scǰwíctǰt, scǰwícmǰp, scǰwícsǰlx
10. ikscǰwíc, akscǰwíc, kscǰwícs, kscǰwíctǰt, kscǰwícmǰp, kscǰwícsǰlx

example sentences:

1. íi? ilí? tǰ_tix^wntx^w aksk^wúlmnm, ksríca?nt, cíwntx^w, naníkntx^w uǰ ǰwícnǰtx^w i?_ǰ_ánǰfǰacmn. (If you use it fresh you can peel it, chop it up, add water and put it in a blender.)
2. ǰwícnǰtx^w i?_sq^wǰayála?x^ws uǰ nǰpísu?nt. (I chopped his grass and then I watered it.)
3. ǰwícn i?_sq^wǰayála?x. (I cut the grass.)
4. ha k^w_snǰcíxa?x tǰ_patáq ? kǰq^wusnt, cíwnt uǰ ǰwícnǰtx^w. (Are you going to fry potatoes? Peel it, wash it and chop it up.)
5. kn_ksnǰcíxa?x tǰ_patáq. ǰwícn uǰ cíwnt mi sic nǰcíxn. (I'm going to fry potatoes. I chop them up, wash them and then I fry them.)
6. patáq mat ?así ǰwícnǰtx^w uǰ márwí?ntx^w i?_ǰ_sǰxítks^ws. (Slice maybe two potatoes and mix them into the soup.)

17. nǰcǰqant- put something in something

reduplication: nǰcǰcǰqant

conjugations:

1. kn_nǰcǰqam, k^w_nǰcǰqam,
2. kn_sǰcǰnǰcǰqmix, k^w_sǰcǰnǰcǰqmix,
3. kn_sǰnǰcǰqmix, k^w_sǰnǰcǰqmix,
4. kn_ksǰnǰcǰqmíxa?x, k^w_sǰnǰcǰqmíxa?x,
5. isnǰcǰqam, asnǰcǰqam, snǰcǰqams, snǰcǰqamtǰt, snǰcǰqamǰp, snǰcǰqamsǰlx
6. nǰcǰqntin, nǰcǰqntix^w, nǰcǰqntis, nǰcǰqntim, nǰcǰqntip, nǰcǰqntisǰlx
- 6a. cǰnǰcǰqstin, cǰnǰcǰqstix^w, cǰnǰcǰqstis, cǰnǰcǰqstim, cǰnǰcǰqstip, cǰnǰcǰqstisǰlx
7. iksnǰcǰqám, aksnǰcǰqám, ksnǰcǰqntis, ksnǰcǰqntim, ksnǰcǰqntip, ksnǰcǰqntisǰlx
8. iksnǰcǰqám, aksnǰcǰqám, ksnǰcǰqams, ksnǰcǰqamtǰt, ksnǰcǰqamǰp, ksnǰcǰqamsǰlx
9. iscnǰcǰqám, ascnǰcǰqám, scnǰcǰqams, scnǰcǰqamtǰt, scnǰcǰqamǰp, scnǰcǰqamsǰlx
10. ikscnǰcǰqám, akscnǰcǰqám, kscnǰcǰqams, kscnǰcǰqamtǰt, kscnǰcǰqamǰp, kscnǰcǰqamsǰlx

example sentences:

1. nǰcǰqant ǰ_ánǰcǰtmin uǰ ilí? cǰqǰsápi?. (Put it in your frig and it will keep there for a while.)

2. húma? k ^w u_ńcəqəqłtik ^w ińłkalát. (Please put my loaves of bread in the oven.)
3. ńcəqńtin ińpúyxn mi k ^w u_ķ ^w ulłts ińqəcqícəc. (I put my car in the garage so they can fix my tires.)
18. słukśála?x^w - paste / mud / clay
reduplication: słusłukśála?x ^w
example sentences:
1. ca?k ^w čxił tə_słukśála?x ^w itlı? utánt ĩ_ahkılx uł mińńt la?kín a?_cqılqıt. (It should be like a paste and put it on your hand and rub it where it hurts.)
2. ła_cqıi--t uł ńłusłukśála?x ^w ixı? uł kn_cńłusák. (When it rains it gets muddy and I'm stuck in the mud.)
3. i?_k ^w uk ^w ús ĩ_słukśála?x ^w ka? cħsańcút. (Pigs use the mud to cool off.)
19. ńħsitk^w - tincture / good in the water
reduplication: ńħəsħsitk ^w
example sentences:
1. itlı? nix ^w ĩ_aksķ ^w úłm čxił tə_ńħsitk ^w . (Another way to prepare chocolate tip is as a tincture.)
2. i?_təħ ^w təħ ^w tałı ńħsitk ^w tə_scsiwst. (Cherrys makes a good drink.)
3. iklı? ńħsitk ^w i?_siwłk ^w . ti? ńħsałk ^w . (The water is really good over there. It's clear.)
20. kćx^wína?ńt - pour liquid on something
reduplication: kćəx ^w ćx ^w ína?ńt
conjugations:
1. kn_kćx ^w ína?m, k ^w _kćx ^w ína?m,
2. kn_səckćx ^w ína?x, k ^w _səckćx ^w ína?x,
3. kn_skćx ^w ína?x, k ^w _skćx ^w ína?x,
4. kn_kskćx ^w ína?a?x, k ^w _skćx ^w ína?a?x,
5. iskćx ^w ína?, askćx ^w ína?, skćx ^w ína?s, skćx ^w ína?tət, skćx ^w ína?m̩p, skćx ^w ína?səłx
6. kćx ^w ína?n, kćx ^w ína?ńtx ^w , kćx ^w ína?s, kćx ^w ína?ńtm, kćx ^w ína?ńtp, kćx ^w ína?səłx
6a. ckćx ^w ína?stn, ckćx ^w ína?stx ^w , ckćx ^w ína?sts, ckćx ^w ína?stm, ckćx ^w ína?stp, ckćx ^w ína?stsəłx
7. ikskćx ^w ína?m, akskćx ^w ína?m, kskćx ^w ína?s, kskćx ^w ína?ńtm, kskćx ^w ína?ńtp, kskćx ^w ína?səłx
8. ikskćx ^w ína?, akskćx ^w ína?, kskćx ^w ína?s, kskćx ^w ína?tət, kskćx ^w ína?m̩p, kskćx ^w ína?səłx
9. isckćx ^w ína?, asckćx ^w ína?, sckćx ^w ína?s, sckćx ^w ína?tət, sckćx ^w ína?m̩p, sckćx ^w ína?səłx
10. iksckćx ^w ína?, aksckćx ^w ína?, ksckćx ^w ína?s, ksckćx ^w ína?tət, ksckćx ^w ína?m̩p, ksckćx ^w ína?səłx
example sentences:
1. tə_ķ ^w ullńnúńtx ^w čxił atá? ixı? uł lut aksəcśáha? km k ^w _tə_nikək itı? kćəćx ^w ína?ńt uł lut ksak ^w ts. (When you use it like this, it makes it so you don't get a cold or an infection when you cut yourself.)
2. kík ^w m mi ńħwaw. way ti? kćx ^w ína?ńt tə_siwłk ^w . (It's almost dried out. Pour a little water on it.)
3. kćəx ^w ćx ^w ína?ńt i?_sk ^w ańłq. (Pour water on the plants.)
21. ńcuy - dark (in there)

reduplication: nćýćuy
example sentences:
1. cx?it nćuy akłnutnmín kʷəkʷyúma? uł əktćəcxʷmin. (First you need a small dark bottle with a dropper.)
2. kʷu_tə_nćusəs ti? kn_nćýćuýs. (When he punched me in the eyes, I had two black eyes)
3. ti? kłklaxʷ i?_řiyátıxʷ uł ć?uy. (As soon as the sun goes down it gets dark.)
22. ćəcxʷmiń- dropper
example sentences:
1. cx?it nćuy akłnutnmín kʷəkʷyúma? uł əktćəcxʷmin. (First you need a small dark bottle with a dropper.)
2. i?_tə_ćəcxʷmin mi kʷ_kćəcxʷćəxʷusm. (With an eye dropper you drop a little in your eyes)
3. i?_ćəcxʷmin kłksúxʷma?tn. (Droppers have a measure on it.)
23. řʷađʷńt- grind something
reduplication: řʷđʷřʷađʷńt
conjugations:
1. kn_řʷađʷm, kʷ_řʷađʷm,
2. kn_səcřʷađʷx, kʷ_səcřʷađʷx,
3. kn_sřʷađʷx, kʷ_sřʷađʷx,
4. kn_ksřʷađʷa?x, kʷ_sřʷađʷa?x,
5. isřʷađʷ, asřʷađʷ, sřʷađʷs, sřʷađʷtət, sřʷađʷm̐p, sřʷađʷsəlx
6. řʷađʷn, řʷađʷńtxʷ, řʷađʷs, řʷađʷńtm, řʷađʷńtp, řʷađʷsəlx
6a. cřʷađʷstn, cřʷađʷstxʷ, cřʷađʷsts, cřʷađʷstm, cřʷađʷstp, cřʷađʷstsəlx
7. iksřʷađʷm, aksřʷađʷm, ksřʷađʷs, ksřʷađʷńtm, ksřʷađʷńtp, ksřʷađʷsəlx
8. iksřʷađʷ, aksřʷađʷ, ksřʷađʷs, ksřʷađʷtət, ksřʷađʷm̐p, ksřʷađʷsəlx
9. iscřʷađʷ, ascřʷađʷ, scřʷađʷs, scřʷađʷtət, scřʷađʷm̐p, scřʷađʷsəlx
10. ikscřʷađʷ, akscřʷađʷ, kscřʷađʷs, kscřʷađʷtət, kscřʷađʷm̐p, kscřʷađʷsəlx
example sentences:
1. řʷađʷńtxʷ i?_řayú? uł n̐třańt ł_laputáy sic kćxʷína?ńt tə_nkʷəckʷcitkʷ tə_nqʷřatn. (Grind the chocolate tip and put it into a bottle and then add some strong liquor.)
2. i?_skəkřaka? kłńřʷađʷmn, cřʷađʷsts i?_sřřńs. (Chickens have a gizzard to grind up their food)
3. cřʷađʷstxʷ i?_səsřqin mi sic kʷull tə_lparín. (You grind the grain to make it into flour.)
24. n̐třańt- pour/dump mush
reduplication: n̐třańt
conjugations:
1. kn_n̐třam, kʷ_nćqam,
2. kn_səcńtřax, kʷ_səcńtřax,
3. kn_sńtřax, kʷ_sńtřax,

4. kn_ksńpńtmśaxa?x, k^_śńpńtmśaxa?x,
5. isńpńśam, asńpńśam, śńpńśamś, śńpńśamtət, śńpńśamńp, śńpńśamśəlx
6. ńpńńśan, ńpńńśax^, ńpńńśas, ńpńńśam, ńpńńśap, ńpńńśasəlx
- 6a. cńpństśan, cńpństśax^, cńpństśas, cńpństśam, cńpństśap, cńpństśasəlx
7. iksńpńśám, aksńpńśám, ksńpńńśas, ksńpńńśam, ksńpńńśap, ksńpńńśasəlx
8. iksńpńśám, aksńpńśám, ksńpńśamś, ksńpńśamtət, ksńpńśamńp, ksńpńśamśəlx
9. iscńpńśám, ascńpńśám, scńpńśamś, scńpńśamtət, scńpńśamńp, scńpńśamśəlx
10. ikscńpńśám, akscńpńśám, kscńpńśamś, kscńpńśamtət, kscńpńśamńp, kscńpńśamśəlx

example sentences:

1. ǰ^aǰ^ńtx^ i?_śayú? uł ńpńśańt ĩ_laputáy sic kćx^ína?ńt tə_ńk^wəck^w^c^itk^w tə_ńq^w^fatn. (Grind the chocolate tip and put it into a bottle and then add some strong liquor.)
2. Ia?kín mi ńpńńśan i?_śńpńq^w^itk^w ? (Where should I pour this mush in?)
3. ńpńpńśańt ĩ_laputáy. (Pour it in the jars.)

25. ńk^w^c^itk^w- strong liquid

reduplication: ńk^w^əck^w^c^itk^w

example sentences:

1. ǰ^aǰ^ńtx^ i?_śayú? uł ńpńśańt ĩ_laputáy sic kćx^ína?ńt tə_ńk^w^əck^w^c^itk^w tə_ńq^w^fatn. (Grind the chocolate tip and put it into a bottle and then add some strong liquor.)
2. i?_siwłk^w a?_ck^w^ulmństm kł_śayú? unix^ ńk^w^əck^w^c^itk^w. (The liquid we use for the śayú? is a strong alcohol.)
3. ixí uł ta?lí ńk^w^c^itk^w ta_kscsiwst. (That's a strong drink to have.)

26. ńq^w^fatn / ńq^w^fawtn- liquor

reduplication: ńq^w^faq^w^fatn / ńq^w^faq^w^fawtn

example sentences:

1. ǰ^aǰ^ńtx^ i?_śayú? uł ńpńśańt ĩ_laputáy sic kćx^ína?ńt tə_ńk^w^əck^w^c^itk^w tə_ńq^w^fatn. (Grind the chocolate tip and put it into a bottle and then add some strong liquor.)
2. x^wu?sm i?_ńq^w^fatn. (There's a lot of different kinds of alcoholic drinks.)
3. x^w?it tə_ńq^w^fawtn iscsiwst uł kn_titaláp tə_śq^w^aw. (I drank a lot of alcohol and I stagard around I was so drunk.)

27. ǰ^w^aymństím- shake something

reduplication: ǰ^w^ǰ^w^ayáy / ǰ^w^ǰ^w^aymństím

conjugations:

1. kn_ǰ^w^ayám, k^_ǰ^w^ayám,
2. kn_śəcǰ^w^aymíx, k^_śəcǰ^w^aymíx,
3. kn_śq^w^aymíx, k^_śq^w^aymíx,
4. kn_ksǰ^w^aymíxa?x, k^_ksǰ^w^aymíxa?x,
5. isǰ^w^ayám, asǰ^w^ayám, śq^w^ayámś, śq^w^ayámətət, śq^w^ayámńp, śq^w^ayámśəlx

6. q̄wʷaym̄ntín, q̄wʷaym̄ntíxʷ, q̄wʷaym̄ntís, q̄wʷaym̄ntím, q̄wʷaym̄ntíp, q̄wʷaym̄ntísəlx
 6a. c̄q̄wʷaym̄stín, c̄q̄wʷaym̄stíxʷ, c̄q̄wʷaym̄stís, c̄q̄wʷaym̄stím, c̄q̄wʷaym̄stíp, c̄q̄wʷaym̄stísəlx
 7. iks̄q̄wʷayám, aks̄q̄wʷayám, ks̄q̄wʷaym̄ntís, ks̄q̄wʷaym̄ntím, ks̄q̄wʷaym̄ntíp, ks̄q̄wʷaym̄ntísəlx
 8. iks̄q̄wʷayám, aks̄q̄wʷayám, ks̄q̄wʷayáms, ks̄q̄wʷayám̄tət, ks̄q̄wʷayám̄p, ks̄q̄wʷayámsəlx
 9. isc̄q̄wʷayám, asc̄q̄wʷayám, sc̄q̄wʷayáms, sc̄q̄wʷayám̄tət, sc̄q̄wʷayám̄p, sc̄q̄wʷayámsəlx
 10. iksc̄q̄wʷayám, aksc̄q̄wʷayám, ksc̄q̄wʷayáms, ksc̄q̄wʷayám̄tət, ksc̄q̄wʷayám̄p, ksc̄q̄wʷayámsəlx

example sentences:

1. yʷat s̄x̄l̄x̄ʷaít q̄wʷaym̄stíxʷ iʷ_laputáy. (Every day shake the bottle.)
2. tə_s̄l̄x̄aʷtq iʷ_s̄niw̄t uʷ q̄wʷȳq̄wʷayáy iʷ_s̄cícal uʷ pkʷakʷ iʷ_s̄p̄yqaʷtq. (The wind blew so hard the trees shook and the fruit dropped off.)
3. n̄yus̄nt asqʷsqʷs̄iʷ uʷ q̄wʷaym̄stíkʷ. (Put your baby in the baby board then shake him.)

28. s̄x̄wʷap- droplet / drop

reduplication: s̄əx̄ʷs̄x̄wʷap

example sentences:

1. iʷ_tl̄ n̄c̄xʷmīns naqs km ʷas̄il s̄x̄wʷap aks̄q̄mám. (Every day shake the bottle. Swallow one or two drops.)
2. tə_ks̄kʷūlm̄ tə_s̄x̄wʷusm̄ n̄t̄xitkʷ, n̄pus̄nt uʷ n̄p̄tʷānt̄ l̄_ł̄áqnaʷ k̄ʷʷayq̄nt̄ uʷ k̄təxʷpānt̄ uʷ ilíʷ s̄x̄wʷap. (When your going to make soapberrie juice, boil the fruit pour into a bag, tie it, and hang to drip.)
3. kʷ_tə_x̄w̄wíltnm̄ tə_s̄ł̄aʷc̄inm̄ tə_q̄w̄uct̄ cʷix̄ uʷ ix̄iʷ s̄əsx̄ʷs̄x̄wʷaps. (When you dry deer meat, if it's fat it gets hot and then it drips.)

04. sk^wńk^winm

sʔaʔúms

ʒaʔím	melt
pícaʔ	digging stick
patáq ʕqmin	potato fork
qalt	raw
kilx ^w ícaʔ	to peel / to skin
súllaʔx ^w	frozen ground
pəpus	tender
sxlakək	minute
márwíʔńt	mix something

smýmay

<p>iʔ_{sk^wńk^winm} əcwíćstsəlx iʔ_{smik^wt} tiʔ_{ʒaʔím}. tiʔ pəqpiq iʔ_{scaʔćʔak^ws} uʔ əcúúʔs. tiʔ yʒat taʔkín iʔ_{ǀʔaʔx^wút} uʔ iʔ_{ǀaʔcmq^wmaq^w}. ʔa_{kswíćm}, tə_{pícaʔ} aksk^wúlmnm. ʒapnáʔ aksk^wúlmnm iʔ_{patáq ʕqmin}. ʔa_{cplal} iʔ_{spəpísʕaʔts} mat tə_{k^waʔílk} naʕmʔ ʕaʔ cəcámaʔt. tiʔ qalt uʔ ʔiʔńtx^w km ńpusńtx^w, ilíʔ əckilx^wícaʔ ʔə_{x^wk^wntix^w}. ʔa_{ksk^wumnm} lut ńk^wuilmns aʔiʔ əckstwiłx. naʕmʔ ǀ_{ńćtmin} cəqəqsápiʔ ilíʔ. km liqńtx^{w laʔkín lut ʔa_{csúllaʔx^w}.}</p> <p>iʔ_{sk^wńk^winm} sk^wíćńcut ńqmińtx^w iʔ_{ǀńpusmn} ʔkap. ńpusńtx^w uʔ pəpus. mat ʔupńkst sxlakək. ʔiʔńtx^w əctiʔćxíʔ km márwíʔńtx^w iʔ_{ǀstxitk^w}.</p>	<p>melt</p> <p>digging stick</p> <p>potato fork</p> <p>raw</p> <p>peeling / skin</p> <p>frozen ground</p> <p>tender</p> <p>minute</p> <p>mix</p>
---	--

sńsúx^wnaʔ swʔtíʔn

1. pńkin kaʔ cwíćstm iʔ_{sk^wńk^winm} ?
2. ćkin iʔ_{scaʔćʔak^ws} iʔ_{sk^wńk^winm} ?
3. kaʔkín kaʔ cplal iʔ_{sk^wńk^winm} ?
4. tə_{stim} akswíćm iʔ_{sk^wńk^winm} ?

5. ckin i?_spəpísł̥aʔts i?_skʷh̥kʷinm ?
6. xkinm mi kʷ_ckʷum tə_skʷh̥kʷinm ?
7. ckin i?_skʷíc̥c̥cuts i?_skʷh̥kʷinm ?

skʰʔism tə_ǰilm sʔaʔúms

A. Customary Transitive- rewrite the sentence using the new prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

Example: i?_skʷh̥kʷinm əcwíct̥səł̥x i?_smikʷt̥ ti?_saʔím. Spuds are dug once the snow melts.

1. ʔítʰaʔ / iñcá / k̥l̥_ql̥spilx
2. skʷh̥kʷinm / anwí / naʔt̥ añqáqnaʔ
3. pataq / Plasí / t̥ə_kaʔáym
4. s̥ł̥ukʷm / mniñt̥ət̥ / k̥l̥_aʔ_mqʷmaqʷ
5. sp̥ił̥m / mniñt̥əmp̥ / naʔt̥ Ssañt̥ícaʔ
6. sxʷixʷ / cniʔcəł̥x / mi taʔmúlaʔxʷ

B. Customary Transitive- rewrite the sentence using the new prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

Example: t̥_aks̥wíc̥m, t̥ə_pícaʔ aks̥kʷúlm̥nm. When you dig it, you use a digger.

1. tiáqʷtst / iñcá / nił̥mn
2. ʰwíc̥h̥t̥ / anwí / ñʔsacmn
3. qʷlañt̥ / Pacís / ʔap̥ił̥líp
4. ñpusñt̥ / mniñt̥əmp̥ / ñpusmn
5. liq̥h̥t̥ / mniñt̥ət̥ / lapál
6. mářwiʔñt̥ / cniʔcəł̥x / sílxʷaʔ ł̥umn

ckʷuilm̥stm i?_sʔaʔúms

1. ʒaʒim melted
example sentences:
1. iʔ_skwʰnkʷinm əcwíçst̥səl̥x iʔ_smiḱʷt̥ tiʔ_ʒaʒim. (Indian potatoes are dug as soon as the snow melts.)
2. xʷustx ʔiʰnt̥ asulsqʒim cm ʒaʒim. (Hurry and eat your icecream it might melt.)
3. lut akstxʷəst̥ikn̥ t̥ə_sxʷuynt̥ aʰiʔ taʔli ʒaʒim cm kʷ_ñlukʷt̥. (Dont walk on the ice its been melting and you might break thru.)
2. ʒqmin- digger / tool for digging things up
Reduplication; ʒqʒqmin
example sentences:
1. ʒapnáʔ akskʷúimnm iʔ_patáq ʒqmin. (Nowadays you can use a potato fork.)
2. xʷuʔúsm iʔ_ʒqʒqmin. (There are a lot of different kinds of diggers)
3. iʔ_ʒʷiʒt̥ p̥ísʒaʔt̥ kʷulmn̥ cʒqam. (Some are huge machine diggers.)
3. qait- raw
reduplication: qíqait̥
example sentences:
1. tiʔ qait̥ uʔ ʔiʰnt̥xʷ km ʰpusnt̥xʷ, ilíʔ əckil̥xʷíçaʔ t̥ə_xʷkʷntixʷ. (They are eaten fresh or after steaming, with the skin left on when you clean them.)
2. iʔ_qait̥ iʔ_sʰiqʷ lut̥ í_çait̥ lut̥ ks̥qsápiʔs uʔ way k̥st̥wiʒx. (If raw meat is not stored in a cool place it will soon get spoiled.)
3. iʔ_skn̥k̥nusəs̥ tiʔ ilíʔ qait̥ iʔ_sʰiqʷ uʔ ʔiʰs. (The animals eat their meat raw.)
4. kil̥xʷíçaʔ- peeling / skin of a plant
reduplication: kil̥yil̥xʷíçaʔ
example sentences:
1. tiʔ qait̥ uʔ ʔiʰnt̥xʷ km ʰpusnt̥xʷ, ilíʔ əckil̥xʷíçaʔ t̥ə_xʷkʷntixʷ. (They are eaten fresh or after steaming, with the skin left on when you clean them.)
2. iʔ_l̥útiʔ kskʷuʒis̥ iʔ_ʔuʔxʷt̥ilaʔt̥ p̥útiʔ ckil̥xʷíçaʔ t̥ə_ñtxʷsil̥tns. (Before a baby is born its covered with its birth sack.)
3. ʒasts̥ iʔ_ʔuʔxʷt̥ilaʔt̥ t̥ə_ckil̥xʷíçaʔ t̥ə_sic̥m uʔ c̥niʔús. (The new born likes to be wrapped in a blanket and put in a baby board.)
5. súllaʔxʷ- frozen ground
reduplication: sísuʒlaʔxʷ
example sentences:
1. km liq̥ñtxʷ laʔkín lut̥ aʔ_ksúllaʔxʷ. (Or you can dig a hole where the ground doesn't freeze.)
2. miyát̥ t̥ə_çait̥ t̥ə_ñps̥p̥isuʔs̥ñtxʷ askʷáñt̥q̥ ixíʔ uʔ sísuʒlaʔxʷ. (When its too cold and you irrigate your garden it will freeze the ground.)
k̥ik̥m ks̥ʔist̥kr̥ms̥ uʔ csúllaʔxʷ. (When its almost winter time the ground freezes up.)

6. pəpus- tender / soft
reduplication: pəpəspus
example sentences:
1. n̄pusn̄tx ^w uł pəpus. (Boil until tender.)
2. i?_spəplina? na?ł pspus i?_spuɾnts pəpəspus. (The rabbit's and cat's fur is soft.)
3. pəpus čxít tə_ʔu?x̄ ^w tíla?t i?_splips . (It's soft as a baby's bottom.)
7. sxíakək- minute / hour / around
reduplication: xíxalákək
example sentences:
1. mat ʔupn̄kst sxíakək. (About ten minutes.)
2. k̄inx way i?_sxíxalákəks ? (How many times has it gone around.)
3. taŋn̄ina?x ^w xík̄m̄stik ^w . (Turn it a little bit.)
8. m̄arwi?n̄t- mix something
conjugations:
1. kn_m̄arwi?, k ^w _m̄arwi?,
2. kn_səcm̄arwi?x, k ^w _səcm̄arwi?x,
3. kn_sm̄arwi?x, k ^w _sm̄arwi?x,
4. kn_ksm̄arwi?a?x, k ^w _sm̄arwi?a?x,
5. ism̄arwi?, asm̄arwi?, sm̄arwi?s, sm̄arwi?tət, sm̄arwi?m̄p, sm̄arwi?səlx
6. m̄arwi?n, m̄arwi?n̄tx ^w , m̄arwi?s, m̄arwi?n̄tm, m̄arwi?n̄tp, m̄arwi?səlx
6a. cm̄arwi?stn, cm̄arwi?stx ^w , cm̄arwi?sts, cm̄arwi?stm, cm̄arwi?stp, cm̄arwi?stsəlx
7. iksm̄arwi?m, aksm̄arwi?m, ksm̄arwi?s, ksm̄arwi?n̄tm, ksm̄arwi?n̄tp, ksm̄arwi?səlx
8. iksm̄arwi?, aksm̄arwi?, ksm̄arwi?s, ksm̄arwi?tət, ksm̄arwi?m̄p, ksm̄arwi?səlx
9. iscm̄arwi?, asc̄m̄arwi?, sc̄m̄arwi?s, sc̄m̄arwi?tət, sc̄m̄arwi?m̄p, sc̄m̄arwi?səlx
10. iksc̄m̄arwi?, aksc̄m̄arwi?, ksc̄m̄arwi?s, ksc̄m̄arwi?tət, ksc̄m̄arwi?m̄p, ksc̄m̄arwi?səlx
example sentences:
1. ʔi?n̄tx ^w əcti?čxít km m̄arwi?n̄tx ^w i?_łst̄xitk ^w . (Eat it as it is or it can be mixed with soup.)
2. i?_sx̄ ^w usm cm̄arwi? tə_ťax̄t. (The soapberries are mixed with sugar.)
3. n̄mārwi?ít̄k ^w n̄t in̄lkapí tə_sq̄im. (Mix my coffee with milk.)

05. sʎukʷm

sʎaʎúms

šsǵǵaxʷ	smell good
nixʷtúlaʎxʷ	underground
ǎcǐtǎtn	eaten
ǵápǵǐʎ	patty / cake

smýmay

<p>sʎukʷm ǎcwǐc̣ iʎ_ǐ_kmiktúʎtn. ǎcplal kǐ_wist iʎ_ǐ_sẉknaʎqínx tǵxʷúlaʎxʷs, iʎ_ǐ_hṃhmúlaʎxʷ. ǎcwǐc̣ iʎ_tǎ_pícaʎ. iʎ_sʎukʷm šsǵǵaxʷ. kǵpackǵ c̣ǵǐt tǎ_sʎukʷm iʎ_ǐ_sǵkʷaǵtǵtn. tǐʎ_piq iʎ_sʎaxʷǐps ǎcplal naqs km ʎasǐl scʎawǐkst iʎ_snixʷtúlaʎxʷs. mat naqs kǐ_mus scʎawǐkst iʎ_kswisxǵs. iʎ_sʎukʷm qalt ǎcǐtǎtn km ǎckilxʷícaʎ cǵpus. šẉntisǎlx kǐ_sʎistkm uʎ taʎntisǎlx uʎ kʷuǐsǎlx šl ǵápǵǐʎ.</p>	<p>digging stick smell good underground are eaten cake / pattys</p>
---	---

sǵsúxʷnaʎ sẉtǐtn

1. pǵkin kaʎ cwǐc̣m iʎ_sʎukʷm ?
2. kǎʎkín kaʎ cplal iʎ_sʎukʷm ?
3. tǎ_stim akswǐc̣m iʎ_sʎukʷm ?
4. ckin iʎ_packǵs iʎ_sʎukʷm ?
5. ckin iʎ_sʎaxʷǐps iʎ_sʎukʷm ?
6. xkinm mi kʷ_cʎuǐm tǎ_ǵápǵǐʎ ?

skǵʎism tǎ_šilm sʎaʎúms

A. Rewrite the sentence using the subject prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

šẉntisǎlx kǐ_sʎistkm.

EX Pitál: Pitál šẉntis kǐ_sʎistkm. Pitál dried it for winter.

1. iǵcá:
2. anwǐ:
3. ʎAtál naʎt iǵcá:
4. anwǐ naʎt asǵtǎwǐt

B. Rewrite the sentence using the subject prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

taʔntísəlx uʔ kʷulsəlx ʃl pápʃiʔ. EX mnimʔəmp: taʔntíp uʔ kʷulntp ʃl pápʃiʔ. Y'all
 pounded it

and made it into cakes.

1. ińcá:
2. anwí:
3. ʃAtál:
4. anwí naʔʔ ińcá

ckʷulmstm iʔ_sʔaʔúms

1. pícaʔ- digging stick
reduplication: pcpícaʔ
example sentences:
1. əcwíc iʔ_tə_pícaʔ, iʔ_sʔukʷm ʃsqýaxʷ. (It is dug with a digging stick and smells good.)
2. iʔ_smaʔʔim kʔpcpícaʔ ʔa_cwćwicməlx. (Women have digging sticks when they go digging roots.)
3. iʔ_pcpícaʔs kʔtqłutínaʔ ixíʔ uʔ ctqłutínaʔsts aʔiʔ cxʔtúlaʔxʷ. (Their digging sticks have a foot step they can step on because the ground can be rocky.)
2. ʃsqýaxʷ- good smell / smells good
reduplication: ʃsʃsqiyáxʷ
example sentences:
1. əcwíc iʔ_tə_pícaʔ, iʔ_sʔukʷm ʃsqýaxʷ. (It is dug with a digging stick and smells good.)
2. pʃapʃásm, ćʃaʃńcút iʔ_smaʔʔim uʔ ʃsʃsqiyáxʷəlx. (Women powder and spray themselves and they smell good.)
3. iʔ_sćaʔćaʔákʷ ʃsqiyáxʷ. (The flowers smell good.)
3. snixʷtúlaʔxʷ- underground
reduplication: nixʷnixʷtúlaʔxʷ
example sentences:
1. ʔiʔ_piq iʔ_sʃaʃwíps əcplal naqs km ʔasíl scʃawíkst iʔ_snixʷtúlaʔxʷs. (Its white root grows one or two fingers under the ground.)
2. nixʷnixʷtúlaʔxʷ aksčńtəʃwúlaʔxʷ. (Dig those holes deep)
3. nixʷút aʔ_cńkxúlaʔxʷ. (That dip is deep.)

4. ə́cítə́tɨn- is eaten
reduplication: čatʔítə́tɨn
example sentences:
1. iʔ_sʌ́ukʷm qalt ə́cítə́tɨn km əckilxʷícaʔ cɨpus. (Wild carrots can be eaten raw or boiled unpeeled.)
2. put clkip iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ mi sic ə́cítə́tɨn. (Black camas has to be pit cooked before it can be eaten.)
3. cpýqstíxʷ iʔ_sʔiqʷ mi sic ə́cítə́tɨn. (You have to cook meat before you can eat it.)
5. pápáxɨʔ- cake / patty
example sentences:
1. xwntisə́lx kl_sʔistkm ut taʔntisə́lx ut kʷulsə́lx xl pápáxɨʔ. (They dry them for winter, and they mash them and make them into cakes.)
2. márwiʔntxʷ tə_taxɨ iʔ_pápáxɨʔ ut ixíʔ kantís iʔ_sqilxʷ. (Mix with sugar and the cakes are like candy for people.)
3. ʔa_cxaw iʔ_pápáxɨʔ ut q́sápiʔ ksəckʷuɨms. (When the cake's dried it keeps for a long time.)

06. spiłm

sʔaʔúms

pílúlaʔx ^w	plant / grows on land
kʔaʔmúlaʔx ^w	close to the ground
ńway	ready
tķmíplaʔ	handle
cʔsʔap	get hard
ululím	metal
csasiǰǰx	move
ńpətk ^w úlaʔx ^w ńt	stick in the ground
ńck ^w úlaʔx ^w ńt	pull from ground
yicáńt	shake
pk ^w ak ^w	fall off
cpiǰstm	peel roots
payq	bright white
ńq̄aʔq̄ʔíws	middle
kʔpk ^w ńtim / kʔpk ^w am	drop on a surface
sńk ^w umcńtn	pantry
sǰwíłtn	dried food
hńńtim	soak
hńrap	soaked
ńp̄q̄wít ^w ńt	pour solids in water
sx ^w ic̄c̄x	gift
haʔńtím / haʔám	respect
ctxəʔstuńs / txəʔnuńt	take care of you / take care of
kcəqusńt	put on fire
kəkəptwíłx	become soft
ńp̄təłít ^w	thicken
ńtixńt	serve

smýmay

<p>i?_spiłm i?_ylmix^wm i?_tł_yŕayŕát a?_cpłlúla?x^w. yŕat i?_łsyilx tńx^wúla?x^w æcplál. ła_cplal i?_spiłm, kłta?múla?x^w i?_łtńx^wúla?x^w uł ti?_pıx^w i?_sć?ak^ws. i?_łsqipcm æcplal i?_spiłm. ǰs?iłn i?_spiłm. łsyilx tńx^wúla?x^w, nway ła_cća?ák^wm i?_síya?</p> <p>i?_łúti? ksća?ák^wms i?_spiłm uł wićńtm. ixı? uł nway. i?_tə_pıca? ka? cwıćstm i?_spiłm. ǰsápi? cł^wuıłstsəl^x i?_pıca? tł_sǰǰǰci?, tł_sńı́kłća? i?_ǰ^wmńqıńs i?_tkmıpla?s. ntk^wusəs i?_sǰǰǰci? nłkamńqńs ilı? uláp uł cłsŕap. ŕapná? i?_sqilx^w cł^wuıłmıstsəl^x i?_ululım. lut yŕat akscwıćm i?_spiłm. k^w_csasiǰıx.</p> <p>ła_kswıćm i?_spiłm, kłta?am ł_sł^wańłq nıpətk^wúla?x^wńt ańpıca?. ixı? sic nłck^wək^wúla?x^wńtx^w yıćńtıx^w i?_łúk^wla?x^w pk^wak^w. x^wk^wńtim i?_scwıćtət. ła_cx^wk^wstim cıplłstm. kłıx^wútńs i?_tkmıca?s i?_spiłm ti? payq. ła_cx?it ła_cwıć, cıplł uł i?_k^wil i?_spu?ústs i?_ł_nǰa?ǰ?ıwıs æǰ^wil. ixı? sic kłpk^wńtim mi ǰwaw. ixı? nutńtısəl^x łə_ǰwaw i?_ł_łáqna? uł æck^wum i?_ł_sńk^wumcńtn. łə_ks?iłńtm i?_sǰwıłtn, hńńtim ł_sıwłk^w. hńap uł nıpusńtx^w, márníwı?ńtx^w tə_síya? km stxałq. márníwı?ńtm tə_taxł, nıǰwıtk^wńtx^w tə_lparın. ixı? uł ?iłńtm, k^w_k^wæck^wæctwilx. ǰast k_asx^wıx^wałt. i?_spiłm sx^wıćcxtət tł_tńx^wúla?x^w. ha?ńtıx^w i?_tńx^wúla?x^w uł nıǰáyp cłxətstums.</p> <p>i?_spiłm i?_sk^wıćńcuts</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. k^w_ck^wńim tə_ǰwǰawłł spiłm tł_ascǰáwłł tə_asck^wumńcn. 2. hńńtıx^w tə_sıwłk^w, mat naqs sxłakəks. 3. kcəqusńt uł nıpusńt, ti? put kəkəptwıłx. lut ksǰəǰsápi?s aksńpúsm. 4. márníwı?ńt tə_síya? uł márníwı?ńt tə_taxł. 5. ti? xi?mıx cłıń ańǰmıńk i?_kstaxłs. 6. nıpusł uł márníwı?ńt tə_lparın. 7. nıpuł^wáńt i?_lparın, tǰ^wıwıs yırk^wqın ł_nłkəkłŕap. 8. naqs yırk^wqın tə_sıwłk^w aksńc^wám ł_lparın. 9. nıaǰlıkstmńt uł márníwı?ńt ł_síya? kswıłk^w ti? put tqılłk 	<p>plant/what grows on land; close to the ground ready</p> <p>handle get hard metal move stick in the ground pull from ground; shake; fall off; peel roots; bright white middle; drop on a surface pantry; dried food; soak; soaked; mix pour solids in water; gift respect; take care of you</p> <p>put on fire; become soft</p>
---	---

<p>i?_siwłk^w tı_sıya? na?ł spıłm. 10. n?axlıkstmnt i?_sıya? na?ł spıłm uł npust uł npłtłtk^w uł ntixntx^w.</p>	<p>thicken serve</p>
--	--------------------------

snsux^wna? swłtılın

1. stim i?_ylmix^wm i?_tı_yayıat a?_cplııla?x^w ?
2. ckin i?_splals i?_spıłm ?
3. pñkin ki? nway i?_spıłm l_syilx tñx^wıla?x^ws ?
4. qsapı?, ckin i?_pıca?s i?_syilx ? uł řapná? ?
5. kłix^wútrns i?_tkmıca?s, caknıl^w i?_spıłm ?
6. axkistm i?_spıłm ła_cx?it ła_cwić ? itlí uł stim ?
7. ł_ks?iłntm i?_spıłm, t_stim əcmaıwi?stm ?
8. səxkinx uł řast k_asx^wıx^walt i?_spıłm ?

skł?ism t_řilm s?a?úms

A. Rewrite the sentence using the subject prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

x^wk^wntim i?_scwićtət.

EX inća: x^wk^wntin i?_jscwić. I cleaned what I dug.

1. anwı:
2. Pacıs:
3. inća na?ł anwı:
4. i?_sta?ta?kmix
5. anwı na?ł asłřslářt

B. Rewrite the sentence using the subject prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

k^w_ck^wnim t_řwřawt spıłm tı_ascřaw t_asc^wumñcn.

EX inća na?ł anwı: k^wu_ck^wnim t_řwřawt spıłm i?_tı_scřawtət t_sck^wumñntət.

We take dried bitterroot from what we have dried in our food pantry.

1. inća:
2. Sřmnatk^w:

3. i?_ta?ít?ík:

4. anwí na?t ańl?íw

5. yŕayŕát i?_sacmańáya?x

ck^wulmstm i?_s?a?úrns

1. cpílúla?x^w- grow in the ground
reduplication: píplíúla?x ^w
conjugations:
1. kn_pílúla?x ^w m, k ^w _pílúla?x ^w m, pílúla?x ^w m, k ^w u_pílúla?x ^w m, p_pílúla?x ^w m, pílúla?x ^w mə́ix
2. kn_səcpílúla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w _səcpílúla?x ^w əx ^w , səcpílúla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w u_səcpílúla?x ^w əx ^w , p_səcpílúla?x ^w əx ^w , səcpílúla?x ^w əx ^w ə́ix
3. kn_splíúla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w _splíúla?x ^w əx ^w , splíúla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w u_splíúla?x ^w əx ^w , p_splíúla?x ^w əx ^w , splíúla?x ^w əx ^w sə́ix
4. kn_ksplíúla?x ^w a?x, k ^w _splíúla?x ^w a?x, ksplíúla?x ^w a?x, k ^w u_ksplíúla?x ^w a?x, p_splíúla?x ^w a?x, ksplíúla?x ^w a?xə́ix
5. isplíúla?x ^w stm, asplíúla?x ^w stm, splíúla?x ^w strns, splíúla?x ^w strntət, splíúla?x ^w strmp, splíúla?x ^w strnsə́ix
6. píúla?x ^w stn, píúla?x ^w stx ^w , píúla?x ^w sts, píúla?x ^w stm, píúla?x ^w stp, píúla?x ^w ststə́ix
6a. cpílúla?x ^w stn, cpílúla?x ^w stx ^w , cpílúla?x ^w sts, cpílúla?x ^w stm, cpílúla?x ^w stp, cpílúla?x ^w ststə́ix
7. ikspílúla?x ^w m, akspílúla?x ^w m, kspílúla?x ^w sts, kspílúla?x ^w stm, kspílúla?x ^w stp, kspílúla?x ^w ststə́ix
8. ikspílúla?x ^w m, akspílúla?x ^w m, splíúla?x ^w rns, kspílúla?x ^w rtət, kspílúla?x ^w rmp, kspílúla?x ^w rnsə́ix
9. iscpílúla?x ^w stm, ascplíúla?x ^w stm, scplíúla?x ^w strns, scplíúla?x ^w strntət, scplíúla?x ^w strmp, scplíúla?x ^w strnsə́ix
10. ikscplíúla?x ^w , akscplíúla?x ^w , kscplíúla?x ^w s, kscplíúla?x ^w tət, kscplíúla?x ^w rmp, kscplíúla?x ^w sə́ix
example sentences:
1. i?_spiłm i?_ylmix ^w m i?_tł_yŕayŕát a?_cpílúla?x ^w . (Bitterroot is the chief of everything that grows in the ground.)
2. q ^w ac uł cpípílúla?x ^w i?_sk ^w ańtq. (When it warms up the plants start to grow.)
3. nix ^w i?_sńplíws cpílúla?x ^w i?_ł_asńk ^w áńtqtn. (Weeds also grow in your garden.)
2. kłta?múla?x^w- near the ground
reduplication: kłta?łta?múla?x ^w
conjugations:
1. kn_kłta?múla?x ^w , k ^w _kłta?múla?x ^w , kłta?múla?x ^w , k ^w u_kłta?múla?x ^w , p_kłta?múla?x ^w , kłta?múla?x ^w ə́ix
2. kn_səckłta?múla?x ^w x, k ^w _səckłta?múla?x ^w x, səckłta?múla?x ^w x, k ^w u_səckłta?múla?x ^w x, p_səckłta?múla?x ^w x, səckłta?múla?x ^w xə́ix
3. kn_skłta?múla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w _skłta?múla?x ^w əx ^w , skłta?múla?x ^w əx ^w , k ^w u_skłta?múla?x ^w əx ^w , p_skłta?múla?x ^w əx ^w , skłta?múla?x ^w əx ^w ə́ix
4. kn_ksłta?múla?x ^w a?x, k ^w _słta?łta?múla?x ^w a?x, kskłta?múla?x ^w a?x, k ^w u_kskłta?múla?x ^w a?x,

p_sktá?múla?x^wa?x, ksktá?múla?x^wa?xəlx

5. iskta?múla?x^wm, askta?ta?múla?x^wm, skta?múla?x^wms, skta?múla?x^wmtət, skta?múla?x^wm̄p, skta?múla?x^wmsəlx
6. kta?múla?x^wstn, kta?ta?múla?x^wstx^w, kskta?múla?x^wsts, kta?múla?x^wtsm, kta?múla?x^wstp, kta?múla?x^wstsəlx
- 6a. ckta?múla?x^wstn, ckta?ta?múla?x^wstx^w, ckta?múla?x^wsts, ckta?múla?x^wstm, ckta?múla?x^wstp, ckta?múla?x^wstsəlx
7. ikska?múla?x^wstm, akska?múla?x^wstm, kskka?múla?x^wsts, kskka?múla?x^wstr̄ns, kskka?múla?x^wstp, kskka?múla?x^wstsəlx
8. ikska?múla?x^w, akskska?múla?x^w, kskka?múla?x^ws, kskka?múla?x^wtət, kskka?múla?x^wm̄p, ksckka?múla?x^wsəlx
9. iscka?múla?x^wm, asckska?múla?x^wm, sckka?múla?x^ws, sckka?múla?x^wtət, sckka?múla?x^wm̄p, sckka?múla?x^wsəlx
10. iksccka?múla?x^w, aksckska?múla?x^w, ksckka?múla?x^ws, ksckka?múla?x^wtət, ksckka?múla?x^wm̄p, ksckka?múla?x^wsəlx

example sentences:

1. ta_cplal i?_spiłm, kta?múla?x^w i?_łtr̄nx^wúla?x^w uł ti p̄ix^w i?_sc̄?ak^ws. (When the bitterroot grows, it is close to the ground and has pink flowers.)
2. i?_spułənt kta?múla?x^w (the fog is close to the ground)
3. i?_sn̄kča?sqáxa? ta_cxpúla?x^wm ckta?ta?múla?x^wsts. (When horses nibble the grass they nip real close to the ground.)

3. n̄way- ready

reduplication: n̄wýway

conjugations:

1. kn_n̄way
2. kn_səchwayx
3. kn_n̄wayx,
4. kn_ksn̄wáya?x
5. isn̄way,
6. n̄wýstín
7. iksn̄wýstím
8. iksn̄way
9. iscn̄wáý
10. ikscn̄wáý

example sentences:

1. I_syilx tr̄nx^wúla?x^w, n̄way ta_c̄a?ák^wm i?_síya?. (In the Syilx country, they are ready to when the sarvice berry is blooming.)
2. ha mat n̄wýway i?_spiłm. (I wonder if the bitterroots are ready.)
3. qsápi? ki? n̄way i?_təx^wtax^w uł łmip̄ntm. (The chokecherries have been ready for a long time, and

we missed them.)
4. čaʔakʷm- bloom / flower
reduplication: čaʔčaʔákʷm
conjugations:
1. kn_sčaʔákʷ, kʷ_sčaʔákʷ, sčaʔákʷ, kʷu_sčaʔákʷ, p_sčaʔákʷ, sčaʔákʷəlx
1a. kn_čaʔákʷm, kʷ_čaʔákʷm, čaʔákʷm, kʷu_čaʔákʷm, p_čaʔákʷm, čaʔákʷməlx
2. kn_səcčaʔakʷmíx, kʷ_səcčaʔakʷmíx, səcčaʔakʷmíx, kʷu_səcčaʔakʷmíx, p_səcčaʔakʷmíx, səcčaʔakʷmíxəlx
3. kn_sčaʔakʷmíx, kʷ_sčaʔakʷmíx, sčaʔakʷmíx, kʷu_sčaʔakʷmíx, p_sčaʔakʷmíx, sčaʔakʷmíxəlx
4. kn_ksčaʔakʷmíxaʔx, kʷ_sčaʔakʷmíxaʔx, ksčaʔakʷmíxaʔx, kʷu_ksčaʔakʷmíxaʔx, p_sčaʔakʷmíxaʔx, ksčaʔakʷmíxaʔxəlx
5. isčaʔkʷm, asčaʔkʷm, sčaʔkʷmš, sčaʔkʷmštət, sčaʔkʷmšp, sčaʔkʷmšəlx
6. čaʔákʷmštín, čaʔákʷmštíxʷ, čaʔákʷmštís, čaʔákʷmštím, čaʔákʷmštíp, čaʔákʷmštísəlx
6a. cčaʔákʷmštín, cčaʔákʷmštíxʷ, cčaʔákʷmštís, cčaʔákʷmštím, cčaʔákʷmštíp, cčaʔákʷmštísəlx
7. iksčáʔkʷ aksčáʔákʷ, ksčáʔákʷs, ksčáʔákʷtət, ksčáʔákʷšp, ksčáʔákʷsəlx
8. iscčáʔkʷ ascčáʔákʷ, scčáʔákʷs, scčáʔákʷtət, scčáʔákʷšp, scčáʔákʷsəlx
9. ikscčáʔkʷ akscčáʔákʷ, kscčáʔákʷs, kscčáʔákʷtət, kscčáʔákʷšp, kscčáʔákʷsəlx
example sentences:
1. Ísyilx tmxʷúlaʔxʷ, nʷay ʔa_čaʔakʷm iʔ_síyaʔ. (In the Syilx country, it is ready when the sarvice berry is blooming.)
2. qipcm uʔ čaʔčaʔákʷm iʔ_spýqatq. (spring time all the soft fruit bloom)
3. ʔa_ctíkt kaʔ cčaʔákʷm iʔ_skʷəkʷʔiʔp. (High water time is when the wild roses bloom.)
5. tkmíplaʔ- handle
reduplication: tkmíplaʔ
example sentences:
1. qśápiʔ cʰkʷulstəlx iʔ_pícaʔ tɪ_sxəxčíʔ, tɪ_sníkʔčáʔ iʔ_qʷəmqins iʔ_tkmíplaʔs. (A long time ago, root diggers were made of wood with an elk horn handle.)
2. húmaʔ kʷíkwuít iʔ_tkmíplaʔs. (Please repair the handles.)
3. iʔ_ɪ_tkmíplaʔs mi sətknítíxʷ. (Twist it on the handle.)
6. ctsʔap- hardened
reduplication: tsʔap
conjugations:
1. kn_tsʔap, kʷ_tsʔap, tsʔap, kʷu_tsʔap, p_tsʔap, tsʔapəlx
1a. kn_ctsʔap, kʷ_ctsʔap, ctsʔap, kʷu_ctsʔap, p_ctsʔap, ctsʔapəlx
2. kn_səctspmʔax, kʷ_səctspmʔax, səctspmʔax, kʷu_səctspmʔax, p_səctspmʔax, səctspmʔaxəlx
3. kn_stspmʔax, kʷ_stspmʔax, stspmʔax, kʷu_stspmʔax p_stspmʔax stspmʔaxəlx
4. kn_kstspmʔáxaʔx, kʷ_stspmʔáxaʔx, kstspmʔáxaʔx, p_stspmʔáxaʔx, kstspmʔáxaʔxəlx

5. ištšváp, astšváp, štšvaps, štšvaptət, štšvápmp, štšvapsəlx
6. tšpntšán, tšpntšáx ^w , tšpntšás, tšpntšám, tšpntšáp, tšpntšásəlx
7. iktšpšám, akstšpšám, ktšpntšás, ktšpntšám, ktšpntšáp, ktšpntšásəlx
8. iktšváp, akstšváp, ktšvaps, ktšvaptət, ktšvápmp, ktšvapsəlx
9. isctšpšám, ascstšpšám, scstšpšams, scstšpšamtət, scstšpšamp, scstšpšamsəlx
10. iktšpšám, akstšpšám, kctšpšams, kctšpšamtət, kctšpšamp, kctšpšamsəlx
example sentences:
1. ntš ^w usəs i?_sšəšči? ntšamqns il? uláp ut ctšvap. (The tip of the stick was fired to harden it.)
2. cx ^w ik ^w stn isəpsipi? ut tštšvap. (I was tanning my hides and they got hard.)
3. i?_sqiltmix ^w ta_cq ^w x ^w əx ^w mists i?_tkətmilx ^w ut cktšvap. (When a man desires a woman he gets a hard on.)
7. ululím- metal
singular: ulím
example sentences:
1. šapná? i?_sqilx ^w ctš ^w ulímstšəlx i?_ululím. (Nowadays, people make them out of metal.)
2. inšpšqinšstn tš_piqsxn ululím ki? kš ^w ulsəlx. (They made my ring out of silver.)
3. yšat inš ^w ulmn š_inš ^w lčncútn ululím. (All my kitchen utensils are made of iron.)
8. sasišlx- move around
singular: sišlx
conjugations:
1. kn_sišlx, k ^w _sišlx, sišlx, k ^w u_sišlx, p_sišlx, sišlxəlx
1a. kn_csasišlx, k ^w _csasišlx, csasišlx, k ^w u_csasišlx, p_csasišlx, csasišlxəlx
2. kn_səcsišlxəx, k ^w _səcsišlxəx, səcsišlxəx, k ^w u_səcsišlxəx, p_səcsišlxəx, səcsišlxəxəlx
3. kn_sišlxəx, k ^w _ssišlxəx, sišlxəx, k ^w u_sišlxəx, p_sišlxəx, sišlxəxəlx
4. kn_ksišlxax?, k ^w _síšlxax?, kšišlxax?, k ^w u_kšišlxax?, p_síšlxax?, kšišlxaxəlx
5. isišlx, asišlx, sišlxš, sišlxštət, sišlxmp, sišlxšəlx
6. sišlxstn, sišlxstx ^w , sišlxstš, sišlxstm, sišlxstp, sišlxstšəlx
6a. csišlxstn, csišlxstx ^w , csišlxstš, csišlxstm, csišlxstp, csišlxstšəlx
7. ikišlxstm, akišlxstm, kšišlxstš, kšišlxstm, kšišlxstp, kšišlxstšəlx
8. ikišlx, akišlx, kšišlxš, kšišlxštət, kšišlxmp, kšišlxšəlx
9. ikšišlxstm, akšišlxstm, kšišlxstš, kšišlxstm, kšišlxstp, kšišlxstšəlx
10. iscsišlxstm, ascšišlxstm, scšišlxstms, scšišlxstmtət, scšišlxstmp, scšišlxstmsəlx
example sentences:
1. lut yšat akšwíc ^m i?_špišm; k ^w _csasišlx. (Don't dig all the bitterroot in one spot; move around as you dig.)
2. qšapi? i?_sqilx ^w cšəšsišlx. (Long ago the people moved around.)
3. ha k ^w _síšlxax?. (Are you going to move?)

9. ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷñt- stick something in the ground
reduplication: ñpætpætkʷúlaʔxʷñt
conjugations:
1. kn_ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, kʷ_ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, kʷu_ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, p_ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəlx
2. kn_sæcñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, kʷ_sæcñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, sæcñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, kʷu_sæcñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, p_sæcñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, sæcñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷəlx
3. kn_ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷaʔx, kʷ_sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷaʔx, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷaʔx, kʷu_ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷaʔx, p_sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷaʔx, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷaʔxəlx
4. kn_sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, kʷ_sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, kʷu_sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, p_sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ, sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəlx
5. isñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, asñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷs, sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷtət, sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷm̥p, sñpætkʷúlaʔxʷsəlx
6. ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷn, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷñtxʷ, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷs, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷñtm, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷñtp, ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷsəlx
6a. cñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstn, cñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstxʷ, cñpætkʷúlaʔxʷsts, cñpætkʷúlaʔxʷtm, cñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstp, cñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstsəlx
7. iksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstm, aksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstm, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷsts, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstm, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstp, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷstsəlx
8. iksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, aksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷs, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷtət, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷm̥p, ksñpætkʷúlaʔxʷsəlx
9. iscñptætkʷúlaʔxʷ, ascñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, scñpætkʷúlaʔxʷs, scñpætkʷúlaʔxʷtət, scñpætkʷúlaʔxʷm̥p, scñpætkʷúlaʔxʷəlx
10. ikscñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, akscñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ, kscñpætkʷúlaʔxʷs, kscñpætkʷúlaʔxʷtət, kscñpætkʷúlaʔxʷm̥p, kscñpætkʷúlaʔxʷsəlx
example sentences:
1. ʔ_akswičm iʔ_spiłm, kʔəʔam ʔ_skʷańʔq ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷñt ańpica?. (To dig bitterroot, stick your digger in the ground near the plant.)
2. ʔa_kskʷulm aspčniłxʷ ñpætpætkʷúlaʔxʷñt mi lut ksniwłtms. (When your going to put your tent up poke your pegs in the ground so the wind doesn't blow your tent away.)
3. iʔ_spałal čqmis iʔ_čaqłnútyaʔs uł lkʷut kiʔ ñpætkʷúlaʔxʷ. (When boys throw their spears it goes a long way before it sticks in the ground.)
10. ñckʷúlaʔxʷñt- pull something from the ground
reduplication: ñcækʷcækʷúlaʔxʷñt
conjugations:
1. kn_ñcækʷúlaʔxʷ
1a. kn_ñcækʷúlaʔxʷm
2. kn_sæcñcækʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ
3. kn_ksñcækʷúlaʔxʷaʔx
4. kn_sñcækʷúlaʔxʷəxʷ
5. isñcækʷúlaʔxʷ

- 6. ncək^wúla?x^wn
- 6a. cncək^wúla?x^wstn
- 6b. ncək^wúla?x^wftn
- 7. iksncək^wúla?x^wm
- 8. iksncək^wúla?x^w
- 9. iscncək^wúla?x^w
- 10. ikscncək^wúla?x^w

example sentences:

- 1. ixí? sic ncək^wúla?x^wntx^w yicntíx^w i?_túk^wla?x^w pk^wak^w. (Then lift the plant up out of the ground and shake off the dirt.)
- 2. i?_sǎ^wǎi? k^wu_ncək^wcək^wúla?x^wfts yǎt isk^wánǎq. (The goat pulled all my plants out.)
- 3. ha ncək^wúla?x^wntx^w i?_kǎǎmín (Did you pull out the fence?)

11. yicánt- shake something

reduplication: yicyicánt

conjugations:

- 1. kn_yicám, k^w_yicám, syicáms, k^wu_yicám, p_yicám, yicámsǎlx
- 2. kn_sǎyicmíx
- 3. kn_syicmíx
- 4. kn_ksyicmíxa?x
- 5. isyicám, asyicám, syicáms, syicámtǎt, syicámp, syicámǎlx
- 5a. isǎyicám, asǎyicám, sǎyicáms, sǎyicámtǎt, sǎyicámp, sǎyicámsǎlx
- 6. yicntín, yicntíntíx^w, yicntís, yicntím, yicntíp, yicntisǎlx
- 6a. cyicstín, cyicstíx^w, cyicstís, cyicstím, cyicstíp, cyicstisǎlx
- 7. iksyicám, aksyicám, ksyicntís, ksyicntím, ksyicntíp, ksyicntisǎlx
- 8. iksyicám, aksyicám ksyicáms ksyicámtǎt ksyicámp ksyicámsǎlx
- 9. iscyicám, ascyicám, scyicáms, scyicámtǎt, scyicámp, scyicámsǎlx
- 10. ikscyicám, akscyicám kscyicáms kscyicámtǎt kscyicámp kscyicámsǎlx

example sentences:

- 1. ixí? sic ncək^wúla?x^wntx^w yicntíx^w i?_túk^wla?x^w pk^wak^w. (Then lift the plant up out of the ground and shake off the dirt.)
- 2. kǎǎatǎtxnúmtǎlx. way tí? yicntíx^wǎlx, qǎqǎntx^wǎlx. (They slept in. You better shake them, wake them up.)
- 3. lut aksyicám i?_sk^wǎk^wimít cm npík^wus. (Don't shake kids or they might get broken necks.)

12. pk^wak^w- fall (more than one)

reduplication: pk^wpk^wak^w

example sentences:

- 1. 1. ixí? sic ncək^wúla?x^wntx^w yicntíx^w i?_túk^wla?x^w pk^wak^w. (Then lift the plant up out of the ground and shake off the dirt.)

2. niwt uł i?_apıs pk ^w ak ^w . (The wind blew and the apples fell off.)
3. tə_sx ^w ?its i?_sıya? uł pək ^w pək ^w ak ^w . (There were so many sarvice berries they fell off.)
13. rı̄łm- peel
reduplication: r̄łr̄ı̄łm
conjugations:
1. kn_r̄ı̄łm, k ^w _r̄ı̄łm, r̄ı̄łm k ^w u_r̄ı̄łm, p_r̄ı̄łm, r̄ı̄łmæı̄x
2. kn_səcr̄ı̄łx, k ^w _səcr̄ı̄łx, səcr̄ı̄łx, k ^w u_səcr̄ı̄łx, p_səcr̄ı̄łx, səcr̄ı̄łxæı̄x
3. kn_s_r̄ı̄łx, k ^w _s_r̄ı̄łx, s_r̄ı̄łx, k ^w u_s_r̄ı̄łx, p_s_r̄ı̄łx, s_r̄ı̄łxæı̄x
4. kn_ks_r̄ı̄ła?x, k ^w _ks_r̄ı̄ła?x, ks_r̄ı̄ła?x, k ^w u_ks_r̄ı̄ła?x, p_s_r̄ı̄ła?x, ks_r̄ı̄ła?xæı̄x
5. is_r̄ı̄łm, as_r̄ı̄łm, s_r̄ı̄łm̄s, s_r̄ı̄łm̄tət, s_r̄ı̄łm̄p, s_r̄ı̄łm̄sæı̄x
6. r̄ı̄łn, r̄ı̄łn̄tx ^w , r̄ı̄łs, r̄ı̄łn̄tm, r̄ı̄łn̄tp, r̄ı̄łsæı̄x
6a. cr̄ı̄łstn, cr̄ı̄łstx ^w , cr̄ı̄łsts, cr̄ı̄łstm, cr̄ı̄łstp, cr̄ı̄łstsæı̄x
7. iks_r̄ı̄łm, aks_r̄ı̄łm, ks_r̄ı̄łs, ks_r̄ı̄łn̄tm, ks_r̄ı̄łn̄tp, ks_r̄ı̄łsæı̄x
8. iks_r̄ı̄łm, aks_r̄ı̄łm, ks_r̄ı̄łm̄s, ks_r̄ı̄łm̄tət, ks_r̄ı̄łm̄p, ks_r̄ı̄łm̄sæı̄x
9. iscr̄ı̄ł, asc_r̄ı̄ł, sc_r̄ı̄łs, sc_r̄ı̄łtət, sc_r̄ı̄łm̄p, sc_r̄ı̄łsæı̄x
10. ikscr̄ı̄ł, akscr̄ı̄ł, kscr̄ı̄łs, kscr̄ı̄łtət, kscr̄ı̄łm̄p, kscr̄ı̄łsæı̄x
example sentences:
1. x ^w k ^w n̄tım i?_scwı̄c̄tət. ʔa_cx ^w ək ^w stim cr̄ı̄łstm. (We clean the bitterroot by peeling the root.)
2. ʔalu?scút i?_smam̄?ım uł cr̄ı̄łr̄ı̄łm̄æı̄x. (The women get together and dig s_r̄ı̄łm̄)
3. ha x ^w ?it i?_s_r̄ı̄łm k_ash̄r̄ı̄łm̄n ? (Are there a lot of roots at your digging spot)?
14. payq- bright white
reduplication: pəqpəyq
example sentences:
1. k̄ı̄x ^w útms i?_tkəmı̄ca?ıs i?_s_r̄ı̄łm tı? payq. (Under the covering, the bitterroot is bright white.)
2. i?_sk ^w əh̄k ^w ı̄n̄əm ʔa?_c̄ca?ák ^w əm tı? payq. (When the wild ptatoes bloom its just white)
3. kn_wı̄km tə_sx̄ ^w ı̄ı? ilı? pəqıq k̄ı̄tw̄stı̄nk. (I saw some goats, white ones standing on the side of the mountain.)
15. n̄qa?q̄?ı̄ws- middle
reduplication: n̄qa?q̄a?q̄?ı̄ws
example sentences:
1. la?_cx?it ʔa_cwı̄c̄, cr̄ı̄ł uł i?_k ^w ı̄l i?_spu?ústs i?_ı̄n̄qa?q̄?ı̄ws əc̄x ^w ı̄l. (When first dug, they are peeled and the red hearts in the center are discarded.)
2. ha wı̄k̄n̄tx ^w ilı? n̄qa?mı̄ws. (Did you see him there in the middle)
3. ik̄lı? kn_n̄qa?ı̄ıs uł kn_n̄qa?mu?scút. (I was worried so I squeezed myself in the middle.)
16. k̄ı̄pk^wn̄tım / k̄ı̄pk^wam- drop onto a surface

reduplication: k̄t̄p̄ək̄ʷp̄ək̄ʷntim / k̄t̄p̄ək̄ʷp̄ək̄ʷam
conjugations:
1. kn_k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, k̄ʷ_k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, k̄ʷu_k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, p_k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷámə̀l̄x
2. kn_s̄əck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, k̄ʷ_s̄əck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, s̄əck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, k̄ʷu_s̄əck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, p_s̄əck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, s̄əck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmixə̀l̄x
3. kn_s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, k̄ʷ_s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, k̄ʷu_s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, p_s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmix, s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmixə̀l̄x
4. kn_ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmíxaʔx, k̄ʷ_s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmíxaʔx, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmíxaʔx, k̄ʷu_ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmíxaʔx, p_s̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmíxaʔx, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷmíxaʔxə̀l̄x
5. isk̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, ask̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, sk̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄s, sk̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄tət, sk̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄p, sk̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄sə̀l̄x
6. k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtín, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtíxʷ, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtís, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtim, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtíp, k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtísə̀l̄x
6a. ck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷstín, ck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷstíxʷ, ck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷstís, ck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷstím, ck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷstíp, ck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷstísə̀l̄x
7. iks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, aks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtís, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtim, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtíp, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtísə̀l̄x
8. iks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, aks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄s, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄tət, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄p, ks̄k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄sə̀l̄x
9. isck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, asck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, sck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄s, sck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄tət, sck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄p, sck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄sə̀l̄x
10. iksck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, aksck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám, ksck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄s, ksck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄tət, ksck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄p, ksck̄t̄p̄k̄ʷám̄sə̀l̄x
example sentences:
1. ixíʔ sic k̄t̄p̄k̄ʷńtim mi ʔwaw. (Then we lay the bitterroot out to dry.)
2. xʷʔit iʔ_scq̄ʷliw̄tət uʔ k̄t̄p̄ək̄ʷp̄k̄ʷńtim ĩ_s̄ńx̄ʷə̀x̄w̄l̄t̄tət. (We picked lots and we spread them on our drying racks.)
3. mat t̄l̄stim uʔ kn_k̄p̄ək̄ʷp̄k̄ʷək̄ʷícaʔ. (Must be from something that I got this rash all over my body.)
17. s̄ńk̄ʷum̄c̄ńtn- pantry
reduplication: s̄ńk̄ʷm̄kumc̄ńtn
example sentences:
1. ixíʔ nut̄ńtísə̀l̄x t̄ə_ʔwaw iʔ_ĭ_ł̄áqnaʔ uʔ əck̄ʷum iʔ_ĭ_s̄ńk̄ʷum̄c̄ńtn. (Then we put them into a bag when they are dry and put them in the pantry.)
2. xʷʔit āńk̄ʷum̄k̄ʷúm̄n. (You have a lot of storage space)
3. k̄t̄q̄ʷíct̄ āńk̄ʷum̄k̄ʷúm̄n. (Your pantry is full.)
18. s̄x̄ə̀w̄ilt̄n- dried food
reduplication: s̄x̄ə̀w̄x̄ə̀w̄ilt̄n
example sentences:
1. t̄ə_ks̄ʔīnt̄m iʔ_s̄x̄ə̀w̄ilt̄n, h̄ńtim ĩ_s̄iw̄ł̄k̄ʷ, h̄əp̄ap uʔ ńpus̄nt̄xʷ m̄árw̄iʔńt̄xʷ t̄ə_s̄íyaʔ km st̄xał̄q. (When we are ready to eat the dried stuff, we soak it in water and then we boil, adding sarvice berries or huckleberries.)
2. níʔáyp kn_c̄x̄ʷw̄ilt̄nm (I always dry food.)
3. k̄ʷu_t̄k̄ʷx̄its iʔ_s̄ł̄aʔc̄ín̄m ixíʔ is̄x̄ʷw̄ilt̄nm (He lbrings me a deer and I start drying it)
19. h̄ńtim / h̄íam- soak something
reduplication: h̄ńh̄ńtim / h̄íh̄íam

conjugations:

1. kn_hram, k^w_hram, hram, k^wu_hram, p_hram, hramælx
2. kn_sachrmix, k^w_sachrmix, sachrmix, k^wu_sachrmix, p_sachrmix, sachrmixælx
3. kn_shrmix, k^w_shrmix, shrmix, k^wu_shrmix, p_shrmix, shrmixælx
4. kn_kshrmixa7x, k^w_shrmixa7x, kshrmixa7x, k^wu_kshrmixa7x, p_shrmixa7x, kshrmixa7xælx
5. ishrám, ashram, shrams, shramtæt, shramp, shramsælx
6. hrntin, hrntix^w, hrntis, hrntim, hrntip, hrntisælx
- 6a. chrstin, chrstix^w, chrstis, chrstim, chrstip, chrstisælx
7. ikshram, akshram, kshrntis, kshrntim, kshrntip, kshrntisælx
8. ikshram, akshram, kshrams, kshramtæt, kshramp, kshramsælx
9. ischram, aschram, schrams, schramtæt, schramp, schramsælx

10. ikschram, akschram, kschrams, kschramtæt, kschramp, kschramsælx

example sentences:

1. tæ_ks7i7ntm i7_sxawiltm, hrntim i7_siw7tk^w, hærap u7 npusntx^w mårwi7ntx^w tæ_síya? km stxa7q. (When we are ready to eat the dried bitterroot, we soak it in water and then we boil, adding sarvice berries or huckleberries.)
2. ntqitk^wn i7_sípi? ilí? put hráp mi sic nck^witk^wn. (I put my hide in the water I leave it there until its soaked then I'll take it out of the water.)
3. npísu7sn u7 hrpúla7x^w. (I irrigated until the ground was soaked.)

20. hráp- soaked

reduplication: hrhráp

example sentences:

1. tæ_ks7i7ntm i7_sxawiltm, hrntim i7_siw7tk^w, hráp u7 npusntx^w mårwi7ntx^w tæ_síya? km stxa7q. (When we are ready to eat the dried bitterroot, we soak it in water and then we boil, adding sarvice berries or huckleberries.)
2. t1_sqit ka? chrhráp isk^wán7q. (From the rain my garden gets soaked.)
3. i7_lúti? t1_hráp (It's not soaked yet.)

21. mårwi7nt- mix something in

reduplication: mårarwi?

conjugations:

1. kn_mårwi7m, k^w_mårwi7m, mårwi7m, k^wu_mårwi7m, p_mårwi7m, mårwi7mælx
- 1a. kn_mårarwi?, k^w_mårarwi?, smårarwi7x, k^wu_smårarwi7x, p_mårarwi?, mårarwi7xælx,
2. kn_sæcmårwi7x, k^w_sæcmårwi7x, sæcmårwi7x, k^wu_sæcmårwi7x, p_sæcmårwi7x, sæcmårwi7xælx
3. kn_smårwi7x, k^w_smårwi7x, smårwi7x, k^wu_smårwi7x, p_smårwi7x, smårwi7xælx
4. kn_ksmårwi7a7x, k^w_smårwi7a7x, ksmårwi7a7x, k^wu_ksmårwi7a7x, p_smårwi7a7x, ksmårwi7a7xælx
5. ismårwi7m, asmårwi7m, smårwi7ms, smårwi7mtæt, smårwi7mp, smårwi7msælx
6. mårwi7n, mårwi7ntx^w, mårwi7s, mårwi7ntm, mårwi7ntp, mårwi7sælx

6a. cmá'wi?stn, cmá'wi?stx ^w , cmá'wi?sts, cmá'wi?stm, cmá'wi?stp, cmá'wi?stsə́lx
7. iksmá'wi?m, aksmá'wi?m, ksmá'wi?s, ksmá'wi?ńtm, ksmá'wi?ńtp, ksmá'wi?sə́lx
8. iksmá'wi?m, aksmá'wi?m, ksmá'wi?ńs, ksmá'wi?ńtət, ksmá'wi?ńp, ksmá'wi?ńsə́lx
9. iscmá'wi?m, ascmá'wi?m, scmá'wi?ńs, scmá'wi?ńtət, scmá'wi?ńp, scmá'wi?ńsə́lx
10. ikscmá'wi?m, akscmá'wi?m, kscmá'wi?ńs, kscmá'wi?ńtət, kscmá'wi?ńp, kscmá'wi?ńsə́lx
example sentences:
1. tə_ks?ińntm i?_sǰwíłtn, hńntim ĩ_siw'łk ^w , hńap uł ńpusńtx ^w má'wi?ńtx ^w tə_síya? km stxałq. (When we are ready to eat the dried bitterroot, we soak it in water and then we boil, adding sarvice berries or huckleberries.)
2. k ^w _tə_ǰ ^w usm má'wi?ńt tə_taxt. (When you make sǰ'úsəm, sweeten it with sugar.)
3. ńpust i?_siw'łk ^w mi sic má'wi?ńt i?_spq'itk ^w . (when the water starts to boil then mix the oatmeal in.)
22. ńp'q'itk^wńt- pour solids in water
reduplication: ńpəq'p'q'itk ^w ńt
conjugations:
1. kn_ńp'q'itk ^w m, k ^w _ńp'q'itk ^w m, ńp'q'itk ^w m, k ^w u_ńp'q'itk ^w m, p_ńp'q'itk ^w m, ńp'q'itk ^w mə́lx
2. kn_səcńp'q'itk ^w x, k ^w _səcńp'q'itk ^w x, səcńp'q'itk ^w x, k ^w u_səcńp'q'itk ^w x, p_səcńp'q'itk ^w x, səcńp'q'itk ^w xə́lx
3. kn_sńp'q'itk ^w x, k ^w _sńp'q'itk ^w x, sńp'q'itk ^w x, k ^w u_sńp'q'itk ^w x, p_sńp'q'itk ^w x, sńp'q'itk ^w xə́lx
4. kn_ksńp'q'itk ^w a?x, k ^w _sńp'q'itk ^w a?x, ksńp'q'itk ^w a?x, k ^w u_ksńp'q'itk ^w a?x, p_sńp'q'itk ^w a?x, ksńp'q'itk ^w a?xə́lx
5. isńp'q'itk ^w m, asńp'q'itk ^w m, sńp'q'itk ^w ńs, sńp'q'itk ^w ńtət, sńp'q'itk ^w ńp, sńp'q'itk ^w ńsə́lx
6. ńp'q'itk ^w n, ńp'q'itk ^w ńtx ^w , ńp'q'itk ^w s, ńp'q'itk ^w ńtm, ńp'q'itk ^w ńtp, ńp'q'itk ^w sə́lx
6a. cńp'q'itk ^w stn, cńp'q'itk ^w stx ^w , cńp'q'itk ^w sts, cńp'q'itk ^w sts, cńp'q'itk ^w stp, cńp'q'itk ^w stsə́lx
7. iksńp'q'itk ^w m, aksńp'q'itk ^w m, ksńp'q'itk ^w s, ksńp'q'itk ^w ńtm, ksńp'q'itk ^w ńtp, ksńp'q'itk ^w sə́lx
8. iksńp'q'itk ^w m, aksńp'q'itk ^w m, ksńp'q'itk ^w ńs, ksńp'q'itk ^w ńtət, ksńp'q'itk ^w ńp, ksńp'q'itk ^w ńsə́lx
9. iscńp'q'itk ^w m, ascńp'q'itk ^w m, scńp'q'itk ^w ńs, scńp'q'itk ^w ńtət, scńp'q'itk ^w ńp, scńp'q'itk ^w ńsə́lx
10. ikscńp'q'itk ^w m, akscńp'q'itk ^w m, kscńp'q'itk ^w ńs, kscńp'q'itk ^w ńtət, kscńp'q'itk ^w ńp, kscńp'q'itk ^w ńsə́lx
example sentences:
1. má'wi?ńtm tə_taxt, ńp'q'itk ^w ńtx ^w tə_lparín. (We mix in sugar and pour in some flour.)
2. ńpəp'q'itk ^w ńt tə_lparín. (Pour a little flour in it.)
3. inǰást i?_sńp'q'itk ^w . (I like mush.)
23. sx^wic'cx- gift
reduplication: sx ^w cx ^w ic'cx
example sentences:
1. i?_spiłm sx ^w ic'cxət tı_trńx'úla?x ^w . (The bitterroot is a gift from the earth.)
2. púta?m uł k ^w u_cx ^w cx ^w twix ^w . (At Christmas time and we give each other gifts.)
3. ha x ^w ic'cxńs ta_ksqlaw ? (Did he give you some money?)

24. ha?ntím / ha?ańt / ha?ám- respect something
reduplication: ha?ha?ńtím / ha?ha?ańt / ha?ha?ám
conjugations:
1. kn_ha?ám, k ^w _ha?ám, ha?ám, k ^w u_ha?ám, p_ha?ám, ha?áməlx
1a. kn_cha?ńcút, k ^w _cha?ńcút, cha?ńcút, k ^w u_cha?ńcút, p_cha?ńcút, cha?ńcútəlx
2. kn_səcha?míx, k ^w _səcha?míx, səcha?míx, k ^w u_səcha?míx, p_səcha?míx, səcha?míxəlx
3. kn_sha?míx, k ^w _sha?míx, sha?míx, k ^w u_sha?míx, p_sha?míx, sha?míxəlx
4. kn_ksha?míxa?x, k ^w _sha?míxa?x, ksha?míxa?x, k ^w u_ksha?míxa?x, p_sha?míxa?x, ksha?míxa?xəlx
5. isha?ám, asha?ám, sha?ám, sha?ámət, sha?ám̐, sha?ám̐səlx
6. ha?ńtín, ha?ńtix ^w , ha?ńtís, ha?ńtím, ha?ńtíp, ha?ńtísəlx
6a. cha?stín, cha?stix ^w , cha?stís, cha?stím, cha?stíp, cha?stísəlx
7. iksha?ám, aksha?ám, ksha?ńtís, ksha?ńtím, ksha?ńtíp, ksha?ńtísəlx
8. iksha?ám, aksha?ám, ksha?ám, ksha?ámət, ksha?ám̐, ksha?ám̐səlx
9. ischa?ám, ascha?ám, scha?ám, scha?ámət, scha?ám̐, scha?ám̐səlx
10. ikscha?ám, akscha?ám, kscha?ám, kscha?ámət, kscha?ám̐, kscha?ám̐səlx
example sentences:
1. ha?ńtix ^w i?_tńx ^w úla?x ^w uł niśáy̐p ctxə́stums. (Respect the earth and she will always take care of you.)
2. ha?ha?ńt asl̐láxt. (Respect your friends.)
3. niśáy̐p k ^w _cha?ńcút. (Always respect yourself.)
25. txítam / txítńtim / ctxə́stim- take care of
reduplication: txə́txítam
conjugations:
1. kn_txítam, k ^w _txítam, txítam, k ^w u_txítam, p_txítam, txítaməlx
2. kn_səctxtímix, k ^w _səctxtímix, səctxtímix, k ^w u_səctxtímix, p_səctxtímix, səctxtímixəlx
3. kn_stxtímix, k ^w _stxtímix, stxtímix, k ^w u_stxtímix, p_stxtímix, stxtímixəlx
4. kn_kstxtímíxa?x, k ^w _stxtímíxa?x, kstxtímíxa?x, k ^w u_kstxtímíxa?x, p_stxtímíxa?x, kstxtímíxa?xəlx
5. istxtám, astxtám, stxtám, stxtámət, stxtám̐, stxtám̐səlx
6. txítńtin, txítńtix ^w , txítńtís, txítńtím, txítńtíp, txítńtísəlx
6a. ctxítstin, ctxítstix ^w , ctxítstís, ctxítstim, ctxítstíp, ctxítstísəlx
7. ikstxtám, akstxtám, kstxtńtís, kstxtńtím, kstxtńtíp, kstxtńtísəlx
8. ikstxtám, kstxtám, kstxtámət, kstxtám̐, kstxtám̐səlx
9. isctxtám, sctxtám, sctxtámət, sctxtám̐, sctxtám̐səlx
10. iksctxtám, ksctxtám, ksctxtámət, ksctxtám̐, ksctxtám̐səlx
example sentences:
1. ha?ńtix ^w i?_tńx ^w úla?x ^w uł niśáy̐p ctxə́stums. (Respect the earth and she will always take care of you.)
2. ctxə́stumn. (I take care of you.)
3. ha ctxə́stumsəlx ? (Do they take care of you?)

4. yaʃt iʔ_stim cʰtʰtʰnʷixʷ. (Every thing takes care of each other.)
26. kcəqʉsɨt / kcəqʉsm- put something on the fire
reduplication: kcəqʉqʉsɨt / kcəqʉqʉsm
conjugations:
1. kn_kcəqʉsm, kʷ_kcəqʉsm, kcəqʉsm, kʷu_kcəqʉsm, p_kcəqʉsm, kcəqʉsməlx
2. kn_səckcəqʉsx, kʷ_səckcəqʉsx, səckcəqʉsx, kʷu_səckcəqʉsx, p_səckcəqʉsx, səckcəqʉsxəlx
3. kn_skcəqʉsx, kʷ_skcəqʉsx, skcəqʉsx, kʷu_skcəqʉsx, p_skcəqʉsx, skcəqʉsxəlx
4. kn_kskcəqʉsaʔx, kʷ_skcəqʉsaʔx, kskcəqʉsaʔx, kʷu_skcəqʉsaʔx, p_skcəqʉsaʔx, kskcəqʉsaʔxəlx
5. iskcəqʉsm, askcəqʉsm, skcəqʉsmʰs, skcəqʉsmʰtət, skcəqʉsmʰp, skcəqʉsmʰsəlx
6. kcəqʉsn, kcəqʉsɨtʰ, kcəqʉsəs, kcəqʉsɨtm, kcəqʉsɨtp, kcəqʉsəsəlx
6a. ckcəqʉstn, ckcəqʉstʰ, ckcəqʉsts, ckcəqʉstm, ckcəqʉstp, ckcəqʉstsəlx
7. ikskcəqʉsm, akskcəqʉsm, kskcəqʉsəs, kskcəqʉsɨtm, kskcəqʉsɨtp, kskcəqʉsəsəlx
8. ikskcəqʉsm, akskcəqʉsm, kskcəqʉsmʰs, kskcəqʉsmʰtət, kskcəqʉsmʰp, kskcəqʉsmʰsəlx
9. isckcəqʉsm, asckcəqʉsm, sckcəqʉsmʰs, sckcəqʉsmʰtət, sckcəqʉsmʰp, sckcəqʉsmʰsəlx
10. iksckcəqʉsm, aksckcəqʉsm, ksckcəqʉsmʰs, ksckcəqʉsmʰtət, ksckcəqʉsmʰp, ksckcəqʉsmʰsəlx
example sentences:
1. kcəqʉsɨt uʔ ɨpusɨt, tiʔ put kəkəptʰwɨlx. (Set it on the stove and boil it, just until it gets soft.)
2. kcəqʉqʉsɨt askʷɨcɨcʉt mi sic kʷ_cxʷuy. (put your pots on the stove before you come)
3. way kn_kcəqʉqʉsm, kɨkɨm mi kʷu_ʔaʔiʔn. (I put my cooking on already, well soon eat.)
27. kəkəptʰwɨlx- become soft
reduplication: kəkəpkəptʰwɨlx
example sentences:
1. kcəqʉsɨt uʔ ɨpusɨt, tiʔ put kəkəptʰwɨlx. (Set it on the stove and boil it, just until it gets soft.)
2. taʔt ʃast aspʰaʔkʷɨcʰaʔ tiʔ kəkəpkɨp. (Your tanned hides are so nice they are so soft.)
3. askʷʰʰus kəkɨp. (Your face is soft.)
28. ɨpʰtʰɨtkʷ- thick liquid
reduplication: ɨpʰpʰtʰɨtkʷ
example sentences:
1. ɨʔaʃlɨkstmɨt iʔ_síyaʔ naʔʔ spɨlɨm uʔ ɨpust uʔ ɨpʰtʰɨtkʷ uʔ ɨtɨxɨtʰ.
2. iʔ_sqʔim ʔa_cɨcʰaʔáq cɨpʰpʰtʰɨtkʷwɨlx. (When milk sours it becomes thick.)
3. lut miyáʔ tə_lparɨn. lut ɨɨxast ɨpʰtʰɨtkʷ. (Not too much flour. I don't like it thick.)
29. ɨtɨxɨt- serve something
reduplication: ɨtʰtɨxɨt
conjugations:
1. kn_ɨtɨxm, kʷ_ɨtɨxm, ɨtɨxm, kʷu_ɨtɨxm, p_ɨtɨxm, ɨtɨxməlx
2. kn_səcɨtɨxəx, kʷ_səcɨtɨxəx, səcɨtɨxəx, kʷu_səcɨtɨxəx, p_səcɨtɨxəx, səcɨtɨxəxəlx

3. kn_sńtixəx, kʷ_sńtixəx, sńtixəx, kʷu_sńtixəx, p_sńtixəx, sńtixəxə́x
4. kn_ksńtixaʔx, kʷ_sńtixaʔx, ksńtixaʔx, kʷu_ksńtixaʔx, p_sńtixaʔx, ksńtixaʔxə́x
5. isńtixm, asńtixm, sńtixm̄s, sńtixm̄tət, sńtixm̄p, sńtixm̄sə́x
6. ńtixn, ńtixńtxʷ, ńtixs, ńtixńtm, ńtixńtp, ńtixsə́x
- 6a. cńtixstn, cńtixstxʷ, cńtixsts, cńtixstm, cńtixstp, cńtixstsə́x
7. iksńtixm, aksńtixm, ksńtixs, ksńtixńtm, ksńtixńtp, ksńtixsə́x
8. iksńtixm, aksńtixm, ksńtixm̄s, ksńtixm̄tət, ksńtixm̄p, ksńtixm̄sə́x
9. iscńtixm, ascńtixm, scńtixm̄s, scńtixm̄tət, scńtixm̄p, scńtixm̄sə́x
10. ikscńtixm, akscńtixm, kscńtixm̄s, kscńtixm̄tət, kscńtixm̄p, kscńtixm̄sə́x

example sentences:

1. ńʔaxłíkstmńt iʔ_síyaʔ naʔł spíłm uł ńpust uł ńpłəłitkʷ uł ńtixńtxʷ. (Stir the sarvice berry and bitterroot and boil it until it thickens then serve it.)
2. way kʷu_pýqiltn. ńtixńt. (We're done cooking. Dish up.)
3. ńtixńt tl_siwłkʷ asípiʔ. (Take your hide out of the water.)

07. čǵwǵusa?

sʔaʔúms

wtkńtim / wtkam	pry up
misǵúm	dark brown
čáǵwmaʔ	pointer finger
ckńtlap	tear off
ńtaʔńtím	tamp
cǵiw	raw
əcnńtix	serve
əcləkʷstim / təkʷam	string

smýmay

<p>kʷu_cwičm tə_čǵwǵusa? iʔ_ǵsqipcńs. scaʔákʷm uʔ wičńtm. ckʷulmństm iʔ_pícaʔ. iʔ_sʔaǵwíp əcllal mat naqs kilx iʔ_ksnixʷúts. ǵsápi? iʔ_sqilxʷ sǵəǵči? iʔ_pícaʔs. iʔ_tkmíplaʔs sníkńcaʔ ǵwńqin. ʔapnáʔ ululím iʔ_pícaʔs. kʷ_tə_wičm tə_čǵwǵusa? ńpətkʷúlaʔxʷńtxʷ kʔəʔam ǵsplais uʔ wtkńtixʷ. iʔ_tkmícaʔs tiʔ misǵúm.</p> <p>iʔ_čǵwǵusa? t_aksʷúmm iʔ_ǵǵsápi? nkʷulmn iʔ_lútiʔ tə_ksńńtixʷ ńqmińt iʔ_ǵaʔ_cńtəǵwúlʔaxʷ mat musxn iʔ_ksnixʷtúlaʔxʷs. ixíʔ uʔ kəcǵqmíxaʔx tə_ʔistkm.</p> <p>▣ t_aksxʷkʷam iʔ_sʔaǵwíp ksńńtixʷ t_astúmkst naʔt t_ancáǵwmaʔ t_cxʔit t_cwič. iʔ_snixʷtíńcaʔs tiʔ payq. mis ǵast tiʔ ilíʔ uʔ way xʷkʷńtixʷ, ǵwaw uʔ xačt t_akskíǵwúsm. ▣▣</p> <p>t_cwičstm iʔ_čǵwǵusa? tə_pícaʔ, ckńxits ańiʔ aʔ_ckńtlap iʔ_sʔaǵwíp ǵtńxʷúlaʔxʷ. itlíʔ nixʷ cpǵlplal iʔ_čǵwǵusaʔ. tə_ńtaʔńtím iʔ_sńtəxʷúlaʔxʷtət ixíʔ ckńxits iʔ_sʔaǵwíp. lut yʔayʔát wičńtm uʔ čsap. ilíʔ əckimństm uʔ itlíʔ t_xʷaʔtwílx. ▣▣</p> <p>aksʔińnm əcǵiw iʔ_čǵwǵusaʔ, ǵsʔińn nixʷ t_cpáyǵ. čǵwǵusaʔ əcńpusəs uʔ əcnńtix tiʔ əckmax čǵiʔ tə_skwńńtǵ. t_claʔkín ǵkipńtm. iʔ_kʷiǵt əclʔacsts iʔ_sʔaǵwíp tə_wiʔs pǵǵńtis sic kʷuls tə_yiryír čǵiʔ tə_sńcaʔxʷúlaʔxʷ. uʔ əcǵwstim nixʷ,</p>	<p>pry up</p> <p>dark brown</p> <p>(ksar)</p> <p>pointer finger</p> <p>tear off</p> <p>tamp</p> <p>raw</p> <p>serve</p>
---	---

<p>æctəkʷstim km kʷpkʷntim. ʔa_chʀstim iʔ_c̥xʷlúsa? ʔ_siwʔkʷ naqs sñkʷækʷac mi sic p̥yqñtim. æctaʔstím aʔ_c̥xaw tæ_c̥xʷlúsa? uʔ c̥kʷulmstm márwí? ʔ_stxítkʷ. ʔə_kʷulñtxʷ tæ_lparín kʷ_kʷulm tæ_lkalát.</p>	<p>string</p>
---	---------------

sñsúxʷna? sw̥títñ

1. pñkin kí? kʷu_cwičm tæ_c̥xʷlúsa? ?
2. čkin iʔ_sʔaxʷíps iʔ_c̥xʷlúsa? ? ckin iʔ_snixʷtítcaʔs iʔ_sʔaxʷíps ?
3. ckin ʔ_aksʷúmm iʔ_c̥xʷlúsa? iʔ_ʔqsápi? nkʷulmn ?
4. xkinm mi ckñxits iʔ_c̥xʷlúsa? ʔa_cwičstm tæ_píca? ?
5. ckin æñtix iʔ_c̥xʷlúsa? ?
6. ʔ_kʷinx ʔa_chʀstim iʔ_c̥xʷlúsa? mi sic p̥yqñtim ?
7. xkinm mi kʷ_c̥kʷulm tæ_lkalát tæ_c̥xʷlúsa? ?

skʔʔism tæ_x̥ilm sʔaʔúrn̥s

A. Rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

kʷu_cwičm tæ_c̥xʷlúsa? iʔ_ʔsqipcm̥s.

EX ʔitñ / sult sqʔim / iñcá / scaʔáqʷ:

kn_citñ tæ_sult sqʔim ʔ_scaʔáqʷ.

I eat ice cream in the summer.

1. haʔám / ʔ_x̥ax̥ax̥ap / Sulí naʔʔ kʷr̥kʷrisxn:
2. ʔəkʷam / skʷækʷrína? / anwí
3. wičm / saʔx̥íp / Marí / skaʔáym
4. xʷkʷiʔxʷm / ctcitxʷ / mnimʔtət / sqipcm̥s
5. kcæqʷsm / ñcičmn / anwí naʔʔ Prasát / ñkʷícn̥cutn

B. Rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

ʔ_aksxʷkʷám iʔ_sʔaxʷíp ksñtixʷ t_astúm̥kst naʔʔ t_ancáqʷmaʔ.

EX ʔqam iʔ_scm̥cim / iñcá / ñciqlaʔxʷñt tæ_lapál:

†_iksłqám i?_śmćim nćiqla?x^wn tə_lapál.

When I dig up the bones, I dig with a shovel.

1. nta?ám a?_cńtəx^wúla?x^w / anwí / k^wuímńt t_ank^wúixn:
2. nq^w?itk^wńt i?_ta?pálqs / Pacís: / nutánt i?_kc^wíwstn
3. ck^wcńitk^wńt i?_ł?i? / ińcá na?† anwí / k^wni?útya?ńt i?_spícn:
4. wtkam i?_súlla?x^w / anwí na?† Pit / mŋawńt tə_xłut
5. kńtlańt i?_x^wíłca? / i?_smam?ím / k^wińt tə_kkílx

ck^wuímstm i?_s?a?úms

1. wtkńtim / wtkánt / wtkam- pry up
reduplication: wtwtkánt
conjugations:
1. kn_wtkám, k ^w _wtkám, wtkám, k ^w u_wtkám, p_wtkám, wtkáməlx
2. kn_səcwtkmix, k ^w _səcwtkmix, səcwtkmix, k ^w u_səcwtkmix, p_səcwtkmix, səcwtkmixəlx
3. kn_swtkmix, k ^w _swtkmix, swtkmix, k ^w u_swtkmix, p_swtkmix, swtkmixəlx
4. kn_kswtkmíxa?x, k ^w _swtkmíxa?x, kswtkmíxa?x, k ^w u_kswtkmíxa?x, p_swtkmíxa?x, kswtkmíxa?xəlx
5. iswtkám, aswtkám, swtkáms, swtkamtət, swtkam̄p, swtkámsəlx
6. wtkńtin, wtkńtix ^w , wtkńtis, wtkńtim, wtkńtip, wtkńtisəlx
7. cwtkstin, cwtkstix ^w , cwtkstis, cwtkstim, cwtkstip, cwtkstisəlx
8. ikswtkám, akswtkám, kswtkńtis, kswtkńtim, kswtkńtip, kswtkńtisəlx
9. iscwtkám, ascwtkám, scwtkáms, scwtkamtət, scwtkam̄p, scwtkámsəlx
10. ikscwtkám, akscwtkám, kscwtkáms, kscwtkamtət, kscwtkam̄p, kscwtkámsəlx
example sentences:
1. k ^w _†ə_wiċm tə_ćx ^w lúsa? n̄pətk ^w úla?x ^w ńtx ^w k†ə?am ĩ_splais u† wtkńtix ^w . (When you dig biscuit root, put your digger in close to the plant and pry it up.)
2. itlí? cwtwtkńtix ^w i?_psł?isxn. (Pry out the big rocks.)
3. ha asəcwtkám ha km asəłqám ? (Are you prying it out or are you digging it out?)
2. mispúm- dark brown
example sentences:
1. i?_tkmíca?s ti? mispúm. (It's peel is dark brown.)
2. i?_sqilx ^w tĺ_s?awtímtkx mispńpúm i?_sipi?səlx. (The people from south have darker skin.)
3. ta† ki? xsilx ^w ankəwáp miskpúmca? ki? tĺ_ĩnkwáp. (Your horse has beautiful skin more brown than my horse.)
3. cáq^wma?- pointer finger

example sentences:
1. <i>ʔa_ksxʷkʷam iʔ_sʔaʰwíp ksíntixʷ t_astúrnkst naʔʔ t_ahncaqʷmaʔ ʔa_cxʔit ʔa_cwić.</i> (To clean the root, skin it with your thumb and pointer finger when it's first dug.)
2. <i>kʷu_ʔa_cktímnwíxʷ tə_ćqʷćáqʷmaʔtət kiʔ kʷu_ćcaqʷnwíxʷ.</i> (When we accuse each other we use our fingers to point.)
3. <i>kʷ_ʔa_cćlalqʷəm kʷ_ćcaqʷəm t_ahncaqʷmaʔ.</i> (When you play stickgames you use your pointer finger to point.)
4. kʔtlap- tear off
reduplication: kʔtʔtlap
conjugations:
1. <i>kn_kʔtlam, kʷ_kʔtlam, kʔtlam, kʷu_kʔtlam, p_kʔtlam, kʔtlaməlx</i>
2. <i>kn_səckʔtlmix, kʷ_səckʔtlmix, səckʔtlmix, kʷu_səckʔtlmix, p_səckʔtlmix, səckʔtlmixəlx</i>
3. <i>kn_skʔtlmix, kʷ_skʔtlmix, skʔtlmix, kʷu_skʔtlmix, p_skʔtlmix, skʔtlmixəlx</i>
4. <i>kn_kskʔtlmíxaʔx, kʷ_skʔtlmíxaʔx, kskʔtlmíxaʔx, kʷu_kskʔtlmíxaʔx, p_skʔtlmíxaʔx, kskʔtlmíxaʔxəlx</i>
5. <i>iskʔtlám, askʔtlám, skʔtlámš, skʔtlámətət, skʔtláməp, skʔtlámšəlx</i>
6. <i>kʔtʔntin, kʔtʔntixʷ, kʔtʔntis, kʔtʔntim, kʔtʔntip, kʔtʔntisəlx</i>
6a. <i>ckʔtʔstin, ckʔtʔstixʷ, ckʔtʔstis, ckʔtʔstim, ckʔtʔstip, ckʔtʔstisəlx</i>
7. <i>ikskʔtlám, akskʔtlám, kskʔtʔntis, kskʔtʔntim, kskʔtʔntip, kskʔtʔntisəlx</i>
8. <i>ikskʔtlám, akskʔtlám, kskʔtlámš, kskʔtlámətət, kskʔtláməp, kskʔtlámšəlx</i>
9. <i>iskʔtlám, askʔtlám, scckʔtlámš, scckʔtlámətət, scckʔtláməp, scckʔtlámšəlx</i>
10. <i>ikscckʔtlám, akscckʔtlám, kscckʔtlámš, kscckʔtlámətət, kscckʔtláməp, kscckʔtlámšəlx</i>
example sentences:
1. <i>ʔa_cwićstm iʔ_ćxʷlúsaʔ tə_pícaʔ, ckʰxits aʔiʔ aʔ_ckʔtʔlap iʔ_sʔaʰwíp ʔ_tmʰwúlaʔxʷ.</i> (When white camas is dug with a digging stick, it helps it because it tears off the root in the ground.)
2. <i>nslíp iʔ_ćəqʔik mat kʔtʔlap tʔ_turʔtrʔš.</i> (???)
3. <i>axáʔ ikskʔtlám iʔ_ćymin.</i> (I'm going to tear this paper.)
5. ntaʔntím / ntaʔánt / ntaʔám- tamp (in)
reduplication: ntaʔtaʔánt
conjugations:
1. <i>kn_ntaʔám, kʷ_ntaʔám, ntaʔám, kʷu_ntaʔám, p_ntaʔám, ntaʔáməlx</i>
2. <i>kn_səcnʔaʔmíx, kʷ_səcnʔaʔmíx, səcnʔaʔmíx, kʷu_səcnʔaʔmíx, p_səcnʔaʔmíx, səcnʔaʔmíxəlx</i>
3. <i>kn_snʔaʔámíx, kʷ_snʔaʔámíx, snʔaʔámíx, kʷu_snʔaʔámíx, p_snʔaʔámíx, snʔaʔámíxəlx</i>
4. <i>kn_ksnʔaʔmíxaʔx, kʷ_snʔaʔmíxaʔx, ksnʔaʔmíxaʔx, kʷu_ksnʔaʔmíxaʔx, p_snʔaʔmíxaʔx, ksnʔaʔmíxaʔxəlx</i>
5. <i>isnʔaʔám, asnʔaʔám, snʔaʔámš, snʔaʔámətət, snʔaʔáməp, snʔaʔámšəlx</i>
6. <i>ntaʔntín, ntaʔntíxʷ, ntaʔntís, ntaʔntím, ntaʔntíp, ntaʔntísəlx</i>
7. <i>cnʔaʔstín, cnʔaʔstíxʷ, cnʔaʔstís, cnʔaʔstím, cnʔaʔstíp, cnʔaʔstísəlx</i>
8. <i>iksnʔaʔám, aksnʔaʔám, ksnʔaʔntís, ksnʔaʔntím, ksnʔaʔntíp, ksnʔaʔntísəlx</i>

9. iscńta?ám, ascńta?ám, scńta?ámś, scńta?ámťt, scńta?ámť, scńta?ámśǎł
10. ikscńta?ám, akscńta?ám, kscńta?ámś, kscńta?ámťt, kscńta?ámť, kscńta?ámśǎł
example sentences:
1. ńta_ńtím i?_śńłǎx^úla?x^ťt ixí? cńxits i?_śǎx^íp. (When we tamp down our hole it helps the root.)
2. ń_aksńťqám asńmáńx^ťn ńta?ńtík^ mi sic kčíksńtx^w. (If your going to pile your pipe, tamp it before you light it.)
3. ńa_ńyípla?x^ńtx^w i?_śk^wáńťq ńta?ta?áńť mi lut ksǎwáwś i?_śǎx^íps. (When you plant plants, tamp it down so the roots don't dry out.)
6. cǎiw- raw
reduplication: cǎwǎiw
example sentences:
1. ńa_ckla?kín tí? ilí? way cǎiw uł cńpustm km clkípstm. (Sometimes it's had raw and it's boiled or pit baked)
2. ǎs?íłn i?_ńitǎa? nix^w ńa_cǎiw. (Camas is good eating when its raw.)
7. ńtix- serve
reduplication: ńtxńť
conjugations:
1. kn_ńtíxm, k^w_ńtíxm, ńtíxm, k^wu_ńtíxm, p_ńtíxm, ńtíxmǎł
2. kn_śǎcńtíxx, k^w_śǎcńtíxx, śǎcńtíxx, k^wu_śǎcńtíxx, p_śǎcńtíxx, śǎcńtíxxǎł
3. kn_śńtíxx, k^w_śńtíxx, śńtíxx, k^wu_śńtíxx, p_śńtíxx, śńtíxxǎł
4. kn_ksńtíxa?x, k^w_śńtíxa?x, ksńtíxa?x, k^wu_ksńtíxa?x, p_śńtíxa?x, ksńtíxa?xǎł
5. isńtíxm, asńtíxm, śńtíxms, śńtíxťt, śńtíxť, śńtíxmsǎł
6. ńtíxn, ńtíxńtx^w, ńtíxs, ńtíxńtm, ńtíxńtp, ńtíxsǎł
7. cńtíxstn, cńtíxstx^w, cńtíxsts, cńtíxstm, cńtíxstp, cńtíxstsǎł
8. ikśńtíxm, aksńtíxm, ksńtíxs, ksńtíxńtm, ksńtíxńtp, ksńtíxsǎł
9. iscńtíx, ascńtíx, scńtíxms, scńtíxťt, scńtíxť, scńtíxmsǎł
10. ikscńtíxm, akscńtíx, kscńtíxms, kscńtíxťt, kscńtíxť, kscńtíxmsǎł
example sentences:
1. ńǎłlúsa? ǎcńpusǎs uł ǎcńtíx tí? ǎckmax ńǎłł tǎ_śk^wáńťq. (Biscuit root is boiled and served alone like a vegetable.)
2. ikśńtíxńtíxm i?_ńǎłlúsa?. (I'm going to dish up the biscuit root.)
3. śtim aksńtíx ? (What are you going to dish up?)
8. ńǎk^wstim / ńǎk^wáńť / ńǎk^wam- to string
reduplication: ńǎk^wńǎk^wáńť
conjugations:
kn_ńǎk^wam, k^w_ńǎk^wam, ńǎk^wam, k^wu_ńǎk^wam, p_ńǎk^wam, ńǎk^wamǎł

kn_səctəkʷmix, kʷ_səctəkʷmix, səctəkʷmix, kʷu_səctəkʷmix, p_səctəkʷmix, səctəkʷmixəlx
kn_sʔəkʷmix, kʷ_sʔəkʷmix, sʔəkʷmix, kʷu_sʔəkʷmix, p_sʔəkʷmix, sʔəkʷmixəlx
kn_ksʔəkʷmíxaʔx, kʷ_sʔəkʷmíxaʔx, ksʔəkʷmíxaʔx, kʷu_ksʔəkʷmíxaʔx, p_sʔəkʷmíxaʔx, ksʔəkʷmíxaʔxəlx
isʔəkʷám, asʔəkʷám, sʔəkʷámš, sʔəkʷámətət, sʔəkʷám̐p, sʔəkʷámšəlx
ʔəkʷántin, ʔəkʷántixʷ, ʔəkʷántis, ʔəkʷántim, ʔəkʷántip, ʔəkʷántisəlx
cʔəkʷstin, cʔəkʷstixʷ, cʔəkʷstis, cʔəkʷstim, cʔəkʷstip, cʔəkʷstisəlx
iksʔəkʷám, aksʔəkʷám, ksʔəkʷántis, ksʔəkʷántim, ksʔəkʷántip, ksʔəkʷántisəlx
iscʔəkʷám, ascʔəkʷám, scʔəkʷámš, scʔəkʷámətət, scʔəkʷám̐p, scʔəkʷámšəlx
ikscʔəkʷám, akscʔəkʷám, kscʔəkʷámš, kscʔəkʷámətət, kscʔəkʷám̐p, kscʔəkʷámšəlx

example sentences:

1. uʔ əcʰwstim nixʷ, əcʔəkʷstim km kʔpkʷńtim. (And also you dry it by stringing it up or spreading it out.)

2. kn_kskʷúlaʔx t_ikʔkʔyircín iksʔəkʷám iʔ_skʷəkʷʔíʔp iʔ_skʷəkʷíws. (I'm going to make a necklace I'm going to string up these rosebush berries.)

3. ha ʔəkʷántixʷ ascwíc? (Did you string up what you dug ?)

08. ʔítǵʷaʔ

sʔaʔúms

cńtypúlaʔxʷ	stream
wəǵwáǵiʔp	mock orange
sǵʷaʔíʔítǵʷaʔ	raw camas
cʔýqstim / ʔýqant	finish cooking
stámuʔqn	skunk cabbage
ńqmnúlaʔxʷńt	put things in ground
stǵʷíʔi	camas flour
kǵtǵmícaʔ	have a peel
kǵəpǵʷícaʔ	to peel
cýʔat	be in need
kǵǵqʷap	break off
kʔumǵcnm	honor feast

smýmay

<p>lut qʷay iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ ǀ_sylx iʔ_ʔmǵxʷúlaʔxʷs. kmax iʔ_snaʔyǵkstx ʔmǵxʷúlaʔxʷ qʷay iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ. qipcm, ǀ_hmǵhmúlaʔxʷ kaʔ cplal iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ. ǀ_ǵǵǵsúllaʔxʷ naʔt yʔacíns iʔ_cwǵcwíxaʔ naʔt cńtypúlaʔxʷ kaʔ cplal iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ. iʔ_scaʔákʷs iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ ʔəqpiq km qʷýqʷʔay uʔ nixʷ cyus iʔ_kʷiǵt. iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ taʔlí ǵsʔiǵn.</p> <p>kswicńtm iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ ǵa_ccaʔákʷm km ǵə_wiʔscaʔákʷm. ǵə_wiʔscaʔákʷm, lut akskakícm iʔ_sʔaǵwíps. ǵsápiʔ iʔ_sqilxʷ iʔ_ʔícaʔs cǵʷíǵwúlm ǵǵ_ǵǵǵǵiʔ uʔ kǵtǵmíplaʔ ǵǵ_ǵǵaʔcínm ǵʷmǵmǵmǵqíns km sníǵtcaʔ ǵʷmǵmǵmǵqíns. iʔ_ǵǵǵǵiʔ ǵǵ_wəǵwáǵiʔp km ǵǵ_sxʷaʔxʷaʔńkíʔp. ʔapnáʔ ʔululím aʔ_cǵʷuǵmństm. ǵsápiʔ, iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ ǀ_mxíʔp ǵǵǵáqnaʔ kaʔ cnutstísəǵ ǵə_cwicstsaǵx. ʔapnáʔ, iʔ_sqilxʷ xiʔmíx stim nutnutmíńs, ǵáqnaʔ km ǵəǵtəkap.</p> <p>ǵə_wiʔswicńtm iʔ_ʔítǵʷaʔ, xʷkʷńtim mi ixíʔ kskʷícncutət. ǵumństm sǵʷaʔíʔítǵʷaʔ iʔ_lútiʔ ǵə_ʔýqńtim. ǵə_wiʔspýqńtim, ʔumńtm ʔítǵʷaʔ. ǵa_cǵklaʔkín ǵiʔ ilíʔ way cǵiw uʔ cńpustm km</p>	<p>stream</p> <p>mock orange</p> <p>raw camas; cook raw</p>
--	---

<p>clkipstm. ta?lí x̄s?i?n i?_?itx̄wa? ʃa_cwi?slkip. c̄xtwiłx. ʃa_cwi?slkip i?_?itx̄wa?, csulstm km c̄x̄w̄stim. q̄sápi?, lut cxi?xi?stisəlx i?_sq̄lq̄ltmix^w ksc̄yáyáxa?sts i?_smaṁ?im ʃa_cclkipməlx. i?_sq̄lq̄ltmix^w c?úlu?stsəlx i?_stámu?qn k̄l_ṁlkiptn, naṁm̄t lut ksctqtistsəlx i?_?itx̄wa? km c̄nq̄mnúla?x^wsts ṁlkiptn. q̄sápi?, niṁáyp̄ əc̄x̄w̄stim i?_?itx̄wa?. ilí? ʃq̄ntim uʃ k̄t̄pək^wṁtim ṁa?_cwar. km i?_cəcáma?t c̄ʃac uʃ c̄xaw ṁsk^wək^wl̄al ixí? k̄w̄ulsəlx tə_stk^wʃi?i. nix^w c̄xiw̄ əck^wum̄m, p̄úti? k̄t̄k̄m̄íca?. ixí? sic ʃa_?istkm, ck̄t̄əp̄x̄w̄íca? uʃ c̄ṁpus. ta?lí x̄c̄x̄ačt tə_s?i?n. q̄sápi?, a?_cpiṁm knəqsus km t̄k^wəṁk^wṁxus i?_ks?i?ṁs uʃ x̄ast uʃ k̄lax^w. i?_sṁṁaýckstx na?ʃ s̄x̄w̄y?i?px c̄x^wuy k̄l_ql̄spilx ka? cwəc̄wičm tə_?itx̄wa?. i?_ql̄spilx laṁtṁs yṁat i?_sq̄ilx^w uʃ cxi?xi?stis tə_kwəc̄wičm̄s tə_?itx̄wa? ṁtm̄x̄úla?x^ws. i?_smaṁ?im a?_cwəc̄wičm, naṁm̄t ʃa_wi?spiṁm i?_sq̄lq̄ltmix^w k̄ṁxitsəlx i?_smaṁ?im ʃa_cwičm tə_?itx̄wa?. t̄l_miktú?tn uʃ k̄l_ksiya?tn ʃa_cwəc̄wičm. ʃa_cla?kín i?_sq̄ilx^w ʃa_cýṁat uʃ ʃq̄ntisəlx i?_?itx̄wa? ṁ_s?istk uʃ c̄ṁpustsəlx. ṁciqsəlx uʃ k̄t̄l̄q̄w̄ap i?_súlla?x^w, itlí k̄t̄ix^wútm̄s ckm̄ntisəlx i?_?itx̄wa?. ʃa_qipcm, ʃa_cx?it i?_kscwičs tə_?itx̄wa? ixí? uʃ k̄p̄um̄cnməlx. ʃa_ckmax i?_nqsilx^w, ckmaxəlx k̄p̄um̄cnməlx. tx^wa?x^w?it i?_snqsilx^w ?alu?scútəlx, itlí? ṁk̄w̄ak̄w̄inm tə_k̄t̄xa?tústsəlx ixí? mi cx?it wičs i?_?itx̄wa?. i?_lúti? kswičm̄s, k^wu_x^wuyy k̄la?kín ka? plal i?_?itx̄wa? uʃ k̄ṁaw̄xtm i?_?itx̄wa?. ixí? i?_smaṁ?im wəc̄wičsəlx a?_cx?it i?_?itx̄wa? itlí? nix^w wəc̄wičməlx. yṁat i?_?itx̄wa? c̄lkip, ixí? uʃ k̄ṁaw̄xtsəlx uʃ sic ?iṁsəlx. ck̄p̄um̄cnm ṁa?_cx?it i?_?itx̄wa? p̄yq̄cinməlx, ?a?i?nəlx, ixí? mi sic xi?m̄ix swit wəc̄wičm.</p>	<p>skunk cabbage put in the ground</p> <p>camas flour has peel; peel</p> <p>be in need break off; frozen ground honor feast</p>
---	--

s̄nsúx^wna? sw̄t̄i?n

1. ka?kín ka? cplal i?_?itx̄wa? ?
2. ckin i?_sca?ák^ws i?_?itx̄wa? ?
3. p̄hkin ka? cwic̄m i?_?itx̄wa? ?
4. q̄sápi?, tə_stim c̄k̄w̄ulm̄stm i?_píca?s i?_syilx ? tə_stim i?_s̄x̄əčci?s ?

5. i?_lúti? tə_pýqntim, stim i?_cúrnstm i?_?ítǵa? ?
6. stim i?_misǵást nkʷulmn mi kʷlcncut i?_?ítǵa? ? səxkinx ?
7. q́sápi?, ha i?_sqilqtmixʷ clkipmǵx tə_?ítǵa? ?
8. xkinm mi kʷ_cǵkʷulm tə_sǵkʷí?i ?
9. ká?kín ka? cwicm tə_?ítǵa? i?_snǵayckstx na?ǵ sǵwý?iǵpx ?
10. xkinm mi cwicstm i?_?ítǵa? í_s?istk ?
11. stim a?_cǵkists i?_syilx ǵa_cx?it i?_kscwicǵs tə_?ítǵa? ?
12. ǵa_æckpurncmǵx, swit a?_cx?it wiǵs i?_?ítǵa? ?
13. i?_lúti? kswicmǵs i?_?ítǵa?, əxkistm i?_syilx na?ǵ xa?tústs ?
14. əxkistm i?_sqilxʷ mi wi?slkípm a?_cx?it i?_?ítǵa? ?
15. pnkin mi xi?míx swit əcwǵwicǵsts i?_?ítǵa? ?

skǵ?ism tə_ǵilm s?a?úrnǵs

A. **Past/Present Transitive to Customary/Actual Transitive** Rewrite the sentence using the customary/actual transitive, then translate both sentences to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

EX: wikn i?_slaǵt. -----> cwikstn i?_slaǵt. I saw my friend. / I see my friend.

1. wiǵn i?_?ítǵa? ǵa_cǵa?á?kʷm.
2. ǵwǵntixʷ i?_sǵaǵwí?p.
3. nǵpusntm i?_skʷańǵq.
4. ?umńtp i?_xa?túsmǵp.
5. laǵtrmǵsǵx i?_kʷiǵt.

B. **Customary/Actual Transitive to Past/Present Transitive** Rewrite the sentence using the past/present transitive, then translate both sentences to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

EX: cǵǵaǵstn i?_slaǵt. -----> śaǵn i?_slaǵt. I look at my friend. / I looked at my friend.

1. cǵǵstisǵx i?_ululím.
2. ckǵlǵwstip i?_súlla?xʷ.
3. pýqstim i?_scwicǵtət.
4. inǵáma? cńqmnúla?xʷsts i?_?ítǵa?.

5. ckakícstx^w tə_pýqus i?_spýqatq.

ck^wulmstm i?_s?a?úms

1. cńtypúla?x^w - stream / water flowing on the ground
reduplication: cńtypúla?x ^w
example sentences:
1. Ī_ǰǰǰsúlla?x ^w na?ǰ yǰacíns i?_cǰwcwíxa? na?ǰ cńtypúla?x ^w ka? cplal i?_ǰitǰ ^w a?. (Camas grows in meadows and on shores of creeks and streams.)
2. ǰa_ńpísu?śńtx ^w ask ^w áńǰq, cńtypúla?x ^w st. (To irrigate your garden, flood it.)
3. ǰikt i?_sa?ǰitk ^w cńtypúla?x ^w st. (When the river is high it floods the land.)
2. sǰ^walǰitǰ^wa? - uncooked camas
example sentences:
1. ćumstm sǰ ^w alǰitǰ ^w a? i?_lúti? ǰa_pýqńtim.
2. ǰa?kín ki? k ^w _wićm tə_sǰ ^w alǰitǰ ^w a? ? (Where do you dig some camas?)
3. sǰ ^w alǰitǰ ^w a? ixí? cǰǰk ^w stisǰx ul kǰix ^w psǰx. (They string raw camas and hang it up to dry.)
3. pýqant / pýqam / cpýqstim - finish cooking
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
1. kn_pýqam
2. kn_sǰcpýqmix
3. kn_spýqmix
4. kn_kspýqmíxa?x
5. ispýqám
6. pýqńtin
6a. pýqstin
7. ikspýqám
8. ikspýqám
9. iscpýqám
10. ikscpýqám
example sentences:
1. ixí? nix ^w i?_sǰǰǰǰǰps ǰast tə_s?iǰn, naǰmǰ ixí? ǰsápi a?_clǰip ǰa_cpýqstísǰx. (We also eat the root of the sunflower, but it has to be pit cooked for a long time for it to be ready to eat.)
2. kn_k ^w ulǰkálátm, ńqmin Ī_spǰǰǰǰǰqan, pǰwpiwt ul pýpýqńtin. (I made bread by putting them in the pans, they rose and I cooked them.)
3. ha pýqńtix ^w i?_pa?pa?ǰǰáca? ? (Did you cook the moose meat?)

4. stámu?qn- skunk cabbage
example sentences:
1. i?_sqíqítmix ^w c?úlu?stsə́ix i?_stámu?qn kí_ńlkiptn, naǰmǰ lut ksctqtistsə́ix i?_?ítx ^w a? km cńqmnúla?x ^w sts í_ńlkiptn.
2. k ^w rk ^w ri? i?_sća?ća?áǰ ^w s i?_stámu?qn. (The skunk cabbage has yrllow flowers.)
3. ta?lí qyax ^w i?_stámu?qn. (Skunk cabbage stinks.)
5. ńqmnúla?x^wst- put things in the ground
reduplication: ńqmnúla?x ^w
conjugations:
1. kn_ńqmnúla?x ^w m, k ^w _ńqmnúla?x ^w m, ńqmnúla?x ^w m, k ^w u_ńqmnúla?x ^w m, p_ńqmnúla?x ^w m, ńqmnúla?x ^w mə́ix
2. kn_səcńqmnúla?x ^w x, k ^w _səcńqmnúla?x ^w x, səcńqmnúla?x ^w x, k ^w u_səcńqmnúla?x ^w x, p_səcńqmnúla?x ^w x, səcńqmnúla?x ^w xə́ix
3. kn_sńqmnúla?x ^w x, k ^w _sńqmnúla?x ^w x, sńqmnúla?x ^w x, k ^w u_sńqmnúla?x ^w x, p_sńqmnúla?x ^w x, sńqmnúla?x ^w xə́ix
4. kn_ksńqmnúla?x ^w a?x, k ^w _sńqmnúla?x ^w a?x, ksńqmnúla?x ^w a?x, k ^w u_ksńqmnúla?x ^w a?x, p_sńqmnúla?x ^w a?x, ksńqmnúla?x ^w a?xə́ix
5. isńqmnúla?x ^w m, asńqmnúla?x ^w m, sńqmnúla?x ^w mǰs, sńqmnúla?x ^w mǰtət, sńqmnúla?x ^w mǰp, sńqmnúla?x ^w mǰsə́ix
6. ńqmnúla?x ^w stn, ńqmnúla?x ^w stx ^w , ńqmnúla?x ^w sts, ńqmnúla?x ^w stm, ńqmnúla?x ^w stp, ńqmnúla?x ^w stsə́ix
6a. cńqmnúla?x ^w stn, cńqmnúla?x ^w stx ^w , cńqmnúla?x ^w sts, cńqmnúla?x ^w stm,
7. iksńqmnúla?x ^w m, aksńqmnúla?x ^w m, ksńqmnúla?x ^w sts, ksńqmnúla?x ^w stm, ksńqmnúla?x ^w stp, ksńqmnúla?x ^w stsə́ix
8. iksńqmnúla?x ^w m, aksńqmnúla?x ^w m, ksńqmnúla?x ^w mǰs, ksńqmnúla?x ^w mǰtət, ksńqmnúla?x ^w mǰp, ksńqmnúla?x ^w mǰsə́ix
9. iscńqmnúla?x ^w m, ascńqmnúla?x ^w m, scńqmnúla?x ^w mǰs, scńqmnúla?x ^w mǰtət, scńqmnúla?x ^w mǰp, scńqmnúla?x ^w mǰsə́ix
10. ikscńqmnúla?x ^w m, akscńqmnúla?x ^w m, kscńqmnúla?x ^w mǰs, kscńqmnúla?x ^w mǰtət, kscńqmnúla?x ^w mǰp, kscńqmnúla?x ^w mǰsə́ix
conjugation example sentences:
1. kn_ńqmnúla?x ^w m tə_patáq. (I put potatoes in the ground.)
2. kn_səcńqmnúla?x ^w əx ^w tə_sǰ ^w ańq. (Im putting plants in the ground.)
3. i?_sqilx ^w sńqmnúla?x ^w mǰsə́ix. (??)
4. ha k ^w _sńqmnúla?x ^w a?x tə_xǰxǰlut ? (??)
5.
6.
6a. cǰit itit? tə_sǰǰańq a?_cńqmnúla?x ^w stp. (??)
7. lut miyáǰ ksńx ^w ú?ula?x ^w s aksńqmnúla?x ^w m. (??)

8.

9. yaʃt píplal iscńqmnúlaʔxʷ. (??)

10. ha iʔ_kʷíkʷil iʔ_kscńqmnúlaʔxʷs ? (??)

example sentences:

1. iʔ_sqíqítmixʷ cʔúluʔstsə́lx iʔ_stámuʔqn kíl_ńlkiptn, naǰmǰ lut ksctqtistsə́lx iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ km cńqmnúlaʔxʷsts í_ńlkiptn.

2. ʔ_akskʷańtqm tə_patáq aksńqmnúlaʔxʷm. (To plant potatoes you put them in the ground.)

3. iʔ_xǰǰxǰut cqmnúlaʔxʷ. (Rocks lay all over the ground.)

6. stkʷíʔi- camas flour

example sentences:

1. km iʔ_cacámaʔt cʔʃac uʔ cǰaw í_skʷəkʷlal ixíʔ kʷulsə́lx tə_stkʷíʔi.

2. iʔ_stkʷíʔi aksmárwiʔm í_a_stxítʷ. (You can mix camas flour in your soup.)

3. kʷ_skʷúlaʔx tə_lkalát tí_stkʷíʔi. (You can make bread using camas flour.)

7. tkmícaʔ- peel

reduplication: tkmkmícaʔ

example sentences:

1. nixʷ cǰiw əckʷumǰm, pútiʔ kǰtkmícaʔ.

2. iʔ_t_astúmkst naʔǰ ańcáqʷmaʔ akskrám iʔ_tkmícaʔs. (Use your thumb and pointing finger to peel off the peel.)

3. ʔiʔ ilíʔ ǰqńtixʷ uʔ ksrańt iʔ_tkmícaʔs. (As soon as you dig it up, peel the peeling off.)

8. kǰəpǰwícaʔ- to peel

conjugations:

kn_kǰəpǰwícaʔm, kʷ_kǰəpǰwícaʔm, kǰəpǰwícaʔs, kʷu_kǰəpǰwícaʔm, p_kǰəpǰwícaʔm, kǰəpǰwícaʔməlx
kn_səckǰəpǰwícaʔx, kʷ_səckǰəpǰwícaʔx, səckǰəpǰwícaʔx, kʷu_səckǰəpǰwícaʔx, p_səckǰəpǰwícaʔx,
səckǰəpǰwícaʔxəlx

kn_skǰəpǰwícaʔx, kʷ_skǰəpǰwícaʔx, skǰəpǰwícaʔx, kʷu_skǰəpǰwícaʔx, p_skǰəpǰwícaʔx, skǰəpǰwícaʔxəlx
kn_kskǰəpǰwícaʔx, kʷ_kskǰəpǰwícaʔx, kskǰəpǰwícaʔx, kʷu_kskǰəpǰwícaʔx, p_kskǰəpǰwícaʔx,
kskǰəpǰwícaʔxəlx

iskǰəpǰwícaʔm, askǰəpǰwícaʔm, skǰəpǰwícaʔmǰs, skǰəpǰwícaʔmǰtət, skǰəpǰwícaʔmǰp , skǰəpǰwícaʔmǰsəlx
kǰəpǰwícaʔn, kǰəpǰwícaʔńtxʷ, kǰəpǰwícaʔs, kǰəpǰwícaʔńtm, kǰəpǰwícaʔńtp, kǰəpǰwícaʔsəlx

ckǰəpǰwícaʔstn, ckǰəpǰwícaʔstxʷ, ckǰəpǰwícaʔsts, ckǰəpǰwícaʔstm, ckǰəpǰwícaʔstp, ckǰəpǰwícaʔstsəlx
ikskǰəpǰwícaʔm, akskǰəpǰwícaʔm, kskǰəpǰwícaʔs, kskǰəpǰwícaʔńtm, kskǰəpǰwícaʔńtp, kskǰəpǰwícaʔsəlx

isckǰəpǰwícaʔm, asckǰəpǰwícaʔm, sckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰs, sckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰtət, skckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰp, sckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰsəlx
ikskckǰəpǰwícaʔm, aksckǰəpǰwícaʔm, ksckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰs, ksckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰtət, kskckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰp,
ksckǰəpǰwícaʔmǰsəlx

conjugation example sentences:

1. kskǰlaxʷ kn_kǰəpǰwícaʔm tə_skəkʃákaʔ. (??)

2. ixí? səcktəpǎwíca?x tə_sfasfás. (??)
3. ǎxwńtís i?_ńcəcláwvsqn uť sktəpǎwíca?x. (??)
4. iklí? kwu_ksxwúya?x kwu_ksktəpǎwíca?a?x. (??)
5. ha yfat ixí? sktəpǎwíca?ńp ? (??)
6. ixí? ktəpǎwíca?səlx. (??)
- 6a. yafť i?_stim cktəpǎwíca?stn. (??)
7. axá? xwíctmn i?_skəkřáka? aksktəpǎwíca?m. (??)
- 8.
9. ǎast i?_sckwúńp sktəpǎwíca?ńtp i?_spurńts. (??)
10. kwulstxw_kscktəpǎwíca?s i?_xwa?xwa?yúť. (??)

example sentences:

1. ixí? sic tə_?istkm, cktəpǎwíca? uť cńpus.
2. tə_wícn i?_?ítǎwa? tí? illí? ikscktəpǎwíca?m. (When I dig the camas, I'll peel it right away.)

3.

9. cýfat- be in need

conjugations:

1. kn_cýfat, kw_cýfat, cýfat, kwu_cýfat, p_cýfat, cýfatəlx
2. kn_səcýfatx, kw_səcýfatx, səcýfatx, kwu_səcýfatx, p_səcýfatx, səcýfatxəlx
3. kn_scýfatx, kw_scýfatx, scýfatx, kwu_scýfatx, p_scýfatx, scýfatxəlx
4. kn_kscýfatmíxa?x, kw_scýfatmíxa?x, kscýfatmíxa?x, kwu_scýfatmíxa?x, p_scýfatmíxa?x, kscýfatmíxa?xəlx
5. iscýfat, ascýfat, scýfats, scýfatət, scýfatmp, scýfatsəlx
6. ýfatmín, ýfatmíńtw, ýfatmís, ýfatmíntm, ýfatmíntp, ýfatmísəlx
7. cýfatmístn, cýfatmístxw, cýfatmísts, cýfatmístm, cýfatmístp, cýfatmístsəlx
8. kscýfatmíńm, aksýfatmíńm, ksýfatmís, ksýfatmíntm, ksýfatmíntp, ksýfatmísəlx
9. ikscýfatmíńm, akscýfatmíńm, kscýfatmís, kscýfatmíntm, kscýfatmíntp, kscýfatmísəlx
10. iscýfatmíńm, ascýfatmíńm, scýfatmís, scýfatmíntm, scýfatmíntp, scýfatmísəlx

conjugation example sentences:

1. kn_cýfat t_ikťknxcútn. (??)
2. ha kw_səcýfatx t_akťńtkwíls ? (??)
3. i?_sqilxw_scýfatx tə_ksckwúls. (??)
4. i?_scəcmála? scýfatmíxa?x tə_kťmńtmúńsəlx. (??)
5. cuńtp stim i?_scýfatmp. (??)
6. tə_ýfatmísəlx uť_ckwńíməlx. (??)
- 6a. ta?lí cýfatmístn t_iksǎlwi?. (??)
7. lut kw_ťə_təxwcnćut aksýfatmíńm i?_s?íń. (??)
- 8.
9. kw_ťə_kícńtm i?_sc?ix scýfatmíntm i?_mrímstn. (??)
10. way ń?astkílt kscýfatmís i?_kťńyílxwúpstńs tə_kwíł?ílt. (??)

example sentences:

1. ʔa_claʔkín iʔ_sqilxʷ ʔa_cýʕat uʔ ʔqntisəlx iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ ʔ_sʔistk uʔ cnpustsəlx.
2. ʔa_claʔkín cýʕaʔýʕaʔt iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ. (Sometimes there's hardly any camas.)
3. ha cnixʷám cýʕaʔtmístsəlx iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ. (The people who hold winter dances are in need of camas.)
10. kʰlqʷap / kʰlqʷam / kʰlqʷántim- break off
reduplication: kʰlqʷlqʷap
conjugations:
1. kn_kʰlqʷap, kʷ_kʰlqʷap, kʰlqʷap, kʷu_kʰlqʷap, p_kʰlqʷap, kʰlqʷapəlx
2. kn_səckʰlqʷmíx, kʷ_səckʰlqʷmíx, səckʰlqʷmíx, kʷu_səckʰlqʷmíx, p_səckʰlqʷmíx, səckʰlqʷmíxəlx
3. kn_skʰlqʷpmíx, kʷ_skʰlqʷpmíx, skʰlqʷpmíx, kʷu_skʰlqʷpmíx, p_skʰlqʷpmíx, skʰlqʷpmíxəlx
4. kn_kskʰlqʷmíxaʔx, kʷ_skʰlqʷmíxaʔx, kskʰlqʷmíxaʔx, kʷu_kskʰlqʷmíxaʔx, p_skʰlqʷmíxaʔx, kskʰlqʷmíxaʔxəlx
5. iskʰlqʷám, askʰlqʷám, skʰlqʷáms, skʰlqʷámtət, skʰlqʷámp, skʰlqʷámsəlx
6. kʰlqʷántín, kʰlqʷántixʷ, kʰlqʷántís, kʰlqʷántím, kʰlqʷántíp, kʰlqʷántisəlx
6a. ckʰlqʷstín, ckʰlqʷstíxʷ, ckʰlqʷstís, ckʰlqʷstím, ckʰlqʷstíp, ckʰlqʷstísəlx
8. ikskʰlqʷám, akskʰlqʷám, kskʰlqʷáms, kskʰlqʷámtət, kskʰlqʷámp, kskʰlqʷámsəlx
9. ikscʰlqʷám, akscʰlqʷám, scʰlqʷáms, scʰlqʷámtət, scʰlqʷámp, scʰlqʷámsəlx
10. isckʰlqʷám, asckʰlqʷám, scʰlqʷáms, scʰlqʷámtət, scʰlqʷámp, scʰlqʷámsəlx
conjugation example sentences:
1. kn_kʰlqʷap tʔ_isnqsílxʷ. (??)
2. kn_səckʰlqʷmix tə_lkalát. (??)
3. txʷstikn ʔ_sxʷúynt kiʔ skʰlqʷpmix, kiʔ nixʷtítkʷ uʔ nʔlítkʷ. (??)
4. miyát txʷaʔxʷʔitəlx kʔwstikn kskʰlqʷmíxaʔxəlx. (??)
5. lut miyát sílxʷaʔ skʰlqʷámp. (??)
6. kʷ_wíkm tə_tíć uʔ kʰlqʷántixʷ ixíʔ mrimstn. (??)
6a. ʔə_ksʔíʔntm iʔ_kanti ckʰlqʷstim. (??)
7.
8. kʷinx kskʰlqʷámtət, tʔ_sxʷwíʔcaʔ. (??)
9. scʰlqʷámp iʔ_ʕaytmńs. (??)
10. ikscʰlqʷám inqʷxqíńkst. (??)
example sentences:
1. ńciqsəlx uʔ kʰlqʷap iʔ_súllaʔxʷ, itlí kʰixʷútrńs ckmńtisəlx iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ.
2. kn_kʰlqʷap ʔ_sxʷuynt uʔ kn_sukʷt. (The ice broke off and I floated.)
3. kʷ_kʰlqʷam tʔ_sxʷwíʔcaʔ uʔ nʔkʷáʔqʷitmńt. (You break off a piece of dried meat and put it in your mouth.)
11. súllaʔxʷ- frozen ground
example sentences:
1. ńciqsəlx uʔ kʰlqʷap iʔ_súllaʔxʷ, itlí kʰixʷútrńs ckmńtisəlx iʔ_ʔitxʷaʔ.
2. ʔistkm uʔ csúllaʔxʷ iʔ_tmńxʷúlaʔxʷ. (In winter time the ground freezes up.)

3. $\dot{t}i?$ k $\dot{s}ay$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{t}uk^wla?x^w$ $\dot{t}a_sult$. (The ground is solid when it freezes.)
12. k$\dot{p}umcnm$- have an honor feast for food
reduplication: k $\dot{m}pumcnm$
conjugations:
1. k $\dot{n}_k\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{w}_k\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{w}u_k\dot{p}umcnm$, p $_k\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{p}umcnm\dot{a}ix$
2. k $\dot{n}_s\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx$, k $\dot{w}_s\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx$, s $\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx$, k $\dot{w}u_s\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx$, p $_s\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx$, s $\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx\dot{a}ix$
3. k $\dot{n}_sk\dot{p}umcncx$, k $\dot{w}_sk\dot{p}umcncx$, s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}ncx$, k $\dot{w}u_sk\dot{p}umcncx$, p $_sk\dot{p}umcncx$, s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}ncx\dot{a}ix$
4. k $\dot{n}_ksk\dot{p}umcna?x$, k $\dot{w}_sk\dot{p}umcna?x$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umcna?x$, k $\dot{w}u_ksk\dot{p}umcna?x$, p $_sk\dot{p}umcna?x$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umcna?x\dot{a}ix$
5. i $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umcnm$, a $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umcnm$, s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{m}s$, s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{m}t\dot{a}t$, s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{m}p$, s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{m}s\dot{a}ix$
6. k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}$, k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{x}^w$, k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}s$, k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{m}$, k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{p}$, k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}s\dot{a}ix$
6a. c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{n}$, c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{x}^w$, c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{s}$, c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{m}$, c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{p}$, c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{s}\dot{a}ix$
7. i $\dot{k}sk\dot{p}umcnm$, a $\dot{k}sk\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}s$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{m}$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{p}$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}s\dot{a}ix$
8. i $\dot{k}sk\dot{p}umcnm$, a $\dot{k}sk\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{s}$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{t}\dot{a}t$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{p}$, k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{s}\dot{a}ix$
9. i $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umcnm$, a $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umcnm$, s $\dot{c}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{s}$, s $\dot{c}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{t}\dot{a}t$, s $\dot{c}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{p}$, s $\dot{c}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{s}\dot{a}ix$
10. i $\dot{k}sk\dot{p}umcnm$, a $\dot{k}sk\dot{p}umcnm$, k $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{s}$, k $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{t}\dot{a}t$, k $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{p}$, k $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{s}\dot{a}ix$
conjugation example sentences:
1. $\dot{n}way$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}pi\dot{l}m$ i $\dot{x}i?$ k $\dot{n}_k\dot{p}umcnm$ mi sic k $\dot{n}_t\dot{a}x^wc\dot{n}cut$. (??)
2. i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}qilx^w$ s $\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umcncx$ k $\dot{s}a?x\dot{t}s$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}i\dot{t}n$. (??)
3. $\dot{t}i?$ c $\dot{k}max$ s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}ncx$. (??)
4. $\dot{x}cm\dot{n}cut$ k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umcna?x$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}qilx^w$. (??)
5. p $\dot{n}kin$ mi s $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{m}p$? (??)
6. k $\dot{w}u_k\dot{t}\dot{a}x^wntix^w$ p $\dot{n}ki\dot{n}$ mi k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{x}^w$. (??)
6a. c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}n\dot{s}t\dot{s}$ ya $\dot{s}t$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}i\dot{t}n$ a $\dot{l}i?$ cha $\dot{s}t\dot{i}s$ ya $\dot{s}t$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}tim$. (??)
7. k \dot{n}_limt k $\dot{s}k\dot{p}umc\dot{n}t\dot{p}$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}p\dot{y}qa\dot{t}q$. (??)
8.
9. i $\dot{w}\dot{a}$ k $\dot{w}_t\dot{a}_knaqs$ a $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umcnm$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}i\dot{t}nt\dot{a}t$. (??)
10. c $\dot{x}i?$ k $\dot{s}ck\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{p}$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}sa\dot{x}^wip$ mi sic k $\dot{w}u_w\dot{c}w\dot{i}cm$. (??)
example sentences:
1. $\dot{t}\dot{a}_qipcm$, $\dot{t}\dot{a}_cx?it$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{k}scwi\dot{c}s$ $\dot{t}\dot{a}_?it\dot{x}^wa?$ i $\dot{x}i?$ u \dot{t} k $\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{a}ix$.
2. c $\dot{k}s\dot{a}sts\dot{a}ix$, c $\dot{l}im\dot{t}m\dot{s}t\dot{s}\dot{a}ix$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{k}s?i\dot{t}n\dot{s}$ ka? c $\dot{k}p\dot{u}m\dot{c}nm$. (When they pray and be thankful for their food is when they have feasts.)
3. c $\dot{x}\dot{i}\dot{l}it\dot{s}t\dot{s}\dot{a}ix$ i $\dot{?}$ $\dot{s}nq\dot{s}ilx^ws$ na \dot{t} s $\dot{l}\dot{x}la\dot{x}ts$ $\dot{t}\dot{a}_s\dot{a}ck\dot{p}umc\dot{n}m\dot{a}ix$. (They invite their relatives and friends when they have a feast.)

09. smúk^waʔxn

sʔaʔúms

kł̄s̄s̄s̄s̄ińk	hillside
kp̄əp̄q̄ ^w inaʔńt	sprinkle
miktúʔtn	smúk ^w aʔxn seeds

smýmay

<p>iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ýlmix^wm tı_yʔat iʔ_{scaʔák^w}. iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} İ_{x̄w̄x̄w̄ulaʔx^w} kaʔ cplal laʔkín kaʔ ck^wək^wıal. İ_{kł̄s̄s̄s̄s̄ińk} uʔ nix^w İ_{saʔátq^wıp} cícal kaʔ cplal. k^wık^wriʔ iʔ_{scaʔcaʔák^ws}. iʔ_{packłs} kəpkip uʔ ckupupıcaʔ. słaʔcínm, sníkıcaʔ uʔ nix^w iʔ_{k^wıłt} iʔ_{tmix^w} cíłsts iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn}. iʔ_{tmix^w} cíłsts iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} packł. misx̄ásts iʔ_{scaʔák^ws}. yʔayʔát iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ksʔıııʔs iʔ_{sqılx^w}. ıa_{cplal} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} İ_{sqıpc} ksıńtim uʔ ʔıńtm. ixıʔ aʔ_{cxʔit} tə_{sʔıń} İ_{sqıpc}. x̄sʔıń tə_{kp̄əp̄q̄^winaʔńtx^w} tə_{cart}. ıa_{cwiʔscaʔák^wm}, tix^wńtm iʔ_{scaʔalqñ}, əcʔumstsəlx tə_{miktúʔtn}. ctaʔstısəlx iʔ_{scaʔalqñ}. ixıʔ x̄ast tə_{sʔıń} ! ixıʔ nix^w iʔ_{sfaʔwıps} x̄ast tə_{sʔıń}, naʔmı ixıʔ q̄sápi aʔ_{cıkip} ıa_{cp̄yqstısəlx}.</p>	<p>hillside</p> <p>sprinkle</p> <p>sunflower seeds</p> <p>finish cooking</p>
---	--

sı́súx^wnaʔ sw̄łtıń

1. stim iʔ_{ýlmix^wm} tı_yʔat iʔ_{scaʔák^w} ?
2. kaʔkín kaʔ cplal iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ?
3. ckin iʔ_{scaʔák^ws} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ?
4. ckin iʔ_{packłs} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ?
5. stim aʔ_{cıłsts} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ? swit aʔ_{cıłsts} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ?
6. stim aʔ_{cxʔit} tə_{sʔıń} İ_{sqıpc} ?
7. stim aʔ_{cıumstm} iʔ_{scaʔalqñs} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ?
8. xkinm cp̄yqstim iʔ_{sfaʔwıps} iʔ_{smúk^waʔxn} ?

skł̄ısm tə_{x̄ılm} sʔaʔúms

A. **Past/Present Transitive to Customary/Actual Transitive** Rewrite the sentence using the customary/actual transitive, then translate both sentences to nuyápıxcn. Follow the model.

EX: tqñtin iʔ_{scaʔák^w}. -----> ctqstın iʔ_{scaʔák^w}. I touched the flower. / I touch the flower.

1. Ísqipc ksrñtix^w uł ʔiñtix^w.
2. kǝǝǝq^winaʔñtp tǝ_cart.
3. tix^wñtm iʔ_sćsaıqñ.
4. ñqmiñt iʔ_ı_aʔ_cñtǝǝ^wúlʔax^w.
5. ha ʔiñs iʔ_ñtǝ^wǝǝ^wqiñs ?

B. Customary/Actual Transitive to Past/Present Transitive Rewrite the sentence using the past/present transitive, then translate both sentences to nuyápixcn. Follow the model.

EX: ǝćciwstm iʔ_ʔiʔǝcaʔ. -----> ćiwñtm iʔ_ʔiʔǝcaʔ. We wash the dishes. / We washed the dishes.

1. iʔ_tmix^w ćiñsts iʔ_smúk^waʔxn.
2. ǝcʔumñstsǝıx tǝ_miktúʔtn.
3. ctaʔstisǝıx iʔ_sćsaıqñ.
4. cǝyqstisǝıx Í_sñlkiptñ.
5. iʔ_syilx cpiǝsts iʔ_sǝaʔcínm.

ck^wulmstm iʔ_sʔaʔúms

1. kǝǝǝsink- hillside
reduplication: kǝǝǝsǝıñk
example sentences:
1. Í_kǝǝǝsǝıñk uł nix ^w Í_saʔátq ^w ıtp ćıćal kaʔ cplal. (It grows on hillsides, but also in the pine forests.)
2. k ^w _kǝǝǝamñtíñk Í_kǝǝǝsǝıñk uł k ^w _ksćcinm tǝ_smúk ^w aʔxn. (You sit on the hillside and peel sunflower stems to eat.)
3. qipcm uł tiʔ k ^w ra-y iʔ_smúk ^w aʔxn Í_kǝǝǝsǝıñk. (Spring time and the sunflower on the hillside is all yellow.)
2. kǝǝǝq ^w inaʔñt- sprinkle over something
reduplication: kǝǝǝsǝıñk
conjugations:

1. kn_kpəpəqʷinaʔm,
2. kn_səckpəpəqʷinaʔx,
3. kn_skpəpəqʷinaʔx
4. kn_kskpəpəqʷinaʔaʔx
5. iskəpəpəqʷinaʔm
6. kpəpəqʷinaʔn
- 6a. kpəpəqʷinaʔstn
7. ikskpəpəqʷinaʔm
8. ikskpəpəqʷinaʔm
9. isckpəpəqʷinaʔm
10. iksckpəpəqʷinaʔm

example sentences:

1. ixɪʔ aʔ_cxʔit tə_sʔiʔn ɪ_sqipc, ʃəsʔiʔn ʔə_kpəpəqʷinaʔntxʷ tə_ɕart. (It is one of the first spring foods, and it is good with a little salt.)

2. nʔəʃʷʔəʃʷlaʔxʷnt uʔ nʔakʷulaʔxʷnt iʔ_patáq sic klqíqnaʔnt sic kpəpəqʷinaʔnt tə_mnik mi ʃast iʔ_kspláʃ. (Make holes and put the potatoes in the holes then cover them then pour some poop on it so it will grow very well.)

3. ʔa_kskʷumcɪrn tə_spiʔm liqnt kpkʷinaʔnt tə_ʔəkʷlaʔxʷ. If your going to store some spiʔəm bury some in the ground then pour some sand on them .

3. **miktúʔtn-** smúkʷaʔxn seeds

1. ʔa_cwiʔscaʔákʷm, tixʷntm iʔ_sɕʔalqɪn, əcʔurnstsəlx tə_miktúʔtn. (After they are done blooming, the seeds are gathered, they're called miktúʔtn.)

2. puʔm iʔ_sqipc ʔúluʔsm tə_miktúʔtn. (At the end of spring they gathered the sunflower seeds.)

3. cʔiʔstəlx iʔ_miktúʔtn. (They eat the sunflower seeds.)

4. ctaʔstísəlx iʔ_sɕʔalqns iʔ_smúkʷaʔxn, iʔ_miktúʔtn. (They pound the sunflower seeds, the miktúʔtn.)

10. i?_kʷiʎt a?_cplal

s?a?úms

kiki?tnítp	green willow
ctɣap	stream
pəpírǝt	flexible
pńńtim / pńam	to bend
sǣwítca?m	to dry meat
paǣńt	scrape something
sc?ix	fever
tətqítəmíx	short plant
ckpá?xʷíkst	shiny leaves
kčřčrus	sour berries
ńkʷri?kʷ	yellow liquid
ńtqitkʷtn	dye
ńtqitkʷńt	put in water
tmńmńy?i?p	snowberry bush
ńxʎtisxń	pit / seed
tmńmńy?ip	snowberry
sńqʷa?qínm	wash hair
ńyʎʷupstn spuct	diaper rash
kcəcmíkst	small leaves
líwíliwíx	tiny bells

smýmay

<p>kiki?tnítp</p> <p>i?_kiki?tnítp cplal í_ɣsacíns a?_ctɣap la?kín i?_hńhmúla?xʷ. i?_tkíkíxmikstńs ta?lí pəpírǝt u? títiymńt akspńám. ixí? ǣast kí_sǣwílm tə_kʷílstn. tə_ǣwǣawt i?_sǣǣci?s, ǣast kí_sǣwítca?m. kʷu_ckʷílm tə_mrimstn tí_kiki?tnítp, paǣńtm i?_křixʷútrńs i?_kí?lílxʷ. kʷu_kʷílm ta_łti tí_kí?lílxʷ ixí? ǣast kí_sqílqn km kí_sc?ix.</p>	<p>green willow; stream; flexible bend dry meat scrape fever</p>
--	---

<p>wəxwaxitp</p> <p>i?_wəxwaxitp ta_ckl_cilkst km ?uphkt scu?xán i?_kswsxnalqʷs. qʷin i?_packts ut pum km pʷa i?_ki?ilixʷs. qipcm ka? cca?ákʷm ti? put wi?sca?ákʷm i?_síya?. pəqpiq i?_sca?ákʷs i?_wəxwaxitp. i?_spýqaʷqs tkʷlkwils ʷa_cpýaq. i?_skəkʷaka? čitsts. lut xəst sʷitn kíl_sqilxʷ. i?_sxəčis i?_wəxwaxitp kíl_skʷulm tə_cqiln. qsápi?, i?_syilx ckʷulmsts i?_tklklxmikstns tə_kʷpícaʷs. i?_wəxwaxitp i?_packts ckʷulmstsəlx kʷkəwíwstns.</p> <p>sčrsitəmlix</p> <p>i?_sčrsitəmlix tətqitəmlix ut i?_packts ckpaʷxʷikst. qipcm ut cca?ákʷm, kʷikʷri? i?_sca?ákʷs. ta?lí kčičrus i?_sčrsitəmlix, naxmʷ aksʷatətnnm. i?_sʷaxʷips i?_sčrsitəmlix ckʷulm tə_nkʷriʷkʷ nčqitkʷtn, ixí? əčnčqitkʷstəlx i?_stim ut kʷriʷi?.</p> <p>tmtnny?itp</p> <p>i?_tmtnny?itp cplal yʷat ta?kín, ʷyʷacińs i?_cəcwíxa?, ʷa?_cčlčal. lut ʷa_cplal ʷwist. i?_tmtnny?itp i?_sca?ákʷs cəcámaʷt ut ti? han. i?_spýqaʷqs pəqpiq ut tkaslús i?_nčxʷtisxns. tmtnny?ip i?_skʷskʷistsəlx. aksʷitnm i?_tmtnny?ip, naxmʷ lut xʷsʷitn. i?_spýqaʷq xəst kíl_snqʷaʷqinm. ixí? nixʷ xəst kíl_nyixʷupstn spuct.</p> <p>skʷisitəmlix</p> <p>ʷa?_cčlčal ka? cplal i?_skʷisitəmlix. kʷaʷmúlaʷxʷ ʷa_cplal ut kcəcmikst i?_packts ti? ckpaʷpaʷxʷikst. i?_skʷisitəmlix i?_sca?ákʷs han ut čxít i?_tə_łiʷliwíx. i?_spýqaʷqs tkʷlkwils ʷa_cpýaq. skʷlis i?_skʷskʷistsəlx. i?_skmʷxist cčstmistsəlx čitstsəlx i?_skʷlis. i?_sqilxʷ čitstsəlx i?_skʷlis, naxmʷ lut xʷsʷitn. i?_syilx cmańxʷstsəlx i?_skʷisitəmlix packts. mis xəst ʷa_ksxwam ʷańkwilstn. kʷəxʷpańt ʷańkwilstn ilí? ut xwaw.</p>	<p>short plant; shiny leaves; sour berries</p> <p>yellow liquid; dye; put in water</p> <p>snow berry plant</p> <p>seeds</p> <p>snow berries</p> <p>wash hair</p> <p>diaper rash</p> <p>small leaves</p> <p>little bells</p>
---	---

1. kaʔkín kaʔ cplal iʔ_kikiʔtniʔp ?
2. čkin iʔ_tkíkíxmikstńs iʔ_kikiʔtniʔp ?
3. xkinm mi kʷulńtm iʔ_mrimstn tĺ_kikiʔtniʔp ?
4. čkin iʔ_swsxnałqʷs iʔ_wəxwáxĩʔp ?
5. čkin iʔ_packʔs iʔ_wəxwáxĩʔp ?
6. čkin iʔ_spýqatqs iʔ_wəxwáxĩʔp ? ha xʂiʔn ?
7. stim akskʷúlmm tə_wəxwáxĩʔp ?
8. čkin iʔ_spýqatqs iʔ_scısiʔəmĩx ? ha xʂiʔn ?
9. stim akskʷúlmm tə_scısiʔəmĩx iʔ_sʂaxʷıps ?
10. čkin iʔ_spýqatqs iʔ_tmńtmńyʔiʔp ? ha xʂiʔn ? stim iʔ_sʔumʂ iʔ_spýqatq ?
11. kĺ_stim tiʔ xʂst iʔ_tmńtmńyʔip ?
12. kaʔkín kaʔ cplal iʔ_skʷısiʔəmĩx ?
13. čkin iʔ_splals iʔ_skʷısiʔəmĩx ? čkin iʔ_packʔs ?
14. čkin iʔ_scaʔákʷs iʔ_skʷısiʔəmĩx ?
15. čkin iʔ_spýqatqs iʔ_skʷısiʔəmĩx ? ha xʂiʔn ? stim iʔ_sʔumʂ iʔ_spýqatq ?
16. stim iʔ_sckʷulsəlx tə_packʔs iʔ_skʷısiʔəmĩx iʔ_syilx ?

skʔiʂm tə_xilm sʔaʔúrnʂ

A. Complete each verb box with the matching tense/aspect.

1. pńańt / pńam

	ińcá	anwı	cniʔc	mnińʔtət	mnińʔtəmp	mnińʔcəlx
intransitive past/present	kn_pńam			kʷu_pńam		
intransitive imperfect		kʷ_səcpńmix			p_səcpńmix	
intransitive future/inceptive			kspńmıxaʔx			kspńmıxaʔxəlx
transitive past/present	pńńtin			pńńtim		
transitive customary/actual		cpństixʷ			cpństip	
transitive future			kspńńtis			kspńńtisəlx

2. nńqitkʷńt / nńqitkʷm

	ińcá	anwı	cniʔc	mnińʔtət	mnińʔtəń p	mnińʔcəlx
intransitive past/present		kʷ_nńqitkʷm			p_nńqitkʷm	
intransitive			səcńqitkʷx			səcńqitkʷxəlx

imperfect						
intransitive future/ inceptive	kn_ksn̄tqitkʷaʔx			kʷu_ksn̄tqitkʷaʔx		
transitive past/present		n̄tqitkʷn			n̄tqitkʷn̄tp	
transitive customary/ actual			c̄n̄tqitkʷsts			c̄n̄tqitkʷstsəlx
transitive future	iks̄n̄tqitkʷm			ks̄n̄tqitkʷn̄tm		

3. paḥn̄t

	iñcá	anwí	cnīc	mnim̄tət	mnim̄təm p	mnim̄təlx
intransitive past/present			paḥm			paḥməlx
intransitive imperfect	kn_səcpaḥx			kʷu_səcpaḥx		
intransitive future/ inceptive		kʷ_spáḥaʔx			p_spáḥaʔx	
transitive past/present			paḥs			paḥsəlx
transitive customary/ actual	cpaḥstn			cpaḥstm		
transitive future		akspáḥm			kspaḥn̄tp	

ckʷul̄m̄stm iʔ_sʔaʔúrn̄s

1. kikiʔtnītp - green willow
example sentences:
1. iʔ_kikiʔtnītp cplal í_yʔaciñs aʔ_ctyap laʔkín iʔ_hrh̄hm̄ulaʔxʷ. (The willow grows along the banks of streams and where the ground is moist.)
2. lut ḥast iʔ_kikiʔtnītp kí_sʔkʷul̄m̄ tə_kʷīl̄stn. (The green willow is not good for making a sweat lodge.)
3. iʔ_kikiʔtnītp wəswisxn uʔ_pəpīp̄r̄t. (Green willow grows long and limber.)
2. ctyap - stream
example sentences:
1. iʔ_kikiʔtnītp cplal í_yʔaciñs aʔ_ctyap laʔkín iʔ_hrh̄hm̄ulaʔxʷ. (The willow grows along the banks of

streams and where the ground is moist.)
3. pəpírǫt- flexible
example sentences:
1. i?_tkíkíxmikstns ta?lí pəpírǫt u? títiyǫt akspńám, ixí? řast kí_skwúlm tǎ_kwílstn. (The willow branches bend easily, so they are good for making a sweathouse.)
2. i?_kwiřt i?_sqilxw ta?lí pəpírǫt. (Some people are very flexible.)
4. pńam- to bend
example sentences:
1. i?_tkíkíxmikstns ta?lí pəpírǫt u? títiyǫt akspńám, ixí? řast kí_skwúlm tǎ_kwílstn. (The willow branches bend easily, so they are good for making a sweathouse.)
2. wam cńcńjstn i?_ululím u? niřáyǫp cpńan. (I try to hammer this nail in and it bends.)
3. pńpańńtixw i?_qýmin u? kwuńńnúńtxw ta_kńtuxwt. (Bend the paper many times and you will make an airplane.)
5. řwířca?m- to dry meat
example sentences:
1. řa_řwřawt i?_sřǎřcí?s, řast kí_sřwířca?m. (When the wood is dry, it is good for drying and smoking meat.)
2. ińřast i?_sřwřwířca?m. (I like to dry meat)
3. sílxwa? isńřwířtn. (I have a big drying rack.)
6. pařńtm- scrape
example sentences:
1. kw_u_čkwúlm tǎ_mrimstn tĺ_kíkí?tnítp, pařńtm i?_kńixwútm i?_kí?lílxw. (We use the inside of the bark to make medicine.)
2. kw_řa_cxwíkwm papářńt u? pńkin řwaw. (When you're tanning hides you scrape at it until its dry.)
3. cńpařstns i?_ńcǎcwířa?tn mi sicńtyńtis i?_siwřkw. (They scrape the ditch before they let the water flow.)
7. sc?ix- fever
example sentences:
1. kw_u_kwúlm ta_řti tĺ_kí?lílxw ixí? řast kí_sqilqn km kí_sc?ix. (We make tea made of willow bark helps a headache or a fever.)
8. wǎřwářitp- mock orange
example sentences:
1. i?_wǎřwářitp ta? cĺ_cilkst km ?upńkst sc_u?xán i?_kswsxnańqws. (The mock orange grows from five to ten feet tall.)

2. tə_ʃwusntx ^w i?_wəʃwáʃitp uʔ ʃwustntx ^w aŋqəpqíntn. (If you make suds from the mock orange you can use it in your hair.)
3. ʃsʃast pəqpiq i?_sca?ák ^w s i?_wəʃwáʃitp. (The mock orange have beautiful white flowers.)
9. tətqítmíx- short plant
example sentences:
1. i?_sčrsitməlx tətqítmíx uʔ i?_packts ckpa?x ^w íkst. (The Oregon grape is a low bush with shiny green leaves.)
2. i?_k ^w íʃt i?_siya? i?_s?urms tətqítmíx (One variety of saskatoon is called short bush.)
10. kpa?x^wíkst- shiny leaves
example sentences:
1. i?_sčrsitməlx tətqítmíx uʔ i?_packts ckpa?x ^w íkst. (The Oregon grape is a low bush with shiny green leaves.)
11. kčrus- sour berry
reduplication: kččrus
example sentences:
1. ta?lí kččrus i?_sčrsitməlx, naʃmʔ aks?aʔətnún ^m . (The Oregon grape berries are very sour, but you can eat them.)
12. nk^wri?k^w- yellow liquid
example sentences:
1. i?_sʃax ^w íps i?_sčrsitməlx ck ^w úlm tə_nk ^w ri?k ^w ntqitk ^w tn, ili? cntqitk ^w stx ^w i?_stim uʔ k ^w ri?i?. (The roots of the Oregon grape are used to make yellow dye for coloring things yellow.)
2. ?urmsəlx nk ^w ri?k ^w i?_tik ^w t aʔi? la?kín uʔ ntʃamk ^w i?_tik ^w t. (They call this lake yellow lake because sometimes it clouds up and turns yellow.)
3. npk ^w itk ^w nt i?_siwʔk ^w tə_nʔxitk ^w máwi?tn uʔ nk ^w ri?ik ^w . (Pour juice mix in water and it will turn yellow.)
13. ntqitk^wtn- dye
example sentences:
1. i?_sʃax ^w íps i?_sčrsitməlx ck ^w úlm tə_nk ^w ri?k ^w ntqitk ^w tn, ili? cntqitk ^w stx ^w i?_stim uʔ k ^w ri?i?. (The roots of the Oregon grape are used to make yellow dye for coloring things yellow.)
2. x ^w u?úsm i?_ntəqitk ^w tn. (There is a variety of dyes.)
3. ntqitk ^w ntx ^w asípi? í_ntqitk ^w tn uʔ ctix ^w əx ^w lm i?_sčaknílx ^w s. (You put your hide in dye and it changes its color.)
14. ntqitk^wst- submerge in water
example sentences:

1. i?_sfaXwíps i?_scrsiřmælx ckwuim tæ_nkwi7k w ntqitkwtn, ili? cntqitkstxw i?_stim uř kwi7i?i?. (The roots of the Oregon grape are used to make yellow dye for coloring things yellow.)
2. ntæqtqitkwnt asipi? mi hřřřap. (Put your hides in the water to soak.)
3. qřsapi? kscntqitkw s mi sic hřřap. (It has to be in the water a long time before it soaks in.)
15. trřtrřny?iřp- snow berry bush
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. i?_trřtrřny?iřp cplal yřat ta7kin, ř_yřaciřs i?_cæcwřxa?, ř_a?_cřřřal. (Snowberry bushes grow by creeks and in the forest.)
2. pæqpiq i?_spřyqařqs i?_trřtrřny?iřp. (The snowberry has white berries.)
3. i?_trřtrřny?iřp sřřřs i?_xwa?xwa?yřř. (Snowberries are food for blue grouse.)
16. řxřřtisxř- seed (internal seed/pit)
example sentences:
1. i?_spřyqařqs pæqpiq uř tkasřř i?_řxřřtisxřs. (The berries are white with two seeds inside.)
2. i?_kwiřř i?_siya? xw?it i?_řxřřtisxřs. (some sarvice berries hav a lot of seeds)
3. ca7k w řæ_nřřkwřřla?xwřřtxw i?_řxřřtisxř uř cplal. (If you plant a seed in the ground it starts to grow.)
17. trřtrřny?iřp- snow berry (fruit)
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. trřtrřny?iřp i?_skwřkwřřstæřř. (They are called snowberries.)
18. řřřwa?qřřm- wash hair
example sentences:
1. i?_spřyqařq řřřst křř_řřřwa?qřřm. (The berries are good for washing your hair.)
2. řřřusřřtxw uř kw_řřřwa?qřřm (Suds it then wash your hair.)
3. yřayřatæřř nřřwa?qřřřqřřmřřř. (they all washed (shampoo) their hair)
19. řyřřwřpřřn spuct- diaper rash
example sentences:
1. ixi? nixw řřřst křř_řyřřwřpřřn spuct. (They can also be a good medicine for diaper rash.)
2. lut ckřřřřstxw ařřu?řřřřřřř i?_řyřřwřpřřnřř uř cřřæcřřuct. (If you don't change your baby's diaper it will get diaper rash.)
3. řæ_ckřřřřřřř i?_řyřřwřpřřnřř uř cřřciwřpřřtxw ixi? uř lut křřpřřuct. (When you change your baby's diaper and wash her butt then she won't get a rash.)
20. kcæcřřřřst- small leaves
example sentences:

1. kła?múla?x ^w ła_cplal uł kcəcńikst i?_packłs ti? ckpa?pa?x ^w ikst. (It grows close to the ground and has small, shiny green leaves.)
2. i? mímłitłp kcəcńikst uł cymyuməłx i?_packłs. (The aspen trees have small leaves that flutter.)
3. i?_k ^w iłłt i?_sqilx ^w cəcmíka?st. (Some people have small hands.)
21. łliwłx- little bell
reduplication: łłwłwłx
example sentences:
1. i?_sk ^w łsiłmłx i?_sća?ák ^w s han uł ćxłt i?_tə_łłwłłwłx. (The kinnikinnik flowers are pink and shaped like little bells.)
2. ińkəkwąpa? kłłəwłwłx. (My dog has a little bell.)
3. i_ylmix ^w m łmatá ha cłwłwłx. (The lead sheep has a bell.)

11. i?_piyʒá?

sʒaʒúms

spaɲyál	Spanish
w̄púlaʒxʷ	thick forest
čtúlaʒxʷ	cold land
cxík m̄ncut	circling
k̄tʒalmín	pole
m̄iʒəm	rest
k̄tqixʷnt	defend / drive away
ǰm̄nknwixʷ	to mate
s̄ixʷaʒtwíl x	become big
cxʷp̄m̄stim / xʷpañt	spread something
c̄ʒap̄	marked / striped
k̄p̄um̄ps	brown tail
k̄p̄ʒaps	grey tail
c̄taxʷt̄lwís	fly around
cx̄íxalákək	circle around
taq	go out of sight
txʷuym̄nt	approach
tkʷñkʷñtwixʷ	hold onto each other
c̄tpam	lay egg
k̄təq̄lxqn̄lt	lay on egg
ck̄t̄yʒalxʷ	spotted
ñxc̄xc̄cip	tough egg
k̄p̄ntim / k̄pañt	peck / pierce
k̄ilxʷícaʒ	shell
ʒacəcqʒíst	able to get out
ʒañcút	feed oneself
ms̄ʒap̄nkstásq̄t	forty days
t̄xʷəxʷtiʒst	able to fly

sm̄ymay

<p>i?_piyḡá? yḡat ta?kín ck^wliwḡt, tḡ_ń?iḡiḡtk uḡ kḡ_sutímḡtk ksḡan tḡ_spaḡiyáḡl tmḡx^wúḡla?x^w. i?_piyḡá? ḡastsəḡḡx la?kín ḡsúḡḡla?x^w kḡsḡcḡlcal ilí? cḡkamḡtíwḡs. i?_piyḡá? lut ḡminksəḡḡx i?_wḡpúḡla?x^w uḡ lut ḡminksəḡḡx i?_cḡtúḡla?x^w. ḡa_cḡla?kín cwikstm i?_piyḡá? cḡxalkmḡńcút ḡ_stkmasḡqt. naḡmḡḡ cwikstm cḡkamḡtíwḡs ḡ_a?_cḡcḡlcal km ḡ_kḡḡsalmín. cḡḡilm ití? ḡa_cḡpiḡḡm, kḡamḡtíwḡs uḡ cḡsacḡsts i?_cḡcáma?ḡt i?_tmix^w km i?_skəkḡsaka?, ck^wḡnusts uḡ cḡḡsts. i?_piyḡá? ḡsḡiḡḡńs i?_spəḡlína?, i?_sxḡutḡx uḡ i?_kḡwiḡḡt i?_cḡcáma?ḡt tmix^w. ḡa_cḡx^w?it i?_kwəsḡwəsxḡnups i?_piyḡá? ck^wḡnusts uḡ cḡḡsts. nix^w i?_sḡḡwḡyups na?ḡ kḡkḡḡxiwḡs ixí? ck^wḡnusts i?_piyḡá?.</p>	<p>Spanish thick forest cold land; circling pole</p>
<p>ḡa_cḡḡistkm uḡ xḡctwiḡḡx ḡə_kskacxcḡńs, i?_piyḡá? uníx^w cḡpiḡḡm mi put i?_ksḡiḡḡńs. ḡ_sḡḡiḡḡsált ka? cḡpiḡḡm i?_piyḡá? uḡ ḡńk^wək^w?ac uḡ cḡmiḡḡəm. ha pḡńkin cnixḡlḡmḡstx^w ḡa_cḡsacḡsáypm i?_piyḡá? ? i?_piyḡá? ccḡsacḡsáypm ḡa_cḡkḡḡqix^wst i?_tmḡx^wúḡla?x^ws tḡ_kḡwiḡḡt i?_skəkḡsáka?, ḡa_cḡḡmḡńknwix^w, ḡa_cḡla?kín ḡa_cḡpiḡḡm. i?_piyḡá? ḡa_cḡḡḡap way sḡx^waḡtwíḡḡx, i?_sḡńkmikḡńs ḡḡḡsḡay uḡ i?_kḡḡix^wúḡtrḡms piq uḡ cḡḡəḡḡiḡḡ. kḡḡ_ḡasíl sḡcu?xán i?_kḡstikḡwḡlḡḡs i?_piyḡá?, i?_skḡwáḡḡńs ḡa_cḡx^wupḡmḡstís kḡḡ_mus sḡcu?xán i?_ksḡwəsḡwisxḡńs tḡ_ńkḡamḡqn uḡ ḡńkḡamḡqn. i?_syupsts i?_piyḡá? ti? kḡwíl uḡ cḡḡap ḡə_ḡḡsḡay ḡ_ńkḡamḡqḡńs i?_syupsts, naḡmḡḡ i?_kḡwiḡḡt i?_piyḡá? kḡpḡmḡps km kḡpḡaps. i?_tkḡḡmilx^w piyḡá? cḡmisíḡx^wa? ki? tḡ_sqḡḡtmix^w uḡ way cḡkḡḡqix^wsts i?_miskḡwəkḡḡyúma? sḡḡmḡńkaḡs tḡ_xmin. ḡa_cḡńsḡwḡcḡńmist i?_piyḡá?, cḡḡḡiḡwḡs cḡḡax^wḡtíwís, cḡḡixḡalákək kḡanwíst ! i?_sqḡḡtmix^w ti? ilí? uḡ cyax^wt, ti? taq uḡ ilí? ḡnu?ás. kḡwínx kḡstiḡḡḡiḡilmḡs, tḡ_anwíst tx^wuyms i?_tkḡḡmilx^w. ilí? tkḡasílm tkḡwḡńkḡḡńtwix^w i?_ḡ_sḡcu?ḡcu?xáḡńs uḡ csḡsasḡát ta_cḡkḡḡ_tmḡx^wúḡla?x^w. ixí? ḡa_cḡńḡḡaspsmḡḡx.</p>	<p>rest defend mate become big spreads marked brown tail; gray tail fly around; circle go out of sight approach hold onto each other</p>
<p>kḡanwíst aḡ_cḡcál km ḡ_a?_cḡńḡḡḡus ka? ck^wuḡlm tḡ_ksḡḡa?ḡúsa?ḡńs i?_piyḡá?. i?_ḡə_sḡḡəḡḡci? na?ḡ kḡiḡlíl^w aḡ_cḡkḡuḡlmḡsts kḡḡ_ńḡa?ḡúsa?ḡńs. i?_smamḡḡím ḡḡaslíp km ḡńka?ḡḡiḡ ḡa_cḡḡpam. ixí? uḡ kḡḡḡḡḡqḡḡiḡḡ mat kḡḡ_ka?ḡḡiḡḡpḡńkḡstásḡqt mḡ kḡwḡkḡuḡll i?_pəḡḡaspəs. i?_ḡa?ḡúsa? pəḡpiq ckḡḡḡsax^w tḡ_pum. i?_ḡa?ḡúsa?ḡs i?_piyḡá? ḡńcḡcḡiḡ. ḡə_kḡḡíkḡwḡlis ḡə_ksḡkḡwḡlḡúḡḡa?x i?_pəḡḡaspəs, naḡs km ḡasíl sḡḡiḡḡsált kḡskḡpḡńtis i?_kḡilx^wíca?ḡs mi sic</p>	<p>lay egg lay on eggs spotted tough egg peck; shell</p>

<p>?acəcqí?st. i?_piyśá? pəpʃaspəs pəpəqpiq uʔ əckuʔkʷpíca? ʔa_cxʔíti? ʔə_kʷíkkʷuúll. lut ʔa_ctuxʷtílx km cʔaʔmícút, cʔaʔmstím tə_ł̥əł̥əł̥əps. kíl_msʔʔapʔkstásqʔ i?_piyśá? pəpʃaspəs ʔxʷəxʷtiʔst ixí? uʔ spiʔm̥s kíl_cniʔc.</p>	<p>able to come out feed self 40 days able to fly</p>
--	--

sʔsúxʷna? sʷʔtíʔn

1. káʔkín ka? ckʷliwʔt i?_piyśá? ?
2. ékin i?_tm̥xʷúlaʔx i?_xasts i?_piyśá? ?
3. stim i?_x̥sʔiʔm̥s i?_piyśá? ? stim i?_ckʷh̥nusts i?_piyśá? ?
4. pʔkin ka? ccʃacʃáypm i?_piyśá? ?
5. cʔaknílxʷ i?_piyśá? ʔa_cł̥əł̥əp ?
6. ékin i?_swəswisx̥m̥s i?_skwáx̥m̥s i?_piyśá? ?
7. ékin i?_syupsts i?_piyśá? ?
8. stim i?_m̥isílxʷaʔ, i?_tkəʔmilxʷ km sqłtmixʷ piyśá? ?
9. ékin i?_nkkʷuúlm̥s i?_piyśá? ʔa_cʔsʷcnmist ?
10. káʔkín ka? ckʷuúlm̥ tə_ksʔʔaʔúsaʔm̥s i?_piyśá? ? ékin i?_nʔaʔúsaʔm̥s ?
11. ékin i?_ʔaʔúsaʔs i?_piyśá? ?
12. kʷh̥xasqʔ əckʔəq̥l̥xq̥niʔt i?_piyśá? mʔ kʷíkkʷuúll i?_pəpʃaspəsts ?
13. ékin i?_piyśá? pəpʃaspəs ʔa_cxʔíti? ʔə_kʷíkkʷuúll ?
14. kʷh̥xasqʔ i?_piyśá? pəpʃaspəs ʔa_ctuxʷəxʷiʔst ?

skʔʔism tə_x̥ilm sʔaʔúm̥s

A. **Possessive Intransitive** rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn.

x̥astsəlx̥ laʔkín x̥súllaʔxʷ. They like it where there's a meadow.

1. iñcá / cʔntypúlaʔxʷ
2. anwí / smkʷtúlaʔxʷ
3. Səłtis / cʔtúlaʔxʷ
4. anwí naʔʔ iñcá / qʷʃayálaʔxʷ
5. anwí naʔʔ asípn / w̥púlaʔxʷ

B. **Past/Present Transitive** rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn.

i?_səxʷmrim txʷuyǫms a?_cǫilt. The doctor approached the sick person.

1. ińcá / ńkʷnim
2. anwí / sǣmnkáwa?
3. Pacís na?ǫ ińcá / ń?aǫnasqílaxʷtn
4. anwí na?ǫ aǫcick / tiáqʷt
5. isǫmǫmǫ?ilt / ǫa?ǫík

ckʷuǫmstm i?_s?a?úǫms

1. spańyál- Spanish speaking
example sentences:
1. i?_piyǫá? yǫat ta?kín ckʷliwǫt, tǫ_?awtímtk uǫ kǫ_sutímtk ksǣan tǫ_spańyál tǫmxʷúla?xʷ. (The redtailed hawk lives in many places, from the far north to the south below Mexico.)
2. xʷa?twílx i?_spańyál ǫ_tǫmxʷúla?xʷtət. (There's getting to be a lot of Mexicans in our country.)
3. yǫayǫátəlx cǫpańyálcnməlx. (They all speak Spanish.)
2. wǫpúla?xʷ- thick forest / thick growth on the land
example sentences:
1. i?_piyǫá? lut ǣminksəlx i?_wǫpúla?xʷ uǫ lut ǣminksəlx i?_cǫtúla?xʷ. (Redtail hawks do not like thick forests, and they do not like the tundra.)
2. ńǫuxʷt i?_sǫasǫás kǫ_ńwǫpúla?xʷ. (The willow grouse go into thick brush)
3. ixí? tə_tǫmxʷúla?xʷ ta?lí cǫwupwǫpúla?xʷ. (That country is really brushy.)
3. cǫtúla?xʷ- cold land / tundra
example sentences:
1. i?_piyǫá? lut ǣminksəlx i?_wǫpúla?xʷ uǫ lut ǣminksəlx i?_cǫtúla?xʷ. (Redtail hawks do not like thick forests, and they do not like the tundra.)
2. i?_sqilxʷ tǫ_ń?ǫǫk ta?lí cǫcǫtúla?xʷ i?_tǫmxʷúla?xʷsəlx. (The people's country from up north gets pretty cold.)
3. i?_sul sq?im ńǫtxǫtúla?xʷ ta?lí ńcǫcǫtúla?xʷ. (Ice cream cakes are very cold.)
4. cxaǫmńcút- go in circles
example sentences:

1. ʃa_cɫaʔkín cwikstm iʔ_piyʃáʔ cxaíkṁńcút ǀ_stkmasq̄t. (Sometimes we see a redtailed hawk circling in the sky.)
2. iʔ_scəcmálaʔ ʃa_cʔicækn cxíxalkṁńcút. (When children play they go in circles.)
3. ʃə_tʃap iʔ_sʃaʔcínm xíxalákək kiʔ sic tkʷakʷ. (When the deer got shot it went around and around before it fell.)
5. kʃaímín- pole / fence pole
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. naǰmʔ cwikstm ckaṁtíwś, ǀ_aʔ_ccícal km ǀ_kʃaímín. (But we usually see a redtailed hawk perched in a tree or on a pole.)
2. yʃat iʔ_sqilxʷ iʔ_tm̄tr̄xʷúlaʔxʷś cʃaíal. (All the people's lands are fenced.)
3. ha cʃaíal ? (Is it fenced?)
6. miṭəm- to rest
example sentences:
1. ǀ_sǰíǰaít kaʔ cpiǰm iʔ_piyʃáʔ uʔ n̄kʷəkʷʔac uʔ cmiṭəm.
7. kʃiqxʷst- defend something
example sentences:
1. iʔ_piyʃáʔ ccʃacʃáypm ʃa_cʃkʃiqxʷst iʔ_tm̄xʷúlaʔxʷś tǀ_ǰwíǰt iʔ_skəkʃákaʔ, ʃa_cǰm̄knwixʷ, ʃa_cɫaʔkín ʃa_cpiǰm. (Redtailed hawks cry out when they are defending their territory form other birds, when they are mating, and sometimes when they are hunting.)
2. niʃáyp cʃkʃqəxʷqixʷsts iʔ_pəpʃaspəsts. (She always defends her chicks.)
3. isǰíłwiʔ kʷu_cʃkʃiqxʷsts. (My husband protects me.)
8. ǰm̄knwixʷ- mate with each other
example sentences:
1. iʔ_piyʃáʔ ccʃacʃáypm ʃa_cʃkʃiqxʷst iʔ_tm̄xʷúlaʔxʷś tǀ_ǰwíǰt iʔ_skəkʃákaʔ, ʃa_cǰm̄knwixʷ, ʃa_cɫaʔkín ʃa_cpiǰm. (Redtailed hawks cry out when they are defending their territory form other birds, when they are mating, and sometimes when they are hunting.)
2. ixíʔ iʔ_ńcapiśwś ǰm̄ǰm̄kíwś. (Those sisters love each other.)
3. ʃa_cʃkaʔáym uʔ cǰm̄knwixʷ iʔ_sʃaʔcínm. (In the fall time the deer mate.)
9. síxʷaʔtwíłx- become big
example sentences:
1. iʔ_piyʃáʔ ʃa_cǰǰap way síxʷaʔtwíłx, iʔ_sńkmikńś ǰʷʃay uʔ iʔ_kʃixʷútms piq uʔ cʃəp̄tiṭ. (When they are fully grown, most redtailed hawks have a dark colored back and a light belly with a dark stripe across it.)
2. kaʔáym uʔ p̄śaʔtwíłx iʔ_skʷəkʷǰíłt. (In the fall the fawns are getting bigger.)

3. ay pəpsʰaʔtwílx iʔ_pəpʂaspəs. (The chicks are getting bigger.)
10. xʷupmst- spread something out
example sentences:
1. kʰi_ʔasíl sçuʔxán iʔ_ksʰtikʷíqʷs iʔ_piyʂáʔ, iʔ_skwáxʰns ʔa_cxʷupmstís kʰi_mus sçuʔxán iʔ_kswəswisxʰns tʰi_nkámqɲ uʔ nkámqɲ. (Redtailed hawks stand about two feet tall, and their wings are about four feet wide from tip to tip when spread out.)
2. xʷpxʷupmstíkʷ iʔ_sʔəpəcniʂaʔ. (Spread the cloths out.)
3. xʷupmstíkʷ ańkíkílx. (Spread out your arms.)
11. cʔap- marked
example sentences:
1. iʔ_syupsts iʔ_piyʂáʔ tiʔ kʷil uʔ cʔap tə_ǵʷʂay i_nkámqɲs iʔ_syupsts, naʂmʔ iʔ_kʷiʂt iʔ_piyʂáʔ kʰumʰps km kʂaps. (Usually their tails are red on the back with a dark stripe on the end, but some redtailed hawks have brown or gray tails.)
2. tiʔ cmay cʔəpʔap. (It's plain to see the lines marked.)
3. itíʔ mi ʔəpʰtixʷ. (Mark it along there.)
12. kʰumʰps- brown tail
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. iʔ_syupsts iʔ_piyʂáʔ tiʔ kʷil uʔ cʔap tə_ǵʷʂay i_nkámqɲs iʔ_syupsts, naʂmʔ iʔ_kʷiʂt iʔ_piyʂáʔ kʰumʰps km kʂaps. (Usually their tails are red on the back with a dark stripe on the end, but some redtailed hawks have brown or gray tails.)
2. lut aksəcʰpúmqsɲ. (Don't brown nose)
3. yʂat iʔ_sqʷasíʔas kʰmʰpumʰs. (All his kids have brown eyes.)
13. kʂaps- gray tail
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. iʔ_syupsts iʔ_piyʂáʔ tiʔ kʷil uʔ cʔap tə_ǵʷʂay i_nkámqɲs iʔ_syupsts, naʂmʔ iʔ_kʷiʂt iʔ_piyʂáʔ kʰumʰps km kʂaps. (Usually their tails are red on the back with a dark stripe on the end, but some redtailed hawks have brown or gray tails.)
2. ixíʔ inʂást inkwáp tiʔ kʂaps . (I like y horse the one with a grey tail)
3. askəkʂákaʔ yʂat kʂapʂaps. (all your chickens have grey tails)
14. ʔaxʷtíwís- fly around
example sentences:
1. ʔa_cʰnswəcʰmíst iʔ_piyʂáʔ, cǵtíwís cʔaxʷtíwís, cxíxalákək kanwíst ! (When redtailed hawks are courting, they fly together, making wide circles very high up in the sky.)

2. ha wikñtx ^w x ^w ?it i?_mìqnups cìx ^w tìx ^w tlwìs. (Did you see lots of golden eagles flying around?)
3. snkìlip wìks pqlqin cìx ^w tlwìs. (Coyote saw bald eagle flying around.)
15. cxìxaláak - circling
example sentences:
1. ʔa_cñs ^w cnmìst i?_piy ^s á?, cq ^t i ^w s c ^t ax ^w tlwìs, cxìxaláak kánwìst ! (When redtailed hawks are courting, they fly together, making wide circles very high up in the sky.)
2. xìk ^m stìn u ^t q ^s ápi?s xìxaláak ^s . (I spun it and it spun for a long time.)
3. i?_s ^t itwn cxìxal ^k m ⁿ cút Ì_sni ^w t. (The cranes circle in the wind.)
16. taq - come into sight
example sentences:
1. i?_sqìtmix ^w tí? ilí? u ^t cyax ^w t, tí? taq u ^t ilí? ʔnu [?] ás. (The male dives down in a steep drop, then shoots up again very quickly.)
2. tí? wìkn u ^t tí? taq u ^t k ^t kìlax ^w . (I just saw him and I got a glimpses and he was out of sight.)
3. t ^a _s [?] ʔax ^t s taq u ^t k ^t kìlax ^w . (It was so fast it was there and it was gone.)
17. tx^wuym - approach something
example sentences:
1. k ^w inx ksti?xìxìl ^m s, tì_anwìst tx ^w uym ^s i?_tk ^a tmìl ^x . (He repeats this several times, then he approaches the female from above.)
2. i?_s ^a x ^w mrim tx ^w y ^x uym ^s y ^s at a?_c ^q al [?] ílt. (The doctor went to all the sick people.)
3. k ^a ?_ch ^k ^w nim tx ^w uym ⁿ . (I went towards the singing.)
18. tk^wñk^wñtwix^w - hold onto on another
example sentences:
1. ilí? tk ^a sìlm tk ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w i?_ì_s ^c u [?] cu [?] xáñs u ^t cs ^s as ^s át ta? c ^k ì_tm ^x ^w úla [?] x ^w . (The male and female grab ahold of one another with their feet and fall toward the ground.)
2. ʔ ^a _st ^k ^w ak ^w ñtwix ^w s ʔ ^a _ym ^y umm i?_tm ^x ^w úla [?] x ^w . (As the earth shook they held on to each other.)
3. q ^s ápi? ka? cw ^k twix ^w u ^t k ^w ñk ^w ñtwix ^w əlx. (They hadn't seen each other for a long time they when they did they held each other.)
19. kt^aqìxqniìt - lay on eggs
example sentences:
1. ixí? u ^t kt ^a qìxqniìt mat kì_ka?ʔi?úp ⁿ kstásq ^t m ^t k ^w ìk ^w uìl i?_p ^a p ^s asp ^a s. (???)
2. c ^t pam isk ^a k ^s áka? k ^w mìʔ u ^t y ^s at kt ^a qìx ^t qìxqniìt ^a ix. (All my chickens were laying eggs all of a sudden they all were nesting.)
3. ii?_sk ^a k ^s áka? cw ^k ^w ìtm ʔa_c ^k ʔ ^a qìxqniìtm, k ^w mìʔ c [?] ác ^a c ^q a [?] sts i?_p ^a p ^s asp ^a sts. (Chickens hide their eggs when they set, all of a sudden she comes out with her chicks.)

20. kłýřalx^w- spotted on the surface
example sentences:
1. i?_ʔaʔúsaʔ pəqpiq cktýřalx ^w tə_pum. (The eggs are white with brown spots on them.)
2. x ^w ?it i?_sńkłćaʔsqáxaʔ cktýřalx ^w . (Lots of horses have spots.)
3. řast ańtəłáx ^w cktýřalx ^w . (You have a nice polka dot dress.)
21. řxcxcíp- tough egg
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. i?_ʔaʔúsaʔs i?_piyřáʔ řxcxcíp. (The redtailed hawk eggs are tough.)
2. tə_sńxəxcíps i?_ʔaʔúsaʔ tə_sřasřát uł lut tə_mřamřát. (The eggs were so tough when they fell they didnt break.)
3. lut tə_ńxəxcíp i?_ʔaʔúsaʔs uł kłəđłxiqńłtm uł cmřamřát. (If the eggs aren't tough when she lays on them they break.)
22. kpańt- peck (???)
example sentences:
1. tə_kłík ^w lis tə_ksk ^w łk ^w úłłaʔx i?_pəpřaspəs, naqs km řasıl sřłřřalt kskpńtis i?_kılx ^w řćaʔs mi sic řacəcqřist. (When the chicks begin to hatch, it takes them one or two days to peck their way out of the shell.)
2. ńksıls i?_lıkák k ^w u_kəpkpńtim. (The rooster was mean, he would peck at us.)
3. řa_ctyaq ^w t i?_skəkřákaʔ ckpńwix ^w . (When the chickens fight they peck at each other.)
23. kılx^wřćaʔs- egg shell
example sentences:
1. tə_kłík ^w lis tə_ksk ^w łk ^w úłłaʔx i?_pəpřaspəs, naqs km řasıl sřłřřalt kskpńtis i?_kılx ^w řćaʔs mi sic řacəcqřist. (When the chicks begin to hatch, it takes them one or two days to peck their way out of the shell.)
2. ńpusńt i?_ʔaʔúsaʔ sic kłřańt i?_kılx ^w řćaʔs. (Boil the egg then peel the shell off.)
3. kiyýłx ^w řćaʔńtm i?_sx ^w řćxtət. (We wrapped the presents.)
24. řacəcqřist- able to go out / get out
example sentences:
1. tə_kłík ^w lis tə_ksk ^w łk ^w úłłaʔx i?_pəpřaspəs, naqs km řasıl sřłřřalt kskpńtis i?_kılx ^w řćaʔs mi sic řacəcqřist. (When the chicks begin to hatch, it takes them one or two days to peck their way out of the shell.)
2. řacqáʔsk ^w i?_kəkřápaʔ. (Let the dog out.)
25. řańcút- feed oneself
example sentences:

1. lut ta_ctux ^w tíl ^x km c?am ^u cút, c?am ^u stím tæ_ł̄xəł̄ł̄xaps. (They can't fly or feed themselves, so their parents bring them food.)
2. ilí? way cm ?am ^u ?am ^u cútəł̄x. (Let them be; they'll feed themselves.)
3. ha way k ^w _wi?s?am ^u sqáxa?m ? (Did you already feed your animals?)
26. msł?ap^unkstásq̄t - forty days
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. k̄l ^u _msł?ap ^u nkstásq̄t i?_piyáá? pəpaspəs t̄x ^w əx ^w ti?st ixí? uł spiḡm̄s k̄l ^u _cniłc. (After about 40 days, the redtailed hawk chicks can fly and begin to hunt for themselves.)
2. msł?ap ^u nkstásq̄t mi łwik̄ntsn. (I'll see you in forty days.)
3. x ^w ilwís msł?ap ^u nkstásq̄t mi łckickx. (He will travel for forty days before he gets back.)
27. t̄x^wəx^wti?st - able to fly
example sentences:
1. k̄l ^u _msł?ap ^u nkstásq̄t i?_piyáá? pəpaspəs t̄x ^w əx ^w ti?st ixí? uł spiḡm̄s k̄l ^u _cniłc. (After about 40 days, the redtailed hawk chicks can fly and begin to hunt for themselves.)

12. c̣mtus

sʔaʔúms

cmiscút	know
ṣṇx̣ẉṇtḳẉitḳẉ	Columbia River
miṣḷáq̣ẉḷəq̣ẉt	most huge
ḳsṇʔasts	its weight
̣ṇp̣əq̣p̣əq̣ḷniẉt	white sides
̣ḳḷp̣qịṇḳ	white belly
̣ṇṭəp̣ṭəpịḳṇ	bumps on back
̣ḷəẉḷəẉt	sharp / pokey
̣cṭəx̣ẉṭəx̣ẉ	hanging
ṣẉpcin	whiskers
cməsmust	to feel something
̣ṇyx̣ẉmitḳẉ	bottom (of water)
x̣ẉuʔúsm	a lot
ʔaḳẉʔaḳẉṭiḷx̣	bug / insect
̣ṇṭsạṃḳẉ	cloudy liquid
̣ḷṇʔạḷx̣ẉị́caʔṇt	absorb into body
̣ḳḷəq̣ḷx̣inaʔḷtm	fertilize
̣c̣p̣uṃnx̣	spawn
̣c̣əp̣c̣əp̣q̣t	sticky
̣ṇʔalt	sink
̣c̣paq̣	stick
̣x̣əx̣ṇstasq̣t	nine days
̣kc̣ʔácṃʔas	alevin / larva
̣q̣ḷq̣laqs	tadpole
̣ḳʔac	attached
̣ṇsạp̣ṃitḳẉ	water bug
̣ḳṣəsṃilt	have trouble
̣kạẉʔịẉḷx̣	old
̣ṇḳəstḳẉwịlx̣st	pollute water
̣ṭəqṭqip̣ṇt	build dams

smýmay

<p>kí_sñŕayckstx i?_cmtus ta?lí xǎcǎct tǎ_qaqxwíx. kʷǎckʷact i?_sumíxs i?_cmtus, ckñxits a?_cmiscút tǎ_ksqʷíqʷílst tǎ_ckǎsa?m. i?_cmtus ǎm í_yŕayŕát i?_sa?sa?titkʷ na?ǎ tǎkʷtikʷt í_sñŕayckstx tmǎxʷúla?xʷs. ŕapná? lut sxʷ?its i?_cmtus cǎiǎ tǎ_ŕsápi?. písǎa? tǎ_qaqxwíx i?_cmtus. í_sñxʷñtkʷitkʷ ilí? kí_?asl?úpnkst sǎu?xán i?_kswisxñs. i?_misǎqʷtǎqʷt i?_cmtus kí_?asl?úpnkst xǎcǎikst i?_ksnŕasts. i?_cmtus í_sñxʷñtkʷitkʷ pum uǎ pŕa uǎ ñpǎqpǎqǎniwǎt uǎ kǎtpqíñk. cǎkstaǎqʷ scñtǎptǎpikñs tǎ_ñkmiǎpsts uǎ kǎ_syupsts i?_cmtus. uǎ nixʷ musǎqʷ tǎ_tǎwǎtǎwt ctǎxʷtǎxʷ cǎiǎ tǎ_sǎwpcin kǎixʷútmñs i?_cǎsyqñs, ñxa?cínmñs i?_splimcñs. ixí? tǎ_tǎwǎtǎwt sǎwpcins i?_cmtus ka? ckacxcín cmǎsmusts i?_ñyxʷmitkʷs i?_sa?titkʷ. xʷu?úsm i?_sñiǎñs i?_cmtus, a?_cǎaxʷt i?_qaqxwíx, i?_siwǎtkʷ ʔakʷʔakʷtǎlx uǎ i?_skʷaǎtǎq. lut tǎ_kǎŕaytmñ i?_cmtus. i?_cmtus ŕsápi? tǎ_cxʷíxʷaǎt, kǎ_naqs xǎcǎikst spiñtk. i?_tkǎtmilxʷ cmtus put ka?ǎi?úpnkst spiñtk mi sic ʔa?úsa?m. i?_sqǎtmixʷ cmtus ǎxǎp tǎ_?asl?úpnkst spiñtk. i?_tkǎtmilxʷ cmtus yŕat cǎkspiñtk uǎ ʔa?úsa?m tǎ_put i?_siwǎtkʷ. cǎkǎ?upñkstǎtmǎ km tǎqǎmkǎ?úpnkst i?_ksñcǎtǎs i?_siwǎtkʷ. tí? put i?_kstyǎps i?_siwǎtkʷ uǎ lut ta?lí ksñtŕamkʷs. lut tǎ_put i?_siwǎtkʷ lut ks?a?úsa?mñs i?_tkǎtmilxʷ cmtus uǎ ilí? tǎñ?ǎxʷíca?ŕs i?_ʔa?úsa?ŕs. qǎpcm km sca?ǎqʷ, tǎ_yŕat stim xǎst uǎ put, ixí? uǎ ʔa?úsa?m uǎ ití? kǎtǎqǎxǎina?ǎtm tǎ_sqǎtmixʷ cmtus. tǎ_cpumñx i?_tkǎtmilxʷ cmtus, xʷ?it uǎ xʷ?it tǎ_c?a?úsa?m, cǎiǎ tǎ_100,000 km 1,000,000 i?_ʔa?úsa?. i?_ʔa?úsa?ŕs pñmpum uǎ cǎpǎcǎpǎq. tǎ_wi?skǎtǎqǎxǎina?ǎtm tǎ_sqǎtmixʷ ixí? uǎ ñŕaǎt uǎ cǎpǎq í_nixʷtǎtkʷ. xǎxñstasqǎt uǎ kʷíkwúll. i?_cmtus kcŕǎcmŕas mat kǎ_naqs scŕawíkst i?_kswiwǎsxñs uǎ cǎiǎ tǎ_qǎqǎaqs i?_sǎcǎcǎcǎ. púti? ckŕǎc i?_sñ?a?úsa?tmñs. ixí? ksñiǎñs kǎ_ka?ǎis skŕǎcǎíwǎs. naqs xǎiyǎtñxʷ i?_tǎiǎk cmtus cǎiǎ tǎ_ǎxǎxǎxǎps i?_sǎcǎcǎcǎ, ixí? uǎ way cǎtñ. i?_tǎiǎk cmtus cǎiǎsts i?_ʔakʷʔakʷtǎlx, cǎcǎma? tǎ_qaqxwíx,</p>	<p>know Columbia River most huge; weight white sides white belly; bumps on back; sharp/pokey; hanging; whiskers; feel; bottom of water; a lot bug cloudy liquid absord in body fertilize; spawn sticky sink; stick 9 days; alevin/larva; tadpole; attached</p>
---	---

<p>uť i?_ńsapmítk^w. tǎ_síx^wa?twílx<i>s</i> i?_ćm̄tus, ćíłsts a?_cx^wíx^walt qaqx^wíx na?ť i?_ćłlal i?_qaqx^wíx. tǎ_?asl?úpńkst uť cilkst spińtk i?_ćm̄tus, ixí? uť way kíl_tǎqńkst sću?xán i?_kswisxńs.</p> <p>Ǧapnǎ? i?_ćm̄tus a?_ćaxłwís l_sylx tńx^wúla?x^w sa?ťítk^w kśasmiłt. yǦat kǎw?íwíx i?_ćm̄tus. lut kim tǎ_kłť?ík tǎ_ćm̄tus. lut swit tǎ_cmistís sǎxkinx ki? lut tǎ_kłť?ík tǎ_ćm̄tus. cmay lut tǎ_ćk^wíł^wułl i?_?a?úsa?ś. cmay cłax^wt púti? tǎ_kcǦácmǦas km cmay ćíłstm tǎ_k^wíłt tǎ_qa qx^wíx. cmistím nǧkǎstk^wwilxstsǎlx i?_sa?sa?ťítk^w uť tǎqtqipsǎlx. tǎ_sńkǎstk^wwilx<i>s</i> i?_sa?ťítk^w itlí? uť qǎł?íłt i?_ćm̄tus, tǎ_stǎqtqips ixí? uť tǎlx^ws tǎ_ksplǎkś kíl_ńsłx^w?itk^w. tǎ_stqǎqips i?_sa?ťítk^w lut nix^w i?_k^wutwn na?ť nťtyyix sń?awćínmś. łm i?_ćm̄tus ćíłsts i?_a?_ćłax^wt i?_k^wutwn na?ť nťtyyix tǎ_wi?ś kǧumnm. Ǧapnǎ? ćsap i?_ćm̄tus i?_ś?iłńś. iwa i?_sqilx^w k^wińś kskńxits i?_ćm̄tus uť tǎ_cniłcǎlx k^wíł^wułsǎlx mi k^wíł^wułl, itlí? nǎqspińtk uť tǎwńnikstmsǎlx kíl_sa?ťítk^w. lut swit cmistís ha cm qńnusǎlx ha km lut.</p>	<p>water bug</p> <p>have trouble; old</p> <p>pollute water dam</p>
--	--

sńsúx^wna? swłtíłn

1. sǎxkinx ti? ǧǎćǧǎćt tǎ_qa qx^wíx i?_ćm̄tus kíl_sńǦayćkstx ?
2. ćkin i?_síl^wa?ś i?_ćm̄tus kíl_sńx^wńtk^witk^w ?
3. ćakńíłx^w i?_ćm̄tus ?
4. stim a?_ćkists i?_ćm̄tus tǎ_tǎwławt supćińś ?
5. stim a?_ćíłsts i?_ćm̄tus ?
6. k^wnxspińtk i?_tkǎłmilx^w ćm̄tus mi sic ?a?úsa?m ?
7. ćkin i?_siwłk^w mi put mł ?a?úsa?m i?_ćm̄tus ?
8. ǎxkistm i?_?a?úsa?ś i?_ćm̄tus mi lut tǎ_put i?_siwłk^w ?
9. k^wńxip a?_ć?a?úsa?m tǎ_cǧumnx i?_tkǎłmilx^w ćm̄tus ?
10. ćkin i?_?a?úsa?ś i?_ćm̄tus ?
11. ćkin i?_ćm̄tus kcǦácmǦas ?
12. stim a?_ćíłsts i?_ťi?ík ćm̄tus ?
13. mat sǎxkinx uť lut kim tǎ_kłť?ík tǎ_ćm̄tus ?
14. sǎxkinx uť qǎł?íłt i?_ćm̄tus ?
15. sǎxkinx uť ćsap i?_ćm̄tus i?_ś?iłńś ?
16. stim a?_ćkists i?_sqilx^w kskńxitmś i?_ćm̄tus ?

skł?ism tə_ǰilm s?a?úms

A. **Past/Present Transitive and Future Transitive** rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn.

iwa i?_sqilx^w k^wińs kskńxits i?_ćmtus. Even people are trying to help the sturgeon.

1. ińcá:
2. anwí:
3. anwí na?ł ińcá:
4. anwí na?ł Saláwa?t:
5. Pit na?ł Sapát:

B. **Past/Present Transitive** rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn.

i?_ti?ik' ćmtus ćłsts i?_?ak^w?ak^wtílx. The young sturgeon eats bugs.

1. ińcá / stiq^w
2. anwí / sk^wańtq
3. anwí na?ł ińcá / łśála?
4. anwí na?ł śAtál / łáq^wa
5. Swśatqn na?ł Prasuwá / pałpłqn

ck^wuńmstm i?_s?a?úms

1. cmiscút- know (know to oneself)
example sentences:
1. k ^w æck ^w act i?_sumíxs i?_ćmtus, ckńxits a?_cmiscút łə_ksq ^w łq ^w ilsts ła_ćkśa?m. (The sturgeon has strong spiritual power, and it helps people who know how to talk to it when they pray.)
2. ha p_cmiscút ? (Do you folks know about yourselves?)
3. way kn_cmiscút. (I knew about it.)

2. sńxʷńtkʷitkʷ- Columbia River
example sentences:
1. ǀsńxʷńtkʷitkʷ ilí? kǀ_?asl?úprńkst sǀu?xán i?_kswisxńs. (In the Columbia River they can grow a long as twenty feet.)
2. ilí? kn_cpulx ǀsńxʷńtkʷitkʷ. (I've camped at the Columbia River.)
3. ta?lí xʷ?itkʷ i?_sńxʷńtkʷitkʷ. (There's lots of water in the Columbia River.)
3. ǀaqʷǀaqʷt- huge
reduplication: ǀaqʷǀaqʷǀaqʷt
example sentences:
1. i?_misǀaqʷǀaqʷt i?_ǀmǀtus kǀ_?asl?úprńkst ǀcǀcǀkst i?_ksnǀasts. (The biggest sturgeon can weight almost two thousand pounds.)
2. cǀaqʷǀaqʷǀaqʷt i?_ǀmǀtus. (Sturgeon are huge fish.)
3. ǀaqʷǀaqʷt astǀǀm. (Your boat is huge.)
4. i?_qʷyúla?xʷ cǀaqʷǀaqʷǀaqʷt i?_tmǀmǀxʷúla?xʷs. (The rich have huge lands.)
5. miyǀǀ ǀaqʷǀaqʷt ańkǀkwǀpa?. (Your dog is enormous.)
4. snǀast- weight / pound
example sentences:
1. i?_misǀaqʷǀaqʷt i?_ǀmǀtus kǀ_?asl?úprńkst ǀcǀcǀkst i?_ksnǀasts. (The biggest sturgeon can weight almost two thousand pounds.)
2. ixí? tǀ_śmǀmǀ?im nǀsnǀast. (Those women are heavy weights.)
3. miyǀǀ nǀast ańnáǀxʷnǀxʷ ki? cxʷa?xʷa?stixʷ. (Your wife is too heavy for you to carry.)
5. ńpǀpǀqǀniǀwt- white sides
example sentences:
1. i?_ǀmǀtus ǀsńxʷńtkʷitkʷ pum uǀ pǀsa uǀ ńpǀpǀqǀniǀwt uǀ kǀpqińk. (Sturgeon in the Columbia River are brown or gray with white on their sides and bellies.)
2. ǀi? ǀǀǀǀǀ anpǀyǀxn aǀi? ńpǀpǀqǀniǀwt. (Your car is plain to see because it has white sides.)
3. ńpǀpǀqǀniǀwt ińkwǀp. (My horse has a white side.)
6. kǀpqińk- white belly
example sentences:
1. i?_ǀmǀtus ǀsńxʷńtkʷitkʷ pum uǀ pǀsa uǀ ńpǀpǀqǀniǀwt uǀ kǀpqińk. (Sturgeon in the Columbia River are brown or gray with white on their sides and bellies.)
2. i?_ǀlikk kǀpqińk ixí? mi lut kscwǀksǀx ǀi_?ayxʷút. (Hawks have white undersides so they can't be seen from below.)
3. i?_yilíkʷǀxkn kǀpǀpǀqǀniǀwt uǀ ńpǀpǀqǀniǀwt. (The mountain sheep have white bellies and white butts.)

7. n̄təp̄təp̄ik̄n̄- bumps on the back
singular: n̄tp̄ik̄n
example sentences:
1. c̄lkstaiq̄w sc̄n̄təp̄təp̄ik̄n̄s t̄l̄ n̄k̄milp̄sts uł k̄l̄ syup̄sts i?_c̄m̄tus. (Sturgeon have five rows of hard bumps that run down the length of their backs.)
2. nqsusm i?_scułm c̄n̄tp̄ik̄n. (One kind of bull has a bump on its back.)
3. i?_n̄xa?xa?itk̄w c̄n̄təp̄təp̄ik̄n (The water monster has bumps on its back.)
8. t̄əw̄taw̄t- sharp / pokey
example sentences:
1. uł nix̄w musl̄q̄w t̄ə_t̄əw̄taw̄t ct̄əx̄wtax̄w c̄x̄it̄ t̄ə_s̄w̄pcin k̄łix̄wútms i?_c̄asyq̄n̄s, n̄xa?c̄in̄ms i?_splim̄c̄n̄s. (They also have four barbels that hang down like whiskers from the underside of their heads, in front of their mouths.)
2. i?_sx̄w̄a?nk̄it̄p̄ w̄əswisxn i?_t̄əw̄taw̄ts. (The hawthorn have long sharp pokeys.)
3. i?_sx̄w̄ina? ta?l̄i t̄əw̄taw̄t. (The cactus are real pokey.)
9. ct̄əx̄wtax̄w- hanging down
example sentences:
1. uł nix̄w musl̄q̄w t̄ə_t̄əw̄taw̄t ct̄əx̄wtax̄w c̄x̄it̄ t̄ə_s̄w̄pcin k̄łix̄wútms i?_c̄asyq̄n̄s, n̄xa?c̄in̄ms i?_splim̄c̄n̄s. (They also have four barbels that hang down like whiskers from the underside of their heads, in front of their mouths.)
2. i?_t̄əx̄w̄tax̄w t̄ə_stx̄w?its ti? ct̄əx̄wtax̄w ysa ta?k̄in. (There was so many chokecherrys they were hanging all over the place.)
3. t̄ə_k̄aw̄s c̄sac̄sałx̄ i?_sq̄l̄it̄mix̄w na?ł smar̄h̄im, k̄łr̄nalx̄w̄əłx̄ uł ct̄əx̄w̄t̄x̄w̄iwt̄əłx̄. (When the men and women went swimming they were naked and they all hung around.)
10. m̄əsmust- feel
example sentences:
1. ix̄i? t̄ə_t̄əw̄taw̄t s̄w̄pcins i?_c̄m̄tus ka? ckacxc̄in c̄m̄əsmusts i?_n̄yx̄w̄mitk̄ws i?_sa?t̄itk̄w. (The sturgeon feels with the barbels to find food on the bottom of the river.)
2. yəx̄w̄min inx̄n̄x̄n̄ústn, kn̄_?ak̄w̄tlw̄is kn̄_m̄əsm̄úsmlw̄is ki? sic kak̄icn. (When I dropped my glasses, I had to crawl around and feel around before I found them.)
3. lut ak̄sc̄n̄m̄am̄úsm. (Don't be feeling anyone up.)
11. n̄yx̄w̄mitk̄w- bed of river/lake/ocean
example sentences:
1. ix̄i? t̄ə_t̄əw̄taw̄t s̄w̄pcins i?_c̄m̄tus ka? ckacxc̄in c̄m̄əsmusts i?_n̄yx̄w̄mitk̄ws i?_sa?t̄itk̄w. (The sturgeon feels with the barbels to find food on the bottom of the river.)
2. x̄m̄inks k̄sm̄ist̄is c̄kiñ i?_syx̄w̄mitk̄ws. (He wanted to know how deep the lake was.)
3. wisxn i?_sp̄ic̄n̄s ix̄i? uł n̄tax̄w̄k̄ws uł lut p̄n̄kin k̄łkics i?_syx̄w̄mitk̄ws. (He had along rope and he

hung it down and he never did touch bottom.)
12. x^wu[?]úsm- a lot
reduplication: x ^w a [?] x ^w ?usm
example sentences:
1. x ^w u [?] úsm i [?] _s [?] i [?] h [?] ns i [?] _c [?] m [?] tus, a [?] _c [?] lax ^w t i [?] _qaqx ^w l [?] x, i [?] _siw [?] tk ^w ?ak ^w ?ak ^w tíl ^x , u [?] i [?] _sk ^w añtq. (Sturgeon eat lots of things including live and dead fish, water bugs, and plants.)
2. xu [?] úsm i [?] _siya [?] . (There are a lot of different varieties of saskatoon.)
3. x ^w a [?] x ^w ?usm i [?] _stx ^w l [?] msqilx ^w . (There are a lot of different kinds of Indians.)
13. ?ak^w?ak^wtíl^x- insect / bug
example sentences:
1. x ^w u [?] úsm i [?] _s [?] i [?] h [?] ns i [?] _c [?] m [?] tus, a [?] _c [?] lax ^w t i [?] _qaqx ^w l [?] x, i [?] _siw [?] tk ^w ?ak ^w ?ak ^w tíl ^x , u [?] i [?] _sk ^w añtq. (Sturgeon eat lots of things including live and dead fish, water bugs, and plants.)
2. la [?] kín i [?] _hrh [?] hamt u [?] c [?] uy ilí [?] cx ^w ?it i [?] _?ak ^w ?ak ^w tíl ^x . (Where its damp and dark there are a lot of bugs.)
3. k ^w u [_] sacwk ^w wik ^w mistx u [?] k ^w u [_] ?ak ^w ?ak ^w tíl ^x k ^w u [_] k [?] ts [?] šan ki [?] sic k ^w u [_] xítmist. (We were hiding and we had to crawl until we got passed then we ran.)
14. n[?]t[?]sa[?]m[?]k^w- cloudy liquid
reduplication: n [?] tr [?] nt [?] sa [?] m [?] k ^w
example sentences:
1. tí [?] put i [?] _kstyaps i [?] _siw [?] tk ^w , u [?] lut ta [?] lí ks [?] nt [?] sa [?] m [?] k ^w s. (The water has to be flowing just right, and it can't be too cloudy.)
2. n [?] c [?] x ^w c [?] x ^w n [?] tín l [?] _x [?] ax [?] sal u [?] n [?] tr [?] nt [?] sa [?] m [?] k ^w . (I filled the glasses and they were murky.)
3. l [?] a [_] ctíkt i [?] _sa [?] ?tít ^w u [?] c [?] nt [?] sa [?] m [?] tk ^w wíl ^x i [?] _siw [?] tk ^w . (When its high water the river becomes cloudy.)
15. n[?]?a[?]x^wí[?]ca[?]- absorb into body
example sentences:
1. lut t [?] a [_] put i [?] _siw [?] tk ^w lut ks [?] a [?] úsa [?] m [?] s i [?] _tk [?] æt [?] milx ^w c [?] m [?] tus u [?] ilí [?] n [?] ?a [?] x ^w í [?] ca [?] s i [?] _?a [?] úsa [?] s. (If conditions are not right, then the female sturgeon does not release her eggs and they reabsorb into her body.)
2. mc [?] n [?] tix ^w asq [?] í [?] q [?] ís [?] cím t [?] a [_] sayú [?] ixí [?] n [?] ?a [?] x ^w í [?] ca [?] ?n [?] ts u [?] k ^w _m [?] a [?] . (Rub your hurting bones with sayú [?] - it gets sbsorbed and it stops hurting.)
3. i [?] _k [?] ast i [?] _sq [?] ílt n [?] ?a [?] x ^w í [?] ca [?] ?n [?] ts ixí [?] asq [?] ílt. (The bad disease gets absorbed into your system then you get sick.)
16. k[?]t[?]q[?]í[?]xí[?]na[?]?tm- fertilize
example sentences:

1. qipcm km scaʔáqʷ, tə_yʕat stim ʕast uʔ put, ixíʔ uʔ ʔaʔúsaʔm uʔ itíʔ kʔəq̄l̄xínaʔt̄tm tə_sq̄l̄tmixʷ čm̄tus. (In the spring or summer, if conditions are right, then she releases her eggs while one or more males releases milt.)
2. yʕat iʔ_stim cʔəq̄l̄xínaʔ mi sic cʔw̄l̄kʷúíl. (Everything has to be fertilized before it can become living young.)
3. kʷam iʔ_sq̄l̄xʷ put cʔəq̄l̄xínaʔ mi sic cʔw̄l̄l̄it. (Even the people have to be fertilized before they can produce babys.)
17. c̄pumnx- spawn
example sentences:
1. ʔa_c̄pumnx iʔ_tkəʔmilxʷ čm̄tus, xʷʔit uʔ xʷʔit ʔa_cʔaʔúsaʔm, cʕiʔ tə_100,000 km 1,000,000 iʔ_ʔaʔúsaʔ. (During the spawning time, a female sturgeon releases between 100,000 and one million eggs.)
2. k̄aʔáym uʔ c̄pumnx iʔ_kəkníʔ (In the fall is when the kokanee spawn.)
3. iʔ_tkəʔmilxʷ qaqxʷl̄x cʔaʕíym ʔa_c̄pumnm. (The female fish digs holes for her eggs.)
18. čəp̄čəp̄q̄t- sticky
example sentences:
1. iʔ_ʔaʔúsaʔs p̄m̄p̄um uʔ čəp̄čəp̄q̄t. (The eggs are brown and sticky.)
2. iʔ_t̄iç čəp̄čəp̄q̄t. (Pitch is sticky.)
3. lut xʷus n̄ciw̄n̄txʷ anp̄usmn uʔ c̄n̄čəp̄q̄t̄caʔ. (If you don't wash your pot right away it will get sticky.)
19. n̄s̄ait- sink
example sentences:
1. ʔə_wiʔs kʔəq̄l̄xínaʔt̄tm tə_sq̄l̄tmixʷ ixíʔ uʔ n̄s̄ait uʔ čp̄aq̄ l̄_nixʷt̄itkʷ. (After the eggs mix with the males' milt they sink and stick to the river bottom.)
2. ʔa_ch̄ʔap iʔ_stim, naʕás uʔ n̄s̄ait. (When things get wet and soaked they get heavy and sink.)
3. la_cxʔítiʔ kn_ʔə_kram kn_c̄n̄s̄ait. (When I first started to swim I would sink.)
20. čp̄aq̄- to stick
example sentences:
1. ʔə_wiʔs kʔəq̄l̄xínaʔt̄tm tə_sq̄l̄tmixʷ ixíʔ uʔ n̄s̄ait uʔ čp̄aq̄ l̄_nixʷt̄itkʷ. (After the eggs mix with the males' milt they sink and stick to the river bottom.)
2. kʷ_kʷnim tə_cəp̄čəp̄q̄t tə_q̄ymin aʔ_ctəʕʷtaʕʷ, ilíʔ k̄čəp̄čəp̄aq̄ iʔ_ʕəʕm̄saʔ. (You can buy sticky paper that hang down the flies get stuck on it.)
3. kn_c̄čəp̄čəp̄q̄k̄st. (I got sticky hands.)
21. ʕəʕn̄stasq̄t- nine days
reduplication:

example sentences:
1. ǰǰǰǰstásǰt uǰ kǰǰǰǰuǰl. (The eggs hatch after nine days.)
2. way uǰ ǰǰǰǰstásǰt iscǰǰlǰt. ha kǰǰ_kǰǰmrǰmǰstn ? (I've been sick for nine days now. Do you have any medicine?)
3. kǰm ǰǰǰǰstásǰt mi kǰǰ_kǰǰǰlǰlǰt. ha tǰi? kǰǰ_xǰǰast ? (It's nine days to your due date. How are you feeling?)
22. kcǰǰǰmǰǰas- alevin / fish larva
example sentences:
1. iǰ_ǰǰmǰtus kcǰǰǰmǰǰas mat kǰǰ_nǰǰqs scǰǰawǰkst iǰ_ksǰǰwǰsxǰns uǰ ǰǰǰt tǰ_qǰǰǰǰǰqs iǰ_sǰǰǰǰǰǰs. (The sturgeon larva are about one-half inch long and look like a little tadpole.)
2. iǰ_ǰ_sǰǰǰmǰǰntn nǰǰǰǰǰntǰsǰǰx iǰ_ǰǰǰkǰǰn ǰ_nutǰnǰmǰn. lut sǰǰsǰǰǰǰs uǰ way kǰǰǰǰuǰl iǰ_kcǰǰǰmǰǰas. (At the school they poured the fish eggs in a tank and before long the the larva hatched.)
3. iǰ_kcǰǰǰmǰǰas pǰǰtǰi? ǰkǰǰǰ ǰ_nǰǰaǰǰsaǰǰtǰns. (The larvae is still attached to the egg sack.)
23. qǰǰǰǰǰqs- tadpole
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. iǰ_ǰǰmǰtus kcǰǰǰmǰǰas mat kǰǰ_nǰǰqs scǰǰawǰkst iǰ_ksǰǰwǰsxǰns uǰ ǰǰǰt tǰ_qǰǰǰǰǰqs iǰ_sǰǰǰǰǰǰs. (The sturgeon larva are about one-half inch long and look like a little tadpole.)
2. qǰǰǰǰǰqs sic kǰǰǰǰuǰl tǰ_sǰǰǰǰǰǰǰx (They're tadpoles then they become frogs.)
3. ǰsǰǰǰi? ǰǰǰǰǰstm iǰ_qǰǰǰǰǰqs uǰ ǰǰǰǰǰǰǰtǰtǰt. (A long time ago we gathered tadpoles and we played with them.)
24. ǰkǰǰǰ- attached
example sentences:
1. pǰǰtǰi? ǰkǰǰǰ iǰ_sǰǰǰaǰǰsaǰǰtǰns. (They have a yoke sac attached to them.)
2. ha ǰkǰǰǰǰǰ iǰ_ǰǰǰs. (Are there any apples hanging in the tree?)
3. xǰǰǰit aǰ_ǰkǰǰǰǰǰ iǰ_ǰǰǰs. (There are lots of apples hanging on the tree.)
25. nǰsǰǰmǰǰkǰǰ- water bug
example sentences:
1. iǰ_ǰǰǰǰǰ ǰǰmǰtus ǰǰǰsts iǰ_ǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰǰ, ǰǰǰǰǰǰǰt qǰǰǰǰǰǰx, uǰ iǰ_nǰsǰǰmǰǰkǰǰ. (The young sturgeon eat insects, little fish, and water bugs.)
2. xǰǰǰǰǰǰi? sǰǰscǰǰǰǰǰǰǰx iǰ_nǰsǰǰmǰǰkǰǰ. (It looks like the water bugs are running on top of the water.)
3. kǰǰǰǰil iǰ_nǰsǰǰǰǰǰmǰǰkǰǰ. (There are lots of water bugs.)
26. kǰsǰsmǰlǰ- have trouble / get in trouble
example sentences:

1. řapna? iř_cřmtus ař_cařlwřs ř_sylx trřxřwřlařxřw sařřtkřw řssmlřt. (Nowadays, the sturgeon that live in the rivers in the Sylx lands are in trouble.)
2. iwa kswřtmřst uř niřřp řssmlřt. (As hard as he tried he still had trouble.)
3. sxkřnx kař řckřssmlřt asnřsřlxřw. (Why do your people get into trouble?)
27. řawřřwřlx- old (plural)
singular: řiwřlx
example sentences:
1. řřat řawřřwřlx iř_cřmtus. (All of the sturgeon are old.)
2. řřayřat iř_ař_cřnřixřwcnm řawřřwřlx. (All of the speakers are getting old.)
3. lut řnřřmřnk řksķiwřlx (I don't want to get old.)
28. řķstķřwřlxst- make liquid bad
example sentences:
1. cmřstřm řķstķřwřlxstslx iř_sařsařřtkřw uř tqtqipstslx. (We do know that people have polluted the rivers and built dams.)
2. ilřř ķw_cřnřcřatkřwm ř_cwřcwřxař uř řķstķstķřwřlxstxřw iř_siwřřķw. (You shit in the creeks and made the water bad.)
3. řa_cxřwřit iř_střmřat, řtkřřitķřwm, řnřcřatkřwm uř řķstķřwřlxstslx iř_siwřřķw. (When there are a lot of cattle they piss and shit in the water and it turns bad.)
29. řqipřt- dam something
reduplication: tqtqipřt
example sentences:
1. cmřstřm řķstķřwřlxstslx iř_sařsařřtkřw uř tqtqipstslx. (We do know that people have polluted the rivers and built dams.)
2. iř_stuřnx cřtqtqipsts iř_siwřřķw, ilřř ķwřķwulřxřwm. (The beavers dam the water and they build their houses there.)
3. ķw_řa_cřnřpřsuřsm, řqipřtxřw uř přřt řařķřn řnřřmřnk. (When you irrigate you dam the water and make it go which way you want it to.)

13. stxətsqáǵaʔm ul səx^wk^wan^tqm 1- ʔa_{ctiwm} tə_{pəpʔaspəs}

sʔaʔúms

kmiltm ⁿ tm	visit someone
cta ^w míst	sell
pəpʔaspəs	chicks
s ⁿ kəkʔákaʔtn	chicken coop
ck ^w isk ^w st	hold something
qǵ ⁿ tim / qǵam	nail something
ńwíwaʔst	a little high
ćqík ^s m	hit fingers
ʔʔapm	drink/slurp
ccaq	parked/at
kím ^k st	have left
k ^w ik ^w nx	a few
lipúl	hen
likák	rooster
x ^w ix ^w ilt	debt
ńʔa ^y snúnt	able to trade
ńsiw ^s tn	water trough
ǵsəstnu ⁿ t	manage to do good / good luck

smýmay

<p>Pilaʔsís kmiltmⁿtm tə_{Aláwa}, yʔat sqipc ixíʔ cta^wmíst tə_{pəpʔaspəs}. Aláwa cx^wuy ʔaʔn^tís Pilaʔsís.</p> <p>A- wayýy ! ha swit aláʔ ?</p> <p>P- akláʔ !</p> <p>A- k^wkaʔkín ?</p> <p>P- kn_{aláʔ}, kí_si^wts iʔ_{sⁿkəkʔákaʔtn} !</p> <p>Aláwa sx^wists laʔkín Pilaʔsís kaʔ ck^wu^lm.</p>	<p>visit someone; sell chicks</p> <p>chicken coop</p>
---	---

<p>A- way kn_ckicx.</p> <p>P- way k^w_ckicx. ha tí? k^w_ǵast ?</p> <p>A- way tí? kn_ǵast. kn_lim̄t tí_sqipcm̄s.</p> <p>P- nix^w in̄cá. ǵast i?_sǵlǵǵalt.</p> <p>A- stim a?_ck^wułstx^w ?</p> <p>P- kn_n̄tils way cm atá? k^w_tx^wilm, ixí? isəcx^wk^wám i?_kiwíx s̄nkəkǵáka?tn ixí? mi way ilí? əcway k̄l̄_pəpǵaspəs. cmay ca?k^w ck^wisk^wstx^w axá? i?_?ululím mi qǵn̄tin.</p> <p>A- háhuy. ha alá? ańǵmínk.</p> <p>P- ǵaǵ n̄wíwa?st. ki, way ilí?. c̄n̄ǵakstm̄n̄t.</p> <p>A- lut k^wu_aks̄c̄q̄íksm !</p> <p>P- cmay ! way tí? k^w_txt̄mist !</p> <p>Pila?sis qǵn̄tis i?_?ululím.</p> <p>P- hahuy way. uc ańǵmínk ǵapm ta_lti ?</p> <p>A- k^wu_k^wuk^wstx^w k^wu_ǵapm̄stx^w. naǵm̄ǵ kn_səcx^wuýx k̄l̄_ismí?ǵ i?_citx^ws, way tí? putm̄.</p> <p>P- háhuy. k^wa? s̄ǵac̄m̄tət stim i?_k^wu_?uk^wxt.</p> <p>A- háhuy. cx^wuýx. ilí? ǵ_s?iw̄ts ǵ_?a?úkw̄mn.</p> <p>P- kn_ck^wnim tə_n̄x̄n̄n̄niw̄t tí_n̄t̄w̄stsqáǵa?tn.</p> <p>Pila?sis na?ǵ Aláwa? tk^wu?út k̄l̄_n̄?a?úkw̄m̄ns. ilí? ccaq n̄xa?cín̄m̄s i?_n̄t̄w̄stsqáǵa?tn.</p> <p>A- ha ?asl̄?úp̄n̄kst pəpǵaspəs asc̄q̄áý, ha lut ?</p> <p>P- ki, ixí? way, naǵm̄ǵ k^w_ǵa_ks̄k̄im̄kst ca?k^w itlí? k̄^wik^wnx nix^w iksck^wín. uǵ yǵat lipúl isc̄ǵlít. miyáǵ way x^w?it i?_likák uǵ in̄ǵmínk misx^w?it i?_?a?úsa?.</p> <p>A- yǵayǵát axá? lipúl uǵ way kn_ks̄k̄im̄kst. k̄^winx itlí? ańǵmínk ?</p> <p>P- cilk̄st itlí? nix^w in̄ǵmínk.</p> <p>A- háhuy ?asl̄?úp̄n̄kst uǵ cilk̄st pəpǵaspəs. yǵat lipúl uǵ lut tə_likák. ctx^war̄n̄t ańx̄n̄n̄niw̄t.</p>	<p>hold; nail</p> <p>a little high; hit fingers</p> <p>drink/slurp</p> <p>parked/at</p> <p>have left; a few hen; rooster</p>
--	--

<p>Aláwa nutńtís ?asl?úpńkst uť cilkst pəpʎaspəs í_Pilaʎsís i?_ńxńxńńńińwts.</p> <p>P- kʷinx ińxʷíxʷílt ?</p> <p>A- kʷa? miyáť xʷ?it i?_kʷu_řaǵńtxʷ ixí? řm i?_slip i?_kʷu_?ukʷxt ixí? ti? kmax cilkst sqlaw ańxʷíxʷílt kǐ_skəkʎáka?</p> <p>P- kmax cilkst sqlaw ! nikxná?, way řast ! ixí? cm ń?ayśnún i?_sic skəkʎáka? ńsiwstn ixí? i?_sáma? i?_kʷu_ctiwsts. axá? ańcǐkst sqlaw.</p> <p>A- háhuy. way itlí? kn_xʷuy.</p> <p>P- hahuy, nínwiʎs łwikńtsn. txtmíst kʷ_ła_ckskmńqinm.</p> <p>A- nínwiʎs łwikńtsn, uť řsəstnuńtxʷ ańlipúl !</p> <p>P- kʷ_ctxʷilm łə_kaʎáym uť ?amstśín tə_?aʎúsa? !</p> <p>A- háhuy. way.</p> <p>P- way.</p>	<p>my debt</p> <p>able to trade for trough</p> <p>manage to do good</p>
---	---

sńsúxʷna? swłtiłn

1. swit i?_kmiltms Pilaʎsís ?
2. stim a?_ćkists Aláwa yřat sqipc ?
3. kaʎkín Pilaʎsís łə_kłkicńtm tə_Aláwa ?
4. səxkinx uť limt Aláwa ?
5. stim a?_ckʷulsts Pilaʎsís łə_kłkicńtm ?
6. kǐ_stim kńxitńtm Pilaʎsís tə_Aláwa ?
7. stim i?_qřńtis Pilaʎsís ?
8. səxkinx uť lut řmińks ksłřapm ta_łti ?
9. kaʎkín i?_pəpʎaspəs a?_ctaŵmístřns Aláwa ?
10. kaʎkín ka? ccaq Aláwa i?_ń?aʎúkʷmńs ?
11. kʷnxsqářa? tə_pəpʎaspəs i?_scqayś Pilaʎsís ? kʷnxsqářa? nixʷ itlí? řminks ?
12. səxkinx uť řminks nixʷ tə_lilipúl Pilaʎsís ?
13. kʷinx i?_xʷíxʷíłts Pilaʎsís ?
14. stim i?_ksń?ayśnúnis Pilaʎsís ?
15. ksxkistm Aláwa tə_Pilaʎsís łə_kaʎáym ?

skłřism tə_řilm s?aʎúms

A. **Past/Present Intransitive and Transitive** rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn.

Aláwa cx^wuy la?níts Pila?sis.

Aláwa comes to find Pila?sis.

1. ińcá:
2. anwí:
3. mnińtət:
4. mnińtəmp:
5. cniłcəix:

B. Durative and Actual intransitive Rewrite the sentence using the prompts, then translate to nuyápixcn.

Aláwa sx^wists la?kín Pila?sis ka? c^kwuím.

Aláwa walks to where Pila?sis is working.

1. ińcá / anwí
2. anwí / ińcá
3. mnińtət / mnińtəmp
4. mnińtəmp / mnińtət
5. i?_twtwit / i?_xəxiwxwtm

c^kwuímstm i?_s?a?úńs

1. kmíłtmńt- visit someone
example sentences:
1. Pila?sis kmíłtmńtm tə_Aláwa, yřat sqipc ixí? ctańmíst tə_pəpřaspəs. (Pila?sis is visited by Aláwa, who sells her chicks every spring.)
2. ha akskmíłtmnm aswawása? ? (are you going to visit your auntie?)
3. k ^w u_ kmíłməńs isxmhkáwa?. (My sweetheart came to visit me.)
2. tańmíst- sell / salesperson
example sentences:

1. Pilaʔsís kmíltmńtm tə Aláwa, yʔat sqipc ixíʔ ctaʔmíst tə pəpʔaspəs. (Pilaʔsís is visited by Aláwa, who sells her chicks every spring.)
2. ha kicńts iʔ aʔ ctaʔmíst tə lkalát. (Did the bread salesman get to your place)
3. kn kspikst uʔ kn tʔtaʔmíst uʔ ʔsap. (I had some gloves and I went on a selling trip and sold them all.)
3. pəpʔaspəs- chicks
reduplication: pəpəspʔasəspəs
example sentences:
1. Pilaʔsís kmíltmńtm tə Aláwa, yʔat sqipc ixíʔ ctaʔmíst tə pəpʔaspəs. (Pilaʔsís is visited by Aláwa, who sells her chicks every spring.)
2. kn kskmíxaʔx tə pəpəspʔasəspəs. (I'm going to get some chicks.)
3. tíʔ sʔa...y iʔ pəpəspʔasəspəs tə cyʔapstím. (The chicks were all peeping when we got them home.)
4. sńkəkʔákaʔtn- chicken coop
example sentences:
1. kn aláʔ, kí sʔiʔwts í sńkəkʔákaʔtn !
2. lut taʔlí kssíxʔaʔs aksńkəkʔákaʔtn. (Your chicken house doesn't have to be very big.)
3. ʔast tə cńkʔalt asńkəkʔákaʔtn. (It's good to have warm chicken coop.)
5. kʔiskʔst- hold / hold on to
example sentences:
1. cmay caʔkʔ ckʔiskʔstxʔ axáʔ iʔ ʔululím mi qʔńtin. (Maybe you would hold this wire up for me while I nail it down?)
6. qʔńtim / qʔańt- nail something
example sentences:
1. cmay caʔkʔ ckʔiskʔstxʔ axáʔ iʔ ʔululím mi qʔńtin. (Maybe you would hold this wire up for me while I nail it down?)
2. qʔqʔańt iʔ təqʔtəqalqʔ. (Nail the boards down.)
3. ilíʔ mi qʔńtim. (We will nail it there.)
7. ʔaʔ- maybe / perhaps
example sentences:
1. ʔaʔ nʔwíwaʔst. ki, way ilíʔ. cńʔakstmńt. (A little higher. Yes, right there. Now hold it tight.)
8. nʔwíwaʔst- a little high
example sentences:
1. ʔaʔ nʔwíwaʔst....ki, way ilíʔ. cńʔakstmńt. (A little higher.... Yes, right there. Now hold it tight.)

2. ńwíwa?st i?_apís (The apples are high up.)
3. i?_smań?ím cńwəswəstipłxnm. (The women wear high heels.)
9. ćqíkst / ćqíksh̄t- hit finger
example sentences:
1. lut k ^w u_aksćqíksm ! (Don't hit my finger!)
2. lut_aksćqíksh̄cút ! (Don't hit your finger!)
10. †apm- drink / slurp
example sentences:
1. uc ańx̄mínk †apm ta_łti ? (Would you like to drink some tea?)
2. k ^w u_skaŵsłəpł†apx ta_łti. (Let's go and sip some tea.)
3. kn_x ^w uy uł kn_ł†apm tə_łkapí. (I went and drank some coffee.)
11. caq- parked / placed
example sentences:
1. Pila?sis na?ł Aláwa? tk ^w u?út kł_ń?a?úk ^w mńs ilí? ccaq ńxa?cínńs i?_ńtǵwstsqáxa?tn. (Pila?sis and Aláwa walk over to his truck that is parked in front of the barn.)
2. scəqcaq i?_spucts yſat ta?kín ł_sqiltks. (Her sores were sitting all over her body.)
3. k_íncítx ^w mi cəqńtix ^w anqýx ^w úps. (Park your stinky butt (car) at my house.)
12. kskim̄kst- have something left
example sentences:
1. ki, ixí? way, naǵńł k ^w _łta_kskim̄kst ca?k ^w itlí? k ^w ik ^w nx nix ^w iksck ^w ín. (Yes, that's right, but I would like a few more if you have them.)
2. x ^w ?it i?_skam̄qsts. (She has a lot of left overs.)
3. ilí? kskim̄kst itlí? mi k ^w _km̄am. (There's left overs there so take some from there.)
13. k^wik^wənx- a few / how many
example sentences:
1. ki, ixí? way, naǵńł k ^w _łta_kskim̄kst ca?k ^w itlí? k ^w ik ^w nx nix ^w iksck ^w ín. (Yes, that's right, but I would like a few more if you have them. And I asked for all hens.)
2. mat k ^w ńk ^w inx i?_sh̄?ísts ixí?. (I wonder how much for those.)
3. way k ^w inx ccustn uł lut k ^w u_łta_cəkəńíya?m̄sts. (I told him time and again, and he wouldn't listen to me.)
14. lipúl- hen /chicken
example sentences:
1. uł yſat lipúl iscłłít. (And I asked for all hens.)
2. kn_km̄am tə_łlipúl uł yſat cłpam. (I got some chickens and all of them are laying.)

3. i?_likák kíkíís i?_lipúl put kʷ́nnus mi sic cists. (The rooster will chase the hens and won't leave them alone until he catches up to them.)
15. likák- rooster
example sentences:
1. miyáʔ way xʷ́it i?_likák uʔ inǰmínk misxʷ́it i?_ʔaʔúsaʔ. (I have too many roosters and I want more eggs.)
2. i?_kʷ́iʔt i?_likák cńksksíís, cʔrqsúmś. (Some roosters get mean they will kick you.)
3. taʔt kiʔ swiʔnúmǰx ańlikák. (Your rooster is so handsome.)
16. xʷ́ixʷ́iʔt- what is owed / debt
reduplication: xʷ́iǰixʷ́iʔt
example sentences:
1. kʷ́inx inxʷ́ixʷ́iʔt ? (How much do I owe you?)
2. miyáʔ xʷ́it inxʷ́iǰixʷ́iʔt. (I have too many debts)
3. xʷ́ixʷ́iʔtm uʔ xʷ́ixʷ́iʔtm uʔ nǰpaʔmǰn. (He charged and charged and charged now he's over his head.)
17. nǰaʔsnúnǰt- manage to trade/buy something
example sentences:
1. ixíʔ cm nǰaʔsnún i?_sic skəkʔákaʔ nǰiwstn ixíʔ i?_sámaʔ i?_kʷ́u_çtiwstś. (Now I can pay for the new water trough that White guy is selling to me.)
2. kn_kʔçwçawt kiʔ sic nǰaʔsnún inxʷ́ixʷ́iʔt. (I had a heck of a time to pay off my debt.)
3. ha nǰaʔsnúnǰtxʷ́ ańpúyxn. (Did you manage to pay off your car?)
18. nǰiwstn- water trough
example sentences:
1. ixíʔ cm nǰaʔsnún i?_sic skəkʔákaʔ nǰiwstn ixíʔ i?_sámaʔ i?_kʷ́u_çtiwstś. (Now I can pay for the new water trough that White guy is selling to me.)
2. iklíʔ t_tawń xʷ́it i?_nǰswiʔstn. (Over at that town there are a lot of pubs.)
3. ha çqʷ́içm i?_stmçalt i?_nǰiwstnś. (Is the cattle's water troughs full?)
19. ǰsəstnuńǰt- manage to do good
example sentences:
1. nínwiʔs ʔwikńtsn, uʔ ǰsəstnuńǰtxʷ́ ańlipúl ! (See you later. And good luck with your hens!)
2. taʔlí kʷ́_çkswítmist mi cǰsǰsəstnustxʷ́ asqʷ́sqʷ́asiʔa. (You work really hard at it and you will manage to do good with your kids.)
3. ha ǰsəstnuńǰtxʷ́ ańçawt. (Did you manage to get your act together?)

14. sćalq^wm

sʔaʔúms

ćlalq ^w tn	stick game set
sípálaʔq ^w	stick game stick
miwśalq ^w	kick stick
sk ^w ńk ^w ańt	stick game bones
cłəpłəpiwś	marked in the middle
tk ^w aqsm	lay wager
ǰcnwix ^w	wager
nqsusm	one team
səx ^w ćaq ^w m	pointer
ćq ^w nwix ^w	point each other
kłʔuńm	guess / say
schikst	right
skćik ^w aʔ	left
ǰacǰmтуłt	show to someone
kłamnwix ^w	guess/call each other / name each other
xikńt	miss something
ʔawtús	opponent
sałt	lost
ńłk ^w púlaʔx ^w	stuck in the ground
ńk ^w is / ńk ^w nim	s/he sang/sings / to sing something
sqłips	handkerchief
ńlśaʔám	pass back and forth
łiq ^w mst	show / make visible
ckmńmstim	takes away
párqísaʔ	outside (point)
laǰíwś	inside (point)

smýmay

ła_kśćalq ^w m, ćlalq ^w tn aksk ^w úłmnm. kłʔupńkst uł naqs iʔ_sǰəǰćiʔ iʔ_ćlalq ^w tn, ʔupńkst iʔ_sípálaʔq ^w sǰəǰćiʔ uł nəqsalq ^w	stick game set stick game stick
---	------------------------------------

<p>miwsáiqw. mus i?_skwńkwańt, ʔasíl cʔəpʔəpiws uʔ i?_kwiłt lut ta_cʔap.</p>	<p>kick stick; bones; marked in the middle; lay wager</p>
<p>tə_ksʔickńs, tkwaqsm tə_sqlaw uʔ kʔińs swit n̄xltusńtm. tə_n̄xltusńtm, ixíʔ uʔ xcnwixwəlx. i?_nqsusm kʔxaʔtús, ixíʔ aʔ_ccaqwm. ixíʔ tkasʔasíl səxwcaqwm, cqwńwixw put swit ʔxwups i?_miwsáiqw ixíʔ mi ckwiskwsts i?_skwńkwańt cxʔit.</p>	<p>gamble; one team pointer; point to each other</p>
<p>płkńmstikw i?_ululím sqlaw, akín mi cxʔit kʔuńm. i?_cʔalpmísts i?_lululím sqlaw, kwis i?_skwńkwańt, naqs cʔəpiws uʔ i?_naqs lut cʔap. ckwiskwsts i?_skwńkwańt scwikwms mi lut i?_aʔ_ccaqwm kswikiʔs hakín tə_kilx aʔ_ckwiskwsts lut aʔ_cʔap skwńkwańt. i?_səxwcaqwm caqwm kł_schikst km kł_skćikwaʔ, xiʔmíx kin n̄stiłs aʔ_ckwiskwsts lut aʔ_cʔap uʔ cut "ho!" i?_knaqs ʔacxńtułts i?_skwńkwańt.</p>	<p>guess/say right; left show</p>
<p>sic ʔapnáʔ aʔ_cxʔit i?_caqwm wikws i?_skwńkwańt uʔ itlíʔ i?_knaqs caqwm. aʔ_cxʔit i?_caqwm ʔacxńtułts i?_skwńkwańt. tə_ʔasílm aʔ_ckʔʔaʔuńm put i?_skwińs, ixíʔ uʔ lut swit ʔxwups i?_miwsáiqw. tə_tkasílm kʔuńmsəlx tə_put, uʔ itlíʔ tkʔamnwixwəlx. tə_kasílməlx xiks i?_skʔuńms uʔ itlíʔ ʔcaqwm. naxńt i?_knaqs put i?_kscaqws uʔ i?_knaqs xiks, ixíʔ i?_put i?_scaqws ʔxwups i?_miwsáiqw.</p>	<p>guess each other; miss opponent</p>
<p>i?_cłxwup xwícxts i?_ʔawtústs cilkst sĺpalaʔqw uʔ cniłc cilkst sĺpalaʔqw uʔ txtńtis i?_miwsáiqw. i?_miwsáiqw ctxłkícaʔ uʔ ckwum mi lut ksáłts. sic itlíʔ aʔ_ccaqwm n̄łkwńpúlaʔxws cilkst sĺpalaʔqw l̄ńxaʔcínms. ixíʔ cxwíxwáłt tə_sĺpalaʔqw.</p>	<p>lost; stuck in the ground</p>
<p>tə_ksʔickńs, i?_səxwcaqwm i?_ʔxwups i?_miwsáiqw, xwícłts ʔasílm i?_skwńkwańt kł_slıłaxts tkasʔasíl. ixíʔ sic i?_səxwcaqwm uʔ yʔat i?_knxcutńs nkwnim, nkwis i?_qwíłms. tə_cńkwńniməlx, i?_tkasʔasíl wikwsəlx i?_skwńkwańt l̄kłkilxsəlx. utńtisəlx i?_kłkilxsəlx kł_sńkmikńs km kłixwútrńs i?_sqłips. ixíʔ n̄łʔaʔám l̄kłkilxsəlx. ixíʔ uʔ i?_ʔawtústs lut kscmistís hakín tə_kilx kiʔ wikws i?_skwńkwańt.</p>	<p>sing handkerchief; pass back and forth</p>
<p>tə_wiʔswíkwsəlx i?_skwńkwańt uʔ ʔiqwńmsts ʔasílm i?_kłkilxs l̄ńxaʔcínms. ʔapnáʔ i?_səxwcaqwm tl̄ʔawtús caqws hakín n̄stiłs i?_lut aʔ_clap tə_skwńkwańt. i?_aʔ_ckmńmstis i?_skwńkwańt</p>	<p>show takes away</p>

<p>ńkʷnim ixí? mi kʷæckʷæctwílx i?_sumíxs. tə_kʷæckʷact i?_qʷilm, ixí? i?_səxʷcáqʷm̄səlx lut tə_qʷnʷs kʷtʷum̄ms i?_lut a?_cʷap tə_sʷkʷńkʷańt.</p> <p>i?_səxʷcáqʷm cāqʷs ta_ckí_schikst, skćíkʷa?, p̄arq̄isa? km laííw̄s uʷt cut, "ho!" ixí? sic i?_tkasʷasíl a?_cwikʷsts i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt k̄i qʷm̄sts. tə_put i?_scāqʷs, ixí? ʷxʷups i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt. cmay qʷnʷs i?_naqs uʷt xiks i?_knaqs a?_ckʷiskʷsts i?_lut a?_cʷap i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt. km ʷasílm xiks ! tə_xiks ʷasílm, ixí? xʷic̄ʷts i?_ʷaw̄tús ʷasíl t̄i a?_cxʷíxʷaít i?_s̄p̄álaʷqʷ. tə_xiks t̄i naqs, ʷxʷups ʷasíl sʷkʷńkʷańt, naǰm̄t xʷic̄ʷts i?_ʷaw̄tús naqs cxʷíxʷaít s̄p̄álaʷqʷ. tə_qʷnʷs cāqʷs ʷasílm lut a?_cʷap i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt, xʷic̄ʷtsəlx ʷasílm i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt uʷt lut ksǰa qʷm̄s t̄i s̄p̄álaʷqʷs.</p> <p>lut tə_ks̄p̄álaʷqʷ a?_ccāqʷm tə_kʷǰa qʷm̄s, ixí? t̄i s̄ə kʷʷtus ckʷnim t̄i cniʷc cxʷíxʷaít i?_s̄p̄álaʷqʷs uʷt c̄ińtis í_ńxaʷcín̄s. tə_kʷtʷum̄s t̄i? naqs lut a?_cʷap sʷkʷńkʷańt, ití? t̄wikʷs i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt, put kʷtʷum̄s lut a?_cʷap tə_sʷkʷńkʷańt ixí? uʷt ʷxʷups i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt. tə_xʷic̄ʷtsəlx i?_ʷaw̄tús tə_s̄p̄álaʷqʷ, ixí? uʷt ʷlal tə_s̄p̄álaʷqʷ. ixí? uʷt t̄kʷńtis ixí? tə_s̄p̄álaʷqʷ k̄m̄t̄niw̄ts i?_a?_ccāqʷm. yʷat a?_cxʷíxʷaít s̄p̄álaʷqʷ cǰa q̄ mi sic i?_ʷlal s̄p̄álaʷqʷ xʷic̄ʷc̄x. tə_c̄sap a?_cxʷíxʷaít s̄p̄álaʷqʷ í_ńxaʷcín̄ms a?_ccāqʷm, ixí? sic i?_ʷlal s̄p̄álaʷqʷ cxʷic̄ʷc̄x k̄i ʷaw̄tús. tə_ʷxʷups yʷat i?_s̄p̄álaʷqʷ uʷt nixʷ i?_miw̄sáiqʷ, ixí? uʷt ʷxʷupəlx.</p>	<p>outside inside</p> <p>other half stick up</p> <p>put down</p>
---	--

s̄ńsúxʷna? s̄w̄t̄it̄n

1. stim aksʷúlm̄nm t̄_aks̄c̄l̄aiqʷm ?
2. kʷnxaíqʷ i?_sǰəǰc̄i? i?_c̄l̄aiqʷtn ? kʷinx i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt ?
3. swit a?_cxʷit ckʷiskʷsts i?_sʷkʷńkʷańt ?
4. səxkinx uʷt c̄p̄l̄km̄stim i?_ululím sqlaw ?
5. swit i?_ʷxʷups i?_miw̄sáiqʷ tə_ʷasílm a?_ck̄tʷaʷum̄m put i?_sʷkʷińs ?
6. swit i?_ʷxʷups i?_miw̄sáiqʷ tə_ʷasílm a?_ck̄tʷaʷum̄m xiks ?
7. swit i?_ʷxʷups i?_miw̄sáiqʷ uʷt i?_knaqs a?_ccāqʷm put i?_ks̄cāqʷs uʷt i?_knaqs xiks ?
8. kʷńxaíqʷ ksxʷic̄x̄tm i?_ʷaw̄tús̄ts i?_ta_cʷxʷups i?_miw̄sáiqʷ ?
9. əxkistm i?_miw̄sáiqʷ mi lut ksá̄ts ?
10. kaʷkín ka? c̄ńk̄p̄úlaʷxʷm̄stm i?_cxʷíxʷaít tə_s̄p̄álaʷqʷ ?
11. stim i?_xʷic̄ʷts i?_sl̄ǰaǰts i?_səxʷcāqʷm i?_ʷxʷups i?_miw̄sáiqʷ ?

12. xkinm mi lut kscmistím hakín tæ_kilx ki? wikʷs i?_skʷn̄kʷaht ?
13. stim a?_ckistsælx i?_a?_cwikʷm tæ_skʷn̄kʷaht tæ_wi?swíkʷsælx i?_skʷn̄kʷaht ?
14. sæxkinx ut̄ nkʷnim i?_a?_ckm̄m̄stis i?_skʷn̄kʷaht ?
15. stim a?_ckistsælx i?_tkasʷasíl a?_cwiksts i?_skʷn̄kʷaht mi cut "ho" i?_ʔawtústis ?
16. xkinm tæ_put i?_scaqʷs i?_a?_ccaqʷm ?
17. xkinm tæ_xiks ʔasílm i?_skʷn̄kʷaht i?_a?_ccaqʷm ?
18. xkinm tæ_xiks naqs i?_skʷn̄kʷaht i?_a?_ccaqʷm ?
19. xkinm tæ_qtnus caqʷs ʔasílm lut a?_ctap̄ i?_skʷn̄kʷaht ?
20. xkinm ut̄ lut tæ_ksípálaʔqʷ a?_ccaqʷm tæ_kt̄x̄aq̄m̄s ?
21. xkinm mi ʔlal nqsáiqʷ tæ_sípálaʔqʷ ?
22. p̄nkin mi cxʷic̄æc̄x i?_ʔlal s̄ípálaʔqʷ kí_ʔawtústis ?
23. xkinm mi mat swit ʔxʷups yʔat i?_sípálaʔqʷ ut̄ nixʷ i?_miwsáiqʷ ?

skʔʔism tæ_ʔilm sʔaʔúms

A. Imperfective aksckʷúl: answer the question with a complete ns̄ælxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

1. ha kʷ_sæc̄c̄l̄aqʷx ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_sæct̄kʷaqsx ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha sæcxnwiwʷəʷx Matlá naʔʔ Sapát ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha p_sæcc̄q̄nwixʷəxʷ ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha kʷu_sæck̄ʔum̄x ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

B. Future & Past/Present Intransitive aksckʷúl: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha kʷ_sxíkaʔx ? lut, ʔm kn_xik̄m.

1. ha kʷ_s̄n̄ʔk̄ʷpúlaxʷaʔx tæ_sípálaʔqʷ ? lut, ʔm _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_ks̄h̄kʷn̄ixaʔx ʔapnáʔ tæ_sklaxʷ ? lut, ʔm _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha kshísa?míxa?x Səltis ? lut, ǎm _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha kʷu_kskʷtamnwíxʷa?x ? lut, ǎm _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha p_sćáqʷa?x ? lut, ǎm _____.

nuyápixcn:

ckʷulmstm i?_s?a?úrns

1. ćlalqʷtn- stick game set
example sentences:
1. ʷa_ksćlalqʷm, ćlalqʷtn akskʷulmnm. (To play stick game, you will need a stick game set.)
2. nixlms iklí? ka? cććlalqʷm i?_sqilxʷ. (He heard people were playing stick game over there.)
3. ha xʷ?it asǎxʷúp kʷ_ʷa_ćlalqʷm? (Do you win a lot when you play stickgame?)
2. sípála?qʷ- stick game stick
example sentences:
1. kʷ?upnkst uʷ naqs i?_sǎǎǎci? i?_ćlalqʷtn, ʷupnkst i?_sípála?qʷ sǎǎǎci? uʷ nəqsáiqʷ miwsáiqʷ. (A stick game set has eleven sticks, 10 regular sticks and one kick stick.)
3. miwsáiqʷ- kick stick
example sentences:
1. kʷ?upnkst uʷ naqs i?_sǎǎǎci? i?_ćlalqʷtn, ʷupnkst i?_sípála?qʷ sǎǎǎci? uʷ nəqsáiqʷ miwsáiqʷ. (A stick game set has eleven sticks, 10 regular sticks and one kick stick.)
4. skʷńkʷańt- stick game bones
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. mus i?_skʷńkʷańt, ʷasíl cʷəpʷəpiws uʷ i?_kʷiǎt lut ʷa_cʷəp. (There are four bones. Two bones have stripes around them and the other bones are unmarked.)
2.
3.
5. cʷəpiws- marked in the middle
reduplication: cʷəpʷəpiws
example sentences:
1. mus i?_skʷńkʷańt, ʷasíl cʷəpʷəpiws uʷ i?_kʷiǎt lut ʷa_cʷəp. (There are four bones. Two bones

have stripes around them and the other bones are unmarked.)
6. t̥kʷaqsm- lay down wager
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. t̥ə_ksʔickn̥s, t̥kʷaqsm t̥ə_sqlaw uʔ k̥ʔim̥s swit n̥x̥it̥usn̥tm. (To start, someone will lay down their stake and wait for someone to match it.)
7. x̥cnwixʷəlx- gamble with each other
example sentences:
1. t̥ə_n̥x̥it̥usn̥tm, ix̥iʔ uʔ x̥cnwixʷəlx. (When the bet has been matched, then the two groups will play against each other.)
8. n̥qsusm- one side / one team
example sentences:
1. iʔ_n̥qsusm k̥ʔaxaʔt̥ús, ix̥iʔ aʔ_c̥caqʷm. (Each group has a leader; they are the pointers.)
9. səxʷcaqʷm- pointer
example sentences:
1. ix̥iʔ t̥kasʔasíl səxʷcaqʷm, c̥qʷnwixʷ put swit ʔxʷups iʔ_miwsálqʷ ix̥iʔ mi ckʷiskʷsts iʔ_skʷn̥kʷḁnt cxʔit. (These two pointers will point each other to see who will win the kick stick, and who will have the bones first.)
10. c̥qʷnwixʷ- point to each other
example sentences:
1. ix̥iʔ t̥kasʔasíl səxʷcaqʷm, c̥qʷnwixʷ put swit ʔxʷups iʔ_miwsálqʷ ix̥iʔ mi ckʷiskʷsts iʔ_skʷn̥kʷḁnt cxʔit. (These two pointers will point each other to see who will win the kick stick, and who will have the bones first.)
11. k̥ʔu̥m̥m say / guess
example sentences:
1. p̥l̥k̥m̥stikʷ iʔ_ululím sqlaw, akín mi cxʔit k̥ʔu̥m̥m. (Flip a coin to see which pointer will guess first.)
12. ʔac̥x̥m̥tu̥ʔt- show someone something
example sentences:
1. iʔ_knaqs ʔac̥x̥m̥tu̥ʔts iʔ_skʷn̥kʷḁnt, t̥ə_ʔxʷups iʔ_scaqʷs aʔ_c̥caqʷm c̥ʔxʷups iʔ_miwsálqʷ. (The other pointer shows the bones, and if the point was correct, the pointer has a chance to win the kick stick.)

2. lut aksəcʰac̣x̣ṃṭúʰtm ańyʒayʒát stim. (Don't show him your everything.)
3. axáʔ iksʰac̣x̣ṃṭúʰtm istaẉṃíst. (I'm going to show them my wares.)
13. ḳṭaṃnwixʷ- ???
example sentences:
1. ṭə_tkasílm ḳṭʔuṃsəlx̣ ṭə_put, uʔ itlíʔ əʔḳṭaṃnwixʷəlx̣. (If they both point correctly, then they point each other again.)
2. ʒsápiʔ iʔ_sqilxʷ c̣ḳṭṭə̣ṃṭə̣mnwix̣. (Long ago the people used to let each other know.)
3. anwí mi ḳṭə̣ṃcińṭ. (You let the people know about it.)
14. xiḳḥṭ- miss something / not hit / not obtain
example sentences:
1. nạx̣ṃṭ iʔ_knaqs put iʔ_kscaq̣ʷs uʔ iʔ_knaqs xikṣ, ixíʔ iʔ_put iʔ_scaq̣ʷs ʎxʷups iʔ_miwsáiqʷ. (But if one of the pointers was correct and the other was wrong, then the pointer who was correct wins the kick stick.)
2. kn_wikṃ ṭə_xʷaʔxʷaʔyúʔ, uʔ xəkxịkṇ itíʔ ṭəxʷṭịx̣. (I saw some blue grouse and I missed them all and they flew away.)
3. ha asxíḳṃ ? (Did you miss it?)
15. ʔaẉṭús- opponent
example sentences:
1. iʔ_cʎxʷup xʷic̣x̣ts iʔ_ʔaẉṭústs cịḳst ṣípalaʔqʷ, uʔ cnịṭc̣ cịḳst ṣípalaʔqʷ uʔ ṭx̣ṭńtis iʔ_miwsáiqʷ. (The winning pointer offers their opponent five sticks, keeping the other five sticks and the kick stick for themselves.)
2. ʎxʷupṇtṃ iʔ_ʔaẉʔaẉṭústəṭ. (We beat our foes.)
3. iʔ_xəxiẉx̣wtṃ ʎəxʷʎxʷupsəlx̣ yʒat iʔ_ʔaẉʔaẉṭúsṭsəlx̣ uʔ ʒapnáʔ xaʔṭúsəlx̣. (The girls beat all the other teams and now they're the champs.)
16. sạít- lost
reduplication: ṣísalṭ
example sentences:
1. iʔ_miwsáiqʷ c̣tx̣líícaʔ uʔ ckʷuṃ mi lut ksáitṣ. (The kick stick is wrapped up and put aside to keep it safe.)
2. lut ṭx̣ṭńtixʷ asqʷasiʔaʔ uʔ c̣ṣísalṭ. (If you don't take care of your kids they get lost.)
3. ha ṣíṣíṃíńtxʷ aspəkp̣íksṭ ? (Did you lose your gloves?)
17. ṇʎḳʷp̣úlaʔxʷńt- stick something in the ground
example sentences:
1. sic itlíʔ aʔ_ccaq̣ʷṃ ṇʎḳʷp̣úlaʔxʷṣ cịḳst ṣípalaʔqʷ í_ṇxaʔcínṃṣ. (Then both pointers stick their five sticks into the ground in front of themselves. These are the live sticks.)

2. ilí? mi n̄l̄k̄w̄l̄k̄w̄púla?x̄w̄ntx̄w̄ i?_s̄x̄ə̄x̄ci? (Stick those sticks there in the ground.)
3. n̄l̄k̄w̄púla?x̄w̄nt̄ i?_ʔāȳmīw̄tst̄ mī ʔīq̄w̄t̄ la?kín̄ ka? ck̄w̄um. (Stick the cross where he's buried so its plain where he's put away.)
18. n̄k̄w̄īnt̄- sing something
example sentences:
1. ixí? sic i?_səx̄w̄caq̄w̄m̄ uʔ yʔat i?_knx̄cut̄n̄s̄ n̄k̄w̄nim, n̄k̄w̄is̄ i?_q̄w̄ilm̄s. (Then the pointer and all her helpers start to sing their song.)
2. n̄k̄w̄sk̄w̄is̄ x̄w̄ʔit̄ i?_q̄w̄l̄q̄w̄ilm̄. (He sang a lot of songs.)
3. ha aks̄n̄k̄w̄nim̄ ān̄q̄w̄ilm̄ ? (Are you going to sing your song ?)
19. s̄q̄l̄ips- scarf / handkerchief
example sentences:
1. ut̄n̄t̄is̄ə̄lx̄ i?_k̄l̄kil̄xs̄ə̄lx̄ k̄l̄_ś̄n̄k̄mik̄n̄s̄ km̄ k̄t̄ix̄w̄út̄ms̄ i?_s̄q̄l̄ips. (They put their hands behind their backs or under a scarf.)
2. x̄w̄uʔúsm̄ i?_s̄q̄l̄q̄l̄ip̄sts. (He has a variety of scarfs.)
3. in̄x̄ást̄ is̄q̄l̄ips. (I like my scarf.)
20. n̄l̄saʔám- pass back and forth (???)
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. ixí? n̄l̄saʔám̄ l̄_k̄l̄kil̄xs̄ə̄lx̄. (Then they are passing them back and forth in their hands.)
21. ʔīq̄w̄m̄st- show something
example sentences:
1. tə_wiʔswík̄w̄sə̄lx̄ i?_sk̄w̄n̄k̄w̄ānt̄ uʔ ʔīq̄w̄m̄sts̄ ʔas̄ilm̄ i?_k̄l̄kil̄xs̄ l̄_n̄xaʔc̄in̄m̄s. (When the people hiding the bones are ready they hold their closed hands out in front of themselves.)
2. k̄w̄u_ʔīq̄w̄m̄st̄ asc̄k̄w̄úl. (Show me your work.)
3. tiʔ t̄əq̄w̄ʔīq̄w̄t̄ asc̄w̄ík̄w̄. (What you hid is in plain sight.)
22. ck̄m̄stim̄ / ck̄m̄am- take something away
example sentences:
1. i?_aʔ_ck̄m̄k̄m̄st̄is̄ i?_sk̄w̄n̄k̄w̄ānt̄ n̄k̄w̄nim̄ ixí? mī k̄w̄əck̄w̄əct̄wīlx̄ i?_sum̄ix̄s. (The side that takes the bones sings a song that will give them power.)
2. w̄am̄ ck̄m̄k̄m̄stim̄ uʔ t̄w̄t̄w̄nik̄stm̄nt̄m̄. (We tried to hold on to them but we had to let go.)
3. ik̄lí? k̄w̄_t̄ə_k̄ic̄x̄ uʔ ck̄m̄nt̄ix̄w̄ ast̄ət̄m̄t̄im̄. (When you get over there grab your clothes.)

23. schikst- right
example sentences:
1. i?_səx ^w čaq ^w m čaq ^w s ta_čkĭ_schikst, skćík ^w a?, p̄arq̄isa? km lańíws, uł cut, ho! (The pointer points right, left, outside or down the middle and says, Ho!)
2. k ^w _tə_kicx iklí? k ^w _ʔaǎlıkstm k̄a_schikst. (When you get there you turn to your right.)
3. i?_k_ischxilst ki? kn_cńcək ^w cək ^w ək ^w ıxn. (On my right is where I get cramps.)
24. skćík^wa?- left
example sentences:
1. i?_səx ^w čaq ^w m čaq ^w s ta_čkĭ_schikst, skćík ^w a?, p̄arq̄isa? km lańíws, uł cut, ho! (The pointer points right, left, outside or down the middle and says, Ho!)
2. i?_k ^w ıłt i?_sqilx ^w ckćík ^w a?. (Some people are left handed.)
3. k ^w u_cúnma?ńtm kĭ_ksćík ^w a?tət mi kakícńtm. (They told us we would find it on our left.)
25. p̄arq̄isa?- down the middle (stick game point)
example sentences:
1. i?_səx ^w čaq ^w m čaq ^w s ta_čkĭ_schikst, skćík ^w a?, p̄arq̄isa? km lańíws, uł cut, ho! (The pointer points right, left, outside or down the middle and says, Ho!)
26. lańíws- outside (stick game point)
example sentences:
1. i?_səx ^w čaq ^w m čaq ^w s ta_čkĭ_schikst, skćík ^w a?, p̄arq̄isa? km lańíws, uł cut, ho! (The pointer points right, left, outside or down the middle and says, Ho!)
27. sək^wtus- half
example sentences:
1. lut t̄a_ksĭp̄ála?q ^w a?_cčaq ^w m t̄ə_kt̄xaq̄mns, ixí? tĭ_sək ^w tus ck ^w nim tĭ_cniłc cx ^w əlx ^w alt i?_sĭp̄ála?q ^w s uł čńtis ĩ_ńxa?cińs. (If the pointer does not have any live sticks to pay, then the other pointer takes live sticks from in front of herself.)
28. čńtim- ???
example sentences:
1. lut t̄a_ksĭp̄ála?q ^w a?_cčaq ^w m t̄ə_kt̄xaq̄mns, ixí? tĭ_sək ^w tus ck ^w nim tĭ_cniłc cx ^w əlx ^w alt i?_sĭp̄ála?q ^w s uł čńtis ĩ_ńxa?cińs. (If the pointer does not have any live sticks to pay, then the other pointer takes live sticks from in front of her self.)
2. čĭčńtim uł xłap. (We stuck them all in the ground.)
3. ńclitk ^w ńtm i?_ńx ^w usk ^w ĩ_ńcałt siwłk ^w . (We stuck the beer in cold water.)
29. t̄k^wńtim / t̄k^wańt- put something down

example sentences:

1. ixí? uł **íkwńtis** ixí? tə_sípála?qʷ kńńniwts i?_a?_cćaqʷm. (Then it is layed on the ground next to the pointer.)

2. alá? mi **qmíntxʷ**. (Put them here.)

3. lut **aksńqmínm** í_ańłáqna?. (Don't put them in you pocket.)

15. p̄kam

sʔaʔúms

ktətəq̄ʷtq̄ʷúpaʔs	short tail
sʷiʷsx̄n̄	length
pʔaʔá	get grey
əctiȳʔálx̄ʷ	spotted fur
cʔəp̄təp̄aqstxn	marked / stripped legs
cʷpus	hairy face
ckʷpʷpínaʔ	hairy ears
ckʔəm̄túmnaʔm	lay back ears
w̄ham	bark (of a dog)
ctkiʔst / tkiʔn̄t	uninate on something
ʔaʃʔáʃlaʔx̄ʷ	scratch the ground
cmaʔmíst	bother
c̄n̄lʔaʔútm	canyon
n̄ʔaʃʷt	marsh
k̄əkníyaʔ	listen
kʔukʷtm̄st	crawl at something
k̄əkaʔlíʔst	go slow
sp̄íps̄ʔaʔt	large size (plural)
k̄ʷʔaʔk̄ʷʔáhn̄maʔn̄t	try
kʷn̄niʔst	able to catch
ckʔəq̄íxinaʔnwíx̄ʷ	mate
xəxt̄nwíx̄ʷ	wrestle
tkətm̄ncut	go off by oneself
c̄pan	log
s̄x̄liip	floor
pk̄ʷiltm	give birth (plural)
c̄n̄t̄k̄ʷíʔcaʔ	pregnant
pəpəspus	cubs
qʔim	to nurse / breastfeed
k̄ʔtl̄ntim	wean

tumtm	mother (of an animal)
kiwixwílx	become old
ǰwuptwílx	become weak

smýmay

<p>i?_pǰkam ktətəqwtqúpa?s, mat čxił tə_naqš kilx i?_kswiwsxñš. tə_qipcm , i?_pǰkam čxił kʷri? uł pum, naǰmł ʒistkm uł pŋaśá. i?_pǰkam əctiyśálxʷ i?_spumts, ctəpətəpaqstxn tə_qʷŋay. i?_pǰkam mat kǰməstʒupñkst i?_snŋasts, čxił mus pǰśŋa?ť citxʷ pəspus. tǰtkmśaǰñš i?_pǰkam čxił tǰ_añka?qínxn i?_kstiǰwǰqʷs. ta?lí cwǰpus i?_pǰkam uł əckwǰpǰpína? ǰ_nǰkamqñš i?_tñtína?s.</p> <p>ta_cŋaymłt i?_pǰkam, ktəmłtúmna?m uł čxił snłŋamłt km wǰham. ti? cknaqs i?_pǰkam, kmax ta_cǰmñknwixʷ mi akswǰkm cǰqǰiwš. i?_pǰkam ctki?sts i?_təpúla?xʷtñš i?_la?_cǰłcal, a?_ctəkłak. ta_cla?kín uł ŋaǰśáǰla?xʷs i?_šnǰlǰtñš km ŋaǰš a?_cǰłcal ixǰ? uł mists cniłc šnǰlǰtñš. i?_pǰkam ksqǰaxʷ kǰixʷútñš i?_syupsts itǰ? ka? čŋaǰstís uł təwis i?_sqǰaxʷs ǰ_təpúla?xʷtñš.</p> <p>i?_pǰkam nkwəkʷ?ac ka? cpiǰm uł čǰtn, čitx ǰ_sǰłǰŋaǰłt, cmiłəm. lut ta_cma?místs i?_sqǰlxʷ, naǰmłł yŋat pñkin i?_pǰkam ca?kʷ la?kín kśñpiǰmn uł nixʷ kśñwǰkʷmi?stn. i?_pǰkam i?_šnǰlǰtñš ǰ_a?_cñǰŋa?útm, ǰ_a?_cǰłcal uł ǰ_nǰŋaǰwłt. i?_pǰkam cǰkram, naǰmłł lut ŋasts ta_ctaśát. i?_pǰkam ŋminksəłx ksilǰ?a?x la?kín xʷ?it i?_sǰiłn uł kłśñwǰkʷmi?stn.</p> <p>i?_pǰkam ta_cpiǰm əcwǰkm uł cǰkəknǰya?. ta_cla?kín i?_pǰkam k?ukʷtmłsts i?_tmixʷ a?_cpiǰsts, kəka?lí?st kła?ám uł əcktətmína?sts. ta_cla?kín i?_pǰkam mut káwcn cǰkł?imłm, cwǰkʷmi?st ǰ_nqəqǰlxʷáqa?s itǰ? txʷilm i?_stim uł kłətmína?s. ixǰ? misǰásts tə_sǰiłn i?_pǰkam i?_spəplína?. nǰwǰyǰwǰiyís i?_pǰkam uł čxił tə_spəplína? i?_snǰkmikn scmčimš i?_ŋaytmñš i?_spǰpśŋa?ts.</p> <p>i?_pǰkam čǰłsts nixʷ i?_kʷǰłłt i?_tmixʷ, i?_púla?xʷ, mahúya?, skʷəkwǰłłt, skʷúyǰkʷi, qʷǰlqn, snkstǰya? na?ł skəkśáka?.</p>	<p>short tail length get grey; spotted fur; marked leggs hairy face; hairy ears lay ears back bark pee on something scratch ground bother canyon; marsh listen crawl to; go slow large size (plural)</p>
--	---

<p>lut títiymt ʔa_cpiǰm iʔ_pǰkam, ʔa_claʔkín cilkst kskʷʔaʔkʷʔáhmaʔs mi sic kʷníniʔst. ǰsápiʔ lut ksʔiʔnís iʔ_pǰkam, lut ʔa_ckacxcín. lut ʔa_kakícim tǰ_tmixʷ iʔ_kscpiǰs, iʔ_pǰkam cíʔsts xiʔmíx stim itíʔ aʔ_cǰlal. ʔa_xʷʔit iʔ_sʔiʔnís iʔ_pǰkam cwikʷsts iʔ_skaʔqsts uʔ itlíʔ cíʔn ʔa_ǰlap.</p>	<p>try manage to catch</p>
<p>misxʷʔit iʔ_pǰkam kiʔ tí_wapwpxn naʔʔ swʔaʔ. misxʷʔit iʔ_pǰkam aʔíʔ mis cǰcámaʔt uʔ xiʔmíx itíʔ iʔ_sníliʔtǰnís, uʔ cíʔsts yʔat cǰkǰkin iʔ_cǰcámaʔt iʔ_tmixʷ.</p>	
<p>iʔ_pǰkam ʔasíspíntk uʔ nʔastkílt. qipcm iʔ_pǰkam kaʔ ckʔǰǰxinaʔnwíxʷ tíʔ naqs ǰ_sʔasíspíntk kstiʔǰílmis. iʔ_sqǰǰtmixʷ pǰkam cktiáqʷtmǰsts iʔ_tkǰǰmilxʷ mi cniʔc kʔǰǰxinaʔs iʔ_tkǰǰmilxʷ. ʔa_cʔaǰílmǰx itíʔ kǰklnwixʷ, xǰǰtnwixʷ mi sic xiʔxiʔstím. iʔ_tkǰǰmilxʷ nixʷ tí_knaqs sqǰtmixʷ ksxiʔxiʔstís, mi sic itíʔ tkǰǰmǰcut ʔa_way.</p>	<p>mate wrestle go off alone</p>
<p>iʔ_tkǰǰmilxʷ pǰkam kʷuǰǰxʷm kʔixʷútmǰs aʔ_cpǰan km ǰ_xǰǰlut. utǰnís iʔ_ǰǰǰawt packʔ ǰ_sǰílp. ʔasíl km mus ʔa_cpkwíltm, qipcm kaʔ ckʷíkwíll, ʔaǰmǰkʔupǰkʔst uʔ ʔasíl sǰǰǰsǰlt kscǰǰkʷíʔcǰaʔs. iʔ_pǰkam iʔ_pǰǰǰpusts ckʔǰǰsǰlxʷ ʔa_cxʔit ʔa_kʷíkwíll. naqs ǰiyáǰnxʷ iʔ_pǰkam pǰǰǰpus kmax ǰcqǰim uʔ lut ʔa_cǰǰwists iʔ_sǰǰǰwíxʷs.</p>	<p>log floor give birth (plural); pregnant; cubs to nurse</p>
<p>ixíʔ ksǰan iʔ_naqs ǰiyáǰnxʷ, iʔ_pǰǰǰpus ʔǰwis iʔ_sǰǰǰwíxʷs. ʔasíl ǰiyáǰnxʷ uʔ kʔǰǰntim tǰ_tumǰtmǰs uʔ cíʔsts stim iʔ_cʔukʷxtm tǰ_tumǰtmǰs. kaʔáym iʔ_pǰkam pǰǰǰpus uʔ way kǰ_cilkst km ʔaǰmǰkʔ ǰiyáǰnxʷ uʔ way cpiǰm, cʔamǰcút. iʔ_pǰkam pǰǰǰpus ckǰxstis iʔ_tumǰtmǰs ilíʔ ǰ_sʔistk uʔ qipcm, ixíʔ uʔ sxʷuǰs kaʔwsǰaʔǰaʔnǰtis cniʔc iʔ_ksníliʔtǰnís.</p>	<p>wean; mother</p>
<p>iʔ_pǰkam cxʷíxʷalt uʔ kǰ_tmǰǰspiǰntk km ǰǰǰǰǰspiǰntk ixíʔ uʔ taʔlí way kǰwíxʷílx, ǰʷuptwílx uʔ tilxʷs ʔa_kstxǰǰcuts.</p>	<p>get old; get weak</p>

sǰsúxʷnaʔ swʔtǰǰn

1. cǰkin iʔ_pǰkam iʔ_syupsts ?
2. cǰaknílxʷ iʔ_pǰkam ʔa_qipcm ? ʔa_ʔistkm ?
3. cǰkin iʔ_sǰǰasts iʔ_pǰkam ?
4. cǰkin iʔ_kstikʷíqʷs iʔ_pǰkam ?
5. stim aʔ_cǰkists iʔ_pǰkam ʔa_cʔayǰmt ?

6. səxkinx uł ctki?sts i?_strntim i?_pókam ?
7. pńkin ka? cpiǰm i?_pókam ?
8. ka?kín i?_śńilí?tns i?_pókam ?
9. ćkin i?_tmx"úla?x" la?kín ǰmínksəlx ksilí?a?x i?_pókam ?
10. ćkin i?_spiǰms i?_pókam ?
11. stim i?_misǰást s?itńs i?_pókam ?
12. ćkin i?_satśaytmńs i?_pókam ?
13. stim a?_ćitsts i?_pókam ?
14. əxkists i?_pókam mi lut kakícǰm tə_tmix" i?_kscpixs ?
15. stim a?_ckists i?_pókam tə_x"it i?_s?itńs ?
16. səxkinx uł misx"it i?_pókam ki? tǰ_wapwpxn na?ł sǰśa? ?
17. k"nxspińtk i?_pókam uł n?astkílt ?
18. əxkistm i?_tkətmilx" pókam tə_sǰltmix" pókam mi cniłc kǰəǰlxína?ś i?_tkətmilx" ?
19. ka?kín ka? cǰ"uǰtx"m i?_tkətmilx" pókam ?
20. tə_cpk"iltm i?_pókam, tk"ińk"nx i?_pəpəspusts ?
21. tə_cx?it tə_k"ińk"uǰl, ćkin i?_pókam i?_pəpəspusts ?
22. tə_cx?it tə_k"ińk"uǰl uł itlí? naǰś ǰiyátnx", stim a?_ćkists i?_pəpəspusts i?_pókam ?
23. pńkin ka? cǰəwists i?_sǰəǰ"itx"ś i?_pəpəspusts i?_pókam ?
24. k"nxspińtk i?_pəpəspusts i?_pókam mi kǰwśǰa?ǰa?ńtís i?_ksńilí?tns ?
25. put k"nxspińtk i?_pókam uł cx"ix"alt ?

skǰ?ism tə_ǰilm s?a?úńś

A. **Past/Present and Customary/Habitual Transitive** aksǰ"úł: answer the question with a complete ńśəłxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha ?itńtx" ? kiw, yśat sǰǰǰśalt ćitstn.

1. ha ma?míntx" ? kiw, yśat sǰǰǰśalt _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha i?_pókam piǰś i?_spəplína? ? kiw, niśáyǰ _____
nuyápixcn:

3. ha kǰətmína?ńtm inćá na?ł anwí ? kiw, yśat sǰǰǰśalt _____
nuyápixcn:

4. ha kǰ?imńtp ? kiw, niśáyǰ _____
nuyápixcn:

5. ha wik"śəlx i?_sǰlaśśəlx ? kiw, niśáyǰ _____.

nuyápixcn:

B. **Past/Present and Customary/Habitual Transitive** aksck^wúí: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha wikńtx^w ? kiw, yŝat sǎíǎŝalt cwikstn.

1. ha tkińtx^w ? kiw, _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha ŝaǎŝaǎla?x^ws ilí? i?_pǎkam ? kiw, niŝáyp _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha ŝaǎńtm a?_cǎlǎl inǎ ná?ť Pacís ? kiw, yŝat sǎíǎŝalt _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha cǎŝaǎńtip ? kiw, niŝáyp _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha ławisǎix i?_sq^wsq^wasí?a?ŝǎix ? kiw, niŝáyp _____.

nuyápixcn:

ck^wulństm i?_s?a?úńs

1. ktǎtǎq ^w tq ^w úpa?s- short tail
example sentences:
1. i?_pǎkam ktǎtǎq ^w tq ^w úpa?s, mat cǎix tǎ_naqs kilx i?_kswiǎsxńs. (Bobcats have short tails about as long as a person's hand.)
2. ti? k ^w ulńk ^w úil i?_stǎtŝakám uť way kǎtǎkǎtúpsǎs. (as soon as the puppies are born they cut their tails off)
3. i?_wapǎpxn cǎpǎpxan uť ktǎtǎq ^w úpa?s. (The lynx has furry feet and has a short tail.)
2. kswiǎsxn- length
example sentences:
1. i?_pǎkam ktǎtǎq ^w tq ^w úpa?s, mat cǎix tǎ_naqs kilx i?_kswiǎsxńs. (Bobcats have short tails about as long as a person's hand.)
2. kǎkáya?ť uť kswiǎsxń i?_spalqs. (His penis is thin and a bit long.)
3. kwǎswisxńxn i?_qǎq?ik. (The colt has long legs.)

3. քաճաճ- become gray
example sentences:
1. թօ՞ղիցմ, ի՞նչո՞րքամ ճճի՞տ կ՞րի? ս՞ր թօ՞ղմ, նաճի՞տ ղիստկմ ս՞ր քաճաճ։ (During the summer, the bobcat is yellowish brown, but in the winter its fur becomes for gray.)
2. ի՞նչո՞ր քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքա՞ն ս՞ր քաճաճ։ (My coat hung there and got faded.)
3. զա՞մի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞ր քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞ր քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞ր քաճաճի՞ք։ (He had a beautiful matching team of gray horses.)
4. փայտաճաճ- spotted fur
example sentences:
1. ի՞նչո՞րքամ փայտաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ, քաճաճի՞ք թօ՞ղիցմ։ (Bobcats have spotted fur, and they have dark stripes on their legs.)
2. Գճճաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ փայտաճաճի՞ք։ (Those are pretty kittens their spotted.)
3. ղի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ փայտաճաճի՞ք։ (I wish I had a spotted dress like hers.)
5. քաճաճի՞ք- markings/stripes on the legs
example sentences:
1. ի՞նչո՞րքամ փայտաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ, քաճաճի՞ք թօ՞ղիցմ։ (Bobcats have spotted fur, and they have dark stripes on their legs.)
2. ի՞նչո՞րքամ քաճաճի՞ք քաճաճի՞ք։ (The policeman has stripes on his legs.)
3. ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ քաճաճի՞ք։ (I bought new pants and they have stripes on the legs.)
6. քաճաճի՞ք- hair on face
example sentences:
1. թօ՞ղի քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ, ս՞ր քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ։ (Bobcats have lots of fur on their faces, and they have little tufts of hair on the end of their ears.)
2. Կաճաճ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ քաճաճի՞ք։ (The Indians were amazed when they saw the first whiteman because he had hair on his face.)
3. ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ քաճաճի՞ք։ (Those hippy whitemen all have hair on their faces.)
7. քաճաճի՞ք- hair on ears
example sentences:
1. թօ՞ղի քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ, ս՞ր քաճաճի՞ք ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ։ (Bobcats have lots of fur on their faces, and they have little tufts of hair on the end of their ears.)
2. ի՞նչո՞րքամ քաճաճի՞ք ս՞ր քաճաճի՞ք։ (My chicken has a hairy face and furry ears.)
3. Գճճ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ի՞նչո՞րքամ ս՞ր քաճաճի՞ք։ (I have a good hat that's furry on the inside and has furry ears too.)
8. քաճաճի՞ք- ears laid back
example sentences:

1. ʔa_cʕaɣm̄t iʔ_p̄k̄am, kʔəm̄túmnaʔm uʔ č̄x̄iʔ s̄n̄ʔsām̄t km w̄ham. (When a bobcat is angry, it lays its ears back and makes a sound like a cough or bark.)
2. iʔ_smūm̄xc̄xn ʔa_ckt̄w̄ītm̄ tiʔ t̄kaʔtm̄īntm̄ uʔ kʔəm̄túmnaʔm. (When a mare is having a foal, she will lay her ears back if something comes close to her.)
3. iʔ_sq̄ilxʷ lut ʔa_ckt̄əm̄túmnaʔm, c̄p̄ȳusm. (People don't lay their ears back, they frown.)
9. w̄ham- to bark
example sentences:
1. ʔa_cʕaɣm̄t iʔ_p̄k̄am, kʔəm̄túmnaʔm uʔ č̄x̄iʔ s̄n̄ʔsām̄t km w̄ham. (When a bobcat is angry, it lays its ears back and makes a sound like a cough or bark.)
2. iʔ_kək̄wápaʔ nix̄l̄m̄s iʔ_ñ̄ciq̄cəq̄cn̄ ix̄iʔ sw̄awahústs. (When Dogs hear shrill sounds, they howl.)
3. ct̄kaʔk̄ītə̄lx̄ iʔ_s̄n̄k̄lip̄ k̄i_citxʷ uʔ c̄w̄ham̄ iñkək̄wápaʔ. (When a coyote comes close to the house my dog barks.)
10. ct̄kiʔst- pee on something
example sentences:
1. iʔ_p̄k̄am ct̄kiʔsts iʔ_ʔəp̄úlaʔxʷt̄n̄s iʔ_ʔaʔ_c̄c̄īc̄al, aʔ_c̄tək̄ʔak. (Bobcats mark their territory by peeing on trees and bushes.)
2. lut iñx̄ást iʔ_sq̄l̄t̄m̄sq̄áxaʔ tək̄ək̄wápaʔ. ȳʕat stim ct̄kiʔsts. (I don't like male dogs. They pee on everything.)
3. lut s̄x̄asts iʔ_s̄kiw̄lx̄ lut aspuʔús uʔ kʷ_t̄kiʔst. (It's not good to get old you have no control and you piss yourself).
11. ʕāx̄ʕá̄x̄laʔxʷ- scratch the ground
singular: ʕá̄x̄laʔxʷ
example sentences:
1. ʔa_c̄laʔk̄in uʔ ʕāx̄ʕá̄x̄laʔxʷs iʔ_s̄n̄il̄iʔt̄n̄s km ʕāxs aʔ_c̄c̄īc̄al ix̄iʔ uʔ m̄ists c̄nīt̄c̄ s̄n̄il̄iʔt̄n̄s. (Sometimes they scrape the ground with their paws or they scratch on trees to mark their territory.)
2. ʔa_ks̄k̄ʷan̄t̄qm̄ c̄ʕá̄x̄laʔxʷ ast̄īúlaʔxʷ mi sic kʷ_k̄ʷan̄t̄qm̄. (When you plough up your garden rake it before you plant)
3. ʕá̄x̄laʔxʷñt̄ an̄t̄k̄m̄tk̄n̄iʔxʷ uʔ x̄s̄ʕá̄c̄é̄c̄ an̄t̄k̄m̄tk̄n̄iʔxʷ. (Rake up your yard and it will look good.)
12. c̄maʔm̄íst- bother something (???)
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. lut ʔa_c̄maʔm̄ísts iʔ_sq̄ilxʷ, nāx̄m̄t̄ ȳʕat p̄n̄kin iʔ_p̄k̄am caʔkʷ laʔk̄in k̄spīx̄mn̄ uʔ nixʷ ks̄h̄w̄ikʷmiʔstn. (Bobcats don't mind living by people, but they always need somewhere to hide and hunt.)
2. c̄maʔm̄ístn̄ iʔ_s̄n̄k̄t̄caʔsq̄áxaʔ. (I get tired of those bothersome horses)

3. k ^w u ₋ ma?ma?míntm i?_sqilx ^w . (the people are getting tired of us)
13. cńŀsa?útm- canyon
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. i?_p̄kam i?_sn̄ilí?tn̄s Í_a?_cńŀsa?útm, Í_a?_cc̄l̄cal, uł Í_ńŀa ^w t. (Bobcats live in canyons, forests, brushy areas and in marshes.)
2. i?_st̄mŀalt̄ nsəx̄sáx̄t̄ k̄Í_a?_cnlaŀlaŀtm. (The cattle go down into the canyons)
3. k ^w _x ^w uy iklí? k̄a? cńŀsa?útm ilí? x ^w ?it i?_siyá. (you go over there to the canyon there is lots of saskatoons there.)
14. ńŀa^wt
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. i?_p̄kam i?_sn̄ilí?tn̄s Í_a?_cńŀsa?útm, Í_a?_cc̄l̄cal, uł Í_ńŀa ^w t. (Bobcats live in canyons, forests, brushy areas and in marshes.)
2. i?_saŀńix ^w s ^x ^w u?x ^w ú?sts ksńilí?tn̄s i?_cnaŀá ^w t . The muskrats favor the marshes to live in)
3. nup̄ula?x ^w i?_naŀá ^w t (its brushy in the marsh)
15. k̄əńńiya?- listen
example sentences:
1. i?_p̄kam ʔa_cpi ^x m əcwikm uł c̄k̄əńńiya?. (Bobcats can swim, but they usually don't like to get wet.)
2. ʔa_c̄c̄ə ^w č̄ə ^w stúms̄ ańł̄x̄əł̄x̄ap k ^w _k̄əńńiya?. (When your parents preach to you, you listen.)
3. kn_x ^w uy uł kn_k ^w ńńiya? k̄a?_cńk ^w nim. (I went and listened to them sing.)
17. k?uk^wtr̄nst- creep up on something
example sentences:
1. ʔa?_cla?kín i?_p̄kam k?uk ^w tr̄nst̄s i?_tmix ^w a?_cpi ^x sts, k̄əka?lí?st k̄ʔa?ám uł əck̄ətm̄ina?sts. (Sometimes bobcats sneak up on the animal they are hunting, quietly getting close enough to pounce on it.)
2. i?_xmińs̄ ʔak ^w ?ú ^w tr̄m̄ntm uł pułstm. (His enemies crawled up to him and killed him.)
3. uc way ʔuk ^w t̄ ań?u?x ^w t̄ila? ? (Is your baby crawling yet?)
18. k̄əka?lí?st- go slow
example sentences:

1. ʔaʔ_cɫaʔkín iʔ_p̄kám kʔukʔtm̄sts iʔ_tmixʷ aʔ_cpiχsts, kəkəʔlíʔst kʔaʔám uʔ əckʔətm̄ínaʔsts. (Sometimes bobcats sneak up on the animal they are hunting, quietly getting close enough to pounce on it.)
2. lut aksxʷəsxʷúsə̀l̄x. kəkəʔlíʔstx. (Don't hurry. Go slow.)
2. sxʷəsxʷús̄l̄xə̀x. miyáʔ kʷ_kəkəl̄iʔ. (Hurry up. You're too slow.)
19. sp̄íps̄l̄at- large size (plural)
example sentences:
1. n̄xʷýx̄wiyis iʔ_p̄kám uʔ č̄x̄iʔ tə_spəplínaʔ iʔ_s̄n̄k̄mikn s̄c̄m̄c̄im̄s iʔ_ʔaytm̄ns iʔ_sp̄íps̄l̄aʔts. (A bobcat's sharp teeth are just the same size as the bones in the spine of the snowshoe rabbit.)
2. iʔ_s̄n̄ik̄t̄caʔ iscwík p̄ís̄l̄aʔt. (Rhe elk I saw were big.)
3. ik̄líʔ iʔ_s̄maʔm̄ʔim̄ p̄s̄l̄aʔs̄im̄xʷ uʔ p̄s̄l̄ʔip. (Rhe women over there havw big boobs and big butts.)
20. kʷʔaʔkʷʔaʔh̄maʔs- attempts / tries
example sentences:
1. lut t̄ít̄iȳm̄t ʔa_cpiχm̄ iʔ_p̄kám, ʔaʔ_cɫaʔkín c̄ilkst kskʷʔaʔkʷʔaʔh̄maʔs mi sic kʷniʔst. (Hunting is not easy for the bobcat; they usually will try to catch something more than five times before they are successful.)
2. kn_ksxʷúyaʔx ik̄líʔ k̄l̄_təxʷl̄m̄sqilxʷ mi ikskʷakʷʔaʔh̄maʔm̄ iʔ_s̄iʔh̄ns̄ə̀l̄x. (I'm going to go to those strangers place and try their food.)
3. w̄a...m̄ kʷakʷʔaʔh̄maʔs kskʷh̄n̄úíʔs iʔ_tkəʔmilxʷ naχ̄m̄t lut t̄q̄aʔilsm̄h̄tm̄. (He attempted to get the woman's attention but she wouldn't be bothered by him.)
21. kʷh̄niʔst- manage to catch
example sentences:
1. 1. lut t̄ít̄iȳm̄t ʔa_cpiχm̄ iʔ_p̄kám, ʔaʔ_cɫaʔkín c̄ilkst kskʷaʔkʷʔaʔh̄mas mi sic kʷh̄niʔst. (Hunting is not easy for the bobcat; they usually will try to catch something more than five times before they are successful.)
2. ha kʷ_kʷh̄nuh̄txʷ iʔ_xʷaʔxʷaʔyúʔ ? (did you manage to get the blue grouse ?)
3. kʷh̄niʔst isqʷsiʔ tə_kʔnaχ̄w̄n̄x̄w̄s t̄l̄_sixʷápmx. (My son managed to snag a wife from the shuswaps.)
22. ck̄t̄əq̄íxinaʔnwíxʷ- mate / lay on each other
example sentences:
1. q̄ipcm̄ iʔ_p̄kám kaʔ ck̄t̄əq̄íxinaʔnwíxʷ t̄iʔ naqs̄ l̄_sʔas̄l̄spīntk̄ k̄stiʔx̄ílm̄s. (Most female bobcats mate once every two years in the spring.)
2. xəpsnwíxʷ, h̄masnwíxʷ, mi sic k̄t̄əq̄íxinaʔh̄tm̄. (They nibble at each others face, feel one another up, then lay on top of each other.)
3. iʔ_l̄ikák̄ k̄l̄knwíxʷ, kʷh̄n̄ús̄ k̄papqs̄ iʔ_l̄ipúl, sic k̄t̄əq̄íxinaʔs̄ iʔ_l̄ipúl. (???)
23. xəxt̄nwíxʷ- wrestle each other

example sentences:
1. ʔaʔ_cʔaʔxilməlx itíʔ kíklnwixʷ, xəxʔnwiʰxʷ mi sic xiʔxiʔstíʔm. (They chase each other and wrestle before they mate.)
2. iʔ_spəpial cxəxʔnwiʰxʷ, tiʔ ilíʔ uʔ uníxʷəxʷ stíaqʷtsəlx. (Boys wrestle around, all of a sudden they get serious and start to fight.)
3. hahúy kʷu_sxəxʔnwiʰxʷəxʷ. (Okay, let's wrestle.)
24. tkəʔmńcut- go off by oneself
example sentences:
1. iʔ_tkəʔmilxʷ nixʷ tɪ_knaqs sqəʔtmixʷ ksxiʔxiʔstís, mi sic itíʔ tkəʔmńcut ʔə_way. (A female may mate with more than one male, and she goes off by herself after she mates.)
2. lut akstkəʔmńcut cm kʷ_salt. (Don't separate from the others or you might get lost.)
3. iʔ_stmʔalt cmistísəlx tlaʔkínəlx, n̄xəxiʔ kɪ_kʷúkʷaʔ ixíʔ stkəʔtkəʔmńcutsəlx. (Cattle know where they belong, when they get mixed with strangers they separate from them.)
25. cpan- a log
example sentences:
1. iʔ_tkəʔmilxʷ p̄kam kʷuʔltxʷm k̄tixʷútms aʔ_cpan km ɪ_xʔxʔut, utńtís iʔ_x̄w̄xawt packt ɪ_s̄x̄lilp. (The female bobcat chooses a den under a log or some rocks; she puts dry leaves on the floor of the den.)
2. iʔ_yiyult yʔat taʔkín c̄p̄ńpan. (The logs are laying all over the place.)
3. iʔ_kəkwápaʔ iʔ_mniks č̄xiʔ tə_yult c̄p̄ńpan. (The dog's poops are like logs laying around.)
26. s̄x̄lilp- floor
example sentences:
1. iʔ_tkəʔmilxʷ p̄kam kʷuʔltxʷm k̄tixʷútms aʔ_cpan km ɪ_xʔxʔut, utńtís iʔ_x̄w̄xawt packt ɪ_s̄x̄lilp. (The female bobcat chooses a den under a log or some rocks; she puts dry leaves on the floor of the den.)
2. k̄ʔaʔx̄w̄l̄pn is̄x̄lilp uʔ way ʔtʔaʔp. (I swept my floor and it got dirty again.)
3. xʷuʔús̄m iʔ_k̄tx̄w̄ipm̄n kɪ_s̄x̄lilp. lut cmistín hakín ikscńkʷakʷín. (There are a variety of floor coverings. (I don't know which to choose)
27. pkʷil̄tm- give birth to a litter
example sentences:
1. ʔasíl km mus ʔaʔ_cpkʷil̄tm, qipcm kaʔ ckʷíkʷuʔil̄, ʔaqr̄mkst uʔ ʔasíl s̄x̄l̄x̄ʔalt kscńtkʷíʔcaʔs. (Two to four bobcat kittens are born in April or May, 62 days after the parents mate.)
2. iʔ_kʷíkʷxʷnaʔ c̄pkʷil̄tm uʔ mat kɪ_sis̄p̄l̄k iʔ_ksc̄pkʷil̄ts ɪ_nəqs̄iit. (Mice have litters, maybe seven in one litter.)
3. níkxná in̄náxʷn̄xʷ kíʔ pkʷil̄tm uʔ k̄taq̄t̄q̄mkst yʔat t̄w̄t̄w̄it. (My goodness my wife had a litter of six boys.)
28. kscńtkʷíʔcaʔ- pregnant

example sentences:
1. 1. ʔasíl km mus ʔaʔ_cpkwíltm, qipcm kaʔ ckwíkwúll, ʔaqrnkst uʔ ʔasíl sǎíʔsǎit kscnʔkwíʔcaʔs. (Two to four bobcat kittens are born in April or May, 62 days after the parents mate.)
2. kəntíls nəsəlmílt sntkwíʔcaʔs. (I think she has twins in her tummy)
3. inəkəwáʔ kaʔǎilmntm tə_kəkásaʔt kəkəwápaʔ uʔ ntkwəkʔwíʔcaʔ tə_kəkásaʔt stətʔakám. (This ugly dog messed with my dog and she's carying ugly puppies.)
29. pəpəspus- kittens / cubs
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. iʔ_pəkam iʔ_pəpəspusts cktýʔsaxʔm laʔ_cxʔit tə_kwíkwúll. (The bobcat kittens are spotted when they are born.)
1. iʔ_pəkam iʔ_pəpəspusts cktýʔsaxʔm laʔ_cxʔit tə_kwíkwúll. (The bobcat kittens are spotted when they are born.)
2. myáʔ xʔʔit anpəpəspús. (You have to many kittens.)
30. qʔim- drink milk / feed at breast
example sentences:
1. naqs ǎiyáʔnxʔm iʔ_pəkam pəpəspus kmax əcqʔim uʔ lut ʔa_cʔəwists iʔ_sʔəǎʔwíʔxʔs. (For one month the bobcat kittens eat only their mother's milk, and they do not leave the den.)
2. ʔiʔ ilíʔ kʔwúlkʔwúll uʔ way qaʔqʔim iʔ_pəpəspus. (As soon as the kittens are born they nurse.)
3. ha kʔ_cqaʔmíltm ? (do you nurse your baby?)
31. kʔtlnʔtim- wean (tear from ???)
example sentences:
1. ʔasíl ǎiyáʔnxʔm uʔ kʔtlnʔtim tə_tumtms uʔ cʔsts stim iʔ_cʔukʔxtm tə_tumtms. (After two months they are weaned from their mother's milk, and eat what their mother brings them.)
2. iʔ_kwíkwíʔalxʔm nəqspíntk uʔ kʔtlnʔtim. (We wean the calves when they are about a year old.)
3. pńkin mi kʔtlnʔtixʔm ańʔuʔǎʔtílaʔt ? (When are you going to wean your baby?)
32. tumt- mother (of an animal)
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. ʔasíl ǎiyáʔnxʔm uʔ kʔtlnʔtim tə_tumtms uʔ cʔsts stim iʔ_cʔukʔxtm tə_tumtms. (After two months they are weaned from their mother's milk, and eat what their mother brings them.)
2. ʔa_cʔkʔtístim iʔ_kwíkwíʔalxʔm iʔ_tumtmtm kʔnʔxasqʔt kscqʔəqʔcaqʔs. (When we wean the calves the moms will cry for days.)
3. ixíʔ tə_tkəʔmilxʔm ǎast tə_tumt. (That woman is a good mother.)
33. kiwíxwíʔ- become old

example sentences:

1. i?_p̄kam cx^wəlx^walt uł kĭ_trn̄łspiñtk km ʃəʃn̄łspiñtk ixí? uł ta?lí way kiwíxwíłx, ʃ^wuptwíłx uł tiłx^ws ɬə_kstxtñcuts. (Bobcats live to be eight or nine years old before they get too old and weak to take care of themselves.)

2. q̄sápi? ctə́st̄tin iskəkʒáka? uł kawiwíxəłx. (I had my chickens for a long time and now they're getting old.)

3. kn_n̄tils lut pñkin ikskíwíłx. (I thought I would never get old.)

34. ʃ^wuptwíłx- become weak

example sentences:

1. i?_p̄kam cx^wəlx^walt uł kĭ_trn̄łspiñtk km ʃəʃn̄łspiñtk ixí? uł ta?lí way kiwíxwíłx, ʃ^wuptwíłx uł tiłx^ws ɬə_kstxtñcuts. (Bobcats live to be eight or nine years old before they get too old and weak to take care of themselves.)

2. k^wu_kawiwíłx uł k^wu_ʃ^wupx^wuptwíłx. (As we get older we get weaker.)

3. q̄sápi? səc̄q̄ilts uł niʒáyp ʃ^wuptwíłx. (He's been sick for a long time and he's getting weak.)

16. wapópxn

sʔaʔúms

ckíkʷutrnst	stay far from
cǰəqǰaq	clearing
sǰwǰwus	favorite
tkʷiʔilpsnt	bite the neck
cwópxan	hairy feet
písǰaʔxn	big feet
ctqəcíxiwʷs	run on top of / in the middle of
ckmax	be alone
cqýúlaʔxʷm	mark land
pćʂaŋt	poop on something
tkiʔ	urine
nǰʷəǰʷcʷus	stump
cńkəxkxúlaʔxʷ	dip in land
cwlaǰ	tipped over
tkíxmikstn	branches
kǰaǰʷ	overhanging
nǰtítápt	shallow
cqmniltm	give birth (plural)
ckpəkwícaʔ	spotted
sńkʷuilitn	birth place
ǰaʔǰaʔúlaʔxʷm	look for land
sǰxʷúlaʔxʷ	big land
kǰtipnt	cut trees
tǰúlaʔxʷnt	tear up land
xǰəǰnuŋt	manage to raise

smýmay

<p>iʔ_wapópxn ǰqáqcaʔs iʔ_pǰkam, naǰmǰt taʔlí caʔcaʔxúǰ iʔ_wapópxn. iʔ_wapópxn ckíkʷutrnsts iʔ_sqilxʷ, ǰ_wist kaʔ cilíʔ uǰ ǰ_wpúlaʔxʷ laʔkín aʔ_cǰəqǰaq. iʔ_wapópxn cíʔsts</p>	<p>stay far from clearing</p>
--	-----------------------------------

<p>i?_cəcáma?t tmix^w i?_sckakícs, naǰm̄t čǰit̄ tə_p̄kám, i?_spəplína? i?_sǰwǰwusts tə_s?i?n. la?kín ka? cx^w?it i?_spəplína?, ilí? i?_wapwpxn ka? cx^w?it. i?_wapwpxn ckíkilsts i?_spəplína? n̄kəcníki?s ut̄ k̄tətmína?s ut̄ tk^wi?ilpsəs.</p> <p>i?_wapwpxn čǰit̄ tə_p̄kám i?_sǰačəcs, naǰm̄t mis sílx^wa? ut̄ ckw̄pwpína?. k̄təq̄wúpa?s ut̄ q̄^wʒay i?_n̄kamq̄ns i?_syupsts, ut̄ c̄w̄pus i?_wapwpxn. k̄l̄tm̄t?upn̄kst i?_ksnʒasts i?_wapwpxn, c̄w̄pwp̄xan ut̄ p̄ísǰa?xn. a?í? t̄l̄sp̄ísǰa?x̄ns ut̄ əc̄w̄pwp̄xan i?_wapwpxn ctqəc̄ixiws̄ l̄smik^w, lut̄ t̄a_c̄nyax^wt̄ l̄smik^wt̄. sc̄ilx ki? mis ǰaǰt̄ t̄l̄yǰat̄ tmix^w t̄a_c?istkm, i?_wapwpxn ck^wn̄nusts i?_spəplína? l̄s?istk. t̄a_cx^wist ut̄ t̄a_cqic̄lx i?_wapwpxn c̄n̄cək^wcək^wn̄tis i?_q̄^wǰw̄q̄^wq̄iñksts. alí? tə_s̄p̄ísǰa?x̄ns ut̄ tə_sc̄w̄pwp̄xañs i?_wapwpxn sisyús t̄a_c̄kram.</p> <p>i?_wapwpxn ǰminks̄ t̄i? ckmax, xi? ut̄ yǰayǰátəlx̄ ksn̄ilí?tn cni?c̄ sut̄ns. t̄a_c̄q̄yúla?x^wm i?_wapwpxn, p̄c̄ntʒas ut̄ t̄iis̄ i?_sc̄al tə_tki?s, ut̄ nix^w i?_n̄ǰw̄əǰc̄us ut̄ a?_c̄tətak. niǰáȳp̄ əcilí? t̄a_ks?i?n ilí?, ksilí?a?x̄ l̄sn̄ilí?tns̄ k̄l̄_ʒas̄l̄sp̄ín̄tk i?_wapwpxn. t̄a_c̄la?kín i?_sq̄ltmix^w wapwpxn cxi?xi?stis̄ i?_tkətmilx^w na? t̄sq̄wəs̄q̄así?as̄ m̄t̄ k^wliw̄t̄ l̄sn̄ilí?tns̄.</p> <p>i?_wapwpxn l̄sǰl̄ǰs̄alt̄ ka? c?itx̄ a?í? l̄sn̄k^wək^w?ac̄ cx^wilwís̄ cpiǰm. l̄sǰl̄ǰs̄alt̄ cwík^wmi?st̄ l̄a?_c̄n̄kəx̄k̄xúla?x^w l̄sǰaǰw̄íps̄ a?_c̄w̄laǰ a?_c̄cal, l̄yiyx^wúta? tk̄ix̄mikstn̄ km a?_k̄t̄aǰw̄ i?_x̄l̄ut. i?_wapwpxn ǰasts̄ t̄a_ctkiw̄lx, naǰm̄t̄ lut̄ t̄a_n̄wíst, la?kín itlí? ck̄tətmína?s̄ i?_tmix^w ití? a?_cks̄x̄an ut̄ puísts, ixí? čit̄sts. t̄a_cpul̄sts̄ i?_síl̄x^wa? tmix^w, i?_wapwpxn cwik^wsts̄ lut̄ i?_ʒatətn̄usts, ilí? p̄n̄kin t̄cp̄lak̄ ut̄ itlí? t̄i?n̄.</p> <p>i?_sq̄ltmix^w wapwpxn cktiyáq^wtm̄sts̄ i?_tkətmilx^w p̄n̄kin t̄n̄kəcx^wus̄ i?_ks̄x̄miñkr̄ms̄ ut̄ n̄ʒastkíltm. čǰit̄ tə_p̄kám, i?_wapwpxn l̄sknirmn̄ km pəck̄tan̄ ka? cʒaǰílm, ut̄ itlí? t̄a_q̄m̄k̄t̄ap̄n̄kstásq̄t̄ km sis̄p̄lk̄t̄ap̄n̄kstásq̄t̄ ut̄ k̄w̄ík^wl̄iilt̄. i?_sq̄ltmix^w wapwpxn lut̄ t̄a_c̄knx̄t̄i?n̄ t̄a_c̄l̄iǰəǰpt̄ i?_cəcáma?t.</p> <p>i?_tkətmilx^w x^wuȳ tkətm̄cut̄ tə_wi?s̄ n̄ʒastkílt̄. i?_tkətmilx^w wapwpxn l̄n̄t̄i?apt̄ c̄n̄təǰw̄iñk̄ km l̄w̄púla?x^w ka? cq̄m̄n̄iltm.</p> <p>i?_wapwpxn naqs̄ k̄l̄_t̄a_q̄m̄kst̄ t̄a_cp̄k^wiltm, ckpəkw̄íca? ut̄</p>	<p>favorite</p> <p>bite on neck</p> <p>hairy feet; big feet run on top</p> <p>be alone; territory mark land; poop on; urine; stump</p> <p>dip in land tipped over; branches; overhanging</p> <p>shallow; give birth spotted</p>
--	---

<p>cłiśálx^w. i?_cécá?ma?t wapópxn mat kł_?asíl xiyátnx^w c?ácəcqa? tł_sńk^wulltńs. cqa?míltm i?_wapópxn kł_mus km cilkst xiyátnx^w, nařmł pńkin c?uk^wxm tə_scpiřs uł ixí? s?iřńs kł_mus xiyátnx^w. i?_cécá?ma?t wapópxn ckəxstis i?_tumtrńs uł ka?áym, ?istkm uł qipcm, ixí? s?ła?ła?úla?x^wmńs tə_cniłc ksńilí?tns. púti? řa_ckəxstis i?_tumtrńs, mipnúś i?_spiřm, i?_stəx^wcńcut.</p> <p>lut tə_q^way i?_wapópxn řapná? ałi? lut tə_xasts i?_sqilx^w. uł nix^w yřatmíśəłx i?_słx^w?úla^w ksńilí?tns ilí? ck^wliwłt cpiřməłx. řə_křips a?_cłłcal i?_sqilx^w uł tlıúla?x^ws i?_trńx^wúla?x^w, ixí? uł i?_wapópxn řilx^wt uł lut xłəłnus i?_cécá?ma?t.</p>	<p>birth place</p> <p>look for land</p> <p>large territory cut trees; tear up manage to raise</p>
---	---

sńsúx^wna? s^wřtiłn

1. ka?kín akswík m i?_wapópxn ? ka?kín ki? mut ?
2. stim a?_ćiřts i?_wapópxn ? stim i?_sřřwřwusts s?iřn i?_wapópxn ?
3. əxkistm i?_spəplína? tə_wapópxn řa_cpiřmřstm ?
4. ćkin i?_wapópxn i?_sřáćəćs ?
5. səxkinx uł lut řa_čnyax^wt ł_smił^wt i?_wapópxn ?
6. səxkinx uł sisys řa_ćkram i?_wapópxn ?
7. stim a?_ckists i?_wapópxn řa_cqýúla?x^wm ?
8. ha niřáyp ři? ckmax ł_sńilí?tns i?_sqłtmix^w wapópxn ?
9. pńkin ka? cpiřm i?_wapópxn ? pńkin ka? c?itx ?
10. řl stim uł xasts řa_ćtkiwłx i?_wapópxn ?
11. əxkistm i?_tkəřmilx^w tə_sqłtmix wapópxn řə_xřmińks ksřmińkm ?
12. pńkin mi ř?astkíłtm i?_wapópxn ? pńkin uł k^włk^wliłt ?
13. ka?kín ka? cqmníłtm i?_wapópxn ?
14. tk^wńk^wńxíłt řa_cpk^wíłtm i?_wapópxn ?
15. pńkin c?ácəcqa? tł_sńk^wulltńs i?_cécá?ma?t wapópxn ?
16. k^wnxxiyátnx^w ka? cqa?míltm i?_wapópxn ?
17. pńkin mi mipnúś i?_stəx^wcńcut i?_wapópxn ?
18. səxkinx uł lut tə_q^way i?_wapópxn řapná? ?
19. stim i?_yřatmíśəłx i?_wapópxn mi cpiřməłx ?
20. səxkinx uł lut tə_xłəłnus i?_cécá?ma?ts i?_wapópxn ?

skřřism tə_xřilm sřa?úńs

A. **Past/Present and Future/Inceptive Intransitive** aksćk^wúł: answer the question with a complete

ńsəlxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha k^w_tqəcíxiws ? lut. naǰmǰ nínwi?s kn_kstqəcíxiwsa?x.

1. ha k^w_tlúla?x^wm ? lut. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_ilí? ? lut. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha ?i?n Pit ? lut. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha p k^w_ńnunm ? lut. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha x^wístəlx ? lut. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

B. Past/Present and Future Transitive aksck^wúl: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha kíkíłntx^w ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǰ nínwi?s ikskíkíłm.

1. ha ńkəcníkntx^w ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

2. ha kǰtəmína?n ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

3. ha tk^wi?íłpsəs i?_sǰmńkáws ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

4. ha k^w_ńnuńtp ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

5. ha pulstsəlx i?_k^wuk^wús ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǰ nínwi?s _____.

nuyápixcn:

ck'wul'mstm i?_s?a?úms

1. ck'k'wutrmst- go far from something
example sentences:
1. i?_wapwpxn ck'k'wutrmsts i?_sqilxw, i?_wist ka? cilí? u? i?_w'púla?xw la?kín a?_c'xəq'xaq. (The lynx lives far from people, high in the mountains and deep in the forest where there are clearings.)
2. ixí? tə_sq'ýax'ws u? y'at swit ck'k'wutrmstsəlx. (Because it stunk so much, everyone stayed far from it.)
3. lut ta_cc'awíx u? ta't n'q'ýx'ups. ck'k'wutrmstm. (He doesn't bathe and his butt really stinks. People stay away from him.)
2. c'xəq'xaq- clearing
example sentences:
1. i?_wapwpxn ck'k'wutrmsts i?_sqilxw, i?_wist ka? cilí? u? i?_w'púla?xw la?kín a?_c'xəq'xaq. (The lynx lives far from people, high in the mountains and deep in the forest where there are clearings.)
2. ití? t_a?_c'xəq'xaq mi x'w'ýustxw. (Take them through those clearings.)
3. x'w'íx'w'ílst mi x'qaq. (Throw some away to clear a spot.)
3. s'xəw'xəwus
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. i?_wapwpxn cíl'sts i?_cəcáma?t tmixw i?_sckakícs, na'xm't c'xít tə_p'kam i?_spəplína? i?_s'x'w'x'wusts tə_s'ítn. (The lynx eats small animals that it finds, but like the bobcat, its favorite food is the snowshoe rabbit.)
2. i?_sq'w'ícniñk s'x'w'x'wusts tə_s'ítn i?_l'xə'x'x'ap. (Tripe was the elder's favorite food.)
3. is'xəw'xəwús i?_c'x'w'íusa?. (White camas is my favorite.)
4. tk'w'í?i'psnt- bite something on the neck
example sentences:
1. i?_wapwpxn ck'k'íl'sts i?_spəplína? n'kəc'níki?s u? k'tə'tmína?s u? tk'w'í?i'psəs. (The lynx chases the snowshoe rabbit, catches up to it and pounces on it, biting it on the neck.)
2. i?_n'mí'k'w'ápa?st ct'k'w'a?k'w'í'p'sts i?_smu'ncxn ixí? m't x'ina?. (The stud will bite the mares on the neck then they will submit.)
3. i?_likák ta_ck'təq'íxína?sts i?_lipúl ct'k'w'í?i'p'sts. (When the rooster lays the hen he bites her on the neck.)
5. c'w'p'w'pxan- hairy feet
example sentences:
1. k'í_trm't?upn'kst i?_ksn'f'asts i?_wapwpxn, c'w'p'w'pxan u? p'ís'la?xn. (The lynx usually weighs around

80 pounds, and it has very big, furry paws.)
2. iʔ_kʷiʔt iʔ_sqiqtmixʷ cʷpʷpxan. (Some men have hairy legs.)
3. nqsusm iʔ_skəkaʔkə cʷpʷpxan. (One kind of chicken has hair on their feet.)
6. pʰisʔaʔxn- big feet
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. kʰi_tɾhʔuphkt iʔ_ksnʔasts iʔ_wapʷpxn, cʷpʷpxan uʔ pʰisʔaʔxn. (The lynx usually weighs around 80 pounds, and it has very big, furry paws.)
2. iʔ_scwanaytmx taʔli pʰisʔaʔxn. (Sasquatch has very large feet.)
3. miyaʔ pʰisʔaʔxn aʔnaʔnʔxʷ (Your wife's feet are too big.)
7. tʔəciʔiʔs- run on top of
example sentences:
1. aʔiʔ ti_sʔisʔaʔxhʔs uʔ əcʷpʷpxan iʔ_wapʷpxn tʔəciʔiʔs i_smiʔkʷ, lut ta_cʔyaxʷt i_smiʔkʷt. (Because of its big, furry feet, the lynx can run on top of snow without falling in.)
2. iʔ_sapmʰtkʷ tʔəciʔiʔkʷ. (The water bug can run on top of the water.)
3. iʔ_sxʷúxʷyaʔ tʔəciʔiʔs i_lataʔp. (The ants run on top of the table.)
8. ckmax- be alone
example sentences:
1. iʔ_wapʷpxn ʔminks tiʔ ckmax, xiʔ uʔ yʔayʔatəlx ksiliʔtn cniʔc sutʔs. (Lynx like to be alone, so they each have their own territory.)
2. tiʔ ckmax iʔ_stmʔait lut ta_kʔkʷiʔkʷialxʷ. (The cows are by themselves. They don't have calves with them.)
3. ikʰiʔ kn_tə_kicx ckmax iʔ_scəcʔálaʔ. (When I got there the children were alone)
9. silʰiʔtn- territory
example sentences:
1. iʔ_wapʷpxn ʔminks tiʔ ckmax, xiʔ uʔ yʔayʔatəlx ksiliʔtn cniʔc sutʔs. (Lynx like to be alone, so they each have their own territory.)
2. ixʰiʔ iʔ_kiʔlawaʔ iʔ_snilʰiʔtns. (That's where the grizzlies live.)
3. qʷaʔqʷmʰt asnilʰiʔtn. (You have a beautiful home.)
10. qʔyúlaʔxʷm- mark land/territory
example sentences:
1. ʔaʔ_cqʔyúlaʔxʷm iʔ_wapʷpxn, pʔcʔtas uʔ ʔiʔs iʔ_scal tə_tkiʔs, uʔ nixʷ iʔ_nʔxʷəʔxʷcʔus uʔ aʔ_cʔəʔak. (Lynx mark their territory with feces and with urine sprayed on trees, stumps and bushes.)
2. ʔa_cʔiʔwlaʔxʷm uʔ cqʔyúlaʔxʷ mi mʔmaʔt iʔ_stiʔwlaʔxʷs. (When he buys land it has to be clearly marked so he knows which he bought.)

3. yʃat iʔ_sqɫxʷúlaʔxʷ cǫ́yúlaʔxʷ. (All the Indian reserves are marked.)
11. tkiʔ- urine
example sentences:
1. ʔaʔ_cǫ́yúlaʔxʷm iʔ_wapwpxn, p̄c̄ntʃas uʔ ʔiɫs iʔ_s̄c̄al t̄a_tkiʔs, uʔ nixʷ iʔ_n̄xʷəxʷćus uʔ aʔ_c̄t̄əʔak. (Lynx mark their territory with feces and with urine sprayed on trees, stumps and bushes.)
2. ha kʷ_wiʔstkíʔm ? (Are you done peeing?)
3. lut akstkʔíɫpm. (Don't wet the bed)
12. n̄xʷćus stump (of a tree)
reduplication: n̄xʷəxʷćus
example sentences:
1. ʔaʔ_cǫ́yúlaʔxʷm iʔ_wapwpxn, p̄c̄ntʃas uʔ ʔiɫs iʔ_s̄c̄al t̄a_tkiʔs, uʔ nixʷ iʔ_n̄xʷəxʷćus uʔ aʔ_c̄t̄əʔak. (Lynx mark their territory with feces and with urine sprayed on trees, stumps and bushes.)
2. iʔ_t̄i_n̄xʷəxʷćus mi kʷ_ctixʷm t̄a_yáq̄wiʔ. (From stumps you can gather smoking wood.)
3. miyáʔ ʔa_cniw̄t c̄n̄xʷćpus iʔ_s̄c̄ícal. (When the wind blows so hard the tree tops break off.)
13. n̄kxúlaʔxʷ- dip in land
reduplication: c̄n̄k̄əx̄kxúlaʔxʷ
example sentences:
1. ʔ_s̄x̄íx̄saɫ cwíkʷmiʔst ʔ_aʔ_c̄n̄k̄əx̄kxúlaʔxʷ ʔ_s̄saʃʷíps aʔ_cw̄laʃ aʔ_c̄c̄al, ʔ_yiyxʷútaʔ tkíxmikstn km aʔ_k̄ʔaʃʷ iʔ_x̄ʔut. (During the day they hide among the roots of a tree that's fallen, on a low branch, or under a rocky ledge.)
2. iklíʔ k̄aʔ c̄n̄kxúlaʔxʷ xʷʔit iʔ_s̄piɫm. (There in the dip there is a lot of bitter roots.)
3. ixíʔ t̄a_t̄m̄xʷúlaʔxʷ c̄n̄k̄əx̄kxúlaʔxʷ. (That piece of land has dips on it.)
14. cw̄laʃ- something tipped over
reduplication: wíwlaʃ
example sentences:
1. ʔ_s̄x̄íx̄saɫ cwíkʷmiʔst ʔ_aʔ_c̄n̄k̄əx̄kxúlaʔxʷ ʔ_s̄saʃʷíps aʔ_cw̄laʃ aʔ_c̄c̄al, ʔ_yiyxʷútaʔ tkíxmikstn km aʔ_k̄ʔaʃʷ iʔ_x̄ʔut. (During the day they hide among the roots of a tree that's fallen, on a low branch, or under a rocky ledge.)
2. t_s̄ʃ̄aʔqs iʔ_sniw̄t uʔ wíwlaʃ iʔ_s̄c̄ícal. (The wind was so strong it toppled the trees.)
3. n̄ktips iʔ_s̄c̄al ilíʔ uʔ wlaʃ. (He cut the tree until it tipped over.)
15. tkíxmikstn- branch (of a tree)
reduplication: tkíklíxmikstn
example sentences:
1. ʔ_s̄x̄íx̄saɫ cwíkʷmiʔst ʔ_aʔ_c̄n̄k̄əx̄kxúlaʔxʷ ʔ_s̄saʃʷíps aʔ_cw̄laʃ aʔ_c̄c̄al, ʔ_yiyxʷútaʔ tkíxmikstn km aʔ_k̄ʔaʃʷ iʔ_x̄ʔut. (During the day they hide among the roots of a tree that's fallen, on a low branch,

or under a rocky ledge.)
2. ʔúluʔsñt iʔ_tkíkíxmikstn akʔkʔwímín. (Gather the limbs for your fire.)
3. iʔ_tí_tkíkíxmikstn kaʔ ctəxʔtəxʔwíwt iʔ_sqʔíip. (From the limbs the moss hang down.)
16. kʔaʔxʔ- hole
example sentences:
1. ǀ_sǀíǀǀaǀt cwíkʔmiʔst ǀ_aʔ_cñkəxkʔxúlaʔxʔ ǀ_sǀaʔxʔíps aʔ_cwǀaʔx aʔ_cǀal, ǀ_yiyʔxʔútaʔ tkíkíxmikstn km aʔ_kʔaʔxʔ iʔ_xǀut. (During the day they hide among the roots of a tree that's fallen, on a low branch, or a hole among rocks.)
2. iʔ_sxǀutǀx iʔ_sñilíʔtñs cʔkʔəxʔwǀaʔxʔ ǀ_xəǀxǀut. (The groundhogs homes are holes under the rocks.)
3. iʔ_maǀmʔcñ cʔkʔəxʔwǀaʔxʔwíñk iʔ_ñʔaʔúsaʔtñs (The swallows nests are holes in the cliffs.)
17. ʔñkəcxʔus- come around to
example sentences:
1. iʔ_sqǀtmixʔ wapǀwpxn cktiyáqʔtñsts iʔ_tkəǀmilxʔ pñkin ʔñkəcxʔus iʔ_ksǀmíñkñs uʔ ñʔastkǀítm. (Male lynx fight over the female lynx that are ready to mate.)
2. kíkñ mi ʔñkəcxʔus iskʔúǀítn. (It's almost to my birthday again.)
3. laʔkín ʔñkəcxʔus asxʔwíxʔáǀt uʔ kʔ_ǀáqʔmíʔst. (You die whenever it's your time.)
18. tkəǀmñcut- go off by oneself
example sentences:
1. iʔ_sqǀtmixʔ wapǀwpxn lut ǀa_cñxǀtítn ǀaʔ_cǀíǀǀǀǀpt iʔ_cəcámaʔt, iʔ_tkəǀmilxʔ xʔuy tkəǀmñcut ǀə_wiʔs ñʔastkǀítm. (The male lynx do not help to raise the lynx kittens; the female lynx goes off by herself after she mates.)
19. ʔtítápt- shallow
reduplication: ʔtítáptaʔpt
example sentences:
1. iʔ_tkəǀmilxʔ wapǀwpxn ǀ_ʔtítápt cñǀəxʔwíñk km ǀ_wǀpúlaʔxʔ kaʔ cǀqmñítm. (The female lynx makes a birth den in a shallow cave or in thick brush.)
2. iʔ_ǀa_ʔtítáptaʔpt iʔ_saʔtítkʔ kiʔ kʔ_u_cñiʔákʔ. (Where the river is shallow is where we cross the river.)
3. ǀ_ʔtítápt mi cñʔackñítkʔ iʔ_scəcǀhalaʔ. (The children can play in shallow water.)
20. qmñítm- give birth to a litter
example sentences:
1. iʔ_tkəǀmilxʔ wapǀwpxn ǀ_ʔtítápt cñǀəxʔwíñk km ǀ_wǀpúlaʔxʔ kaʔ cǀqmñítm. (The female lynx makes a birth den in a shallow cave or in thick brush.)
2. ha wiʔsqmñítm aǀtmǀáǀt. (Are your cows done calving?)
3. inkəkwápaʔ qmñítm uʔ ʔupñkstǀʔasíl iʔ_stəǀǀakáǀms. (My dog birthed twelve puppies.)

21. ckpəkʷícaʔ- spotted / spots on the body
reduplication: kpəkʷəkʷícaʔ
example sentences:
1. iʔ_wapwpxn naqs kíl_taqm̄kst ʔaʔ_cpkwíltm, ckpəkʷícaʔ uʔ cʔíʔálxʷ. (Lynx have from one to six cubs; they are spotted and have streaks on their fur.)
2. kicn̄tm iʔ_sqilxʷ tə_sqílt uʔ kpəkʷəkʷícaʔ. When the sickness came to the people they got spots
3. inpəspús ʔə_kʷuíkʷúíl yʔat ckpəkʷícaʔ. (When my cat had kittens they all had spots.)
22. snkʷuíltn- birth place
example sentences:
1. iʔ_cəcáʔmaʔt wapwpxn mat kíl_ʔasil ʔiyáʔnxʷ cʔácəcqaʔ tɪ_snkʷuíltńs. (Lynx cubs start coming out of the place there were born after about two months.
2. niʔáyp kn_nxʷýils k_ísnkʷuíltn. (I always want to go back to my birth place.)
3. iʔ_kʷíʔkʷíalxʷ ʔxʷaym kíl_skʷuíltńs. (the calves run away back to where they were born.)
23. ʔaʔʔaʔúlaʔxʷm- look for land / territory
example sentences:
1. iʔ_cəcámaʔt wapwpxn ckəxstis iʔ_tum̄tns uʔ kaʔáym, ʔistkm, uʔ qipcm, ixíʔ sʔaʔʔaʔúlaʔxʷm̄s tə_cniʔc ksn̄ilíʔtns. (Lynx cubs stay with their mother through the fall and winter, and in the spring the go off to establish their own territory.)
2. ʔacʔxʷúlaʔxʷ naʔʔ snqsilxʷs ʔaʔʔaʔúlaʔxʷm̄l̄x kiʔ aláʔ cyʔapəlx. (Looks at Land and his relatives looked for land and arrived here.)
3. in̄xm̄nk kn_xʷuy mi kn_ʔaʔʔaʔúlaʔxʷm mi kn_kʷuíʔxʷm. (I want to go look for land so I can build my house.)
24. síxʷʔúlaʔxʷ- big land / big territory
example sentences:
1. uʔ nixʷ yʔatm̄isəlx iʔ_síxʷʔúlaʔxʷ ksn̄ilíʔtns ilíʔ ckʷliw̄t cpiʔm̄lx. (They also need a lot of territory to live and hunt in.)
2. səsíxʷʔúlaʔxʷ aʔtətr̄nxʷúlaʔxʷ. (Your little land is a little bit big.)
3. síxʷúlaʔxʷ iʔ_sqilxʷúlaʔxʷ. (The Indian reserve is a big piece of land.)
25. kʔipn̄t- cut down trees
reduplication: kʔkʔipn̄t
example sentences:
1. ʔə_kʔips aʔ_ccícal iʔ_sqilxʷ uʔ tɪúlaʔxʷs iʔ_tr̄nxʷúlaʔxʷ, ixíʔ uʔ iʔ_wapwpxn ʔilxʷt uʔ lut xʔəʔn̄us iʔ_cəcámaʔt. (When people cut down the forests and move onto the land, then the lynx go hungry and can not raise their cubs.)
2. iʔ_stuñx n̄kʔkʔips iʔ_m̄lm̄lx ixíʔ stikl̄s. (The beaver cuts down cotton wood trees and that's its

food.)
3. ńk̄tip̄nt̄ mi k̄ ^w _k̄ ^w uīm ta_kslip̄. (Cut that tree down and make wood blocks.)
26. t̄iúla?x^wnt- tear land / plow
example sentences:
1. t̄ə_k̄tips a?_c̄c̄l̄cal i?_sqilx ^w uł t̄iúla?x ^w s i?_tr̄nx ^w úla?x ^w , ixí? uł i?_wap̄w̄pxn ?ilx ^w t uł lut x̄ł̄əł̄nus i?_c̄ac̄áma?t. (When people cut down the forests and move onto the land, then the lynx go hungry and can not raise their cubs.)
2. t̄it̄iúla?x ^w s i?_sqilx ^w i?_tr̄nt̄r̄nx ^w úla?x ^w s uł k̄ ^w ńk̄ ^w ańt̄qm̄əlx. (The people plow up their garden spots and they plant their gardens.)
3. t̄iúla?x ^w ńt̄ ańtr̄nx ^w úla?x ^w mi pk̄ ^w úla?x ^w ńt̄ t̄ə_s̄w̄p̄úla?x ^w . (Plow up your field and plant some grass seed.)
27. x̄ł̄əł̄nuńt- manage to raise young
example sentences:
1. t̄ə_k̄tips a?_c̄c̄l̄cal i?_sqilx ^w uł t̄iúla?x ^w s i?_tr̄nx ^w úla?x ^w , ixí? uł i?_wap̄w̄pxn ?ilx ^w t uł lut x̄ł̄əł̄nus i?_c̄ac̄áma?t. (When people cut down the forests and move onto the land, then the lynx go hungry and can not raise their cubs.)
2. ta?lí sc̄k̄ ^w ul i?_sc̄ac̄m̄ála? mi sic cx̄ł̄əł̄nustx ^w . (Kids are a lot of work to raise.)
3. ha x̄ł̄əł̄núńtx ^w ańp̄əp̄ɣasp̄əs ? (Did you manage to raise your chicks?)

17. stxíltm- kn_n?astkílt

s?a?úms

ckmíltmst / kmíltmnt	visit someone
núk'wíltm	give birth
kínt	afraid
máy'ltimn / máy'ltím	I tell you / tell someone something
k'cwcawt	have a hard time
k'wíliit	give birth / have a baby
ntəq'niw'tm	to birth
nl'fa?pús	time arrives
súx'wma?nt	measure
slək'wíw's	distance
lak'wíw's	far apart
npa?qcín	dawn
ctək'wull	baby coming
səx'wrim púyxn	ambulance
k'kicnt	get to / arrive at
səx'w'wam n'a?úk'wmn	fire truck
cminám	know
cyayáxa?st / yayáxa?nt	watch

smýmay

<p>Sxmnatk'w ckmíltmsts i?_stmk?ílt, K'níca?.</p> <p>S- ha tí? k'w_ǎast, ístmk?ílt ?</p> <p>K- way tí? kn_ǎast, čxít kn_ctka?síls í_łk'wək'w'ast.</p> <p>S- stim ? səxkinx kí? k'w_ctka?síls í_łk'wək'w'ast ?</p> <p>K- kn_səck'ł?im'x put mistín mi sic cu'ntsn. kn_n?astkílt.</p> <p>S- way ǎast, kn_łkstrntíma?x !</p> <p>K- kn_n'tils cm k'w_lim't.</p> <p>S- ha anwí ? cm k'w_scutx an'xmínk ca?k'w ta?x'wsq'wsq'w'sí?.</p> <p>K- in'xmínk. čxít kn_n'xít ǎm ła_xkinm ła_k'wull K'asnú.</p>	visit someone
--	---------------

<p>S- way cm tí? k^w_ǰast. ha ǰm cuńts i?_səx^wk^təqxnám cm lut ak^tə^ti?ǰílm k^w_ǰa_ǰń^tk^wíltm.</p>	<p>give birth</p>
<p>K- ki, naǰm^t way kn_ǰińt, kn_ńǰi^t.</p>	<p>afraid</p>
<p>S- cmistín. yǰat ctix^wlm i?_st^kwíltm. ha m^ay^ttimn xkinm ǰa_ǰ^wull asw^aw^asa? ?</p>	<p>tell s/o something</p>
<p>K- lut kn_ńtíls.</p>	
<p>S- ińcá kn_ǰa_ǰ^wull, ińtúm ta?lí k^tc^wca^wt ki? sic kn_ǰ^wull. ǰast i?_səx^wmrim. ixí? u^t nix^w itlí? ǰa_ǰsk^wíllí^ta?x, lut ǰí_ńǰítí^tx^wtn mi cń^tak^w. x^wuy i?_ǰí_ń^təq^tni^wtm i?_citx^ws u^t ilí? mi ǰ^wíllí^t. k^wa? tí? ǰast i?_śń^tast^kíłts u^t ǰíkm mi ń^lsa?pús i?_ǰsk^wíllí^ts. ǰí^t ǰ_śń^kw^ək^w?ac u^t ǰ^wup^kw^up^əp, ǰí^t. ǰí^ts an^kí^kwa? u^t cus mi cmistís. way ǰa^csəłx s^ux^wma?səłx c^kiń i?_śl^ək^wti^wsts i?_ś^kw^up^kw^up^s. u^t p^utí? lak^wti^ws. ixí? u^t ǰəǰíłxəłx ixí? u^t ?a?ítx, ?ítx u^t ǰǰí^t. ilí? put ń^pa?ǰcín, ki? ǰí^t u^t way ta?lí ǰ^wəck^wəctwíłx i?_śǰíłts. x^wəsx^wusíxəłx x^wtíłx u^t ǰcmńcutəłx.</p>	<p>have a hard time have a baby to birth time arrives measure; distance between; far apart; dawn baby coming</p>
<p>K- nix^xná ! ha ctəck^wull i?_?u?ǰ^wtíla?t ?</p>	
<p>S- an^kí^kwa? ?acqa?. x^wuy^sts i?_p^uy^xn. ǰa_ǰcń?u^tx^w, way ǰəǰíłx i?_ǰ_śń^təq^wutńs u^t lut ǰminks ksx^wtíłxa?x. lut ǰa_cmistís ksəx^kina?x, ixí? u^t ǰlits i?_səx^wk^təqxnám. i?_səx^wk^təqxnám cuńtm, "ǰlitń i?_səx^wmrim p^uy^xn mi ?uk^wńts ǰí_śńǰítí^tx^wtn" a^ti? lut ǰ^tkicńtm i?_ǰ^təqxnám i?_citx^ws. ilí? k^tń^kwúlltn. ixí? ǰlits i?_səx^wmrim i?_p^uy^xńs. i?_ǰú^ti? skicxs i?_səx^wmrim p^uy^xńs, i?_səx^wǰ^wam ń^a?a?ú^kw^mn ckicx. kcíłc^kst i?_səx^wǰ^wam cyǰap kskńxtíłna?x. i?_ǰú^ti? skicxs i?_səx^wmrim i?_p^uy^xńs u^t ǰ^wíllí^t. cut ixí? i?_mistítyrńt sk^wíllí^ts t^l_yǰayǰát i?_sq^wsq^wasí?as naǰm^t ctix^wlm ilí? kcíłc^kst i?_səx^wǰ^wam ilí? ckńxtíłn.</p>	<p>ambulance get to/arrive fire truck</p>
<p>K- xkinm ilí? ǰa_ckicx i?_səx^wmrim i?_p^uy^xńs ?</p>	
<p>S- k^wa? yǰat stim tí? ǰast, cusəłx i?_səx^wmrim i?_p^uy^xn ǰplak. ixí? sic i?_səx^wk^təqxnám ckicx u^t ǰa^cs astm^tíma? na?ǰ i?_?u?ǰ^wtíla?t u^t tí? ǰastəłx.</p>	
<p>K- nix^xná u^t uníx^w isw^aw^asa? ǰ^wull i?_ǰ_citx^w !</p>	
<p>S- ki, u^t tí^tiyrńt tə_ś^kwíllí^t. u^t ińcá kn_ǰa_ǰ^wull ta?lí</p>	<p>know something</p>

<p>kłcwałt. ixí? uł lut akscminám ksəxkína?x. kn_ńtíls cm lut ta?lí ksxačts kʷ_łə_ķʷíliłt.</p> <p>K- kn_ńmusíls ca?kʷ. naǰmł lut inǰmínk myał títiymł. lut inǰmínk kn_ķʷíliłt uł ilí? kcílclkst i?_səxʷłwam kʷu_cyayáǰa?sts!</p>	<p>watch something</p>
--	------------------------

sńsúxʷna? sʷłtíłn

1. swit i?_stńk?íłts Sǰmnatkʷ ?
2. səxkinx uł ctka?síls ł_łkʷəkʷst Kńíca? ?
3. səxkinx uł kínt Kńíca? ?
4. səxkinx uł kłcwałt i?_tuńs łə_ķʷúll Sǰmnatkʷ ?
5. pńkin ki? qíłt Sǰmnatkʷ i?_tuńs uł kʷupkʷupəp ?
6. səxkinx uł xʷəsxʷusłxəłx xʷłiłx uł ǰcmńcutəłx Sǰmantkʷ i?_tuńs na?ł mistrńs ?
7. łə_łń?ułxʷ i?_sǰíłwi?ts, stim a?_čkists Sǰmatkʷ i?_tuńs ?
8. əciństm tə_səxʷkłtəqxnəm łə_cqʷíqʷłtiwstrńs ?
9. stim i?_kicx i?_łúti? skicxs i?_səxʷmrim púyxnńs ?
10. swit i?_yǰap kskńxtíłna?x ?
11. čkin i?_skʷíłłts Sǰmnatkʷ i?_tuńs ?
12. xkinm łə_kicx i?_səxʷmrim púyxnńs ?
13. ka?kín ki? kʷúll Sǰmnatkʷ ?
14. ka?kín ki? kʷúll Sǰmnatkʷ i?_łcəcupsts ?
15. səxkinx uł Kńíca? lut ǰmínks miyáł títiymł i?_kskʷúliłts ?

skł?ism tə_ǰíłm s?a?úńs

A. **Past/Present and Future/Inceptive Intransitive** aksčkʷúl: answer the question with a complete ńsəłxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha kʷ_ķʷíliłt ? lut. naǰmł nínwi?ts kn_kskʷíliłta?x.

1. ha kʷ_yayáǰa? ? lut. naǰmł nínwi?ts _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_ńtkʷíłtm ? lut. naǰmł nínwi?ts _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha qíłt Pit ? lut. naǰmł nínwi?ts _____.
nuyápixcn:

4. ha p_ṭəq̄liix ? lut. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

5. ha x^wṭliixəlix ? lut. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

B. **Past/Present and Future Transitive** aksck^wú: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha cuñtx^w ? i?_lúti?. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____ ikscúnm.

1. ha kmíltm̄ntx^w ? i?_lúti?. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha máyṭtín ? i?_lúti?. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha súx^wma?s i?_lparín ? i?_lúti?. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

4. ha k̄kic̄nṭp ? i?_lúti?. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

5. ha yayáxa?səlix yṣat stim ? i?_lúti?. naḫm̄t nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

ck^wuilm̄stm i?_sa?úms

1. kmíltm̄nt- visit someone
example sentences:
1. S̄xm̄natk ^w ck̄míltm̄sts i?_st̄mk̄?ilts, K̄níca?. (S̄xm̄natk ^w is visiting with her daughter, K̄níca?.)
2. lut k̄im k ^w u_ṭa_ck̄míltm̄nwix ^w . (We don't visit each other anymore.)
3. cx ^w úywi mi k ^w u_mílm̄it. (Come and we will visit each other.)
2. n̄tk^wíltm- give birth
example sentences:
1. ha ḷm̄ cuñts i?_səx ^w k̄ṭəq̄xnam cm lut ak̄ṭəṭi?ḫílm̄ k ^w _ṭa_ṭn̄tk ^w íltm. (Didn't the midwife say that you probably won't have problems with your next baby?)
2. mat tə_swit ki? n̄tk ^w íltm̄. (I wonder who got her pregnant.)

3. ha k ^w _sntk ^w iltx ? (Are you pregnant?)
3. kiñt- afraid
example sentences:
naħmł way kn_kiñt, kn_nħił. (Yes, but I'm scared, I'm afraid.)
2. ha k ^w _kiñt cm k ^w _ħiñt. (Are you worried that you might misscarry.)
3. kn_ckiñt cm ħñħnumt i?_scacmála?. (I get afraid the children will get hurt.)
4. máyłtim- tell someone something
example sentences:
1. ha máyłtimn xkinm tə_k ^w uıl aswawása? ? (Did I ever tell you about what happened when your auntie was born?)
2. k ^w _iks máyłtım i?_cawts aħxa?x?it. (I'm going to tell you about your ancestors' ways.)
3. k ^w u_máyłtik ^w añcwáwt. (Tell me about yourself.)
5. kłcwáwt-
example sentences:
1. inća kn_tə_k ^w uıl, inćum ta?lí kłcwáwt ki? sic kn_k ^w uıl. (When I was born, my mother had a bad time when I was born.)
2. kłcwəwáwt ki? k ^w ılnusəlx. (They had a hard time making it.)
3. kłcwáwt ki? kłtılınus i?_?u?ħ ^w tıla?ts. (She had a hard time weaning her baby.)
6. k ^w ıliit- give birth
example sentences:
1. ixı? uł nix ^w itlı? tə_ksk ^w ıliita?x kıl_nqłitıx ^w tn mi cñtak ^w . (So, she didn't want to have her next baby in the hospital.)
2. qıpcm uł k ^w ık ^w ıliit i?_tıwłća?. (In spring time the does have their fawns.)
3. kłcwáwt ki? sic k ^w ıliit. (She had a hard time giving birth.)
7. ntaqłniwłtm- midwife
example sentences:
1. x ^w uy i?_kıl_ntaqłniwłtm i?_citx ^w s uł ilı? mi k ^w ıliit. (She arranged to give birth at a birth center.)
8. nısa?pús- ???
example sentences:
1. k ^w a? ti? ħast i?_sn?astkılts, uł kık ^m mi nısa?pús i?_ksk ^w uıl?ıłts. (Well, everything went really well with her pregnancy, and it was just about time for her to have the baby.)
2. kık ^m mi nısa?pús inćitx ^w i?_tħaqmns. (It's almost time for my house payment.)
3. k ^w u_yřayřát cqaý pñkin mi k ^w _cħlitntm i?_k ^w ıñcutn, ħılm uł k ^w u_təwnúla?x ^w m. (We all are listed in god's book when our name comes up we leave this world.)

9. kʷupkʷup̄p- have cramps
example sentences:
1. qilt ḷshkʷəkʷac uʔ kʷupkʷup̄p, qilt. (She woke up in the night and she was having contractions.)
2. niʔáyp knckʷupkʷup̄xn. (I always have cramps in my feet.)
3. iʔtkətmilxʷ taʔlí ckʷupkʷup̄əp mi sic tkʷiltm. (A woman has real bad cramps before she has her baby.)
10. súxʷmaʔnt- measure something
example sentences:
1. way ʔácsəlx súxʷmaʔsəlx ckiñ iʔsləkʷtiwsts iʔskʷupkʷup̄ps. (They checked to see how quick the contractions were coming, and they were still a pretty long time apart.)
2. kʷcsúxʷmaʔñcut mi sic kʷcktiwcaʔñcut. (Measure yourself before you shop for clothes.)
3. kʷtačkʷícñcut súxʷmaʔñt mi sic márwíʔñtxʷ. (When you cook, measure before you mix.)
11. ləkʷtiw̄s- distance apart
example sentences:
1. way ʔácsəlx súxʷmaʔsəlx ckiñ iʔsləkʷtiwsts iʔskʷupkʷup̄ps. (They checked to see how quick the contractions were coming, and they were still a pretty long time apart.)
2. təkʷaʔñqñtxʷ iʔskʷəkʷiw̄ cləkʷlakʷtiw̄s. (When you plant tomatoes plant them far apart.)
3. lut təxʷʔit iʔsp̄iʔlm lakʷtiw̄s. (There's not to many bitterroot there far apart.)
12. lakʷtiw̄s- far apart
example sentences:
putiʔ lakʷtiw̄s. (They were still a pretty long time apart.)
2. kmusməs iʔsqʷasiʔas, lakʷtiw̄səlx. (They have four children they are far apart)
3. tiʔ scxʷilx iʔʔaytm̄ns slakʷiʔwsx. (His teeth are just like that they are far apart.)
13. ʔpaʔqcín- dawn
example sentences:
1. ilíʔ put ʔpaʔqcín, kiʔ qilt uʔ way taʔlí kʷəckʷəctwiʔx iʔsq̄ilts. (Then, just at dawn, she woke up with some really strong contractions.)
2. kʷtačkʷsactm̄ tiʔ ʔpaʔqcín way kʷxʷtilx. (When your an early riser you're up at the break of dawn.)
3. kʷu_mulm uʔ put ʔpaʔqcín. (We dipped for fish until the break of day.)
14. ctəckʷuill- baby coming / being born
example sentences:
1. ha ctəckʷuill iʔʔuʔxʷtílaʔt ? (Was the baby coming?)

15. səxʷmrim púyxn- ambulance
example sentences:
1. iʔ_səxʷkʰtəqxnəm cuńtm, "ǰlitńt iʔ_səxʷmrim púyxn mi ʔukʷńts kǰ_sńqǰitǰxʷtn" aʔiʔ lut kʰkicńtm iʔ_kʰtəqxnəm iʔ_citxʷs ilǰiʔ kʰńkʷuǰltn. (The midwife told them, "call an ambulance to take you to the hospital" because it was too late to try to come to the birth center.)
2. tə_sǰkʰtəxʷils iʔ_ǰńxńńurńt uʔ xʷʔiwʔ iʔ_cǰlitsəlx iʔ_səxʷmrim pǰpúyxn. (There were so many injured they had to call a lot of ambulances.)
3. myaʔ txʷaʔxʷʔit kǰ_naqʰs səxʷmrim púyxn. (There's not too many for one ambulance.)
16. kʰkicńtm- get to somewhere
example sentences:
1. iʔ_səxʷkʰtəqxnəm cuńtm, "ǰlitńt iʔ_səxʷmrim púyxn mi ʔukʷńts kǰ_sńqǰitǰxʷtn" aʔiʔ lut kʰkicńtm iʔ_kʰtəqxnəm iʔ_citxʷs ilǰiʔ kʰńkʷuǰltn. (The midwife told them, "call an ambulance to take you to the hospital" because it was too late to try to come to the birth center.)
2. ha way kʰkicńtm iʔ_sńwǰcńmń. (Have we arrived to the digging spots yet.)
3. ʔiǰkʰt iʔ_saʔtǰtkʷ uʔ way ixǰiʔ kʷu_kʰkicńtm. (The water is rising and it's almost reaching us.)
17. səxʷǰwam nʔaʔúkwmn- fire truck
example sentences:
1. iʔ_lútiʔ skicxs iʔ_səxʷmrim púyxnǰs, iʔ_səxʷǰwam nʔaʔúkwmn ckicx. (But before the ambulance got there, a fire truck came.)
2. ʔa_cǰiǰkəǰlaʔxʷ iʔ_tmńxʷúlaʔxʷ ixǰiʔ uʔ txʷaʔxʷʔit iʔ_səxʷǰwam cyʔapstǰsəlx. (When there is a fire on the land they bring a bunch of fire fighters in.)
3. kʷ_ʔə_kǰiǰkəǰnaʔ cǰlitńtxʷ iʔ_səxʷǰwam uʔ ǰwʔtisəlx ańcǰtxʷ. (When your house caught on fire you called the firemen to come and put the fire out.)
18. scminám- something known
example sentences:
1. ixǰiʔ, lut aksminám ksəxkǰinaʔx. (So, you just never know how it will go.)
2. ixǰiʔ cmimistǰn tə_sqilxʷ, yʔat isńqsǰlxʷ. (I know all of them, they're my cousins.)
3. ixǰiʔ iʔ_mǰayǰxǰtmń aksəcminám. (What I told you, you have to know.)
19. cyayǰxaʔst / yayǰxaʔńt- watch something
example sentences:
1. lut inǰxmǰn kń_kʷǰlǰt uʔ ilǰiʔ kcǰiǰkǰst iʔ_səxʷǰwam kʷu_cyayǰxaʔsts! (I don't want to give birth with five firefighters watching me!)
2. ha yayǰxaʔńtxʷ isńʔamʔimaʔt ʔə_tkʷəǰlǰwsəlx ǰ_aʔ_cpanuʔscút. (Did you watch my grandchildren when they rode at the rodeo?)
3. ʔa_ctanńscút isǰtəwʔtəwǰlǰt yʔat swit cyayǰxaʔstm tə_sqilxʷ. (When my nephews act up all the people are watching.)

18. iʔ stxíltm- tí_qsápiʔ

from *A Salishan Autobiography* by Mourning Dove (Christine Quintasket)

sʔaʔúms

ǰ́łmus	go up hill
ʔasłíxǰ́	two rocks
qmiǰ́nt	put things down
ǰ́cxʷikʷm	tan hides
ǰ́ʷlwałqm	pick berries
łǰ́kiǰ́m	sew
ǰ́iǰ́wt	last
cǰ́ntkʷíłst	accompany / travel with
cǰ́kaʔtmíst / kaʔtmiǰ́nt	go near
ǰ́ńǰ́caǰ́wǰ́áyaʔ	crippled
tǰ́íwyaʔ	look like
tǰ́mniʔ	corpse
ǰ́ńǰ́líǰ́ǰ́caʔ	still born
skǰ́mǰ́xíǰ́ǰ́caʔ	bear meat
kiǰ́mnt	hate something
qłwitǰ́nt	step on something
tkǰ́ǰ́milxʷ sǰ́ńǰ́łtiǰ́xʷtǰ́ns	menstrual hut
qʷíłcn	fir boughs
sxʷipíłp	mat
ckǰ́íǰ́knaʔst / kǰ́íǰ́knaʔńt	light on fire
cǰ́ńǰ́yíplaʔxʷst / ńǰ́yíplaʔxʷńt	stick in the ground
tkʷńkʷnim	grab
kǰ́ńkǰ́xnam	brace
ʔasłǰ́íǰ́ńkst	two fingers
kaʔǰ́íǰ́qíǰ́ńkst	three hands
ńíkusǰ́nt	cut
kǰ́łʔayǰ́qs	tie in a bundle
ǰ́aʔnúǰ́nt	out grow
ńǰ́cxʷitǰ́nt	pour

ńtəx ^w siltń	placenta
kłtx ^w ipńtm	catch on a spread
ckmíńca?st / kmíńca?ńt	massage
pićłt	pinch for someone
crcarłt	stretch for someone
kpsł?us	big eyes
kśacáq ^w ńt	tie to a pole/rail
ccixst / cixńt	warm something
sqa?q?ím	breasts
hmhamńt	moist
tumłt	suck for someone
ńtəqpusłtm	block / stop up
qa?mństím / qa?mám	nurse a baby
?amníłtm	name a child
stq ^w alqs	make clothes
ńq ^w a?ítətk ^w	wash clothes
cnq ^w mństim / cnq ^w am	to stuff / fill
ckilx ^w íca?	covered
captík ^w łxt	tell someone stories

smýmay

<p>axá? i?_smýmáys i?_śń?astkíłtm uł i?_stk^wíłtm ł_sylx sqilx^w ł_qsápi?. i?_ilí? mipnúś ń?astkíłt i?_tkəłmilx^w, ixí? uł ctxtmíst stim i?_kłcawts uł ctxətstis yśat i?_ś?ińś. a?_cn?astkíłt yśat łk^wək^wśast ccśalx ł_ńcałt tə_siwłk^w. cłśa?m kł_skwłptan mi ħast i?_sx^włx^walts uł łi? ħast niśáyp i?_śń?astkíłts. niśáyp əcqićłx, ħłmus i?_ksńtrqpńcuts, ixí? mi lut kstýtýmułts i?_?u?łtíla?ł. cq^wíłtmństs ?aslíxń i?_xłut uł qmis łi? put ksqilts.</p> <p>ckslípń yśat śłíłśalł, cńmulm, əcx^wik^wm, uł əcq^włwatqm, cwicm, ctix^wsts i?_śćśalqn. ctix^wsts i?_mulx na?ł q^wastqín ixí? ckwulmństs kłńylx^wupstńś. ła_cłśasqłt ixí? mi mut uł łəkińm. lut ła_citx ł_słíłśalł. cniłc a?_ciwłt mi pułx uł cx?it x^włilx ł_łk^wək^wśast. i?_pətpətwína?x^w i?_śnqsilx^wś ćśacstń mi uníx^w ilí?</p>	<p>go uphill two rocks; put down; tan hides; pick berries sew last</p>
--	--

<p>ti?xílm. lut tæ_xílm ití? ixí? ut i?_?u?xtíla?t cm síx^w?áya?qn ut cm tilx^{ws} tæ_k^wull.</p> <p>a?_cñ?astkílt na? t s_xílwí? s ní?áyp cq?iws. i?_k^wiłt i?_sqilx^w lut x^minks cñtk^wilsts a?_cñ?astkílt. i?_ł_xə_xł_xap i?_kst^wíłta?x lut cx^wuy, lut cka?tmísts i?_ł_a?k^wilx. ut lut cmáystís a?_cñ?cañw?áya? a?_? cm tríwya? i?_?u?xtíla?t. lut ksááci? s i?_spəplína? a?_? cm tríwya? s ut c_xił tə_spəplína? i?_splimcñs. i?_k^wiłt i?_smañ?im lut ksááci? s i?_tmñi?. lut ksx^wuys ka?_cñ?łal. xílm ití? mi lut ksnłíłtca? s i?_?u?xtíla?t. ha?ñtísəlx i?_skmñxist ut lut c_iłsts i?_skmñxíłtca?, a?_? cm kimñtm ut xnumsts i?_?u?xtíla?t. a?_cñ?astkílt lut ksqliwíti? s i?_młkíya?. lut pñkin kspułstsəlx km ksxnumsts i?_tmix^w, a?_? cm xnumt i?_?u?xtíla?tsəlx.</p> <p>tə_ka?ítət tə_ksk^wíłitms, lut nix^w kspułxs kł_s_xílwí? s, ti? knaqs. i_tumts mi mut km swit i?_səx^wkłtəqxnam. pñkin tə_qílt, x^wuy i?_kł_tkəłmilx^w snqłitix^wtns. ní?áyp x^wax^wíst. pñkin miyát qílt ut ka?ítət i?_sk^wupk^wupəps, k^wullpñtm tə_səx^wkłtəqxnam i_nqłitix^wtns. i?_snłəq^wutns k^wullpñtm tə_st?i km tə_q^wilcn, tə_cla?kín tə_kiwíx tuk^wtán sx^wipłp. tə_wi?sk^wíłit, liqsəlx i?_sx^wipłps. lut pñkin ckčíkna?sts, a?_? cm qílt ut łal i?_tumtm.</p> <p>mus cñyípla?x^wsts i?_s_xə_xci?. ?asíl ta_c_kł_casyqñs i?_tkəłmilx^w ilí? mi ctk^wñk^wnim. ut ?asíl kł_s_cu?cu?xáñs ilí? mi cknkñxnam cyirmínm. tə_k^wull i?_?u?x^wtíla?t, i?_səx^wkłtəqxnam sacntís i?_tímu?sts mat ?asłqínkst tł_?u?x^wtíla?t ut nix^w mat ka?łqínkst. ilí? ut níkusəs nqamíwsmñs a?_c_sac. tə_xwaw ut yax^wt i?_tímu?sts ixí? kł?ayqs i_sipí? łáłqna? ut k_sacntís i_m_x^wals. ixí? mi ní?áyp xast i?_ksx^wíx^walts i?_?u?x^wtíla?t. tə_qa?nús i?_m_x^wals i?_?u?x^wtíla?t, ixí? ck^wum ut i?_tímu?sts na? łáqna? cliq. lut pñkin tə_kčíkna?sts cm xnumt i?_?u?x^wtíla?t.</p> <p>ti? ilí? k^wull ut ciwsəlx i?_?u?x^wtíla?t i?_i_n_cix ut txłkíca?səlx tə_cñ?c_sañt. n_cx^witsəlx ut t_sapm i?_tumtm tə_mrimstn, ití ut ktpína?ñtm tə_cix q^wilcn i_sq^wilcniñks ixí? mi</p>	<p>accompany go near crippled; look like corpse still born; respect bear meat; hate step on s/t menstrual hut fir boughs; mat light on fire stick in the ground grab hold of brace two fingers three hands; cut tie in a bundle out grow pour</p>
---	--

<p>c7ácqa? i7_ńtəx^wsiltńs. i7_smlals kłtx^wipńtm tə_kiki7tni7p ki7lilx^ws. tə_c7ácqa? i7_ńtəx^wsiltńs ilí? na7t kłtx^wipmńs cliq, lut pńkin c kćíkna?. Í_a7_cx7it tə_k^wlilít ilí? mi7əm i7_tkə7milx^w u7 k4knxcutn Í_7u7xtíla7ts. itlí? u7 cni7c txtńtis i7_7u7xtíla7ts. ń7amút kÍ_7apńkstásq7t Í_ńqłiti7x^wtns, c7sapm ta_lti, cmí7əm u7 ckmin7ca7sts i7_7u7x^wtíla7t. 7apńkstásq7t k^wul7ts i7_s^wk^włusts ixí? mi swi7núm7tx. píč7ts i7_spsaqsts mi 7i? ti7 i7_spsaqsts. crcar7ts i7_ńk^wəłk^wəłustńs mi kps7us.</p> <p>ta7lí c7xtmíst i7_sqłtmix^w mat kÍ_7apńkstásq7t. lut kspi7mńs u7 pulsts i7_stim. lut ks7ay7x^wsts i7_sńk7ca7sqá7a? km ksk7acá7q7i7s. ca7k^w əxkinm i7_7u7x^wtíla7t qłt km ití? xkinm tə_kast, i7_snqsilx^ws pulsts i7_q^w7ásqi? kÍ_7u7x^wtíla7t. a7í? i7_q^w7ásqi? cmistísə7x clim7t u7 ni7á7p c7ast. k7acńtísə7x i7_7casyqns i7_q^w7ásqi? Í_m7x^wal7s ixí? mi lut ks7qłts.</p> <p>lut tə_ta7x^wsq7ím i7_tum7tm, ccixstsə7x i7_sqa7q7ím7s tə_cix u7 hm7ham7t sqapúna7x^w. km i7_səx^wk7təq7nam tum7tm stim ilí? ńtəqpus7tm i7_sq7ím7s. tə_c7lal i7_tum7tm, cx^wi7c7m7stsə7x kÍ_tkə7milx^w a7_ksq^wsq^wsi7, ixí? qa7m7stís i7_7u7x^wtíla7t, ilí? tə_77xap u7 7plak kÍ_nqsilx^ws.</p> <p>lut tə_c7amní7tm put təwis i7_sńqłiti7x^wtns u7 7xstwi7x. ixí? u7 i7_xa7x7it x^wi7c7xtsə7x i7_7u7x^wtíla7t tə_ksk^wists. tÍ_xa7x7it i7_ksk^wists.</p> <p>st7q^wal7qsts i7_7u7x^wtíla7t tÍ_tətuq^w spə7lína? i7_sípi7s cx^wik^w ilí? kspur7nt. i7_ny7lx^wupstńs tÍ_sípi? u7 ixí? cńq^wa7itətk^w y7at s7x7x7alt. cńq^wm7stisə7x tə_skəkip tÍ_q^wastqín na7t mu7x. ixí? cliq 7a_c7x^wil7stsə7x. ni7á7p cm7x^wal i7_7u7x^wtíla7t, kmax 7a_c7klax^w u7 tə_ksc7al7xa7x mi c7k^wix^w. i7_sqłtmix^w i7_snqsilx^ws a7_c7k^wul7ts i7_m7x^wal. ckilx^wi7ca? tə_sípi? u7 ct7k^wul i7_tə_s7k^walt. 7a_cpul7x i7_7u7x^wtíla7t cnyus Í_kəkip sipi? 7á7qna?. tə_77x7xap i7_7u7xtíla7t, Í_qalíwa ka? c7itx. ixí? ck7ac tqłitk7m7s i7_77x7xaps i7_sńtəq^wutńs.</p> <p>cq7im i7_7u7x^wtíla7t put 7ńtk^wil7tm mi k7tłńtim. 7i? la7kín 7lap i7_tum7tm u7 qa7mí7tm. i7_k^wi7łt i7_scəcm7ala? cq7im put 7a7qm7kspi7ntk mi sic way. tə_c7łkspi7ntk km 7a7qm7kspi7ntk,</p>	<p>placenta; caught</p> <p>massage</p> <p>pinch; stretch</p> <p>big eyes</p> <p>tie to a rail/post</p> <p>warmed; breasts moist; suck</p> <p>block/stop up</p> <p>nurse a baby</p> <p>name a child</p> <p>make clothes</p> <p>washed</p> <p>fill/stuff</p> <p>covered</p> <p>bag</p>
---	--

<p>i?_kaw?iwix cuñtm stim i?_xast u?_stim i?_kast. captikwtxts i?_skwawkwimlt mi cmistis i?_cawts i?_sqilxw. taw_sispiikspintk km tmtpintk ixif u?_kaxntis i?_lwiws taw_csalx. ctkatam ti_skwuys na?_ncapsiwsts.</p>	<p>tell stories</p>
---	---------------------

snhsuxwna? swtltln

1. axkinm i?_tkatmilxw taw_cx?it mi mipnús n?astkilt ?
2. stim a?_ckists a?_cn?astkilt yfat tkwakwast ?
3. xl stim ckawxxts i?_tkatmilxw ?
4. saxkinx u?_xlmus i?_ksntqpncuts a?_cn?astkilt ?
5. stim i?_sckwuls yfat sxlxal i?_tkatmilxw taw_cn?astkilt ?
6. stim a?_ctixwsts i?_a?_n?astkilt ? saxkinx ?
7. stim a?_ckists a?_n?astkilt taw_cksasqt ?
8. swit i?_cfaestm i?_a?_n?astkilt mi lut titymut ?
9. saxkinx u?_lut cmaystim a?_cncanwaya? taw_cn?astkilt ?
10. saxkinx u?_lut cfaestm i?_spaplina? taw_cn?astkilt ?
11. saxkin u?_lut i?_a?_cn?astkilt ksaci? i?_trni? km kswuys kaw_cnlal ?
12. saxkin u?_lut taw_citsts i?_skmxifca? i?_a?_cn?astkilt ?
13. kawkin kaw_cxwuy i?_tkatmilxw taw_qilt, taw_kskwilit ?
14. taw_stim kwallpntm i?_snatqutns i?_a?_ckwilit ?
15. axkistm i?_sxwipips ti_snatqutns i?_a?_cn?astkilt taw_wiskwilit ?
16. saxkinx u?_cnyiplaxwstm taw_musiqw ki_nqitixwtn ?
17. axkistm taw_xwaw u?_yaxwt i?_timu?sts i?_u?_xwtila? ?
18. axkistm i?_timu?sts na?_laqna? taw_qa?nus i?_mxwals i?_u?_xwtila? ?
19. axkistm i?_u?_xwtila? taw_cx?it u?_kwall ?
20. axkistm mi cfacqa? i?_ntaxwstltns ?
21. axkistm i?_ntaxwstltn na?_ktxwipmn taw_wiskwilit i?_tkatmilxw ?
22. kwnxasqt mi namut ki_nqitixwtns taw_wiskwilit i?_tkatmilxw ?
23. swit i?_ckminca?sts i?_u?_xwtila? ?
24. axkistm i?_skwaxusts i?_u?_xwtila? taw_cn?mut i_nqitixwtns ?
25. stim a?_ckists i?_sqitmixw ki_apnkstasqt ?
26. stim a?_ckists i?_snqsilxws taw_qilt km itif xkinm taw_kast ?
27. axkistm i?_tkatmilxw lut taw_taxwsqim ?
28. axkistm i?_u?_xwtila? taw_cnlal i?_tumtrns ?
29. pnkin mi camnltm taw_syilx ?
30. ti_swit taxwkskwists i?_u?_xwtila? ?
31. taw_stim stqwalqstm i?_u?_xwtila? ?
32. taw_stim ckwalstm i?_nylxwupstns i?_u?_xwtila? ? taw_stim chqwmstim ?
33. swit a?_ckwalsts i?_u?_xwtila? i?_mxwals ?
34. ckin i?_u?_xwtila? i?_mxwals ?

35. Ístim ka? cnyusmstm i?_?u?xwtíla?t t_a_cpuíx ?
36. Ístim ka? c7itx i?_?u?xwtíla?t t_a_?á?áap ?
37. əxkistm i?_?u?xwtíla?t put t_ítk'íltm t_a_tumtms ?
38. swit i?_custsəíx i?_sk'wək'wimít stim i?_xast u? stim i?_k'ast ?
39. əxkistm i?_sk'wək'wimít mi cmistís i?_cawts i?_snqsilx'ws ?
40. k'wnxspiñtk i?_tətwit mi ctkəlam t_l_s'k'uys na?t ncapsíwsts u? kəxntis i?_l?iws ?

sk?iism t_a_xílm s?a?úms

A. **Past/Present and Future/Inceptive Intransitive** aksc'wúl: answer the question with a complete nsəíxcin sentence, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha k'w_x'lamus ? lut. na'xm' nínwi?s kn_ksx'lamúsa?x.

1. ha k'w_x'wik'wm ? lut. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha kn_?w'lwə?qm ? lut. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha təkírm ahl?iw ? lut. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

4. ha lam p_?amníltm ? lut. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

5. ha c?awíxəíx ? lut. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

B. **Past/Present and Future Transitive** aksc'wúl: answer the question according to the model, then translate to nuyápixcn.

EX: ha captík'wtxtx'w ? i?_lúti?. na'xm' nínwi?s ikscaptík'wtxtm.

1. ha tum'htx'w ? i?_lúti?. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

2. ha piç'tn i?_spsaqsts ? i?_lúti?. na'xm' nínwi?s _____.
nuyápixcn:

3. ha kmíncá?ts i?_sh'kmikhs ? i?_lúti?. na'xm' nínwi?s _____

nuyápíxcn:

4. ha kśacáíwqʷńtp ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǫ nínwi?ś _____.

nuyápíxcn:

5. ha cíkna?śǎíx i?_qýmin ? i?_lúti?. naǰmǫ nínwi?ś _____.

nuyápíxcn:

ckʷulmstm i?_śa?úms

1. ǰǰmus- uphill
example sentences:
1. niśáyp əcqcíqəlx, ǰǰmus i?_ksńtrqpnćuts, ixí? mi lut kśti?ti?mułts i?_u?ǰtíla?t. (She ran everywhere, especially up hills, so that the new child would not be lazy.)
2. ití? ka? cǰǎǰǰmus i?_yilíkʷlxkn. (Thats the way the mountain shhep climb up.)
3. ití? i?_xwił ǰǰmus uł qłtus. (Along there the road climbs up to the top.)
2. ?aslısxń- two rocks
example sentences:
1. cǰʷiłtrmsts ?aslısxń i?_xłut uł qmis ti? put ksqilts. (She carried two rocks up hill with her and dropped them just before reaching the top.)
2. ha wikńtxʷ iklí? i?_?aslısxń ití? mi kʷ_xi?úst. (Do you see those two rocks, you go that way.)
3. aslısxń aksxʷiǰtm. (Give him two rocks)
3. qmint- put down (more than one)
example sentences:
1. cǰʷiłtrmsts ?aslısxń i?_xłut uł qmis ti? put ksqilts. (She carried two rocks up hill with her and dropped them just before reaching the top.)
2. łə_wikʷńtxʷ i?_?a?úśa? yśat ta?kín qmńqmińtxʷ. (When you hide the eggs put them down all over the place.)
3. alá? mi qmińtxʷ. (Put them down here.)
4. xʷikʷm- tan hides
example sentences:
1. cksliǰm yśat śǰíǰśalt, cńmulm, əcxʷikʷm, uł əcǰʷlwałqm, cwicm, ctixʷsts i?_śćśalqn. (She worked hard all day gathering wood, carrying water, tanning hides, and gathering roots, seeds and berries.)
2. xʷəkwʷikʷs i?_śəpsípi?ś uł yśat pa?pa?kʷnúś. (He tanned all his hides and managed to get them all done.)
3. ǰast łə_cxʷikʷm tə_sípi?. (He does real good job tanning hides.)

5. ǵʷíwałq̄m- pick berries/fruit
example sentences:
1. cksliṑm yʒat sǎłǎʒalt, cńmulm, ǎcxʷikʷm, uł ǎcǵʷíwałq̄m, cwicm, ctixʷsts iʒ_sćʒalq̄n. (She worked hard all day gathering wood, carrying water, tanning hides, and gathering roots, seeds and berries.)
2. iʒ_sqilxʷ ʒamʒimx kaʷs ǵʷíǵʷíwałq̄m tǎ_stxatq̄. (All the people moved to go picking huckleberries.)
6. tǎkim̄m- sew
example sentences:
1. tǎ_cksasq̄t ixíʒ mi mut uł tǎkim̄m. (She sat down to sew only if the weather was bad outside.)
2. iʒ smańʒim ʒaluʒscút uł tǎtǎkim̄m tǎ_ktǎtǎxʷtǎxʷs iʒ_xaxiwxw̄tm. (The women got together to sew dresses for the girls.)
3. ha kʷ_cǎkim̄m ? (Do you sew?)
7. ǎiw̄t- last
example sentences:
1. cniłc aʒ_ǎiw̄t mi pułx uł cxʒit xʷtilx i_tkʷǎkʷʒast. (She was the last person to go to bed, and the first person to get up in the morning.)
2. iʒ_ǵǎǵʒik niʒǎyp ǎawʒiw̄t. (The colts are always last)
3. iʒ_kaʷʒiw̄ix aʒ_ǎawʒiw̄t aʒ_cǎxʷaxʷ. (The old oenes are the ones that get killed.)
8. cńtkʷil̄st- ???
example sentences:
1. iʒ_kʷiłt iʒ_sqilxʷ lut x̄minks cńtkʷil̄sts aʒ_cńʒastkiłt. (Other people did not want to be with them while they were this way, pregnant.)
2. iʒ_kǎkwap naʒt iʒ_pǎspus yʒat ńtǎkʷtkʷil̄stǎt. (All the dogs and cats are pets or companions.)
3. iksńtkʷil̄sm isnǎqsilxʷ. (I'm going to make my relatives happy.)
9. kaʒtm̄ist- go close to something or someone
example sentences:
1. iʒ_ǎxǎǎǎap iʒ_kstkw̄il̄taʒx lut cxʷuy, lut ckaʒtm̄ists iʒ_ǎaʒkw̄ilx. (The parents of the baby stayed away from Indian doctors.)
2. ha ckaʒtm̄istxʷ iʒ_sǎaʒcínm. (Do you get close to deer ?)
3. kʒukʷtr̄ns uł taʒlí kaʒtm̄is kiʒ sic wikńtm. (He crawled up to it and got very close before he was seen.)
10. ǎńǎańwʒáyaʒ- crippled
example sentences:
1. uł lut cmaʒstís aʒ_cńǎańwʒáyaʒ ałiʒ cm tr̄iʷyaʒ iʒ_ʒuʒxtílaʒt. (The parents never said anything about crippled or mishapen people, or her baby would be cursed that way.)

2. i?_kʷiʔt ʔa_cxnumt uʔ itli? cčncañwʔaya?. (Some when they get hurt they're crippled.)
3. ksqilt, ʔa_kicnts uʔ taʔli kʷ_ǰilt kʷ_ñwípqin uʔ kʷ_cčncañwʔaya?. (There is a sickness when you get it will really make you sick and it makes you brain cook then you get crippled.)
11. tríwya?- ???
example sentences:
1. uʔ lut cmaýstís a?_cčncañwʔaya? aʔi? cm tríwya? i?_ʔuʔxtílaʔt. (The parents never said anything about crippled or mishapen people, or her baby would be cursed that way.)
2. i?_scacmála? ctříwyaʔsts i?_ʔxəʔxaps ʔa_tikʷiqʷ, ʔətqálaʔqʷ, qʷuct, ckiwt uʔ čxiʔ ití? cniʔc. (Children take after their parents if they're tall, short , fat or skinny that's how they will be.)
3. nixʷ i?_snkʔcaʔsqáxaʔ, stmʔalt xiʔmíx i?_stirñ ctříwyaʔ. (The horse, cow and other animals they all take after their parents.)
12. tmni?- corpse
example sentences:
1. i?_kʷiʔt i?_smañʔim lut ksʔáciʔs i?_tmni? lut ksxʷuýs k_aʔ_cñʔlal. (Some pregnant women avoided funerals and did not look at the dead people.)
2. ʔaxʷt xʷʔit i?_sqilxʷ. nikxná tiʔ cqəñqmin i?_tmñmniʔ. (There was a lot of people died. My goodness the corpses were laying all over the place.)
3. ha cm kʷ_kaʷstmniʔm ? (Are you going to the funeral?)
13. nʔliʔca?- still born / die inside
example sentences:
1. xilm ití? mi lut ksnʔliʔcaʔs i?_ʔuʔxtílaʔt. (They did this so that their baby would not be still born.)
2. ʔa_cñʔliʔcaʔ i?_stim ixíʔ ʔuñsəlx xint. (When someone miscarries they call it xint.)
3. ctəxtmist i?_smañʔim ʔa_cñʔastkiʔt cm nʔliʔcaʔ. (Women have to be careful when their pregnant because their fetus might die inside of them.)
14. haʔntím- respect something
example sentences:
1. haʔntísəlx i?_skmʔxist uʔ lut čitsts i?_skmʔxiʔcaʔ, aʔi? cm kimñtm uʔ xnumsts i?_ʔuʔxtílaʔt. (They respected the bear and did not eat bear meat, so that they would not offend the bear and cause it to hurt them or their child.)
1. haʔntísəlx i?_skmʔxist uʔ lut čitsts i?_skmʔxiʔcaʔ, aʔi? cm kimñtm uʔ xnumsts i?_ʔuʔxtílaʔt. (They respected the bear and did not eat bear meat, so that they would not offend the bear and cause it to hurt them or their child.)
2. ʔa_chaʔstís i?_snʔastkiʔts uʔ lut ksmañxʷmʔs km scsiwʔsts ʔa_ñsípustn. (They respect being pregnant so they don't smoke or drink alcohol.)
15. skmʔxiʔcaʔ- bear meat

example sentences:
1. ha?ńtísǎlx i?_skm̄xist uł lut ćiłsts i?_skm̄xíłca?, ałi? cm kim̄ńtm uł ǰnum̄sts i?_?u?ǰtıla?t. (They respected the bear and did not eat bear meat, so that they would not offend the bear and cause it to hurt them or their child.)
2. k ^w _łǎ_qm̄niltm tǎ_ń?asim̄ilt lut pńkin aks?iłnm i?_skm̄xíłca?. (If you birthed twins you must never eat bear meat.)
3. lut ćiłstn i?_skm̄xíłca?. (I don't eat bear meat.)
16. kim̄ńt- hate something
example sentences:
1. ha?ńtísǎlx i?_skm̄xist uł lut ćiłsts i?_skm̄xíłca?, ałi? cm kim̄ńtm uł ǰnum̄sts i?_?u?ǰtıla?t. (They respected the bear and did not eat bear meat, so that they would not offend the bear and cause it to hurt them or their child.)
2. ixí? a?_cmim̄áıǰa? ckr̄kim̄stn. (I hate those liars.)
3. ha kim̄ńtx ^w łǎ_kǰayńćútm̄nts ? (Did you hate him when he laughed at you?)
17. qlwit̄ńt- step on something
example sentences:
1. a?_cń?astk̄ilt lut ksqlw̄iti?s i?_młk̄iya?. (The pregnant woman would never step on blood.)
2. tx̄tm̄stx lut aksql̄qlw̄itm. (Be careful. Don't step on them.)
3. łǎ_kśúx ^w ma?m k̄ ^w inx ścu?xán aksqlw̄itm. (When you're going to measure how many steps will it get.)
18. ka?ítǎt- close / nearby
example sentences:
1. łǎ_ka?ítǎt łǎ_ksk̄ ^w ililtm̄s, lut nix ^w kspuıxs k̄l_sǰilwi?s, ti? knaq̄s. (When it was near the time to give birth, the woman stopped sleeping with her husband.)
2. x ^w ustx way cka?ítǎt. (Hurry it's getting closer.)
3. ha akska?tm̄nm ? (Are you going to get close?)
19. tkǎłmilx^w sńq̄łit̄x^wtn̄s- menstrual hut
reduplication:
example sentences:
1. pńkin łǎ_ćil̄t, x ^w uy i?_k̄l_tkǎłmilx ^w sńq̄łit̄x ^w tn̄s. (When labor pains began, she went to the menstrual hut.)
2. ilí? ń?amút k̄l_tkǎłmilx ^w sńq̄łit̄x ^w tn̄s put ǰlap i?_srml̄als mi sic cśawıx mi sic łńxi?m. (She sits in the menstrual hut until her menses stop she bathes then can join her family)
20. q^wil̄cn- fir boughs
example sentences:

1. i?_s_n_táq_wutns k_wu_l_l_p_n_t_m t_a_s_t?i km t_a_q_w_i_l_c_n, t_a_c_l_a?k_i_n t_a_k_i_w_i_x t_u_k_w_t_a_n s_x_w_i_p_l_p. (The bed was made of grass, fir boughs, and sometimes old tule mats.)
2. i?_t_a_q_w_i_l_c_n ka? c_n_x_w_i_p_s_t_s i?_k_w_i_l_s_t_n. (They put fir boughs on the floor of the sweathouse.)
3. t_a_c_h_l_l_a_l i?_s_q_i_l_x^w u_t t_i_x^w_m t_a_q_w_i_l_c_n k_t_k_t_x^w_i_p_m_n_s ?_t_r_m_n_i?. (When they have a death in the family they gather fir boughs to put the corpse on.)
21. s_x_w_i_p_l_p- mat
reduplication: s_x^w_e_p_x^w_i_p_l_p
example sentences:
1. i?_s_n_táq_wutns k_wu_l_l_p_n_t_m t_a_s_t?i km t_a_q_w_i_l_c_n, t_a_c_l_a?k_i_n t_a_k_i_w_i_x t_u_k_w_t_a_n s_x_w_i_p_l_p. (The bed was made of grass, fir boughs, and sometimes old tule mats.)
2. c_x^w_u_y_s_t a_s_x_w_i_p_l_p a_lá? m_i k^w_x_w_i_p_l_p_m. (Bring your mat over here, put your mat down here.)
3. ha p_k_s_x^w_e_p_x^w_i_p_l_p ? (Do you folks have mats?)
22. k_c_i_k_n_a?n_t- to light something on fire
example sentences:
1. l_u_t p_n_k_i_n c_k_c_i_k_n_a?_s_t_s, a_l_i? c_m q_i_l_t u_t l_l_a_l i?_t_u_m_t_m. (It was never burned, or the mother would get sick and die.)
2. ha a_k_s_k_c_i_k_n_a?_m i?_q_y_m_i_n. (Are you going to burn that paper?)
3. l_u_t s_w_i_t t_a_x_n_u_m_t t_a_k_c_i_k_a_k_n_a? i?_c_i_t_x^w_s_a_l_x. (No one got hurt when their house caught on fire.)
23. n_y_i_p_l_a?x^w_n_t- stick in the ground
example sentences:
1. m_u_s c_n_y_i_p_l_a?_x^w_s_t_s i?_s_x_x_c_i?. (Four stakes were driven into the ground.)
2. i_k_l_i? m_i n_y_e_p_y_i_p_l_a?_x^w_n_t i?_c_n_y_i_p_l_a?_x^w. (over there you can put the posts in.)
24. t_k^w_n_k^w_n_i_m- grab ahold
example sentences:
1. ?_a_s_i_l t_a_c_k_l_c_a_s_y_q_h_s i?_t_k_e_t_m_i_l_x^w i_l_i? m_i c_t_k^w_n_k^w_n_i_m u_t ?_a_s_i_l k_l_s_c_u?c_u?x_a_n_s i_l_i? m_i c_k_n_k_n_x_n_a_m c_y_i_r_m_i_n_m. (Two were put at the head of the bed for the woman to hold onto and two more at the bottom for her to push her feet against while bending her knees.)
2. t_a_t_x^w_i_l_m m_i k^w_u_t_k^w_n_k^w_n_i_m. (When she goes by we will grab on.)
3. w_a_m t_k^w_n_k^w_n_i_m u_t t_a_w_i_n_t_m. (He hung on but to no avail. She left him.)
25. k_n_k_n_x_n_a_m- to brace
example sentences:
1. ?_a_s_i_l t_a_c_k_l_c_a_s_y_q_h_s i?_t_k_e_t_m_i_l_x^w i_l_i? m_i c_t_k^w_n_k^w_n_i_m u_t ?_a_s_i_l k_l_s_c_u?c_u?x_a_n_s i_l_i? m_i c_k_n_k_n_x_n_a_m c_y_i_r_m_i_n_m. (Two were put at the head of the bed for the woman to hold onto and two more at the bottom for her to push her feet against while bending her knees.)
2. k_n_k_n_x_n_a_m u_t m_i_x^w_u_y_m_n_t_m. (She was bracing her feet as hard as she could and they over

powered her)
3. ilí? mi kńkńxańt. (Brace it there.)
26. ?asíqíńkst- two fingers
example sentences:
1. tǎ_kʷull i?_?u?xʷtíla?t, i?_səxʷkítəqxnəm ʒacntís i?_tímu?sts mat ?asíqíńkst tǐ_?u?xʷtíla?t uł nixʷ mat ka?ǎqíńkst. (When the baby arrived, the midwife tied the cord about two finger widths from its body, and again about three fingers past that.)
2. ?asíqíńkst kʷu_aksncəxʷítm (pour me two fingers)s
3. súxʷma?nt ?asíqíńkst mi tǎpańt. (Measure two fingers and mark it.)
27. ka?ǎqíńkst- three fingers
example sentences:
1. tǎ_kʷull i?_?u?xʷtíla?t, i?_səxʷkítəqxnəm ʒacntís i?_tímu?sts mat ?asíqíńkst tǐ_?u?xʷtíla?t uł nixʷ mat ka?ǎqíńkst. (When the baby arrived, the midwife tied the cord about two finger widths from its body, and again about three fingers past that.)
2. kǎkítpt i?_stumksts na?ǎ i?_stawnqíńksts ixí? uł ʒapná? ka?ǎqíńkst. (His thumb and little finger got cut off now he has three fingers)
3. mat ka?ǎqíńkst i?_sǎqts. (Maybe its three fingers wide.)
28. níkusńt- cut
example sentences:
1. ilí? uł níkusəs nǎa?míwsmś a?_cʒac. (Then she cut the cord between these two knots.)
2. nńkńkú?śńt i?_layán. (Cut the clothes in halves.)
3. xʷuy kǐ_nqítitxʷtn uł níkusəsǎlx (He went to the hospital and they cut him in half.)
29. kǎ?ayǎqs- tie in a bundle
reduplication: kǎ?ayǎtǎqs
example sentences:
1. tǎ_xʷaw uł yaxʷt i?_tímu?sts ixí? kǎ?ayǎqs ǐ_sípí? ǎǎǎqna? uł kǎcńtís ǐ_mxʷǎís. (When the baby's cord dried up and fell off, it was tied in a little buckskin bag and tied to the cradleboard.)
2. tǎ_qícǎlx kǎ?ayǎqs i?_tǎtrńtíms uł nis. (When she eloped she tied her belongings in a bundle and was gone)
3. tǎ_ks?imxa?x kǎ?ayǎtǎqs i?_stíms (When she was going to move she tied her stuff in bundles.)
30. qǎ?ǎ?núnť- get too big for
example sentences:
1. tǎ_qǎ?núnť i?_mǎxʷǎís i?_?u?xʷtíla?t, ixí? ckʷum uł i?_tímu?st na?ǎ ǎǎqna? cliq. (When the child was too big for its cradleboard, it was put away and the cord in the bag was buried.)
2. lut sǎsǎpí?s uł way qǎ?ǎ?núnť i?_stǎtrńtíms. (Not too long and he outgrew his clothes.)

3. kn_ñtils axá? cm putstx ^w nak ^w m qá?qá?núñtx ^w . (I thought you might fit this but it's too small for you.)
31. ñcx^witñt- pour
example sentences:
1. ñcx ^w itsəlx ut ʃapm i?_turñtm tə_mrimstn, ití ut ktpína?ñtm tə_cix q ^w ilcn ʃsq ^w icniñks ixí? mi c?ácqa? i?_ñtəx ^w siltñs. (The mother was given a medicine tea, and her belly was covered with warmed pine boughs to help the placenta to come out.)
2. k ^w iñt i?_mrimstn ut ñcx ^w cx ^w añt ʃlaputáy. (Take the medicine and pour it in the jars.)
3. ñcx ^w cx ^w it i?_skicəctət ta_ʃti. (Pour some tea for our visitors.)
32. ñtəx^wsiltñ- placenta
example sentences:
1. ñcx ^w itsəlx ut ʃapm i?_turñtm tə_mrimstn, ití ut ktpína?ñtm tə_cix q ^w ilcn ʃsq ^w icniñks ixí? mi c?ácqa? i?_ñtəx ^w siltñs. (The mother was given a medicine tea, and her belly was covered with warmed pine boughs to help the placenta to come out.)
2. ʃa_cəmniltm i?_stmʃalt ti? cqm̄qmin i?_ñtəx ^w siltñ. (When the cows are calving their after birth is laying around all over.)
3. isipn ʃə_tk ^w iltm ñcəp̄qíʃca? tə_ñtəx ^w siltñs. (When my daughter-in-law gave birth the placenta was stuck to her womb.)
4. kn_qilt ut yəx ^w min i?_sʔasils tə_xʃut ut cun, "ćxiʃ atá? ʃə_c?ácqa? intəx ^w siltñ. (I dropped the second rock at the top and said, this is the way the afterbirth will come.)
5. i?_pq̄iqin cʔiʃts i?_s̄maʃlt i?_nt,x ^w t,x ^w siltñs. (bald eagles eat the caows afterbirth)
6. ʃa_cwiʔs k ^w ililt ut k ^w iñtx ^w i?_ntəx ^w siltñ, txl̄kicánt ʃ_k ^w il, k ^w riʔ ^w piq ut q ^w ʃay layán nutánt i?_smañx ^w kaʃxt ut liqñtx ^w . When your baby is born take the after birth and wrap it in red, yellow, white and black cloth put some tobacco in it pray over it and bury it)
33. k̄tx^wipñt- spread under
example sentences:
1. i?_smlals k̄tx ^w ipñtm tə_kikiʔtniʃp kiʔlilx ^w s. (Her bleeding was absorbed by green willow bark.)
2. k̄tx ^w əpx ^w ipñt i?_sn̄tq ^w utn mi lut kstaʔáps. (Put sheets on the bed so it doesn't get dirty.)
3. ixí? səcsəx ^w pmix. k̄tx ^w ipñt tə_q̄ymin. (That's dripping. Put some paper underneath.)
34. ckmiñcaʔst- massage (???)
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. ñʔamút k̄ʃapn̄kstásq̄t ʃ_n̄q̄litiʔx ^w tñs, cʃapm ta_ʃti, cm̄təm ut ckmiñcaʔsts i?_ʔuʔx ^w tílaʔt. (She stayed in the menstrual hut for ten days, drinking tea, resting, and massaging her baby.)

2. ʔa_ccaʔt mi kʷuʔl iʔ_kʷikʷialxʷ ckmíńca? mi xʷial. (When its cold and a calf is born you might have to massage it to come to life.)
3. iʔ_nmíkʷápaʔst ʔa_cx̣minkst iʔ_ṣmúńcxn uʔ ckmíńcaʔsts mi xʷus xʔinaʔmńtm. (The stud horse massages the mare to bring her to allow him to mount her.)
35. píćʔt- pinch something (of/for someone)
example sentences:
1. píćʔts iʔ_ṣpsaqsts mi tiʔ tiʔ iʔ_ṣpsaqsts. (She pinched its nose to make it straight.)
2. ʔa_ksʔiʔnm ańkəkʷápaʔ p̣ăćpíćńt iʔ_c̣kiʔps ha kṣq̣uct. (If you're going to eat your dog pinch her ribs to see if its got fat.)
3. ʔə_txʷiʔńtxʷ iʔ_ṇq̣ʷucps, ńpíćpsńt. (When you go by a fat butt, pinch it.)
36. carʔt- stretch (for some one)
example sentences:
1. c̣rcarʔts iʔ_ṇkʷəʔkʷəʔʔustńs mi ḳpṣʔʔus. (The corners of its eyes were stretched to make the eyes large.)
2. cacárʔt iʔ_ṣip̣ṣ ilíʔ mi p̣ʔukʷ. (Stretch her hide around it will eventually get soft.)
3. ḳwiʔńt ińqaʔxán cm kʷu_c̣arʔtxʷ. (Take my shoes off you might stretch them.)
37. ḳpṣʔʔus- big eyes
example sentences:
1. c̣rcarʔts iʔ_ṇkʷəʔkʷəʔʔustńs mi ḳpṣʔʔus. (The corners of its eyes were stretched to make the eyes large.)
2. iʔ_ṣʔaʔcínm kiʔ ḳpṣʔʔus. (The deer has big eyes.)
3. ḳpṣʔʔus iʔ_ṣíyaʔ iklíʔ. (The saskatoons ae big over there.)
38. kaʔacaʔq̣ʷnt- tie (to a pole or post)
example sentences:
1. lut ksʔaʔx̣ʷsts iʔ_ṣńkʔcaʔsqáʔaʔ km kskʔacáq̣ʷiʔs. (He did not tire out a horse or tie it up.)
2. ckʔacaʔcaʔq̣ʷ iʔ_ṣńkʔcaʔsqáʔaʔ. (The horses are tied up.)
3. lut akskʔacʔaʔq̣ʷm ańnaʔx̣ʷnʔx̣ʷ. (Don't tie up your wife.)
39. cixnt- heat / warm something up
example sentences:
1. lut ʔə_ʔaʔx̣ʷsqʔím iʔ_turńtm, ccixstsəʔx̣ iʔ_sqaʔqʔíms ʔə_cix uʔ hṃharńt sqapúnaʔxʷ. (If the mother did not produce milk, her breasts were heated with warmed, moist sand.)
2. xʷus kʷu_ʔaʔiʔń tiʔ cəxcixńt iʔ_sʔiʔn. (We will eat right away once we warm up the food.)
3. ilíʔ ḳḳʷusńt mi cʔix. (Put it on the fire so it will warmup.)
40. sqaʔqʔím- breasts

example sentences:
1. lut t̩a_t̩aʔxʷsqʔim̩ iʔ_tum̩t̩m̩, ccixstsəlx̩ iʔ_sqaʔqʔim̩s̩ t̩a_cix uʔ hm̩ham̩t̩ sq̩apúnaʔxʷ. (If the mother did not produce milk, her breasts were heated with warmed, moist sand.)
2. taʔt̩ kiʔ p̩is̩l̩aʔt̩ iʔ_sqaʔqʔim̩s̩. (She really has big boobs.)
3. ix̩iʔ t̩a_s̩tm̩ʔalt̩ kiʔ p̩əs̩l̩aʔs̩im̩xʷ, p̩is̩l̩aʔt̩ iʔ_sqaʔqʔim̩s̩. (That cow has big tits, its tits are big.)
41. hm̩ham̩t̩- moist
singular: ham̩t̩
example sentences:
1. lut t̩a_t̩aʔxʷsqʔim̩ iʔ_tum̩t̩m̩, ccixstsəlx̩ iʔ_sqaʔqʔim̩s̩ t̩a_cix uʔ hm̩ham̩t̩ sq̩apúnaʔxʷ. (If the mother did not produce milk, her breasts were heated with warmed, moist sand.)
2. lut x̩ast̩ il̩iʔ hm̩ham̩t̩ as̩x̩iʔlx̩n. (It's not good to have damp pants.)
3. t̩a_cmʔaʔ iʔ_smaʔm̩ʔim̩ ch̩əmap. (When women get bothered they get damp.)
42. tum̩t̩t̩- suck something (for someone)
reduplication:
imperatives:
conjugations:
example sentences:
1. km̩ iʔ_səxʷk̩t̩əq̩xnam tum̩t̩tm̩ stim̩ il̩iʔ nt̩əq̩pus̩tm̩ iʔ_sqʔim̩s̩. (Or, the midwife sucked out what was stopping the milk.)
2. tm̩tum̩t̩t̩ iʔ_sqaʔqʔim̩s̩. (Suck her tits.)
3. iʔ_s̩tm̩ʔalt̩ t̩əst̩əpsim̩xʷ uʔ tum̩t̩tm̩ iʔ_sqaʔqʔim̩s̩ t̩a_kt̩it̩iplaʔ. (The cow's tits were so full the orphan calf sucked on her tits.)
43. nt̩əq̩pus̩t̩- block something / stop up something (for someone)
example sentences:
1. km̩ iʔ_səxʷk̩t̩əq̩xnam tum̩t̩tm̩ stim̩ il̩iʔ nt̩əq̩pus̩tm̩ iʔ_sqʔim̩s̩. (Or, the midwife sucked out what was stopping the milk.)
2. iʔ_aʔ_c̩c̩x̩aʔx̩ iʔ_siw̩t̩kʷ c̩nt̩əq̩pus̩ uʔ c̩l̩lap. (The sprinkler that sprays water gets plugged and the water stops.)
3. t̩a_c̩tik̩t̩ iʔ_c̩əc̩w̩íxaʔ c̩nt̩əq̩pus̩ t̩ə_s̩x̩əx̩ciʔ t̩úkʷlaʔxʷ uʔ c̩l̩lap. (During high water the ditch gets clogged up with sticks and dirt and stops the water.)
44. qaʔm̩st̩im̩- nurse / breast feed someone
example sentences:
1. t̩aʔ_c̩l̩lal̩ iʔ_tum̩t̩m̩, cxʷi̩c̩xm̩stsəlx̩ k̩l̩_t̩k̩ətm̩ilxʷ aʔ_ksqʷsqʷsiʔ, ix̩iʔ qaʔm̩st̩is̩ iʔ_uʔx̩ʷt̩ilaʔt̩, il̩iʔ t̩ə_x̩x̩ap̩ uʔ t̩plak̩ k̩l̩_nq̩silxʷs. (If the mother died, the baby was given to another woman to nurse until it was old enough to go back to its family.)
2. iʔ_s̩t̩ət̩aʔtaʔk̩ám c̩qaʔqaʔm̩st̩im̩ t̩ə_tum̩t̩m̩s̩əlx̩. (the mom dog nurses her puppies)

3. cq ^w aq ^w i?_?u?x ^w tíla?t ixí? qa?m ^w stín u? ?itx. (the baby cried and I gave it a bottle to nurse on and he went to sleep)
45. ?amníltm- name a child
example sentences:
1. lut ta_c?amníltm put tawis i?_snq ^w ltitx ^w tns u? t ^w stwiix. (A child was not named until after she left the menstrual hut and life was back to normal.)
2. isn?íma?t pk ^w íltm k ^w taqtq ^w rnk ^w st i?_spk ^w ílt ^w s, k ^w u_k ^w t ^w caw ^w t k ^w u_?a_?amníltm. (My granddaughter birthed six babies, we had a hard time naming these babies.)
3. i?_k ^w ílt ta?lí c ^w xa?xa?stísaix i?_s?amníltm. (Some really respect and honor the name giving ceremonies.)
46. tq^walqstnt- make clothes
example sentences:
1. st ^w q ^w alqsts i?_?u?x ^w tíla?t t ^w t ^w tuq ^w spaplína? i?_sípi?s cx ^w ik ^w ilí? k ^w spur ^w nt. (Baby clothes were made of soft rabbit skins tanned with the fur left on.)
2. t ^w q ^w t ^w alqsnt as ^w ?am?íma?t. (Make clothes for your grandchildren.)
3. ct ^w alqstn isxílwí?. (I sew clothes for my husband.)
47. nq^wa?ítatk^w- washed
example sentences:
1. i?_nyix ^w upstns t ^w sípi? u? ixí? ch ^w q ^w a?ítatk ^w y ^w at sxíx ^w ait. (Diapers were made of buckskin and were washed every day.)
2. nq ^w a?q ^w nt ast ^w trntím. (Wash your clothes.)
3. nq ^w a?ítk ^w tn i?_k ^w íx ^w taqsxns. (I washed her underwear.)
48. nq^wmstim- stuff / fill
example sentences:
1. ch ^w q ^w mstisaix t ^w sk ^w kip t ^w tuk ^w tan na? t ^w muix. (The diaper was filled with cottonwood fiber or cattail fluff.)
2. i?_k ^w uk ^w ús ch ^w q ^w m ^w am. (Sausages are stuffed)
3. t ^w ?imx nq ^w m ^w ntis i?_st ^w trntims k ^w tx ^w ?it. (When she moved she stuffed her clothing in a lot of bags.)
49. ckilx^wíca? covered (???)
example sentences:
1. ckilx ^w íca? t ^w sípi? u? ct ^w ul i?_t ^w sk ^w alt. (It was covered with buckskin and decorated with porcupine quills.)
2. i?_kantí ckilix ^w íca?. (The candy is wrapped up.)
3. Í ^w snq ^w ltitx ^w tn y ^w at i?_?u?x ^w ?u?x ^w tíla?t ckilix ^w íca?. (At the hospital all the babys are wrapped up.)

50. ǎáqna?- bag

reduplication: ǎaqǎáqna?

example sentences:

1. ǎa_cpuǎx i?_ʔuʔǎʔtǎlaʔt cnyus ǎ_kəkip sipiʔ ǎáqna?. (At night the baby was put in a soft buckskin sleeping sack.)
2. kʷu_ǎ_ǎqatqm tə_patáq n̄pəkʷpəkʷn̄tim ǎ_ǎaqǎáqna?. (When we dug potatoes we put them in sacks.)
3. nutánt i?_stikǎls ǎ_ǎáqna?. (Put his lunch in a bag.)

51. captíkʷǎxt- tell traditional stories to someone

example sentences:

1. captíkʷǎxts i?_skʷəkʷimǎt mi cmistís i?_cawts i?_sqilxʷ. (They told the child traditional stories so they would understand the ways of their people.)
2. i?_ǎǎǎǎǎap ʔúluʔsəs i?_sn̄ʔam̄ʔímaʔts uʔ cəpcaptíkʷǎts. (The elders would gather their grandchildren and tell them stories.)
3. i?_captíkʷǎ sm̄ȳm̄aȳ tǎ_aʔ_cxʔit i?_cawts i?_tm̄xʷúlaʔxʷ. (The stories tell about when time began.)